



April 30, 2024

MR. JOHN R. GREENEWALD JR.
SUITE 1203
27305 WEST LIVE OAK ROAD
CASTAIC, CA 91384

FOIPA Request No.: 1445848-000
Subject: KRASSNER, PAUL

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

The FBI has completed its review of records subject to the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) that are responsive to your request. The enclosed documents were reviewed under the FOIPA, Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Below you will find check boxes under the appropriate statute headings which indicate the types of exemptions asserted to protect information which is exempt from disclosure. The appropriate exemptions are noted on the enclosed pages next to redacted information. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted to indicate where pages were withheld entirely and identify which exemptions were applied. The checked exemption boxes used to withhold information are further explained in the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions.

Section 552		Section 552a	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2)	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1)	
<u>50 U.S.C. § 3024 (i)(1)</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2)	
_____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3)	
_____	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5)	
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6)	
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499 page(s) were reviewed and 355 page(s) are being released.

Please see the paragraphs below for relevant information specific to your request as well as the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for standard responses applicable to all requests.

Based on the information you provided, we conducted a main entity record search of the Central Records System (CRS) per our standard search policy. For more information about records searches and the standard search policy, see the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum General Information Section.

This is the first interim release of information responsive to your FOIPA request. This material is being provided to you at no charge.

Duplicate copies of the same document were not processed.

Records that may have been responsive to your request were destroyed. Since this material could not be reviewed, it is not known if it was responsive to your request. Record retention and disposal is carried out under supervision of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), Title 44, United States Code, Section 3301 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1228; Title 44, United States Code, Section 3310 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1229.10.

A record that may be responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request has been transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). If you wish to review these records, submit a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to NARA, Special Access and FOIA, 8601 Adelphi Road, Room 5500, College Park, MD 20740-6001. Please reference the file numbers 100A-SU-10722-A Serial SU23, 157-SA-670 Serial 62, 100-NY-163303, 100-NY-162260-602, 100-NY-162049-56, 100-NY-162222-417, 100-NY-162222-430, 100-NY-162260-430, 100-NY-162260-22, 100-NY-162260-535, 100-NY-148047-1508, 100-NY-155897-1A41, 100-NY-162260-296, 100-NY-162260-619, 100-NY-162260-535, 100-NY-161321-267, 100-LA-63453-31, 100-LA-71449-3, 100-LA-63453-32, and 100-LA-78063-38.

For your information, a search of the indices to our Central Records System reflected there were additional records potentially responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request. We have attempted to obtain this material so it could be reviewed to determine whether it was responsive to your request. We were advised that the potentially responsive records were not in their expected location and could not be located after a reasonable search. Following a reasonable waiting period, another attempt was made to obtain this material. This search for the missing records also met with unsuccessful results.

Please refer to the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for additional standard responses applicable to your request. “**Part 1**” of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. “**Part 2**” includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records about yourself or any third party individuals. “**Part 3**” includes general information about FBI records that you may find useful. Also enclosed is our Explanation of Exemptions.

Additional information about the FOIPA can be found at www.fbi.gov/foia. Should you have questions regarding your request, please feel free to contact foipaquestions@fbi.gov. Please reference the FOIPA Request number listed above in all correspondence concerning your request.

If you are not satisfied with the Federal Bureau of Investigation’s determination in response to this request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP’s FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP’s website: <https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked “Freedom of Information Act Appeal.” Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.

You may seek dispute resolution services by emailing the FBI’s FOIA Public Liaison at foipaquestions@fbi.gov. The subject heading should clearly state “Dispute Resolution Services.” Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified. You may also contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS). The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,



Michael G. Seidel
Section Chief
Record/Information Dissemination Section
Information Management Division

Enclosures

FBI FOIPA Addendum

As referenced in our letter responding to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request, the FBI FOIPA Addendum provides information applicable to your request. Part 1 of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. Part 2 includes standard responses that apply to requests for records about individuals to the extent your request seeks the listed information. Part 3 includes general information about FBI records, searches, and programs.

Part 1: The standard responses below apply to all requests:

- (i) **5 U.S.C. § 552(c).** Congress excluded three categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIPA [5 U.S.C. § 552(c)]. FBI responses are limited to those records subject to the requirements of the FOIPA. Additional information about the FBI and the FOIPA can be found on the www.fbi.gov/foia website.
- (ii) **Intelligence Records.** To the extent your request seeks records of intelligence sources, methods, or activities, the FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(1), (b)(3), and as applicable to requests for records about individuals, PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(1), (b)(3), and (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records is itself a classified fact protected by FOIA exemption (b)(1) and/or would reveal intelligence sources, methods, or activities protected by exemption (b)(3) [50 USC § 3024(i)(1)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that any such records do or do not exist.

Part 2: The standard responses below apply to all requests for records on individuals:

- (i) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Watch Lists.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of any individual's name on a watch list pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that watch list records do or do not exist.
- (ii) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Witness Security Program Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records which could identify any participant in the Witness Security Program pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(3) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(3), 18 U.S.C. 3521, and (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.
- (iii) **Requests for Confidential Informant Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of confidential informant records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F) [5 U.S.C. § 552 (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F)] and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. § 552a (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records would reveal confidential informant identities and information, expose law enforcement techniques, and endanger the life or physical safety of individuals. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

Part 3: General Information:

- (i) **Record Searches and Standard Search Policy.** The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for reasonably described records by searching systems, such as the Central Records System (CRS), or locations where responsive records would reasonably be found. The CRS is an extensive system of records consisting of applicant, investigative, intelligence, personnel, administrative, and general files compiled by the FBI per its law enforcement, intelligence, and administrative functions. The CRS spans the entire FBI organization, comprising records of FBI Headquarters, FBI Field Offices, and FBI Legal Attaché Offices (Legats) worldwide; Electronic Surveillance (ELSUR) records are included in the CRS. The standard search policy is a search for main entity records in the CRS. Unless specifically requested, a standard search does not include a search for reference entity records, administrative records of previous FOIPA requests, or civil litigation files.
 - a. *Main Entity Records* – created for individuals or non-individuals who are the subjects or the focus of an investigation
 - b. *Reference Entity Records*- created for individuals or non-individuals who are associated with a case but are not known subjects or the focus of an investigation
- (ii) **FBI Records.** Founded in 1908, the FBI carries out a dual law enforcement and national security mission. As part of this dual mission, the FBI creates and maintains records on various subjects; however, the FBI does not maintain records on every person, subject, or entity.
- (iii) **Foreseeable Harm Standard.** As amended in 2016, the Freedom of Information Act provides that a federal agency may withhold responsive records only if: (1) the agency reasonably foresees that disclosure would harm an interest protected by one of the nine exemptions that FOIA enumerates, or (2) disclosure is prohibited by law (5 United States Code, Section 552(a)(8)(A)(i)). The FBI considers this foreseeable harm standard in the processing of its requests.
- (iv) **Requests for Criminal History Records or Rap Sheets.** The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division provides Identity History Summary Checks – often referred to as a criminal history record or rap sheet. These criminal history records are not the same as material in an investigative “FBI file.” An Identity History Summary Check is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization, or military service. For a fee, individuals can request a copy of their Identity History Summary Check. Forms and directions can be accessed at www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks. Additionally, requests can be submitted electronically at www.edo.cjis.gov. For additional information, please contact CJIS directly at (304) 625-5590.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552


- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

This document is made available through the declassification efforts
and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA)
document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are
responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages
released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: <http://www.theblackvault.com>

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

PEOPLE'S WORLD 7

Navy man behind gun?

SAN FRANCISCO (ZNS) — In the wake of the assassination attempt on President Ford Sept. 5 by a reported member of the Charles Manson family, it's interesting to note that Paul Krassner, editor of the *Realist* magazine, had published an article just one week earlier linking the Manson family to U.S. Naval Intelligence.

Krassner, who has long admitted to being conspiracy-oriented, published an article in *City of San Francisco* magazine in which he named a specific Naval Intelligence Officer as having infiltrated the Manson Family in the late 1960's.

According to that article, the alleged agent's name is Charles Winans. Krassner claims that Winans had worked in Navy Intelligence on a scenario "Predicting that the hippie movement would turn to violence and witchcraft."

Krassner states that he followed Winans' path from Naval Intelligence to where he made contact with Tex Watson, one of the members of the Manson Family. Krassner writes that Winans supplied family members with dope, and appeared to have been instrumental in turning them toward violence.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
"PEOPLE'S WORLD,"
Berkeley, California
Page 7, Column 5

Date: September 13, 1975
Edition:
Author:
Editor: CAPL BLOICE
Title: FROMFORD

Character: Assaulting the
or President of U.S.
Classification: 175 - 113 *
Submitting Office: Los Angeles

Being Investigated

LA 175 - 113 - a

SEARCH
SERIALS

FBI

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Flynt's Hustler Arrives in Los Angeles

Heretic Paul Krassner Is the New Publisher

BY BETTY LIDDICK
Times Staff Writer

High in a sleek tower in Century City, the phones at Larry Flynt Publications ring with a computerized beep. Crisis security guards sign in visitors: an English-accented artist, portfolio in hand; a bearded writer, author of 'Coup d'Etat in America,' he tells a secretary, and others, all hoping to show their work and find more.

There are whippet-thin young women, their jeans tucked into boots, their hair frizzed beyond nature's intent, striding across the thick, rust carpeting. There is a sense of newness here—fast-lane excitement.

These are the offices of Hustler. Hustler? Indeed. The magazine that features photographs of nude women, the magazine that brought owner Flynt a Cincinnati conviction

**'We're going to align ourselves
with the Scriptures. There will
still be explicit sex.'**

tion for pandering obscenity completed its move to Los Angeles from Columbus, Ohio, last week.

Its new publisher is Paul Krassner. One-time Yippie leader, Agent of outrage (Remember the Youth International Party? In 1968 it offered a pig as a presidential candidate), Fresh from San Francisco, Krassner walks through the halls, wearing down-and-out corduroys, disheveled curls and an expression of distracted awe. As if he's wandered in to bum change.

How did he and Hustler get here?

Two months ago Flynt announced he was a "born-again" Christian, converted with the help of President Carter's evangelist sister, Ruth Carter Stapleton. "I will no longer hang up women as pieces of meat," he said then, referring to their explicit photographic presentation in Hustler.

Last month he hired Krassner, a self-professed heretic and former publisher of the defunct counterculture newspaper The Realist. Flynt followed up on plans, made public last summer, to have Hustler join its sister publication, Chic, in Los Angeles.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

IV-1 LOS ANGELES
TIMES
LOS ANGELES, CA

Date: 1/25/78
Edition: Wednesday Final

Title:

Character:

or

Classification: LA-145-450*
Submitting Office:

Los Angeles

145-450-1872

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SERIALIZED	FILED
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FBI-LOS	

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b7c

Phoney
P. 1, 2, 3

The move to Los Angeles had nothing to do with a 10-year sentence of 7 to 25 years in prison for the obscenity conviction, says Joann Fanchild, director of trade and publicity for his corporation. "If they wanted to go after him they could get him anywhere." (Flynt also faces charges in Atlanta of distributing obscene material.)

On the phone from New York, where he's making a television appearance, Flynt explains the move in a slight Midwest drawl: "Well, Columbus is not known as one of the talent centers of the world. I think it will be a lot easier to produce the magazine from Los Angeles."

One reason, Flynt says, is that he'll be closer to many of the big prop shops—companies that rent props for photography and movies. "There should be a lot of stuff left over from 'The King of Kings' and 'The Ten Commandments,'" Flynt says.

Because of his conversion, he plans to distribute copies from the Bible.

It is Wednesday, nearing midnight. Paul Krassner is on stage at the Troubadour. He's backlit by an orange spot, working the hand mike in the same style of his hero, Lenny Bruce, but without Bruce's satirical bite.

The evening is more a welcome to Los Angeles than a comedic debut, though. Members of the audience, for the most part veterans of the '60s, ask questions and Krassner ambles among the answers. Says he's going to have a chauffeur-driven moped now that he's in Los Angeles.

He explains how he got his job, how he leaped from underground author (living on borrowed money and freelance writing jobs) to his present \$90,000-a-year post.

"The first time I met Flynt he asked me what I was doing. I told him writing standup comedy." The two discussed some writing projects for Hustler. (There had been times in the past when he had been embarrassed by some of the material in the magazine. Krassner would later say privately, though he adamantly defends Flynt's and anyone else's right to free expression.)

It Was Like a Dream

Krassner borrowed the money for pants—his sole pair was in tatters—and Flynt flew him to Columbus for the magazine's Christmas party. Without a hint, he suddenly announced Krassner would be publisher.

"It was like a dream," Krassner tells the audience. He went back to his room in Columbus and giggled and jumped on the bed. But unbridled joy began to dim as Krassner heard different views about Flynt. Many viewed Flynt's conversion as a ploy to beat the obscenity conviction, Krassner says. (Flynt is free on bail, pending an appeal.)

"I don't give a--- if he's taking it," Krassner says. Flynt's actions toward others makes the argument of his sincerity irrelevant, he says. Flynt has upped secretaries' salaries to \$15,000. He's promised daycare. And what could be more Christian than hiring a heretic, asks Krassner, the "born-again weirdo."

One final worry: "I think the media are using me to make fun of Larry," Krassner says. "As a born-again Christian, Flynt is somewhere between Eldridge Cleaver and Pat Boone. People were asking, 'What's his next card going to be?'"

"I was the card," Krassner says. "The joker." In the back of the show room, Larry Flynt laughs loudly at all.

After the performance, there is a party for Krassner at the Hollywood home of recording studio executive Lee Housekeeper, cohosted by John Sack, author of the Vietnam book "M."

Pass the hefty guard at the gate and you find champagne and cheese and—over the stereo blare of "Saturday Night Fever"—discussions of Krassner and Hustler and "What It All Means."

"Nothing could make less sense," actor Severn Darden says.

"Thin ice, thin ice," another guest whispers. Art Kunkin, a founder and former editor of the Los Angeles Free Press, now a journalism instructor at Cal State Northridge, has a theory: "Larry Flynt is a cultural outlaw. Maybe he has an affinity for the outlaws of the '60s."

On the phone with Flynt: He doesn't buy the outlaw theory at all. "I wanted someone Christlike. I always felt Lenny Bruce was Christlike. And Paul was closer to Lenny than Christ. Maybe I can provide Lenny with the last laugh."

The Flynt voice, noted for bravado, unexpectedly softens. "I just think this whole trip of being born again has been misinterpreted. I believe in God, Buddha, Muhammad. Man has created God in his image and everything else has gone to hell. That's why I'm opposed to organized religion."

His conversion caused unrealistic expectations, Flynt believes. Some people expected him to shut down publication of Hustler, the 3-year-old magazine with a circulation of 3 million and approximate profits of \$20 million annually, he says.

Even his wife was concerned. "She thought I was going to wear 'Try God' tie clasps and have 'Honk if you love Jesus' bumper stickers."

As for the new direction for Hustler, Flynt says, "The only thing I ever promised after my conversion was that my magazine would not discriminate against women."

Pictorially, we're going to align ourselves very much with the Scriptures. There will still be a tremendous amount of explicit sex (in the magazine)."

But will it sell? "I'm sure," Larry Flynt says, his voice picking up enthusiasm now. "If it's God, it will."



Larry Flynt

Boxes are being uncrated in the Hustler-Chic suite at 2029 Century Park East. Working pages of the magazine line the walls.

"If you ever tried publishing a national magazine out of Columbus, you'd know why we moved," managing editor Jim Heinisch is saying. "The lack of resources made it impossible."

Twenty-four staffers came here from Ohio—gladly, Heinisch says. One editor described the move as "getting out of Saigon." (Corporate headquarters will remain in Columbus.)

In December, Hustler in L.A. advertised for more personnel—associate editors, rewrite people, copy editors, researchers, assistants. "We received 560 applications," Heinisch says, attributing the response to national publicity about the magazine. Sixteen people have been hired, bringing the staff to 40. Heinisch wants to fill 6 to 10 more spots.

Certainly, high salaries have been an inducement. Krassner's secretary, Kristen Kern, made \$11,400 last year as a book editor. She gathered up her courage to ask for a salary of \$12,000 when she applied at Hustler. "When I found out it was \$15,000 it was fantastic," she says.

Professional Atmosphere

Working for a publication with Hustler's reputation—one that Flynt himself once claimed as being good "if you're studying gynecology"—doesn't bother her. "There's a professional atmosphere here," Miss Kern says.

Apparently, the lone exception to orderly office procedures is her boss, Krassner. He's asked her to guide him behind his desk. In front of him, he rifles a new red-bound appointment book and a resume given him this morning—by a cab driver on the way to work. "Just in case we wanted any nudes shot in a cab with a driver," Krassner says.

