FICATION Release 2002/05/17 PROCESSING DATE FIRM FBG 7<u>R0</u>00500<u>130078-0 1962</u> pproved F o lor CODE AF CHART ACTIVITY CODES COUNTRY ΡS 491 USSR 113 PL. NO. LOCATION NAME OF INSTALLATION 0£ Δ E/SOURC PF мо CONTROL NO. SOURCE EVAL NOV 62 SOV-BLOC RSCH IN GEOPHYSICS, ASTRON, 30 & SPACE SG1A SOVIETS BUILD NEW ASTRONOMICAL OBSERVATORIES A Siberian scientific station for observations of the solar corona is being organized in a mountainous region southwest of Irkutsk. The observatory being constructed near Tartu has been assigned the role of central astronomical institution for the Baltic republics. (Complete translation: "New Astronomical Stations", unsigned; Kishinev, Sovetskaya Moldaviya, 25 August 1962, p. 1) 2216422 2 1 NOV 1962 FBG 23689 s/035/61/000/004/013/058 A001/A101 3,1200 AUTHOR: Nadeyev, L. N. TITLE: On the work of the Irkutsk Laboratory of Time and Frequency of ВНИИФТРИ (VNIIFTRI) in 1955-1957 PERIODICAL: Referativnyy zhurnal. Astronomiya i Geodeziya, no. 4, 1961, 16, abstract 4A206 ("Tr. 14-y Astrometr. konferentsii SSSR, 1958". Moscow-Leningrad, AN SSSR, 1960, 86-87. Discus. 87, Engl. summary) Astronomical determinations of clock corrections are performed with TEXT: two transit instruments (4 observers). The chain method of observations is employed to detect errors in direct ascensions of the FK3 catalogue (R) of the form $\Delta \propto \alpha_{\alpha}$. Time keeping is conducted by means of a pendulum clock (root-meansquare variation of diurnal run was confined within 2 msec) and a K_{N-1} (KI-1) quartz clock (variations of diurnal run are of the order of +0.4 to -0.5 msec). A synchroscope with a phasing motor is employed for reception of second signals. Errors in recording signals became less than 0.1 msec. 19 deliveries of second signals are controlled, as well as 3 transmissions of rhythmical signals and 10 transmissions of the new type signals (from stations of frequency standard) and Mama 110 23689 On the work of the Irkutsk Laboratory ... s/035/61/000/004/013/058 A001/A101 the P5T (RBF) station - 7 transmissions per day. A table of data is presented which characterizes activity of the Laboratory from 1955 to 1957. A. Naumova [Abstractor's note: Complete translation]

This document is made available through the declassification efforts and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: http://www.theblackvault.com

Approved For Release 2002/05/17/: CIA-RDP96-00787 000500130278-DPR 1963 s/210/62/000/011/001/001 E032/E414

P.M.

AUTHOR:

2211

.22

Vinogradov, P.A.

Beat-type oscillations in the electromagnetic field TITLE: of the earth (according to observations in Irkutsk)

PERIODICAL: Geologiya i geofizika, no.11, 1962, 114-124

11/491

Regular observations of PP-oscillations were begun at TEXT: Irkutsk in August 1957. The present paper reports results obtained as a result of four years of observations. The PP-oscillations have the form of beats. The most frequently encountered repetition frequency of these beats was found to be 0.3 to 0.1 cps. The most frequently encountered frequency of the "carrier" was found to correspond to a period of 0.6 to 1.0 sec. Finally, Finally, the maximum amplitude of the resultant oscillation was found to lie between 0.05 and 2.5 mV/km, but the most frequently encountered values were in the range 0.15 to 0.60 mV/km. A study was also made of the diurnal variations in the frequency of appearance of the PP-oscillations, the diurnal variation in their intensity and the seasonal distribution. A further study was concerned with changes in the ionosphere during PP-oscillations and their A survey of the results obtained at geographical distribution. Card 1/2

Beat-type oscillations

S/210/62/000/011/001/001 E032/E414

twelve different stations shows that for geomagnetic latitudes greater than 40° the mean monthly repetition frequency of PP-oscillations is given by the empirical formula $n = -3.8 + 0.15 \phi$ where ϕ is the geomagnetic latitude. It is noted that the results now reported are only preliminary. There are 6 figures and 15 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Sibirskiy institut zemnogo magnetizma, ionosfery i rasprostraneniya radiovoln, Irkutsk (Siberian Institute of Terrestrial Magnetism, Ionosphere and the Propagation of Radio Waves, Irkutsk)

SUBMITTED: October 27, 1961

Card 2/2

FIRM NO. 2216422				CLASSIFICATION PROCESSING MAR					MAR 1963	
CODE	COUNTRY		1	PS	AF C	CHART	ACTIVITY CODES			
491		USSR		_//	, <u> </u>			·		
_OCATION				S'T NAME OF INSTALLATION					PL. N	
DATE/INFO DATE/SOURCE			PCE				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		₽F	
A	MO YR	DA MO	YR							
		- JUNE	62	CONT	ROL NO.	SOUR	E SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH INSTITUTES OF T	THE USSR	EVAL	
i /	Сиби	рский инст	итут	зем	ного ма	г-	Siberian Institute of Terrestrial			
• 7	Сиби не ст [С на Г•	рский инст гизма, ион ранения ра ибирского ук СССР] Иркутск	итут осфе] диово отде	зем ры и олн элен:	ного ма 1 распро (Сиб. И ия Акад	г- - ЗМИР емии	Siberian Institute of Terrestrial Magnetism, Ionosphere and Radio Wave Propagation (Sib. IZMIR) [of the Siberian Department of the Academy of Sciences USSR] 1960 location: Irkutsk	·	•	

Approved For Release 2002/05/17 : CIA-RDP96-00787R000500130078-0