Everybody sees everything through their own opportunist eyes. And I'm not judging opportunism. It's just they need the money," he says.

Krassner himself had always thought capitalism and humanism were contradictions in terms, "but I've broadened my horizons. I realize there can be good capitalism. In fact, if there were none, there would be no hope. If there were no good cops, there would be no hope."

Support and Trust

Strange talk from a former Yippie, many of whose fellow members were characterized as psychedelic dropouts and new leftists, dedicated to their nonexistent organization. Yet there is Krassner, tidying his desk, talking about finding a place near the beach.

No one has called him a copout, cashing in on the '60s. "The feedback I've gotten all over the country has been one of support and trust," he says.

It's based, Krassner believes, on his reputation for integrity. "You don't get up in the morning and say 'I guess I'll practice integrity today.' It feels good to be honest because you don't have to use a lot of energy remembering your lies."

And it just might pay off in a dash of respectability—literacy, at least—for Hustler. An example: The week after his appointment, Krassner went to Oregon to spend Christmas with Ken Kesey, a "merry prankster" of the last decade and author of "One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest."

A Sign From God?

He's always been a good sounding board for me," Krassner says. "He said maybe the good guys are winning." Kesey, who has rarely written for other magazines, said he would be willing to write for Hustler, Krassner says.

Kesey also called Krassner's appointment a sign from God, which suggests a moral question to Krassner: man of integrity. How does an agnostic reconcile working for a believer?

Krassner picks up a copy of the magazine. Instead of the customary cover photos, it has several rows of type, beginning: "We don't need a cover girl to sell this magazine."

He reads from Flynt's editorial: "I believe in the spirit of God."

"So you see," Krassner says, "it's not really a straight, born-again trip. More than anything, he agrees with what Flynt calls his fight for First Amendment rights—freedom of speech. It may not seem an important issue to show explicit sex but the right to do so is, he maintains. "Sexuality has always been used as a basic area of repression to get control over people politically."

Unlike many publishers, Krassner is responsible only for the editorial content of Hustler. Finance will be left to others. "I'm a terrible business person," he says. (Krassner, 45, father of a teen-age girl, studied journalism and psychology at City College of New York.)

Not My Style

Initially, he worried. "Input from Larry Flynt might give me conflict but his influence has been good. He suggested bumper stickers in one intensive promotion and I said, 'No, that's not my style.' He agreed right away. It wasn't any stubborn locking of horns."

In another early exercise of power, Krassner deleted Flynt's references to God as He. "It's bad enough our concepts of God are anthropomorphic, but to make God male or female is even more absurd."

The challenge, Krassner says, catching on pretty fast to corporate, is to establish some unity of interest between the counterculture and the mainstream. "Instead of separating them by snobbery."

Some may have bought Hustler only for the photographs, Krassner says, but he believes many have read the stories for their skepticism of automatic authority. "Some of the best documented conspiracy articles have been presented in men's magazines," he says.

There is still a limitation in the sense Hustler's a mass magazine that reaches probably a larger percentage of what are called blue-collar workers," Krassner says. And that had been a misgiving until Flynt offered to revive the Realist with Krassner as editor. "But there's also a point where you don't have to edit for dumb. You also don't have to show off in terms of vocabulary or abstractions."

Specially, that means the new Hustler probably will run an investigation into one of the biggest charitable organizations in the country, Krassner says. And he's assigned the photo editor a story on the changes he's gone through in photographing women.

Krassner will present pictures of men and women, will be more erotic than raunchy. He will publish biblical scenes—such as Lot carnally knowing his daughters. Almost certainly, such presentations will raise charges of blasphemy, he concedes.

But he's unworried. "The spirit and the flesh can be harmonious," Krassner says. "That's the direction I want to go."

He is quiet for a moment, after more than an hour of conversation. He looks out the wall of windows in his office, with their panorama of green golf course and misted Santa Monica Mountains.

Perhaps the question has been asked before, but it's irresistible at this moment: What did it take for Krassner to get to this place, to the 38th floor of big business, to debate on spirituality and struggles with appointment books?

Krassner smiles. "Just an elevator ride."

An old Yiddie never dies.



MOVIN' UPTOWN—Paul Krassner, underground author and former publisher of The

Realist, is new publisher of Hustler Magazine has moved to L.A. from Columbus, Ohio.

Times photo by Mary Frampton

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1445848-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 108

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Reporting Office NEW YORK	Office of Origin NEW YORK	Date 4/22/69	Investigative Period 2/5/69-4/11/69
Title of Case PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		Report made by <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 20px; margin: 5px 0;"></div>	Typed by: <div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 30px; height: 20px; margin: 5px 0;"></div>
		Character of Case SM-ANARCHIST (KEY ACTIVIST)	

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References: SUMMARY

NYrep SA 2/5/69, and Buairtel to Albany and all offices captioned, "NEW LEFT MOVEMENT, BLACK EXTREMIST ACTIVITIES, STUDENT AGITATION-KEY ACTIVISTS, 3/10/69".

Administrative Data:

The word SABOTAGE has been deleted from the title due to the fact that by communication dated 1/30/69, the Chicago Office advised that there was no record of subject's travel to California which was where the bombings took place. There has also been no added information developed to indicate that subject was involved in the California bombings.

Subject is identical with Bureau 115-2861; New York 115-2604, closed case. Subject is also identical with New York 176-267; Chicago 176-912, captioned, "PAUL JAMES KRASSNER, PRINCIPAL SUBJECT, ARL. A report and LHM in this case has been submitted 9/26/69, (Chicago:00).

Approved	None	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 40px; height: 40px; margin: 0 auto;"></div>	Special Agent in Charge	Do not write in spaces below
Copies made:				
8-Bureau (RM)				
1-Secret Service, NYC (RM)				
3-New York 				
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 50px; height: 40px; margin-top: 10px;"></div>				
			Searched _____	b3
			Serialized _____	b6
			Indexed _____	b7C
			Filed _____	b7E
<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 150px; height: 20px; margin: 10px auto;"></div>				

Notations:

[Redacted]

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All organizations and groups mentioned in this report have, whenever possible, been characterized by their official Bureau characterization. In all cases where the organization mentioned is not further identified in the appendix there is no Bureau approved documentation.

A review of NYO files reflects that on 2/8/63, [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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The subject's 1960-1961 trip to Cuba has previously been reported in a communication suitable for dissemination.

The NY 100-97078-1B252 file contains [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted] The report was furnished by [Redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

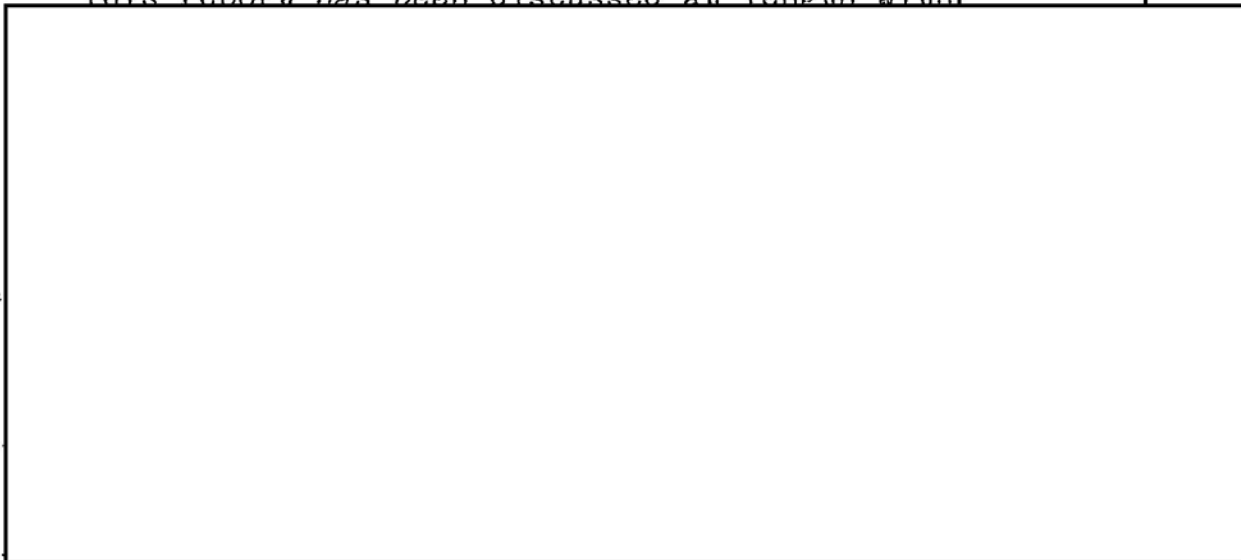
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[Redacted]

B.
(COVER PAGE)

It is believed that PAUL K. referred to in this report is identical with the subject.

This report has been discussed at length with [redacted]



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In view of this, and since the references to PAUL K. appear in a report [redacted] with no possibility of corroborating same through other sources, the NYO is taking no further action in this matter.

SAS observing the demonstration on 8/17/66, were SAS [redacted] and SA [redacted]

SAS [redacted] and [redacted] observed the demonstration on 8/6/66, at Philadelphia, PA.

Records of the Passport Office were reviewed by SE [redacted] of WFO.

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SAS [redacted] and [redacted] observed the subject on 4/10/68.

On September 24, 1968, [redacted] Kansas State University, advised that he had no additional information concerning KRASSNER. He noted it is possible the speech by KRASSNER before the NSA Congress was recorded, since reportedly the speeches of principal speakers were recorded on video tape by NSA personnel with their own equipment brought in by NSA.

C.
(COVER PAGE)

On 11/12/68, [redacted]

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[redacted] Instant report contains FD-302's of above persons, and the originals are maintained in Kansas City file 176-12.

On 9/25/68, at the outset of the interview of the subject, he was handed a copy of FD-395 (Interrogation- Advice of Rights) by the interviewing agents. Subject read the FD-395, stated that he understood it, but declined to sign it.

SA [redacted] while at home, observed the subject on the Merv Griffin Show, on 1/9/69.

The pretext used on 1/7/69, was a telephone call by SA [redacted] to Mailers Fulfillment Company, regarding the obtaining of a subscription to the "Realist".

The pretext used on 1/16/69, was a direct telephone call to the subject by Secretary [redacted] NYO, regarding a fictitious news agency seeking information pertaining to the subject's going to Washington, D. C.

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The following FD-302's which or either interviews of the subject or concern him in other ways are included in instant report, however, the following FD-302's were done in cases other than [redacted] and the original file numbers have been deleted from the 302s.

9/25/68, interview of subject, NY-176-267

9/25/68, interview of subject, NY- 176-267

10/16/68, of SAS [redacted] and [redacted] NY 100-162260

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10/29/68, Mr. [redacted] LA 176-23

1/15/69, interview of subject, NY 100-161321

Informant Data:

Location

T-1

[redacted]

[redacted]

T-2

[redacted]

[redacted]

T-3

[redacted]

[redacted]

b3
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Informant Data: (CONT.)

Location: (CONT)

T-4

[Redacted]

NYC, (by request)

[Redacted]

T-5

Department of Justice
Information furnished from
Internal Revenue Service,
Washington, D. C.

[Redacted]

b3
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T-6

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

T-7

[Redacted]

New York
(by request)

NY 100-45809

NY T-8

[Redacted]

USED TO CHARACTERIZE

[Redacted]

T-9

NOT USED

T-10

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

T-11

NOT USED

T-12

USED TO CHARACTERIZE

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

T-13

[Redacted]

Former

[Redacted]

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b7D
b7E

T-14

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

T-15

[Redacted]

NY 100-107419 1B198 (4) (5)
NY 100-107419 1B 204,06, 07.

T-16

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

T-17

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Informant Data: (CONT.)

NY T-18

[Redacted]

NY T-19
Panel Source

[Redacted] Former

NY T-20

[Redacted] (Former)

NY T-21

[Redacted]

NY T-22

[Redacted]

NY T-23

[Redacted]

NY T-24

[Redacted] Used to characterize

NY T-25

[Redacted] (Former)

NY T-26

[Redacted] NYC
(by request)

NY T-27
SF PSI

[Redacted]

NY T-28

[Redacted]

(by request only when so noted)

NY T-29

[Redacted]

Location: (CONT.)

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY 100-156420

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

[Redacted]

Informant Data: (CONT)

NY T-30

[Redacted]

NY T-31

[Redacted]

NY T-32

[Redacted]

NY T-33

[Redacted] (Former)

NY T-34

[Redacted]

NY T-35

[Redacted]

NY T-36

[Redacted]

[Redacted] (by request)

Insufficient contact to determine reliability

NY T-37

[Redacted]

Location: (CONT.)

NY 100-161445-60

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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b7C
b7D
b7E

The following informants were contacted with negative results:

[Redacted]

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

Will continue coverage of subject and report pertinent information to the Bureau.

- Priority I
1. Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
 2. The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
 3. Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
 4. A suitable photograph is is not available.
Date photograph was taken January, 1968.
 5. Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
 6. This report is classified Confidential because (state reason) contains information from NY T's 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 29, 30, 31, 32, 34, 35, and 37, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reveal their identities and compromise their future effectiveness and endanger the national defense.
 7. Subject previously interviewed (dates) 9/25/68, 1/10/69, 1/15/69
 Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason) He is engaged as Editor of "The Realist", a sensational type publication and would quite probably seek to exploit interview by the Bureau in that publication in an attempt to embarrass the Bureau.
 8. This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
 9. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) he is a founder of and leader of the Youth International Party (YIP), Editor of "The Realist", and extremely active in the New Left. (instant report)
 10. Subject's SI card is is not tabbed Detcom.
 Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

Declassified
per Bu
6-24-75

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1-Secret Service, NYC (RM)

Report of:
Date: 4/22/59

Office: New York, New York

Field Office File #:

Bureau File #:

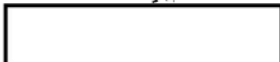
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Title: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character: SECURITY MATTER - ANARCHIST

Synopsis:

Subj born 4/9/32, Brooklyn, NY, resides at 101 Avenue A, NYC, and is the Editor of "The Realist" at above address. Subject spoke at an election rally of the SWP, NYC, on 11/2/62; subscribed to "The Worker", 1964; participated as a speaker at an ECLC "teach-in", 9/17/65, NYC; affiliated with the Free University of New York, 1955; spoke at a Militant Labor Forum, 7/9/65, NYC, wherein he was highly critical of policies of the present administration; spoke at a "speak-out" at Independence Hall, Philadelphia, 8/5/66, and attempted to make amusing remarks in connection with disagreement with US policies in Vietnam; elected to the ECLC National Council as a new member June, 1956; spoke at a "Guardian" sponsored political forum, NYC, 1/29/69, on "Style and Revolution"; spoke at anti-Vietnam meetings sponsored by various peace organizations in 1955, 1956, 1957 and 1968, in NYC, Minneapolis and Chicago; spoke at the University of California campus 9/27/65, and Portland State College, 11/5/65; spoke at Congress of NSA at Kansas State University,



Synopsis Continued

8/23/68, re Yippie demonstration in Chicago at the Democratic National Convention and stated that after the Convention anti-establishment groups will go underground and will blow up such installations as ROTC buildings and recruiting stations. Subject a co-founder of the Youth International Party described as a political youth organization. Subject attended a conference billed as a planning session to disrupt the Democratic National Convention, 3/68; spoke at assemblies in Chicago during the Convention 8/25&27/68; interviewed 9/25/68, and denied knowledge of plans to disrupt or paralyze Convention; interviewed 1/10/69, and advised he would attend inauguration of President NIXON on 1/20/69, as a spectator; attended a meeting in NYC 11/18/68, to plan movement strategy for the inauguration. Subject reportedly participated in a FPCC sponsored trip to Cuba 12/60; spoke at a rally in protest of HCUA hearings 8/17/66; arrested 1/24/68, during demonstration while Vice-President HUMPHREY was speaking at the Plaza Hotel, NYC.

-P-



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[REDACTED]

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I. BACKGROUND

A. Birth

Records of the Bureau of Vital Statistics, Brooklyn, New York, as reviewed by Investigative Clerk [REDACTED] of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) on August 9, 1968, reflected that PAUL JAMES KRASSNER was born on April 9, 1932, in Brooklyn, New York.

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B. Residences

The following addresses are those that PAUL KRASSNER has resided at in New York City from 1962 until the present:

225 Lafayette Street
Room 709
New York 12, New York

NY T-1
On June 29, 1962

[REDACTED]

b7D

NY T-2
On February 24, 1964

On May 9, 1967, Mrs. [REDACTED] New York City, advised that PAUL KRASSNER was currently living at 213 East 21st Street, New York City.

On November 7, 1968, Mr. [REDACTED] Hahn Management Corporation, 152 West 72nd Street, New York City, advised that PAUL KRASSNER was currently living at 101 Avenue A, New York City.

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On March 20, 1969, Mr. [REDACTED] Chase Management, 400 East 56th Street, New York City, advised that PAUL KRASSNER resides at 101 Avenue A, New York City. On January 21, 1969, Mr. [REDACTED] further advised that the subject pays the rent for his apartment by check drawn on the checking account of "The Realist," Chemical Bank New York Trust Company, 525 Broadway, New York, New York.

[redacted]

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C. Employment

The masthead of the September, 1968, issue of "The Realist" states that it is published monthly, except for January and July, by the Realist Association, a non-profit corporation. It lists PAUL KRASSNER as Editor.

The latest telephone directory for the Borough of Manhattan, New York City, contains a listing for "The Realist" publication, 101 Avenue A, telephone number 477-3490.

On September 25, 1968, SA [redacted] of the FBI determined that PAUL KRASSNER maintains his office and place of business, "The Realist", at 101 Avenue A, New York City.

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It is to be noted that on July 21, 1962, NY T-3 stated [redacted]

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NY T-4 stated that "The Realist" has a current address of 595 Broadway, New York City.

The New York City Telephone Book for 1969 lists the Mailers Fulfillment Company, 595 Broadway, New York City.

By means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent (SA) of the FBI on January 7, 1969, it was ascertained that Mailers Fulfillment Company handles the addressing and shipping out of "The Realist" magazine for PAUL KRASSNER, who edits the magazine from his residence, 101 Avenue A, New York City.

D. Marital Status

On March 3, 1969, NY T-5 made available information that in 1965 the subject was currently [redacted] and had [redacted]

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E. Draft Status

On April 9, 1962, NY T-1 advised that the subject was classified 4F for military service due to his impetigo and acne vulgaris.



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E. Education

On April 9, 1962, NY T-1 advised that the subject had received a Bachelor of Business Administration Degree from the City College of New York.

[Redacted]

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II. AFFILIATION AND EVIDENCE OF SYMPATHIES WITH SUBVERSIVE ORGANIZATIONS AND FRONT GROUPS THEREOF

On November 6, 1962, NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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The [Redacted] has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On October 26, 1962, NY T-7 made available information that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On July 7, 1948, NY T-8 reported that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

b6
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[Redacted] has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

NY T-10 advised on November 19, 1963, that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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A characterization of the [Redacted] [Redacted] is attached in the Appendix hereto.

[Redacted]

b3
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"The Worker" is a former East Coast Communist newspaper.

On February 24, 1964, and March 9, 1964, NY T-2 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

On July 13, 1965, NY T-10 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

On September 9, 1965, NYT-15 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

On September 20, 1965, NY T-12 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

A characterization of [Redacted] appears in the Appendix Section attached hereto.

On June 11, 1965, NY T-13 made available [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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THE FREE UNIVERSITY

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

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On July 14, 1965, NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

A characterization of the [Redacted] appears in the Appendix Section attached hereto.

In July, 1966, NY T-14 furnished a [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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SAS of the FBI on August 6, 1966, observed the above demonstration and advised that PAUL KRASSNER, one of the speakers, attempted to make amusing remarks in connection with disagreement with United States policies in Vietnam.

The April, May, June, 1966, issue of "Rights", a self-described publication of the ECLC, states that at the annual meeting of the National Council of the ECLC, which was held in New York City on April 23, 1966, "Stokely Carmichael, Organizational Executive, Atlanta", was elected a member of the National Council of the ECLC.

The "National Guardian", dated May 13, 1967, reflects in its masthead, page 2, that WILLIAM A. PRICE is a member of the Coordinating Committee of that publication.

The "National Guardian", PACEWV, and the SDS will be identified in the Appendix attached hereto. A characterization of SNCC is attached hereto.

On June 23, 1966, NY T-15 furnished [Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

[redacted]
On December 17, 1966, NY T-15 made available [redacted]

[redacted]
The "Guardian" newspaper, dated January 18, 1969, page 15, contains the following advertisement, "The Guardian Rap":

"New York City: A Fresh Series of political Forums sponsored by the Guardian, designed to put radicals (and radical leaners) in closer touch with each other, to deepen and broaden contemporary radical theory, to advance in general the struggle for a mass revolutionary consciousness.

"Style and
Revolution
8 PM Wednesday
Jan. 29, 1969

"Paul Krassner (Yippie and
The Realist)
and Sol Yurick (The Bag, Fertig,
etc.) in a dialog with the rest
of us.

"Casa De Las Americas
876 Broadway (18th St.)
New York City"

A characterization of the "Casa De Las Americas" is contained in the Appendix.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date 2/4/69

The following public discussion between PAUL JAMES KRASSNER and SOL YURICK was held at 853 Broadway, Room 15-A between 8:15 and 11:00 p.m. The text of the discussion concerned "Style and Revolution". It is noted that this does not purport to be the entire discussion as the acoustics in the room were quite poor and discussion could not be completely followed while taking notes.

SOL YURICK started the discussion by referring to a letter written by JERRY RUBIN... The revolutionary movement should attract more interested persons with more "style". SOL then stated that part of the revolution was public and part of the revolution was secret. At this point a reference was made by SOL to the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), at which time KRASSNER held up a sign "C.I.A." KRASSNER then said "Do you know what the Russian salute to the CIA is?" At this point KRASSNER made an obscene gesture and sat down.

KRASSNER then stated he had attended the trial of ABBY HOFFMAN as a witness and cited an incident when HOFFMAN entered the courtroom with the word "(obscene)" written across his forehead. HOFFMAN was being tried for resisting arrest and possession of a dangerous weapon for which HOFFMAN received 15 days and a \$100.00 fine, respectfully. KRASSNER stated the resisting arrest charge was made when RUBIN was to be arrested on the weapons charge and RUBIN asked arresting officers if he could finish breakfast.

~~When KRASSNER~~

When KRASSNER started back from Chicago, on January 28, 1969, an official from the airline approached him and two traveling companions while on the airplane awaiting take off and asked how many in his party and KRASSNER replied 20. The official appeared to be getting enough nerve to ask them to leave the plane but when he thought there may be 20 customers he asked to speak with KRASSNER and his two companions outside the aircraft. KRASSNER stated it appeared to him that the scheduled stewardesses had "freaked out" upon seeing him, thinking he, KRASSNER, was ABBY HOFFMAN and refused to fly and three other stewardesses, one white, and two black, took their place.

On 1/29/69 at New York, New York File#

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by SA Date dictated 1/31/69

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Upon noticing that the plane was being delayed because of him, KRASSNER thought the Federal Grand Jury may have returned an indictment against him since they were meeting on January 28, 1969, and were having to wait until the next day before he would be arrested since it was almost midnight.

KRASSNER then mentioned that the Yigles should try to infiltrate other organizations, not specified. He then mentioned that with the freedom of the Yippies and Hippies that it was hard to get people to work because they engaged frequently in free love. He suggested that girls should be limited to one orgasm per intercourse as are men.

KRASSNER then discussed "style" stating that JERRY RUBIN showed his own style by the way he lived. Then KRASSNER discussed RUBIN being depressed by being imprisoned as were many other persons who are imprisoned; however, this is part of their style. He also mentioned that the Black People are depressed. KRASSNER talked about the different styles used to protest such as beards worn by some businessmen, boycotts by commuters, etc.

KRASSNER then mentioned an incident with the Federal Bureau of Investigation which took place after he appeared on the Merv Griffin Television Show on January 9, 1969. Two agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation came to his home to discuss his knowledge of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER. The only thing he would tell the agents was that CLEAVER was not in Argentina and that he wished no further contact by the agents as he would not tell them where CLEAVER was hiding if he knew. KRASSNER then cited another incident concerning a previous speech where two Federal Bureau of Investigation agents had been standing at the door taking notes, stating that out of the hour worth of notes taken at least ten minutes was about the Federal Bureau of Investigation. At this point KRASSNER described a typical agent with short haircut, hat and dripping nose.

KRASSNER then picked up discussion of style cited his appearance on television with JERRY RUBIN and some celebrities, names mentioned but was not heard stating that the celebrities allowed themselves to be made-up by the television

[REDACTED]

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makeup men whereas he refused to be made up and the makeup men were too afraid to ask RUBIN if he wanted to be made up, thus being RUBIN's style.

YURICK then stated that revolution and style were not mutually exclusive. Revolution builds in time but a person must know the meaning of revolution. Leaders of the revolution must be able to tell others their role in the revolution and be able to keep the people satisfied with their role in the revolution. The revolution is a small group enhanced by what they know and their ability to learn and work. The southern white racists are "(obscene)" by their systems and LYNDON B. JOHNSON is an interestingly slinging person. The present style is not lasting in the long haul and many leaders and workers have been lost out the last eight years. The revolution must continue to build or produce.

YURICK stated then that "grass" is not productive to revolutionary activity but a plan must be determined in order to get the people working. Style is only a part of the whole revolution.

KRASSNER answered YURICK by stating that SOL was too indulged in a dichotomy and that he was speaking strictly from a Marxist viewpoint. In reality must look to United States and world situation to plan revolutionary activity. At the present time the revolution furnished cafes for soldiers, gives them a place to go and learn of the revolution such as cafe in Kileen, Texas, and at the same time draft boards are being blown up. Thus soldiers are becoming aware of the truth and their true enemies.

KRASSNER stated he had received a call from a Black GI this morning who had been in the service for eight years and had seen the truth and had become aware of society from reading "The Guardian".

KRASSNER then cited examples of how hard people in the revolution work to help people such as the longhairs who

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had been helping in the California mud slides and working with the Black kids in New Jersey. Acid-heads are good workers, they just don't get recognition because they don't get paid for their work. FIEDL CASTRO once stated "We will not die of fear, we will die laughing"; thus a dichotomy between hard work and laughing.

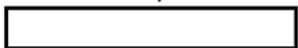
During the question and answer session which followed KRASSNER mentioned that while in Chicago he was interviewed and asked what the next step would be to which he replied "espionage" since that's what J. EDGAR HOOVER said in his last yearly report.

Also during the question and answer session, [REDACTED] of the Black Panthers was mentioned concerning his revolutionary style especially of carrying firearms. KRASSNER also mentioned his recruitment of an ex-telephone company employee into the movement who is capable of placing wiretaps on telephones. This session tended to put emphasis of the dress and mannerism of the revolutionary society particularly the right to be free and to change the dress and mannerism.

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KRASSNER noted that the most objectionable things about present society was the Selective Service System and the Federal Income and State taxes. Obscene remarks were made concerning President NIXON.

It is noted that the entire discussion had been recorded by associates of KRASSNER and YURICK.



ELDRIGE CLEAVER is a leader of the Black Panther Party, which is characterized in the appendix hereto.

SOL YURICK is an author and novelist who has written, "The Bag" and "The Warriors."

JERRY RUBIN and ABBY HOFFMAN are characterized on page 27 of this report.

[Redacted]

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On January 30, 1969, NY T-16 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

On November 22, 1968, NY T-10 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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III. ANTI-VIETNAM ACTIVITY

On October 5, 1965, NY T-17 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On March 30, 1966, NY T-18 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

On December 30, 1965, NY T-10 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On October 11, 1966, NY T-20 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

On October 18, 1966, NY T-21 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

According to the above source, [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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Attached in the Appendix hereto is a characterization of [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On March 14, 1968, NY T-8 advised [redacted]

[redacted]

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On November 24, 1967, NY T-23 advised that "a group of Hippies" held a press conference on that date in Greenwich Village, New York City, and announced plans for a gathering to be held in Washington Square Park, New York City, at 1:00 p.m. on November 25, 1967, to celebrate "the end of the war" because they feel that they will not be living when the war in Vietnam is, in fact, over.

NY T-23 advised that subject was one of the spokesmen at this press conference.

On November 27, 1967, NY T-24 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

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On May 16, 1967, NY T-25 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

NY T-25 advised that [redacted]

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NY T-25 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

NY T-20 advised on November 1, 1968, [redacted]

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[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The speakers were mostly youngsters from the community who argued for community use of the theatre each week.

NY T-20 advised on November 8, 1968, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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IV. ACTIVITIES CONCERNING SUBJECT'S
APPEARANCES AT COLLEGE CAMPUSES

On September 27, 1965, NY T-27 advised that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On November 5, 1965, NY T-15 advised that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On August 14, 1968, [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED], Kansas State University (KSU), Manhattan, Kansas, advised that the 21st Congress of the National Student Association (NSA) will meet August 17-26, 1968, on the campus of KSU. He noted the NSA Congress is considered the official legislative body of NSA and the number of voting delegates is determined by the size of the university represented. He understood that it is anticipated about 1,000 delegates representing about 350 schools will attend.

The Agenda for the NSA Congress showed that among events scheduled for August 23, 1968, was a meeting regarding "Cultural Impact of Student Drug Involvement" guided by "Mr. Paul Krassner, Editor of the 'The Realist' and spiritual guide of the Youth International Party (yippies)."

NSA Congress News, dated August 23, 1968, a mimeographed bulletin distributed at the Congress, carried the following article:

"YIPPIES PRESENT FAVORITE PIG NOMINEE TODAY

"PAUL KRASSNER, co-founder of Y. I. P. (Youth International Party) today outlined plans for the Yippie Festival of Life in Chicago.

"Today the Yippies will introduce their candidate for the presidential nomination - a pig. 'Unlike the other candidates,' Krassner quipped, 'he gives the same answer in every city he goes to.' Krassner said they have asked for Secret Service protection for their candidate.

"He said the yippies have withdrawn their suit for freedom of assembly in Chicago's Lincoln Park but still plan to camp there, starting Sunday night.

"The group plans to march to the amphitheatre, site of the convention, and State Street theatre. A birthday party for Johnson is another item on their very flexible agenda.

"Any estimation if the number of people coming to the Democratic Convention is pure speculation, Krassner said.

"Speaking of the mood of the yippies, he said, 'The flower children have developed thorns.' He added that it is difficult to draw lines of thinking about actions at Chicago. If the McCarthy people have two beers, they start talking about what they will do when he looses.'

"Krassner will address the drug study area this afternoon. He included in his credentials: editor of Realist magazine, society editor of Ramparts magazine, film critic for Cavalier magazine, editor of Lenny Bruce's autobiography, and 'court jester of the new Left.'"

On August 23, 1968, NY T-28 advised that "Yippie" leader PAUL KRASSNER today spoke to some 290 delegates at the Congress of the National Student Association (NSA), currently meeting at KSU, Manhattan, Kansas. NY T-28 said KRASSNER was scheduled to speak on Student Drug Involvement, but there actually was little discussion of drugs. KRASSNER told the

[REDACTED]

delegates he and the Yippies will demonstrate in Chicago next week at the Democratic National Convention, but the only specific information he mentioned was that the Yippies had smuggled a pig into Chicago and will run it for President. KRASSNER claimed they have a permit from Mayor DALEY of Chicago for use of Lincoln Park in demonstrating. In answer to a query from the audience as to what his organization planned after the Democratic Convention, KRASSNER stated that anti-establishment groups will go underground and, without hurting people, will blow up such installations as ROTC buildings and recruiting stations.

NY T-28 described KRASSNER as a clever person who knows how to manipulate his audience, and noted he made frequent use of obscenities, as has been commonplace with other speakers at the NSA Congress. NY T-28 said most of KRASSNER's comments were in a comic vein, and he described in detail how he was followed by four officers everywhere he went in Chicago, Illinois. When asked to identify these officers, KRASSNER replied they were detectives of the Chicago Police Department, and he even invited them to lunch with him or called to them to follow when he was moving from one place to another. KRASSNER said he always spoke into fireplugs as he passed them on the street, so that the microphones hidden inside would be able to pick up his conversation for benefit of the police.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/26/68b3
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College of Commerce, Kansas State University (KSU), advised as follows:

On the afternoon of August 23, 1968, he attended a session of National Student Association Congress then meeting on the campus of KSU. The schedule called for this session to be addressed by Yippie leader PAUL KRASSNER on the subject of drugs. However, KRASSNER was introduced as a comic and when he began speaking he made only a few comments concerning drugs. The rest of his talk was about the Democratic National Convention (DNC), scheduled for the following week in Chicago, Illinois.

KRASSNER mentioned various protest activities planned for the DNC. He said the "Yippies" had requested permission from Chicago authorities to use Lincoln Park as a gathering place, but this request was denied and a new 11:00 pm curfew was placed on the park. He said "they" had been moved out of Lincoln Park at 11:00 pm during recent days but it was expected that on the coming Sunday, August 25, 1968, a confrontation with police would occur when the "Yippies" and others in the park would refuse to move. In answer to a question, he said he was afraid of being hurt in any confrontation with the police, but felt this was the place he had to make his stand. The basic attitude he expressed was strictly "anti-Establishment." He did not urge his listeners to join in the protest activities, but clearly indicated this was where "the action was going to be."

KRASSNER appeared to be actually an intelligent person and a talented comic, but he made much unnecessary use of foul language. He made a good many jokes about local events in Chicago and the proposed nomination of a pig for President.

At the end of his speech there was a question and answer session, which "just faded out" as people left.

On 11/13/68 at Manhattan, Kansas

KC 100-12764

File #

by SA [REDACTED]

Date dictated 11/20/68b6
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[REDACTED] has no recollection of any statement made by KRASSNER concerning long-range plans of anti-Establishment groups, including possible sabotage.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date 11/26/68b3
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[REDACTED] at Kansas State University (KSU), and
[REDACTED] College of Commerce,
KSU, advised as follows:

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On August 23, 1968, she attended a session of the National Student Association (NSA) Congress in which PAUL KRASSNER was scheduled to speak concerning "Cultural Influences or Drug Use." However, about the closest KRASSNER came to the subject matter was to say the United States was in Southeast Asia to "protect crops." Most of his speech was devoted to proposed protest activity of the "Yippies" and other groups at the Democratic National Convention (DNC) in Chicago, Illinois, the following week. He indicated that the goals of the National Mobilization Committee to End the War in Vietnam and of the "Yippies" were the same but their tactics were different. He said the farce which would be going on in the amphitheater in Chicago represented a betrayal of American democracy and the American dream. He noted the Yippies planned to nominate a pig for President and also to "welcome" delegates in hotels and at the convention in connection with their "Festival of Joy." He said the right of free assembly was being denied in that no permit was granted for use of Lincoln Park during the convention. KRASSNER mentioned that he and [REDACTED] would not be at the front in any confrontation in Chicago since both were marked men by the Chicago Police Department. He did not urge his listeners to go to Chicago and demonstrate.

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KRASSNER's speech rambled for about the first hour and he was not getting much response from his audience until he resorted to frequent use of shocking obscenities. Interest did seem to pick up during the question and answer session at the end. In this connection it appeared that some delegates, who were over normal student age, inserted questions when interest seemed to lag.

On 11/19/68 at Manhattan, Kansas File # KC 100-12764

by SA [REDACTED] [REDACTED] Date dictated 11/20/68

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[REDACTED]
KC 100-12764

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KRASSNER said he did not believe there would be any marches after Chicago, which might be the last mass confrontation. He indicated that after the DNC the protestors would go underground and possibly sabotage some buildings or property, but would not hurt people. He made some reference, significance unknown, to an ROTC building which had been blown up in California.

It was [REDACTED] opinion that KRASSNER was putting on a show and trying to shock his audience. It was her impression that he made few honest statements which he himself believed, and most of his statements were made in a comic vein. However, she is a mature adult, and she could not be certain of the impression he made on the audience, composed mainly of young college-age students.

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She had a tape recorder in her possession, but did not dare to take it out of her purse and use it. She was subjected to suspicious stares by college-age persons and was even questioned by one young man regarding her identity and purpose in being there.

She believes NSA made a video tape of the KRASSNER speech, and she would prefer not to testify in this matter, especially since unknown NSA staff personnel were probably in the audience and could more accurately describe the impact of the speech on the young people.

[REDACTED]

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NY T-29 advised on December 4, 1968, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

PAUL KRASSNER, Editor of "Realist", a New York City underground newspaper, also spoke and urged that the solidarity that prevailed during the Democratic National Convention be maintained and also urged that progressive forces throughout the country mobilize for the Inauguration Day activities. This rally was peaceful and without incident.

ABBY HOFFMAN of the Youth International Party out of New York City was also a speaker at the above mentioned affair at Chicago.

The February 21, 1969, issue of the "Staten Island Advance", a New York City newspaper, contained an article concerning the fact that the subject was one of two Yippies who appeared on the Richmond College Campus, Staten Island, New York. KRASSNER spoke to a group while on the campus.

[Redacted]

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V. SUBJECT'S AFFILIATION WITH AND
PARTICIPATION IN THE YOUTH
INTERNATIONAL PARTY (YIP)

On March 6, 1968, NY T-26 made available

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

On June 24, 1966, NY T-12 advised that

[Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

On October 4, 1967, NY T-24 advised that

[Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

On March 3, 1968, NY T-20 made available

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

On March 5, 1968, NY T-20 advised that

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

[REDACTED]

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On April 30, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

On April 9, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

On April 10, 1968, Special Agents (SAs) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed individuals wearing "Yippie" buttons to meet with representatives of Mayor LINDSAY outside City Hall and request a permit for Sheep Meadow.

After much discussion an assistant to the Mayor advised the group that a permit would be granted.

Subject was one of the individuals who participated in the discussion, and appeared to be one of the spokesmen for the Yippies.

On April 10, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

The New York "Post", a New York City daily newspaper, issue of September 5, 1968, contained an article captioned: "As a Yippie Sees Chicago: A Victory". This article concerns an interview with ABBIE HOFFMAN by reporter JAY LEVIN. It states, "The Youth International Party - the Yippies is an amorphous body of young people with no organization to speak of, no charter, no officials, not even a key to their small New York Office. They hang together over the notion that youth ought to revolt. They are part put-on, part myth. Estimation of their numbers range from eight upwards."

NY T-30 advised on August 6, 1968, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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NY T-20 advised on October 25, 1968, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[redacted]

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[redacted]

On September 10, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [redacted]

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[redacted]

On September 18, 1968, a SA of the FBI observed the subject as he appeared as a guest on the Malachy Mc Cort Show, as seen on WOR-TV, Channel 9, at 10:00 p.m.

PAUL KRASSNER was introduced as the Editor of "The Realist" and as a member of the YIP. KRASSNER said that on Election Day, the Yippies would hold guerrilla theater events, elect a pig as President, and hold street theater events which would be to "defy the law of gravity". KRASSNER said that the rule of the YIP is "don't get caught". KRASSNER said that some Yippies were infiltrating the systems, such as working for the telephone company.

On October 2, 1968 and October 9, 1968, NY T-30 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

On November 1, 1968, NY T-20 advised the [redacted]

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[redacted]

On November 25, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

[REDACTED]

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VI. SUBJECT'S ACTIVITIES CONCERNING
ATTENDANCE AT DEMOCRATIC
NATIONAL CONVENTION IN CHICAGO

On March 27, 1968, NY T-31 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

NY T-31 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

The Chicago "Sun-Times", a Chicago daily newspaper, issue of March 26, 1968, contained an article which stated that PAUL KRASSNER, Editor of "The Realist Magazine", and a Yippie organizer, was an observer at a conference of anti-war groups held "this past weekend" near Lake Villa, Illinois.

On September 3 and 5, 1968, NY T-22 advised that

[REDACTED]

NY T-22 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

b7D

The New York "Times", a New York City daily newspaper, issue of Wednesday, August 28, 1968, page 31, columns two and five, contained an article captioned, "Johnson Mocked As A 'Freak' at 'Unbirthday Party'".

The article was datelined in Chicago on August 27, and reflected that on that date in the Chicago Coliseum, President JOHNSON's 60th birthday was celebrated in an "un-birthday party" sponsored by the "Mobilization Committee to End the War in Vietnam" with more than 3,000 youths jamming the Coliseum for a windup show.



The article stated that among the activities on the program was "an acceptance speech by the Yippies' Presidential candidate, a pig, translated for the throng by PAUL KRASSNER, the writer."

The New York "Post", issue of August 31, 1968, final edition, page 23, contained an article captioned, "The Yippies" and datelined in Chicago.

This article identified PAUL KRASSNER, JERRY RUBIN and ABBIE HOFFMAN as Yippie leaders. It states ". . . They are 'leaders' but in quotation marks, because it is debatable whether the Yippies are (or ever were) a movement. In Grant Park, Thursday afternoon, PAUL KRASSNER, editor of the Realist declared the Yippies dead. But those were the names people identified when asked in Grant Park who the head Yippiés were.

"While troops listened over the loudspeaker, KRASSNER said: 'Yippie was merely a slogan to bring together the New Left and the psychedelic dropouts, . . . the Yippie never really existed' he added as he burned a poster with Mayor DALEY's picture on it. 'The pig on this poster is the King Yippie'."

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/25/68

1

A Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) observed and overheard PAUL KRASSNER on September 25, 1968, who was then participating in a demonstration outside the office of the FBI, 201 East 69th Street, New York City (NYC). KRASSNER stated that he was late for the demonstration because he had been interviewed by the FBI. He said the FBI was very anxious to learn about persons who demonstrated at the Democratic National Convention. He said the FBI was trying "to get" the young people who went to Chicago. He stated that the FBI was obviously given a specific assignment by the Attorney General to investigate those people who went to Chicago and that when "you" talked about actions of the police in Chicago, police brutality, "they (the FBI) are not interested in that".

KRASSNER continued that the FBI like any agency has a job to do. In this case, it is asking questions about Chicago. The FBI must expect "us" to say "yes, I was there, so was Peter Rabbit and they say 'Thank you, very much'".

On 9/25/68 at 201 East 69th St., NYC File # _____

by SA Date dictated 9/25/68

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 9/25/68

On September 25, 1968, PAUL KRASSNER was interviewed at his office and place of business, "The Realist", 101 Avenue A, New York City.

MR. KRASSNER advised that no knowledge of plans to disrupt or paralyze the Democratic National Convention, held in Chicago, Illinois during late August, 1968; had come to his attention prior to, during or after the Convention.

MR. KRASSNER stated that he was in Chicago, as a Youth International Party ("YIPPIE") affiliate between August 20, 1968 and August 29, 1968.

He advised that he did participate in planning of a musical "Festival of Life" which was planned for Grant Park and Lincoln Park in Chicago, Illinois. Those plans were thwarted, he said when the Chicago Police Department and city authorities refused to issue a permit to use the parks.

MR. KRASSNER registered general non-specific complaints of Chicago Police "beatings" claiming that violent outbursts were spontaneous, leaderless and provoked by police actions. He was unable, however, to provide any details concerning policemen involved or persons beaten.

MR. KRASSNER gave the interviewing Special Agents a copy of "The Realist" for January, 1968 (Number 76) and September, 1968 (Number 82). The latter contains an article entitled, "The Yippies Are Going To Chicago".

On 9/25/68 at 101 Avenue A, New York, New York File # _____

by SAS [redacted] and [redacted] Date dictated 9/25/68

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/16/68

1.

Special Agents (SAS) [redacted] and [redacted] at 11:00 a.m. on March 19, 1968, observed a press conference called by the Yippies at the Americana Hotel, New York City (NYC). The master of ceremonies was BOB FASS of NYC Radio Station WBAI, who described a Yippie as what happens to a hippie when a cop hits him on the head. [redacted] of the folk singers, The Fugs, stated a quarter million youth are going to Chicago to hold a Festival of Life during the National Democratic Convention to demand Politics of Ecstasy. [redacted] of "The Drama Review", New York University (NYU), stated 20 or 30 theater and musical groups from all over the country will begin to converge on Chicago in July, 1968. They will pick up Yippies and youths along the way with street plays in various localities and bring them to Chicago. [redacted] stated that the whole purpose is to have good clean fun in Chicago. PAUL KRASSNER, editor of "The Realist" magazine, stated he was going to Chicago next weekend to do a benefit for The Underground Press. KRASSNER stated that he would call Mayor DALEY in Chicago tomorrow to attempt to make an appointment to see him while in Chicago for permits. JERRY RUBIN, a Yippie leader, stated that Yippies would open an office in Chicago next week and would also open offices soon in Los Angeles and San Francisco. PAUL KRASSNER then stated that the Yippies festival in Chicago would take place August 25-30, 1968, during the National Democratic Convention and that the Festival would be non-violent. [redacted] of the "East Village Other" newspaper, stated that a newspaper called the "Creeping Meatball" will be published at the Chicago underground press headquarters, "The Seed". It was also announced at the press conference that the Yippies would hold a "Yip-In" in Grand Central Station, NYC, at 12:00 p.m., on March 22, 1968, to celebrate the coming of Spring.

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In the course of this press conference, an individual self-identified as [redacted] "with the downtown poor", announced that the downtown poor were going to Washington, D.C. on April 22, 1968, to pitch their tents and stay with

On 3/19/68 at New York, New York

File#

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SAS [redacted]

by [redacted]

Date dictated 10/10/68

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Dr. MARTIN LUTHER KING and his group until the Government meets their demands. [redacted] stated that if the Government had not met their demands by the time of the Democratic National Convention in Chicago in August, 1968, they would follow President LYNDON JOHNSON to the Democratic National Convention.

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On 4/10/69. NY T-22 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

[REDACTED]

VII. SUBJECT'S ACTIVITIES CONCERNING
ATTENDANCE AT THE PRESIDENTIAL
INAUGURATION, WASHINGTON, D. C.

NY T-20 advised on November 18, 1968, that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On January 10, 1969, PAUL JAMES KRASSNER was inter-
viewed by SAS [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] of the FBI
and advised that he will attend the inauguration of President-
Elect NIXON on January 20, 1969, as a spectator. He indicated
that in his opinion there will be absolutely no demonstrations
at the Presidential Inauguration that would in any way be com-
parable to those which took place at the Democratic National
Convention in Chicago, Illinois, in the Summer of 1968.

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KRASSNER did not state when or how he would proceed
to Washington.

[REDACTED]

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On January 16, 1969, by means of a suitable pretext conducted by a representative of the FBI, the following information was obtained:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER plans on leaving New York City Friday night, January 17, 1969, or Saturday morning, January 18, 1969, exact time not decided on, with [REDACTED] New York City Radio Station WBAI [REDACTED], for Washington, D. C. If KRASSNER and [REDACTED] are unable to rent a car, they will go by bus on Saturday which will be provided for the people who desire to go to the Presidential Inauguration. The buses will leave from various parts of the city, and KRASSNER had no idea as to where he would get aboard one.

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KRASSNER was not going to the Inauguration as a participant but as a spectator.

On Saturday, January 18, 1969, there will be various workshops held in Washington, D. C. regarding the Inauguration.

On Sunday, January 19, 1969, there will be a parade held in Washington, D. C. on the same route as the Presidential parade, but in reverse route. The people in the parade will carry signs and wear colorful costumes of various periods in United States history such as American Revolutionary costumes.

On Sunday night, at a location unknown in Washington, D. C., the parade participants intend to inaugurate a pig as President.

KRASSNER has no idea as to where he will stay while in Washington, D. C.

On January 23, 1969, NY T-29 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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On January 23, 1969, NY T-32 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[Redacted]

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Foreign Travel

On December 28, 1960, NY T-33 furnished [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On June 25, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

On August 27, 1968, a representative of the FBI caused a search to be made of the files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, Washington, D. C. No identifiable record was located to indicate that subject possesses a current passport or has made recent application for one.

On September 16, 1968, NY T-20 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On September 27, 1968, Special Employee [Redacted] caused a search to be made of the files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, Washington, D. C., and was advised that no identifiable record for the subject could be located.

B. Other

On July 15, 1959, NY T-34 furnished [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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Attached in the Appendix hereto is a characterization of the [Redacted]

[REDACTED]

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On September 25, 1961, NY T-35 made available [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

Attached in the Appendix hereto is a characterization of the [REDACTED]

On April 30, 1962, NY T-3 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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Attached in the Appendix hereto is a characterization of [REDACTED]

On August 16, 1966, NY T-36 made available [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On August 17, 1966, SAS of the FBI observed the above-described demonstration and rally at which speakers voiced opposition of the HCUA hearings then being held in Washington, D. C., concerning nationwide protests against the war in Vietnam.

Among speakers who appeared at the above affair was PAUL KRASSNER, Editor of "The Realist", who recommended additional demonstrations and advocated the impeachment of Vice-President HUBERT HUMPHREY.

"Life" Magazine of October 4, 1968, contained an article entitled, "Easygoing Advocate of the Outrageous", which was an article pertaining to the subject.

[REDACTED]

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The article describes the subject as "Editor" and "Founder" and all else of 'The Realist', a pulpy, almost-monthly magazine" which he labels on the cover as the "magazine of the lunatic fringe" or "of angry pen pals" or "the fire hydrant of the underdog".

The article reflected that the subject is the precursor and dean of the angry press. "The Realist" readership now totals 100,000.

NY T-37 advised on January 9, 1969, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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The "New York Times" newspaper, dated January 9, 1969, page 95, contained the following article:

"Wechsler Scores Youth Disruptions

"James Wechsler, editorial page editor of The New York Post, said last night that the sense of desperation many young people feel toward society was no excuse for assaulting the free speech of those they opposed.

"'Anyone who thinks they can get their opinion across by disrupting a meeting is just a fool', he told about 50 persons attending a meeting of the Dissenters Club, a debating group, held in the Loeb Student Center at New York University's Washington Square campus.

"Paul Krassner, editor of The Realist, disputed Mr. Wechsler's contention, saying that the desperation had resulted from the young people's inability to be heard.

"The debate topic, 'Should we assault the free speech of those we oppose?' was planned in response to student disruptions last Dec. 4 of talks by Nguyen Huu Chi, South Vietnamese Ambassador to the United Nations, and James Reston, executive editor of The New York Times.

[redacted]

"Mr. Wechsler warned that student disrupters were hurting their own cause, saying they risked increased suppression."

"Mr. Krassner did not defend the disruption of Mr. Reston's talk, but he said he understood the feeling of the students who participated in it."

"To them, the Establishment press is to the government as Goebbels was to Hitler," he said."

On February 13, 1969, NY T-30 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

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NY T-30 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

NY T-30 stated [redacted]

[redacted]

On February 14, 1969, [redacted]

[redacted] New York City, personally appeared at the New York Office of the FBI, 201 East 69th Street, New York City, at 2:05 p.m., and advised she received a letter that date which contained a marijuana cigarette.

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[redacted] furnished the letter and the marijuana cigarette to the New York Office of the FBI. The envelope was postmarked "PM, February 13, 1969, New York, New York", and the letter was captioned, "Happy Valentine's Day."

On February 14, 1969, [redacted]

[redacted] General Post Office, New York City, advised that one of the Postal Inspectors had observed the BILL JORGENSON News Program on Station WNEW, Channel 5, Television, New York City, on February 13, 1969, at 10:30 p.m., in which PAUL KRASSNER appeared and mentioned as an announcement that he believed marijuana is not a narcotic under the law, and that he was going to mail 30,000 marijuana cigarettes, one to each addressee, with instructions on how to smoke marijuana and get high.

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[redacted] advised that when the Post Office Department receives a representative number of these letters, they will plan to obtain a transcript of the above-mentioned television program and present the matter to the United States Attorney.

On February 14, 1969, the subject was observed as a guest on the JOHNNY CARSON Show, Channel 4, New York City, by an SA of the FBI. ORSON BEAN was substituting for CARSON as host. The program began at 11:30 p.m. and ended at 1:00 a.m. The topics discussed by KRASSNER were general in nature and dealt with Negro rights, obscenity and mode of dress of "hippies" versus the average citizen.

BEAN asked KRASSNER if he felt that he was part of a revolution in the country, and KRASSNER replied by stating that the word, revolution, had different meanings. He cited the application of the word, revolution, in advertising as in new or "revolutionary" products.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 10/29/68

Mr. [redacted]

[redacted] KTTV-TV, Channel 11, Los Angeles, California, advised on October 28, 1968, that he formerly was [redacted] of the now discontinued "The Les Crane Show" which originated at KTTV and which was aired over the Metromedia Network.

[redacted] recalled that PAUL KRASSNER appeared on "The Les Crane Show" in August, 1968, and that the taped show was aired in the Los Angeles area on August 9, 1968, and again on August 19, 1968. It subsequently was aired over various stations associated with the Metromedia Network.

[redacted] said KRASSNER appeared on the show with other guests including TIMOTHY LEARY, former Yale professor; Dr. RALPH METZNER, a psychologist and editor of the "Psychedelic Review"; Mr. ED BUTLER, publisher "square" magazine, and CRANE. The conversation primarily concerned the use of LSD. LEARY dominated the conversation and KRASSNER had little to offer on this subject. The discussion did not touch on riots or other civil disturbances.

On 10/28/68 at Los Angeles, California File # [redacted]

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 10/29/68

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1/14/69

Date

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[redacted] On January 9, 1969, Special Agent (SA) [redacted] while off duty at his residence, [redacted], New York, observed PAUL JAMES KRASSNER appearing as a guest on the MERV GRIFFIN television program. The program, which was pre-taped, was presented on Channel 5 T.V., New York City from 8:30 PM to 10:00 PM.

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The program was moderated by ORSCN BEAN who filled in for MERV GRIFFIN. The other guests who appeared on the program as panelist were Dr. JOYCE BROTHERS, OTTO PREMINGER and JACKIE VERNON. Also present was ARTHUR TREACHER, the program announcer.

While discussing the word "revolution" with moderator BEAN, KRASSNER stated "ELDRIDGE CLEAVER of the Black Panthers, I just came back from interviewing him in exile and--" BEAN stated "You can't say where he is--". KRASSNER stated "obviously not--". BEAN stated "They would go and get him--". KRASSNER replied "Yeh or me".

BEAN made comment that it was not fair of CLEAVER, to the people who posted his bond, to have jumped his bail. KRASSNER replied that "his friends think he did the right thing in running out on his bail".

KRASSNER stated "There's a law that the FBI Director retire at seventy. JOHN EDGAR HOOVER isn't obeying that law". BEAN stated "There's a law that the President can waive that law".

KRASSNER stated "The whole yippie thing is kind of an international thing in the sense that young people all over the world are protesting against the dehumanization that goes on, whether it happens in a capitalist country or a communist country, the target is dehumanization".

BEAN asked KRASSNER "Do you think boys in Vietnam should lay down arms and refuse to fight anymore?" KRASSNER replied "They should get out before they lay down their arms."

1/9/69

New City, New York

File# [redacted]

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SA [redacted]

Date dictated 1/14/69



I can't tell people now who are resisting the draft now. The time to do it is when that line is drawn". KRASSNER further advised "People have to do what they believe is correct".

OTTO PREMINGER, Hollywood producer, when interviewed commented, "If KRASSNER talked like he does on international youth behind the Iron Curtain, he would be shot".

PREMINGER further stated to KRASSNER "You don't appreciate rights of others".

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date 1/15/69

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER, was interviewed in the vicinity of his residence at 101 Avenue A. He was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agents and further advised that he did not have to furnish any statements, either written or oral and that any statements he did make could be used against him in a Court of Law.

KRASSNER was advised as to the nature of the inquiry and was tendered an "advice of rights" form to read and execute, but he refused to do so. He commented that he had been instructed by his attorney not to speak to Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), or to furnish them any information whatsoever.

When asked if he did appear on the Merv Griffin Television Show which was shown on channel five television at New York City, on January 9, 1969, KRASSNER indicated he did and that the show actually was staged on January 2, 1969, at which time it was video-taped.

KRASSNER said that when his conversation with the host of the aforementioned program turned toward "present day revolutionary ideas" he mentioned that "he had just come back from interviewing ELDRIDGE CLEAVER in exile" so that he would have "something interesting to contribute to the conversation".

When asked if the above statement was true, KRASSNER stated he disliked the FBI and did not desire to help them in anyway.

He further indicated that he was not often on television and that he felt he must say something of interest and importance when he had such an opportunity.

KRASSNER stated that the comments he made on the Merv Griffin Show, as well as the information which he furnishes to the magazine he publishes, "The Realist", are not made under oath and therefore are not necessarily true.

On 1/10/69 at New York, New York

File # _____

by _____

Date dictated 1/15/69

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

According to KRASSNER, if he were called into a Court of Law and asked to testify under oath if he knew of the whereabouts of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, he would have to deny it.

KRASSNER stated that he does know ELDRIDGE CLEAVER and that he has spoken to CLEAVER several times during the period when student demonstrations were taking place on the campus of the University of California at Berkeley, California.

KRASSNER stated he was interested in having CLEAVER be given a position on the faculty of the University of California and spoke to CLEAVER about that question.

He further indicated that he did interview ELDRIDGE CLEAVER as he stated on the Merv Griffin Television Show and that the interview took place on December 14, 1968, at a place he refused to reveal.

KRASSNER said that when he stated he interviewed CLEAVER "in exile" he did not mean out of the continental United States, but rather "out of the state". KRASSNER refused to elaborate on this any further.

KRASSNER indicated he may or may not publish his alleged interview with CLEAVER in the near future. He pointed out that he interviewed the late BRENDAN BEHAN, a playwright, at least five years ago and has yet to publish the interview.

KRASSNER at this point was again reminded that he could possibly be in violation of the Federal Harboring Statute. KRASSNER indicated that he felt

ELDRIDGE CLEAVER was "a political prisoner" at that he, KRASSNER, would do absolutely nothing to help the FBI or furnish any information which would aid in locating ELDRIDGE CLEAVER.

KRASSNER stated he feels CLEAVER is an intelligent man who is well known as an author. He stated CLEAVER prepares all his own written material and that CLEAVER's editor then prepares it for publication. KRASSNER denied any knowledge of CLEAVER presently writing a book in New York City at this time.

KRASSNER again stated he would not admit or deny he was not telling the truth during his aforementioned television appearance, and then he reiterated his statement concerning not being under oath while on the television program.

KRASSNER advised he plans to remain in the New York City area and that he will attend the inauguration of President-elect NIXON as a spectator. He indicated that in his opinion there will be absolutely no demonstrations at the Presidential Inauguration that would in any way be comparable to those which took place at the Democratic Convention in Chicago, Illinois, in the Summer of 1968.

The follow physical description of PAUL JAMES KRASSNER was obtained through observation and interview:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Age	36
Height	Five feet, four inches
Weight	140 pounds
Hair	Dark brown - shoulder length
Complexion	Ruddy - acne scars

Residence

101 Avenue A,
New York, New York

Employment

Self-employed as Editor -
Publisher, "The Realist",
101 Avenue A, New York,
New York

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

On January 13, 1969, SA [REDACTED] discussed the aforementioned appearance of PAUL JAMES KRASSNER on the Merv Griffin Television Show, as well as the results of the interview of KRASSNER on January 10, 1969, with Assistant United States Attorney (AUSA) [REDACTED] of the United States Attorney's Office, in the Southern District of New York (SDNY).

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Mr [REDACTED] indicated he could see no violation of the law on the part of KRASSNER within the SDNY, and felt that this matter should properly be discussed with the United States Attorney's Office in San Francisco, California.

"The Black Panther" newspaper, published by the Black Panther Party dated January 15, 1969, revealed that ELDRIDGE CLEAVER was Editor and Minister of Information of "The Black Panther".

A characterization of The Black Panther Party is contained in the Appendix attached hereto.

[REDACTED]

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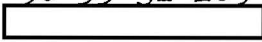
On December 13, 1968, SA [REDACTED] reviewed the records of the Clerk's Office, Criminal Court Division, New York City, and ascertained that the subject was arrested with a group of other people on January 24, 1968, at 7:30 p.m. outside the Plaza Hotel, West 58th Street, and Fifth Avenue, for standing in the street, blocking traffic, and refusing to move when directed. The arrest was made during the demonstration while Vice-President HUBERT HUMPHREY was speaking at the Plaza Hotel.

The subject was found not guilty on May 20, 1968, and the charges were dismissed by Judge MILTON SHALECK.

Various sources, who are familiar with Communist Party and related activity in the New York City area, were contacted during March and April, 1969, and they advised that they were not familiar with the subject or his activities.



IX. PHYSICAL DESCRIPTION AND BACKGROUND
REGARDING PAUL KRASSNER

Name	PAUL JAMES KRASSNER	
Rac@	Caucasian	
Sex	Male	
Date of Birth	April 9, 1932	
Place of Birth	Brooklyn, New York	
Height	5 feet 4½ inches	
Weight	140 pounds	
Build	Medium	
Hair	Dark Brown - long, curly, worn "hippie" style	
Eyes	Brown	
Scars	Has very noticeable acne scars on face and neck	
Military Service	None	
	Classified 4-F because of acne vulgaris and impetigo	
Selective Service Number	50-55-32-189	
Social Security Number		b6
Education	Bachelor of Business Administration, College of the City of New York (CCNY)	b7C

APPENDIX

1.

AMERICAN LABOR PARTY

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the American Labor Party:

"AMERICAN LABOR PARTY

- "1. 'For years, the Communists have put forth the greatest efforts to capture the entire American Labor Party throughout New York State. They succeeded in capturing the Manhattan and Brooklyn sections of the American Labor Party but outside of New York City they have been unable to win control.'
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 78.)
- "2. 'Communist dissimulation extends into the field of political parties forming political front organizations such as the * * * American Labor Party. The Communists are thus enabled to present their candidates for elective office under other than a straight Communist label.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

On October 7, 1956, [redacted] American Labor Party, publicly announced the American Labor Party State Committee unanimously approved a resolution dissolving the organization and ordering the liquidation of its assets.

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APPENDIX

1.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther", which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service", states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by [redacted] [redacted], which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "... we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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APPENDIX

1.

CASA DE LAS AMERICAS

On May 9, 1968, a source advised that the Casa de las Americas, an organization composed of pro-FIDEL CASTRO and pro-Communist individuals, formed in April, 1964, has its headquarters on the fourth floor, 876 Broadway, New York City. Source described this organization as a successor to the old Casa Cuba Club (CCC) with a changed name to avoid overt affiliation with Cuba. The CCC had been composed of persons belonging to the now defunct 26th of July Movement, a revolutionary organization founded and led by FIDEL CASTRO, Prime Minister of Cuba, until its dissolution in 1962.

A second source advised that the CCC, originally founded as a social club by New York area residents of Cuban extraction, was sympathetic to CASTRO during his struggle for power. Subsequent to January 1, 1959, as it became apparent that Communism was the form of government in Cuba, the leaders of the 26th of July Movement assumed control of CCC and its membership declined.

The first source above advised that Casa de las Americas is also ostensibly formed as a social club, but in effect it acts as a focal point for revolutionary peoples sympathetic to the Cuban government. Although it is not directly controlled by the Cuban Mission to the United Nations (CMUN), many Cuban personnel attend its functions and at least an indirect link with CMUN is present. Casa de las Americas has fund-raising affairs and contributes money to the CMUN. Casa de las Americas also gives financial support to other revolutionary groups representing countries other than Cuba. Through CMUN, various propaganda materials of a Communist nature are found at Casa de las Americas. This same source also stated that some executive committee members, as well as general members of Casa de las Americas, are members of the Spanish Section of the Communist Party, United States of America (CP, USA). An indirect link does occur at Casa de las Americas in that it is used as a staging ground prior to entry into CP, USA. Further, source indicates that membership in Casa de las Americas serves as an excellent background for persons desiring to return to Cuba.

This same source stated that, although there exists in Cuba a social club called Casa de las Americas supported by the Cuban government, there appears to be no connection between the two and no reason to believe that the Casa de las Americas in New York was named after the one in Cuba.



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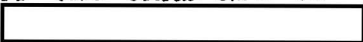
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APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants (CAMD) was formed during September, 1961, by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York City. The SWP originally proposed the formation of this committee during discussions with various left-wing and liberal tendencies and offered a sum of money to initiate activities.

Source advised that the SWP, however, was unsuccessful in forming a committee of various tendencies and proceeded to organize the CAMD and promote its activities under the domination and control of the SWP.

Source advised that the aims of the CAMD are to afford financial support and counsel for  and four other defendants who were involved in a racial incident on August 27, 1961, at Monroe, North Carolina. The SWP hopes to dramatize this incident nationally and internationally through the CAMD and thus attract individuals to the SWP aims and principles by playing a leading role in the integration struggle.

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The organization and impetus of CAMD activities throughout the various parts of the United States such as obtaining sponsors and the raising of funds, are the results of the efforts of various SWP branches.

Source advised that the headquarters of the CAMD are located in Suite 117, 141 Broadway, New York, New York, however, all CAMD office work is actually carried on at SWP headquarters, 116 University Place, New York City.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

APPENDIX

1.

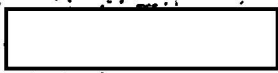
EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

"1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

[REDACTED] was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 [REDACTED] was identified as a Communist Party member by a [REDACTED] within the Party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * [REDACTED] has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.



APPENDIX

2.

EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.
* * *

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.'

(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

APPENDIX

1.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

The April 6, 1960, edition of the "New York Times" newspaper contained a full-page advertisement captioned, "What IS Really Happening In Cuba", placed by the Fair Play For Cuba Committee (FPCC). This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times", edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, [redacted] identified himself and [redacted] the FPCC. He also testified he and [redacted] obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

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On May 16, 1963, a source advised that during the first two years of the FPCC's existence there was a struggle between the Communist Party (CP) and Socialist Workers Party (SWP) elements to exert their power within the FPCC and thereby influence FPCC policy. This source added that during the past year, there had been a successful effort by FPCC leadership to minimize the role of these and other organizations in the FPCC so that their influence as of May, 1963, was negligible.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

On May 20, 1963, a second source advised that [redacted] FPCC [redacted] was then formulating FPCC policy and had indicated that he had no intention of permitting FPCC policy to be determined by any other organization. This source stated that [redacted] believed that the FPCC should advocate resumption of diplomatic relations between Cuba and the United States and should support

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APPENDIX

2.

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE

the right of Cubans to manage their revolution without interference from other nations. [] did not advocate supporting the Cuban revolution per se.

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The November 23, 1963, edition of "The New York Times" reported that Senator THOMAS J. DODD of Connecticut had called FPCC "The chief public relations instrument of the CASTRO network in the United States." It is to be noted that Senator DODD was a member of the Senate Internal Security Subcommittee which twice conducted hearings on the FPCC.

The December 27, 1963, edition of "The New York World Telegram and Sun" newspaper stated that the pro-CASTRO FPCC was seeking to go out of business and that its prime activity during its lifetime had been sponsorship of pro-CASTRO street rallies and mass picket lines, and the direction of an active propaganda mill highlighting illegal travel-to-Cuba campaigns. Its comparatively brief span of life was attributed to mounting anti-CASTRO American public opinion, the 1962 Congressional hearings which disclosed FPCC financing by CASTRO's United Nations delegation, and ultimately, the bad publicity which the FPCC received from disclosure of activities on its behalf by suspected Presidential assassin, LEE H. OSWALD.

On February 6, 1964, the previously mentioned second source advised that [] had recently remarked that the FPCC was dead and that there were no plans to organize another similar organization.

b6
b7c

On April 13, 1964, a third source advised that there had not been any FPCC activity in many months and that the FPCC had been dissolved.

APPENDIX

1.

THE "GUARDIAN" FORMERLY KNOWN AS "NATIONAL GUARDIAN" WEEKLY GUARDIAN ASSOCIATES, INCORPORATED

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the "National Guardian":

"1. . . . established by the American Labor Party in 1947 as a "progressive" weekly...it has manifested itself from the beginning as a virtual official propaganda arm of Soviet Russia."

The February 3, 1968 issue of the "National Guardian" announced that as of the issue of February 10, 1968, the "National Guardian" would henceforth be known as the "Guardian".

The February 10, 1968 issue of the "Guardian" is self-described as an "independent radical newsweekly" and is published by Weekly Guardian Associates, Incorporated. The "Guardian" lists its address as 197 East 4th Street, New York, New York.

The February 12, 1968, issue of the "New York Times" carried an article entitled, "Radical Editors Say Their Job Is In 'Movement'". This article stated that the first issue of the "Guardian" was dedicated by the paper's staff "To those heroic Liberation fighters who last week began a major offensive against American Imperialism in South Vietnam."

This article quoted one of the editors as saying that "Our job is to build a Radical Movement. To quote the Cuban revolutionaries, we are not only to write about it, but also to move along with it--we are movement people acting as journalists."

"The 'Guardian' takes a strong left position, but it is not identified with any organized group because it believes that an American-left ideology is still in the making. One of its purposes is to break away from the cliches of the left ideology of the past."

APPENDIX

2.

THE "GUARDIAN" CONT'D

This article concluded by stating that the "Guardian" is considered the largest radical weekly in America.

A characterization of the American Labor Party is attached separately.

APPENDIX

1.

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE

A source in 1952 advised that the word "Libertarian" is used by "Anarchist" groups to describe themselves.

"Views and Comments" (VC), December, 1961, is self-identified as a Libertarian League (LL) publication, Post Office Box 261 Cooper Station, New York 3, New York. The January-February, 1961 edition of VC identified itself at that time as "An Anarchist Publication".

VC, August, 1957, page 3, carried an article entitled, "Looking Forward". It indicated that LL was founded "3 years ago" by a handful of people in New York City, who felt the time was right for spreading Libertarian ideas in the United States.

VC, April, 1959, page 3, contained an article entitled, "Libertarian Morality". Among other things, it stated:

"The anarchist philosophy is based upon man's inherent instinct towards mutual aid."

".....Therefore, we advocate a system in which there is no capitalism, no government, and no money. Anarcho-syndicalism is the structure through which such a society can be developed and maintained..."

Concerning the term, "anarcho-syndicalist" Webster's New International Dictionary, 2nd Edition, unabridged, G and C Merriam Company, 1950, contains the following definitions:

"Anarchism - the theory that all government is an evil."

"Syndicalism - the theory plan or practice of trade union action...which aims by the general strike and direct action to establish control by organizations...of workers over the means and processes of production."



2.

APPENDIX

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE (CONT'D)

VC, December, 1961, on the back cover contained the following statement entitled, "What We Stand For":

"The 'free' world is not free; the 'communist' world is not communist. We reject both; one is becoming totalitarian; the other is already so.

".....The monopoly of power which is the State must be eliminated. Government itself, as well as its underlying institutions, perpetuates war, oppression, corruption, exploitation, and misery.

"We advocate a world-wide society of communities and councils based on cooperation and free agreement from the bottom (federalism) instead of coercion and domination from the top (centralism). Regimentation of people must be replaced by regulation of things.

"Freedom without socialism is chaotic, but socialism without freedom is despotic. Libertarianism is free socialism."

The LL is located at 12 St. Marks Place, New York, New York.

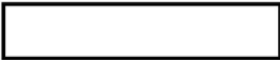
APPENDIX

1.

MILITANT LABOR FORUM

A source advised on May 20, 1968, that public forums are regularly sponsored by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) - New York Local (NYL) on Friday evenings, and are held at SWP Headquarters, 873 Broadway, New York, New York. These are called Militant Labor Forums.

A characterization of the SWP-NYL is set out separately.



APPENDIX

1.

PHILADELPHIA AREA COMMITTEE TO
END THE WAR IN VIETNAM (PACEWV)

A source furnished on October 4, 1965, a news release of the Philadelphia Area Committee to End the War in Vietnam (PACEWV) captioned "International Vietnam War Protest to Have Action in Philadelphia, October 15 and 16," which states in part as follows:

"The Philadelphia Area Committee to End the War in Vietnam, a local committee having chapters on most area college campuses, as well as many non-college members, will conduct a community talk-out on Oct. 15, and a picket on the 16th. The committee is a member group of nationwide coordinating body having chapters in over forty cities. These committees grew out of the SDS (Students for a Democratic Society) sponsored March on Washington to End the War in Vietnam which drew over 25,000 people to the Nations Capitol last April 17th."

The source also said that the PACEWV is an affiliate of the National Coordinating Committee to End the War in Vietnam (NCCEWV), with headquarters in Madison, Wisconsin.

A second source advised during September and October 1965, that meetings of the PACEWV during these months have been attended by from thirty to seventy people, including representatives of Young Socialist Alliance (YSA), W.E.B. DuBois Clubs of America (DCA), Progressive Labor Party (PLP), Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), Socialist Workers Party (SWP), Communist Party (CP), and other "peace" groups.

Characterizations of the YSA, DCA, and PLP are attached.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

APPENDIX

2.

PHILADELPHIA AREA COMMITTEE TO
END THE WAR IN VIETNAM (PACEWV) (CONT'D)

The principal activity of the PACEWV during September and early October, 1965, was the organizing of International Days of Protest demonstrations, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, October 15 and 16, 1965. They have conducted subsequent demonstrations at the Institute of Cooperative Research at the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, protesting research on biological and chemical warfare.

PACEWV, in October and November, also promoted a March on Washington to End the War in Vietnam, November 27, 1965, sponsored by the Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy (SANE) and a National Anti-War Convention, Washington, D. C., November 26-28, 1965, sponsored by the NACEWV.

The first source advised that officers of the PACEWV elected July 10, 1965, were [REDACTED] YSA sympathizer; [REDACTED] of SDS; [REDACTED] of DCA; and [REDACTED] of the Philadelphia Chapter of YSA and a member of the Student Peace Union (SPU) at the University of Pennsylvania.

A third source also advised on July 29, 1965, that MARTHA ROTENBERG was a member of the CP in Philadelphia.

The first source advised on March 23, 1966, that the following were elected officers of the PACEWV on March 23, 1966:

[REDACTED]

A fourth source advised on April 7, 1966, that [REDACTED] were current members of the YSA as of March, 1966.



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APPENDIX

1.

"RIGHTS"

A "Communist front publication" which is "published monthly in New York by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee".

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the above information concerning the publication "Rights".

APPENDIX

1.

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam, and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us". At the June, 1965, SDS National Convention, an anticommunist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes", the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some Communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX

1.

STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE

The Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC), headquartered at 360-362 Nelson Street, S.W., Atlanta, Georgia, is a nonmembership organization, which was born out of the sit-in movement that erupted across the South beginning in 1960.

Today SNCC identifies itself as an organization in the revolutionary vanguard. It advocates that to be successful it is necessary to develop a revolutionary ideology and revolutionary program.

According to SNCC the year 1967 marked a historic milestone in the struggle for the liberation of black people in the United States and the year that revolutionaries throughout the world began to understand more fully the impact of the black movement. SNCC declared that "liberation will come only when there is final destruction of this mad octopus--the capitalistic system of the United States with all its life-sucking tentacles of exploitation and racism that choke the people of Africa, Asia, and Latin America. The realities of black life, together with the recognition instilled in SNCC workers forced its members to further popularize the legitimacy of self-defense and rebellions when oppression became too great."

From May, 1966, until May, 1967, STOKELY CARMICHAEL was National Chairman of SNCC. As of July, 1968, CARMICHAEL resided in Washington, D.C., where he was affiliated with SNCC and active as temporary chairman of a black coalition group. In May, 1967, CARMICHAEL was replaced by HUBERT GEROLD BROWN, commonly known as H. RAP BROWN, who served until June, 1968.

In June, 1968, at the Staff and Central Committee meeting of SNCC held in Atlanta, Georgia, it was decided to restructure the organization by equalization of responsibility by creating ten deputy or vice chairmanships. The primary purpose for this change is to take law enforcement pressure off any single individual.

APPENDIX

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY -
NEW YORK LOCAL

A source advised on August 25, 1960, that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) - New York Local (NYL) was founded in New York City.

A second source advised on May 20, 1968, that the SWP-NYL was affiliated with and followed the aims of the National SWP.

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

1

W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA (DCA)

A source advised that on October 26-27, 1963, a conference of members of the Communist Party, USA (CP, USA), including national functionaries, met in Chicago, Illinois, for the purpose of setting in motion forces for the establishment of a new national Marxist-oriented youth organization which would hunt for the most peaceful transition to socialism. The delegates were told that it would be reasonable to assume that the young socialists attracted into this new organization would eventually pass into the CP itself.

A second source has advised that the founding convention for the new youth organization was held from June 19 - 21, 1964, at 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, California, at which time, the name W.E.B. Du Bois Clubs of America (DCA) was adopted. Approximately 500 delegates from throughout the United States attended this convention.

The second source advised in September, 1966, that Mike Zagarell, CP, USA Youth Director, stated that in Negro communities the Party still supported the plan to build "left" socialist centers and to solidify the Party base through the DCA. This source also advised in September, 1966, that [redacted] CP, USA National [redacted] stated the Party believes the DCA should have a working class outlook and be a mass organization favorable to socialism, socialist countries and Marxism, and in April, 1967, Gus Hall, CP, USA, General Secretary, indicated that the DCA primary emphasis should be on developing mass resistance to the draft.

A third source advised in September, 1967, that [redacted] was elected Chairman of the DCA on September 10, 1967, near the conclusion of the Third National Convention of the DCA held in New York, New York, from September 8-10, 1967.

A fourth source advised on July 26, 1968, that [redacted] continues in his position as Chairman of the DCA.

This fourth source also advised on July 26, 1968, that [redacted] is a member of the National Committee of the CP, USA.

This fourth source further advised on July 26, 1968, that the headquarters of the DCA is located at 34 West 17th Street, New York, New York.

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APPENDIX

1.

WORKERS WORLD PARTY

On April 17, 1959, a confidential source advised that

[REDACTED]

The source stated that

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On May 12, 1960, source advised that

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On May 1, 1968, a second confidential source advised

[REDACTED]

The [REDACTED] have been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

APPENDIX

1.

YOUTH AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM

A confidential source advised on March 29, 1965,
that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

A second confidential source advised on October 23,
1964, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

The first source advised on May 1, 1968, that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

A characterization of the [REDACTED] is set
out separately,

b7D



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
April 22, 1969

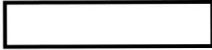

In Reply, Please Refer to



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Title Paul James Krassner

Character Security Matter-Anarchist

Reference New York report of SA 
 dated and captioned as above.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

T-26 and T-36, with whom insufficient contact has been had in order to determine their reliability.

[redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

Re: Paul James Kresoner

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- 1. Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
- 2. Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
- 3. Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
- 4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
- 5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
- 6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available
 may be available through _____

2-Bureau
1-New York [redacted]
(4)

Searched _____
Serialized Very truly yours, _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____
John Edgar Hoover

John Edgar Hoover
Director [redacted]

1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) (1) (RM)
U. S. Secret Service, New York:

Enclosure(s) (1) (RM) Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

April 22, 1969.

J. Walter Yeagley
Assistant Attorney General
Internal Security Division

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SECURITY MATTER - ANARCHIST
SABOTAGE

This refers to your communication of March 6, 1969, requesting this Division to advise what further investigation, if any, is desired in this matter.

According to the information which we received, on August 23, 1968 Krassner reportedly stated that after the Democratic National Convention, anti-Establishment groups would go underground and would blow up Reserve Officer Training Corps buildings, recruiting stations, and other facilities. One informant stated that Krassner made some reference, significance unknown, to an ROTC building which had been blown up in California.

Investigation has failed to develop any evidence that Krassner had any connection with the bombing of U.S. Army trucks at the California National Guard Armory, Van Nuys, California on September 10, 1968, or the bombing of the U.S. Navy and Marine Reserve Training Center, Eugene, Oregon on September 29, 1968. Moreover, no evidence has been developed to establish that Krassner has been involved in any such bombing activities or that he has conspired to engage in such activities.

In view of the foregoing, we are not requesting any further specific investigation of Krassner's activities under the sabotage statutes. However, in view of Krassner's outspoken opposition to our form of government, we would appreciate being advised of any of his activities of a subversive nature which may come to your attention.

RECEIVED WITH BUREAU
ROUTING SLIP DATED: 4/24/69

	FILED	
	APR 25 1969	
	NEW YORK	
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u
Jr

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 4/24/69

FROM: SA [redacted] (42)

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SUBJECT: REALIST ASSOCIATION, INC.

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

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The information on the FD 302 was made available by:

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial 94-2205-3.

Index: [redacted]

- ① [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1-100-162237 [redacted] (45)
- 1-100-146611 [redacted] (45)
- 1-100-163269 [redacted] (42)

[redacted]
(5)

[redacted]

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SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIAL FILE

APR 24 1969

FBI - NEW YORK

[redacted] 45

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York [redacted]

DATE: 5/8/69

FROM : Director, FBI [redacted]

PERSONAL ATTENTION

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)

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A review of information furnished by your office concerning subject fails to indicate any inquiry into the financial status of subject. You were particularly directed to [redacted]

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[redacted] through sources available to your office by Bulet 10/29/68.

A further review of subject's file indicates he is occupied with the publication of "The Realist," which is usually published monthly. His income ostensibly is derived from this publication and fees which he receives from writing.

It is noted that New York summary report dated 4/22/69, concerning the subject, indicates "The Realist" is published by the Realist Association, a nonprofit corporation. Subject is listed as the editor of the publication.

New York is instructed to immediately conduct the necessary investigation regarding subject's financial activities. New York should also make appropriate inquiries concerning the purported status of the Realist Association as a nonprofit corporation.

New York should consider appropriate counter-intelligence measures which may be suggested by the investigation of subject and submit recommendations to the Bureau for any counterintelligence action deemed feasible. Take no action to effect counterintelligence measures against subject without prior Bureau approval.

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The above instructions are to receive prompt attention and the Bureau advised of the results.

Roman
Sum
[redacted]

[redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] [redacted]

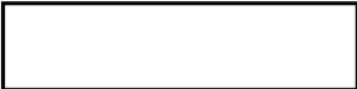




UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
May 12, 1969



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Paul James Krassner

On May 8, 1969, the subject was personally observed by Special Agents (SAs) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) while he was a guest speaker at a benefit for the Draft and Military Law Panel of the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee and the National Lawyers Guild.

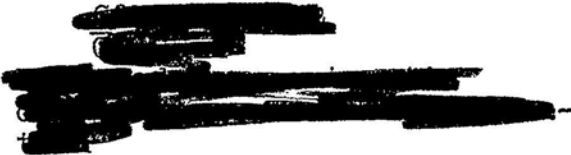
A characterization of the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee and the National Lawyers Guild is attached in the appendix hereto.

The benefit took place at the Fillmore East, Second Avenue and 6th Street, New York City, and was attended by about 500 persons who paid either three, four or five dollars a ticket. Paul Krassner appeared on stage at about 10:15 PM and spoke for 15 minutes. Also speaking on the same program was Abby Hoffman who appeared after the subject and spoke for about 20 minutes.

On May 9, 1969, a source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that Paul Krassner is the Editor of "The Realist", a New York publication which is very "anti-establishment" and also one of the non-leaders of the group that was known as the "Yippies".

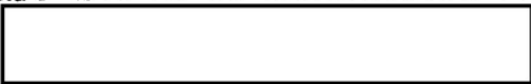
Abby Hoffman is one of eight persons who has been indicted by a Federal Grand Jury in Chicago, Illinois, for his participation in the disturbances that took place at the Democratic National Convention in Chicago during August, 1968.

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____



This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

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Paul James Krassner

Also appearing on the program with the two speakers were several well known rock music groups, including "The Hello People" and "Country Joe".

The subject's speech was not really a speech but more in the manner of a stand-up comic routine. He spoke very generally and mentioned among other things his previous interview by Agents of the FBI, and read an advertisement from a national magazine which he thought was typical of the "Establishment".

Abby Hoffman spoke in exactly the same manner. He first appeared as a well groomed young man, and as he spoke about his previous job he disrobed and put on other clothes to appear as he is more well known.

Both men conducted their talks in the manner that many of the "New Left" now use, a frequent use of obscene words.

The musicians only played music and made no comments that were of any importance.

Paul James Krassner

APPENDIX

1.

NATIONAL EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES
COMMITTEE, Formerly Known As
Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

- "1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

[redacted] was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956 [redacted] was identified as a Communist Party member by [redacted] within the Party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions

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APPENDIX

2.

NATIONAL EMERGENCY CIVIL
LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * [redacted] has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

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'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.* * *'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

"2. 'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

"The New York Times", a New York City daily newspaper, in its April 1, 1968, issue, page 13, contained an item captioned, "Draft Dissenters to Get More Help", which related that at a news conference held by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) on the previous day, it was announced that the organization was changing its name to the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (NECLC) "to reflect our determination to develop a vital national civil liberties organization in all 50 states as rapidly as possible."

A source advised on June 13, 1968, that the NECLC is located at 25 East 26th Street, New York City.

1.

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

5/12/69

AIRTEL

REGISTERED MAIL

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK [redacted] (P)

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)
(OO:NY)

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ReBulet to New York, 5/8/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are seven copies of an LHM concerning a speaking appearance of the subject at a benefit on 5/8/69, sponsored by the Draft and Military Law Panel of the National Emergency Civil Liberties Union and the National Lawyers Guild.

The source used to characterize the subject is [redacted]

*Declassified
per Bu
6-24-75*

LHM is classified "Confidential" in order to protect the identity of the source, an informant of continuing value, whose identity if known could possibly be injurious to the national defense.

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The SAS who observed the subject were SA [redacted] and [redacted]

The subject's speech as noted in the LHM was intended to be humorous, and was very "tongue in cheek".

In specific reference to relet, the bank account of the Realist Association, Inc. is now being monitored and the source will alert the NYO of any unusual deposits and any information that is pertinent will be in future reports. New York is also making efforts to locate a personal account for the subject.

- 2-Bureau (Encls. 7) (RM)
- 1-New York (100-107419) (NECLC)
- 1-New York (100-151445) (REBY HOFFMAN)
- 1-New York (100-10769) (National Lawyers Guild)
- 1-New York

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

Searched _____

Serialized _____

Indexed _____

Filed _____

[redacted]
(1)

[redacted]

[REDACTED]

New York is also aware of the need for counterintelligence measures against the subject, however, at this time can suggest no appropriate measure which might effect subject's status in the New Left or the community. Subject's actions are closely watched and in the event the opportunity so arises, New York will suggest appropriate counterintelligence measures which may be used.

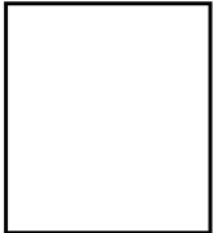
New York will also make the appropriate inquiries concerning the status of The Realist, Inc. as a non-profit corporation.

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

5/11



TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 3/24/69

b6
b7C

FROM: SA [redacted] (42)

SUBJECT: REALIST ASSOCIATION, INC.

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

b7D

The information on the FD 302 was made available by:

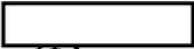


b6
b7C
b7D

The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial

94-2205-2

- ①-100-45809 (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)



(3)



45

[redacted] [redacted]

SEARCH [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]

SERIALIZED [redacted]

24 1969

NEW YORK

[redacted]

[redacted]

45

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

45

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)Via _____
(Priority)

NY 157-892

PAGE TWO

MEMBERS ARRESTED BY THE NYCPD ON APRIL TWO, NINETEEN SIXTY NINE.
FROM SEVEN HUNDRED - EIGHT HUNDRED PERSONS WERE OBSERVED
PARTICIPATING IN THE RALLY. SIGNS DISPLAYED INDICATED THE
FOLLOWING ORGANIZATIONS PARTICIPATED:

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

SPARTANIST LEAGUE

YOUTH AGAINST WAR AND FASCISM

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

MOVEMENT FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

COMMITTEE FOR RETURN VOLUNTEERS

CRAZIES

W.E.B. DU BOIS CLUBS OF AMERICA

PEACE AND FREEDOM PARTY

A HUNDRED AND THIRTY NEGRO YOUTHS, CARRYING BLACK
PANTHER PARTY SLOGANS WERE OBSERVED PARTICIPATING IN THE RALLY.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

F.B.I.

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____
(Priority)

NY 157-892

PAGE THREE

THIS GROUP APPEARED IN A MILITARY TYPE FORMATION, WEARING BLACK BERETS, BLACK JACKETS AND BLACK PANTHER PARTY BUTTONS. DAVID BROTHERS, CHAIRMAN OF THE BPP, WAS OBSERVED DIRECTING THE CHANTS AND THE FORMATION OF THE BPP GROUP. THE BPP GROUP CONTINUALLY CHANTED "OFF THE PIGS" AND SHOUTED OBSCENITIES AT THE NYCPD MEMBERS. AT APPROXIMATELY NINE THIRTY A.M. THE BPP GROUP GATHERED IN AN OUTSIDE ENTRANCE FOYER AREA OF ONE HUNDRED CENTRE STREET AND SHOUTED VARIOUS BLACK POWER SLOGANS. AT APPROXIMATELY TEN FIFTEEN A.M., THEY MOVED BACK ONTO THE SIDEWALK AREA IN FRONT OF THE BUILDING.

AT APPROXIMATELY ELEVEN TEN A.M., ABOUT TWO HUNDRED DEMONSTRATORS MARCHED DOWN BROADWAY TO THE WALL STREET AREA OF NYC. THE MARCHERS MOVED UP AND DOWN STREETS AT RANDOM IN THE WALL STREET AREA CHANTING "POWER TO THE PEOPLE" AND THIS GROUP WAS ALMOST COMPLETELY COMPRISED OF WHITES. THEY ALSO YELLED OBSCENITIES AND MADE OBSCENE GESTURES AT PASSERSBY AND DAMAGED A FEW AUTOMOBILES AS THEY MARCHED.

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____
(Priority)

NY 157-892

PAGE FOUR

THEY MARCHED UP BROADWAY SETTING WASTE CANS AFIRE AND AN UNKNOWN MALE THREW A BRICK THROUGH A LARGE GLASS WINDOW OF THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK LOCATED AT TWO TWO TWO BROADWAY, NYC.

THEY THEN MARCHED PASSED THE NEW UNITED STATES FEDERAL BUILDING AT FOLEY SQUARE AND A ROCK WAS THROWN THROUGH A LARGE WINDOW IN THE BUILDING.

AT TWELVE NOON THIS GROUP RETURNED TO ONE HUNDRED CENTRE STREET AND JOINED THE BPP MEMBERS.

DURING THE DEMONSTRATION, NUMEROUS PLACARDS DISPLAYED REFLECTED DEMANDS TO RELEASE THE TWENTY ONE IMPRISONED BPP MEMBERS [REDACTED] LED A CONTINGENT OF "CRAZIES" CARRYING SEVERAL PIGS HEADS IDENTIFIED WITH THE NAMES J. EDGAR HOOVER, RICHARD NIXON, JOHN MITCHELL AND FRANK HOGAN, NEW YORK COUNTY DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

NUMEROUS PARTICIPANTS WERE IDENTIFIED. AMONG THOSE WERE [REDACTED] AND

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

b6
b7c

FBI

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
 (Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____
 (Priority)

NY 157-892

PAGE FIVE

PAUL KRASSNER. OTHER INDIVIDUALS AFFILIATED WITH THE SDS,
 YAWF, PFP, WWP AND CRAZIES WERE OBSERVED.

AT TWELVE FORTY FIVE P.M. A SA OF THE FBI OBSERVED
 [REDACTED] MEMBER OF THE CRAZIES PARTICIPATE IN AN ATTACK
 AGAINST A COUNTER DEMONSTRATOR WHO WAS WAVING AN AMERICAN
 FLAG ACROSS THE STREET FROM ONE HUNDRED CENTRE STREET,
 [REDACTED] WAS BEATEN BADLY AROUND THE FACE.

DETECTIVE [REDACTED] BUREAU OF SPECIAL SERVICES,
 NYCPD, ADVISED THAT ABBIE HOFFMAN, LEADER OF THE YIPPIES,
 WAS ARRESTED IN A CORRIDOR OF THE CRIMINAL COURTS BUILDING,
 ONE HUNDRED CENTRE STREET, BY A MEMBER OF THE NYCPD. HE
 WAS CHARGED WITH FELONIOUS ASSAULT, RESISTING ARREST AND
 DISORDERLY CONDUCT.

ADMINISTRATIVE

SAS WHO OBSERVED THE DEMONSTRATION AT ONE HUNDRED
 CENTRE STREET WERE [REDACTED]

b6
b7c

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
 Special Agent in Charge

F B I

Date:

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via _____
(Priority)

NY 157-892

PAGE SIX

[REDACTED] AND [REDACTED]

SA [REDACTED] OBSERVED ACTIVITY OF [REDACTED]

LHM TO FOLLOW.

b6
b7c

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, (100-165897)(42)

DATE: 4/29/69

FROM : SUPERVISOR [REDACTED] #42

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: NEW LEFT MOVEMENT
IS - MISCELLANEOUS
(KEY ACTIVIST ALBUM)

ReBulet, 4/2/69.

The above album which was enclosed with Bulet, contains a biographic sketch and photograph of all Key Activists in the New Left in the United States. It is maintained in the office of Supervisor #42.

Bureau instructs that when an individual included in this album is determined to be in the NYO territory, the Bureau and Office of Origin are to be kept fully advised of his activities in a form suitable for dissemination. Bufile and Office of Origin file numbers are set out in this album and should be utilized in all communications.

- 1 - 100-163793 [REDACTED] (47)
- 1 - 100-121672 (DAVID T. DELLINGER) (42)
- 1 - 100-162039 [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - 100-159605 [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - 100-159517 [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - 100-161445 (ABOTT HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1 - 100-160788 [REDACTED] (42)
- ① - [REDACTED] (PAUL J. KRASSNER) (42)
- 1 - 100-160649 [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - 100-157178 (JERRY CLYDE RUBIN) (42)
- 1 - 100-161735 [REDACTED] (42)
- 1 - 100-160459 [REDACTED] (44)
- 1 - 100-153767 [REDACTED] (31)

b3
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[REDACTED]
(14)

[REDACTED]

SEARCHED		INDEXED	
SERIALIZED	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]
NEW YORK			
[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]	[REDACTED]

NY 100-165897

Bureau instructions point out that it is the specific responsibility of the Office of Origin in each case to insure that the biographic sketch and photograph of each KA are kept current. When any changes are made, the Office of Origin is responsible for the preparation and dissemination to all offices and the Bureau of new pages for insertion in the album. The above caption should be utilized for this purpose. Fifteen (15) copies should be submitted to the Bureau.

In order to comply with Bureau instructions, each case agent to whom a KA is assigned is being forwarded a Zerox copy of the biographical sketch included in the above album, which should be maintained in KA case file.

The KA case agent in making any changes in the biographical sketches and photographs should comply with the above Bureau instructions and in addition, should submit identical changes to the Supervisor of Section 42, so that the NYO album may be kept current.

The album fails to reflect any biographical sketches and photographs for [redacted] NY 100-162039 (42) and [redacted] NY 100-153767 (31).

b6
b7c

In view of the above and since these individuals have been designated NYO Key Activists, by the case agents involved, they should immediately forward the pertinent information to the Bureau so that the Key Figure Album will be current.

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Race: White
Sex: Male
Nationality: American
DPOB: 4/9/38, Brooklyn, New York
Height: 5'4 1/2"
Weight: 134 lbs.
Build: Medium
Hair: Brown
Eyes: Brown
Complexion:
FBI No.:
Other arrest no's.:

SSN:
Scars and Marks: Acne scars on face and neck

b6
b7C

FPC:

Marital Status: Single

Education: Bachelor of Bus. Adm. Degree, City College
of New York, year not known
Residence: Second Floor, 101 Avenue A, NYC

Relatives - Residence:

Employment: Editor, "The Realist," from residence

Military Service: None. Classified 4-F because of acne
vulgaris and impetigo

O.O. File No.:
Bufile No.:

b3
b7E

Succinct Profile: Krassner, a founder and leader of Youth
International Party (YIP), is a self-
proclaimed atheist and has been active in the New Left Movement
since its beginning. He has traveled throughout the U.S. parti-
cipating in teach-ins, anti-Vietnam War demonstrations, and
making speeches. Among his sponsors have been NMC, DCA, and YAWF.
He is highly "anti-establishment" in his speeches and extremely
obscure in his writings in "The Realist."

FBI

Date: 5/13/69

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT (Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL (Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449923)

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-161445)
(100-157178)

SUBJECT: ABBOTT HOWARD HOFFMAN aka
SM-ANA
(KEY ACTIVIST)
(OO:NY)

JERRY CLYDE RUBIN
SM-C
(KEY ACTIVIST)

ReNYats, 5/12/69, captioned "ABBOTT HOWARD HOFFMAN aka SM-ANA" and "JERRY CLYDE RUBIN, SM-C", no copies to Boston.

On 5/13/69, SAS [redacted] and [redacted] contacted [redacted]

[redacted]

- 4- Bureau (100-449923) (ABBOTT HOWARD HOFFMAN) (RM)
- (2- [redacted]) (JERRY CLYDE RUBIN)
- 2- Boston (176- [redacted]) (DISTURBANCES IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION) (TRAVEL OF DEFENDANTS) (RM)
- 2- Chicago (176-5) (DISTURBANCES IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION) (TRAVEL OF DEFENDANTS) (RM)
- ①- New York [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1- New York (100-161735) [redacted] (42)
- 1- New York (100-80532) [redacted] (41)
- 1- New York (100-157178) [redacted]
- 1- New York (100-161445) [redacted]

[redacted]
(16)

[redacted]

[redacted]

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b3
b6
b7C
b7E

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Charge

NY 100-161445
100-157178

LEADS:

BOSTON

AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS. Will contact [redacted] and attempt to obtain full information regarding past, present and future [redacted] for HOFFMAN and RUBIN, including all financial data, and furnish results to appropriate offices in accordance to instructions set out in CGat, dated 4/15/69, to all continental offices, captioned "DISTURBANCES IN CONNECTION WITH THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION (TRAVEL OF DEFENDANTS), ARL;" (2) Will also attempt to obtain [redacted], who is a Key Activist of the NYO and [redacted], who is a member of the CP, USA National Committee and furnish results to individual case files at NYO, who is Office of Origin in these cases: (3) Will attempt to establish [redacted] of the above mentioned subjects.

b6
b7C
b7D

F B I

Date: 5/13/69

PLAINTEXT

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via TELETYPE URGENT _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted] AND
SAC, NEWARK

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER; SECURITY MATTER - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST).

ON MAY ^{thirteen} ~~FOURTEEN~~ INSTANT, MR [redacted]

[Large redacted block]

PER BUREAU INSTRUCTIONS, NEWARK SHOULD COVER SPEAKING
ENGAGEMENT OF SUBJECT AND SUBMIT LHM TO BUREAU AND NEW YORK.

[Redacted box]

SEARCHEDINDEXED
SERIAL [redacted] ED [redacted]
MAY 14 1969
FBI - NEW YORK

[Redacted box]

(1) New York

[Redacted box]

(2)
1-Supv. #45

[Redacted box]

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent 5:47 M Per _____

b3
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b7E
b7D

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

CONSPIRACY

(trial expenses for the Chicago defendants, & other "conspirators")

MUSIC-MAKING:

TULI KUPFERBERG
(FUG)

JAZZ: DAVE LIEBMAN
QUINTET

FOLK: PETER FERRARA
BART MASSEY
FRED BALL

+ others

FILMS:

YIPPEE! CHICAGO

CHICAGO
NEWSREEL: PANTHER
PIG

SPEAKING:

ABBIE HOFFMAN
PAUL KRASNER
JERRY RUBIN

MAY 4 12 NOON -- 12 MID-

N.Y.U. - WEINSTEIN SUB-CELLAR
ADMISSION: \$2.00

come!

come!

come!

come!

come!

5/16/69

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]
FROM: SAC, NEWARK [redacted] (RUC)
SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)
(OO: NEW YORK)

b3
b7E

Re New York teletype dated 5/13/69.

On 5/16/69 Sgt. [redacted]
[redacted] (protect-request), who has furnished
reliable information in the past, advised that [redacted]
[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

On 5/16/69 [redacted], Rutgers University
[redacted], New Brunswick, N.J., Campus,
advised there is no scheduled appearance for KRASSNER at
Rutgers-New Brunswick this date.

b6
b7C

Both of the above sources stated that this did
not preclude an ad hoc or unofficial meeting, but nothing
of an official nature had been scheduled.

No further investigation being conducted.

- 2 - Bureau (RM)
- 2 - New York [redacted] (RM)
- 1 - Newark

[redacted]
(5)

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[redacted]
stn

[redacted]
SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
MAY 16 1969
FBI - NEW YORK

5/20/68

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]

b3
b7E

FROM: SAC, NEWARK [redacted] (RM)

**SUBJ: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM-ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)**

Re Newark airtel to NY dated 5/16/68.

On 5/19/69, [redacted] PSI (protect), who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised SA [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
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b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

2-Bureau (RM)
3-New York [redacted] (RM)
2-Newark

(1) [redacted]
[redacted]

(4)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, Albany

DATE: 5-5-69



Director, FBI (100-446997 Sub 70)

SUBJECT: NEW LEFT MOVEMENT - FINANCES
IS - MISCELLANEOUS
(KEY ACTIVISTS)

b6
b7C

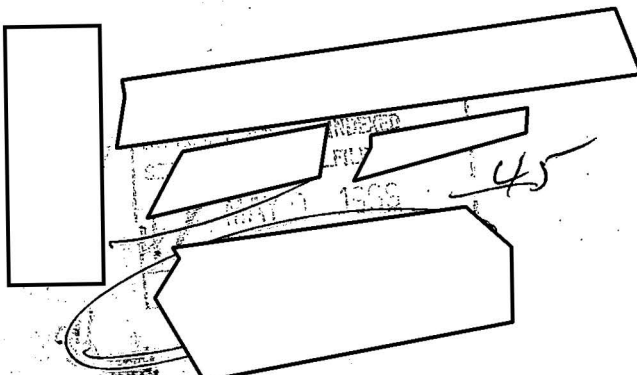
One of the most important aspects of our current investigation of New Left finances involves the payment of honorariums from student funds to individual key activists who appear on campuses and give inflammatory speeches.

In the future when it is ascertained that a key activist is scheduled to speak on campus, in addition to the coverage of his appearance, you should determine through established sources the amount received by him and the source of the funds.

Communications concerning this matter should be submitted to the Bureau in letterhead memorandum form under the caption of the individual key activist with a copy designated for Bureau subfile 100-446997 Sub 70 (New Left Movement - Finances).

It is the responsibility of the office of origin of key activists to insure that auxiliary offices comply with the instructions set forth above. In addition, this information should be included by that office in its next quarterly New Left movement report under the topical heading of "Finances."

2 - All Field Offices



b3
b6
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5010-105

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

[Redacted]

5/23

TO : [Redacted] SAC, (100-165897)(42)

DATE: 5/13/69

b6
b7C

FROM : SUPERVISOR [Redacted] #42

SUBJECT: NEW LEFT MOVEMENT
IS - MISCELLANEOUS
(KEY ACTIVIST ALBUM)

Re memo from Supervisor [Redacted]
4/29/69.

The Bureau has now advised that in the future, amended pages to the Album should be disseminated to the Field and Bureau by Routing Slip and 16 copies should be sent to the Bureau, attention of Internal Security Section, Room 924 9&D Bulding, instead of 15 as requested in rememo.

The Bureau has advised that a review made there has revealed numerous changes and additions which should be made in the Key Activist Album.

- 1 - 100-163793 [Redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-121672 (DAVID T. DELLINGER) (42)
- 1 - 100-162039 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-159605 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-159517 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-161445 (ABOTT HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1 - 100-160788 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - [Redacted] (PAUL J. KRASSNER) (45)
- 1 - 100-160649 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-157178 (JERRY CLYDE RUBIN) (42)
- 1 - 100-161735 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-160459 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-153767 [Redacted] (31)

Paul Krassner

b3
b6
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[Redacted]
(14)

[Redacted]

[Handwritten signature]

SEARCHED [] INDEXED []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []
MAY 15 1969
FBI

[Handwritten initials]



NY 100-165897

Accordingly, each agent assigned to a Key Activist, must thoroughly review his case and promptly submit amended pages, as directed, if necessary.

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 5/23/69

FROM: SA [redacted] (42)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: REALIST ASSOCIATION INC.

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

b6
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b7D

The information on the FD 302 was made available by: [redacted]

The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial 94-2205-4.

- 1-100-163269 [redacted] (42)
- 1- [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- [redacted]

b3
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(4)

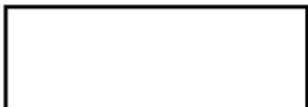
[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAY 23 1969	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]

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VERIFICATION OF INFORMATION ON SECURITY INDEX CARDS

MEMORANDUM RE: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

b3
b6
b7C
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Office File

The following is the most recent place of employment, employment address, and residence address of the above subject as contained on the subject's Security Index Card.

Residence: Second Floor, 101 Avenue A, New York, New York

Employment: Editor, The Realist, Publication

Address: 101 Avenue A, New York, New York

Labor Union Affiliation:

Defense Facility Yes No Priority I II III
Key Facility Yes No Photo Yes No
Security Flash Yes No

It is requested that the place of employment, address of employment, residence address of the subject, as well as the accuracy of the priority tabbing, be verified and the proper notations be made below. The absence of a photograph and posting of a Security Flash should be noted and efforts made to secure a photograph and determine the existence of a criminal record.

A physical description based on personal observation of the subject appears in serial _____

Residence: *SAME*
Method of Verification:
Neighborhood Source:
Date: *6-5-69*
Verified by SA:
Employment: *SAME*
Address:
Labor Union Affiliation:

NOTED
SI UNIT
DATE *6/6/69*

b6
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9-5

Key Facility Yes No Date Checked _____ Geographical Reference Number _____
Defense Facility: Yes No _____
Priority I II III

Method of Verification:
Employment Source: *SAME*
Date: *6-5-69* *PRETEXT CALL (NEWSPAPER MGR)*
Verified by SA:
Photograph on SI subject: Yes No

b3
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FD-122 should be submitted to Bureau: Yes No
A letterhead memorandum should be submitted to the Bureau and Secret Service: Yes

File Reviewed *6-6-69*
 Subject Meets SI Criteria
 Does not Meet SI Criteria
Agent's Initials
Date *6-10-69*

#45
SERIAL FILED
JUN 1969

4-22-69

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

DATE: 6-6-69

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

FROM : SA [redacted]

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM-ANA
(KEY ACTIVIST)

Subject is editor of "The Realist", a publication which contains "anti-establishment" writings and in which articles about the FBI have been written.

It is requested that a subscription to this publication be obtained for review by this writer in view of subject's status. The Realist bank account is also being monitored.

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1-NY-100-87235

[redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUN 6 1969

[redacted]



UN. STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (100-166124)

DATE: 6/18/69

FROM : SA [redacted] (42)

b3
b7E

SUBJECT: BILLY GRAHAM NEW YORK CRUSADE 1969,
MADISON SQUARE GARDEN, NY, NY, JUNE 13-22, 1969,
INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 6/13/69, at about 7 PM, [redacted] was observed on the steps of the General Post office building across 8th Avenue from the Madison Square Garden between 31st and 33rd Streets.

At about 7:15 PM, [redacted] and about six other hippy type individuals, some carrying brown bags, were observed attempting to enter the Garden without tickets. By this time the Garden was full and the doors were closed to the public.

b6
b7C

At about 7:20 PM [redacted] was observed in the crowd with an unknown female. He was heard telling the group lead by TSAO that he was going to look for ABBIE "as the whole thing is not organized." At about 7:25 PM he located ABBIE who was alone milling in the crowd. At about 7:30 PM ABBIE, [redacted] and the female met PAUL KRASSNER and another unknown female and this group attempted to enter several doors with ABBIE exhibiting a card and telling the doorman he was with the Press.

- 1 - 100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1 - 100-164874 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-162271 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - [redacted] (PAUL DRASSNER) (45)
- 1 - 100-165630 (CRAZIES) (42)
- 1 - 100-165709 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-160649 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-164269 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - 157-2334 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - New York [redacted]

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[redacted]
(10)

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	[redacted]
JUN 19 1969	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]



NY 100-166124

After being refused entrance they milled around the 8th Avenue entrance with ABBIE playing with a beachball.

At about 8:15 PM [redacted] was observed as a passenger of an old metallic blue stationwagen going east on 34th Street waving at ABBIE, KRASSNER and an unknown female who were at the corner of 34th and 8th Avenue. At about 8:30 PM they were observed entering a taxicab heading east on 34th Street.

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NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 6/19/69

FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: REALIST ASSOCIATION, INC.

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD-302 was made available by :

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial 94-2205-15.

Index: [redacted]

1-SAN FRANCISCO (100-RAMPARTS MAGAZINE) (RM)
① [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)

[redacted]
(3)

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[redacted]

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED [redacted]

JUN 19 1969
FBI - NEW YORK

[redacted]

4/3

File—Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

GPO : 1970 OF-400-586

File Transfer Sheet Date 8/14/71
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending

Closed

Date Charged

Serial No.

Description of Serial

[Redacted]

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*2.4 ft 40 Dig 6/26/69
Trans to SAA
on 8/13/71*

[Redacted]

by Remond
S.A. [Redacted] #45

4

Employee

RECHARGE

Date

To From

Initials of Clerk {

Date {

Date Charged

Employee

Location

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York [redacted]

DATE: 7/3/69

b3
b7E

FROM : Director, FBI [redacted]

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)

Reurlet 6/26/69.

Referenced letter contains New York's recommendation that Krassner's name be deleted from the Key Activist list based upon an evaluation of his current activities.

New York should submit the 90-day Key Activist report which is due on Krassner later this month. This report should contain results of investigation requested in Bureau letter 5/8/69.

Your recommendation concerning deletion of Krassner's name from the Key Activist list will be considered upon receipt of this report and you will be appropriately advised.

[redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEX [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

JUL 2 1969

[redacted]

[redacted]

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SAC, New York [redacted]

7/3/69

b3
b7E

Director, FBI [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)

Reurlet 6/26/69.

Referenced letter contains New York's recommendation that Krassner's name be deleted from the Key Activist list based upon an evaluation of his current activities.

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Your recommendation concerning deletion of Krassner's name from the Key Activist list will be considered upon receipt of this report and you will be appropriately advised.

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 3 1969	
FBI - NEW YORK	

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NY 100-164239

COPIES CONTINUED:

- 1-100-166066
- 1-100-161680
- 1-100-165915
- 1-100-164276
- 1-100-161206
- 1-100-160646
- 1-100-160648
- 1-100-137261
- 1- [redacted]
- 1-100-
- 1-100-
- 1-100-164239

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]

(HIGH SCHOOL STUDENT UNION)

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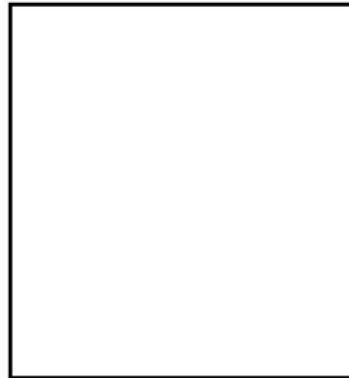
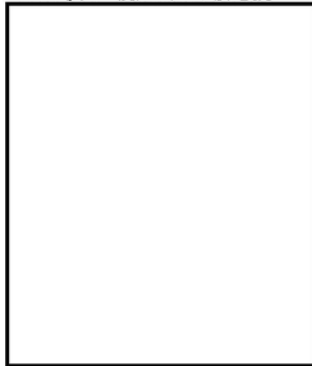
NY 100-164239

Tompkins Park
New York Coliseum

May 30, 1969
12:30 AM - 11:30 PM

Some of those known:

ABBY HOFFMAN
JERRY RUBIN
PAUL KRASSNER



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A banner that was made by [redacted] and [redacted] renouncing TOMPKINS Park to the Peoples Park was brought to the Park and placed on a low rise in the park. [redacted] and [redacted] plus several high school students gathered up bottles and were stock piling in different locations in the park so that in the event a clash with the police they would have "ammo". However nothing developed.

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About 7:30 PM a group of about ten went up to the Coliseum to join a demonstration by the High School Student Union. The demonstration was fairly orderly until the police tried to put the demonstrators behind police barricades at that point the demonstrators decided to go to 47th Street where the film "Che" was showing. There were nine known arrests made. [redacted] was among those arrested. There were several attempts to block intersections which were quickly dispersed by the police. People were told to get back to Tompkins Park by 11 PM curfew for possible confrontation with the police. However [redacted] arrest drove off the militant support as they went to the court to get her out.

7/14

Priority 5/69

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 7-15-69

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Subject PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Aliases

Address 101 AVE A Birth Date Birthplace NYC Race W Sex Male Female

Exact Spelling All References Main Subversive Case Files Only Subversive References Only Main Criminal Case Files Only Criminal References Only Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References) Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References) Restrict to Locality of

SINCE
MAVRS,
1969

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
Paul J. Krassner			
Paul Krassner to 100-165904-1A1	REPORTED 5/69		
100-161445-355	REPORTED 5/69		
145-2121-70	REPORTED 6/69		
ed add Publisher of the Realist			
# []	Priority to 5/69		

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Requested by [] Squad 45

Searched by [] 7/16/69 (date)

Consolidated by [] (date)

Reviewed by [] (date)

60
26
25
15/1

FBI - NEW

File Review Symbols

I - Identical ? - Not identifiable
NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE JUL 22 1969	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/2/69 - 7/14/69
TITLE OF CASE PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY [Redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - ANARCHIST (KEY ACTIVIST)	

REFERENCES:

New York summary report of SA [Redacted] dated 4/22/69.
 Bureau letter to New York, dated 5/8/69.
 New York letter to Bureau, dated 6/26/69.
 Bureau letter to New York, dated 7/3/69.

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

The Special Agents observing the subject on 5/8/69 were SA [Redacted] and [Redacted]

The Special Agents observing the subject on 4/11/69, were SA [Redacted]

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:	
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			PENDING OVER ONE YEAR	☐ YES ☐ NO
							PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED _____
 COPIES MADE: _____
 SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE _____

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

[Redacted]

Searched _____
 Serialized _____
 Indexed _____
 Filed _____

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- 8 - Bureau [Redacted] (RM)
- 1 - Secret Service, NYC (RM)
- ③ - New York [Redacted]

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

Notations
1 copy trans to DAN [Redacted] on 8/13/72 by [Redacted] JH #4/6

[redacted]

ADMINISTRATIVE: (cont'd)

[redacted] and [redacted]

The Special Agent who observed the subject on 6/13/69, was [redacted]

The pretext conducted on 7/14/69, was by SA [redacted] who attempted to obtain an appointment in order to interview the subject for a college newspaper.

All groups mentioned that have Bureau approved characterizations have been so identified.

Based on the contents of instant report and Bureau letter to New York, dated 7/3/69, New York is recommending that subject's name be deleted from the Key Activist list.

The pretext used on 1/7/69, was a telephone call by SA [redacted] to Tailors Fulfillment Company, regarding the obtaining of a subscription to "The Realist".

NYO files are negative on [redacted] whose name is used in III-B of instant report.

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source File Where Located

NY T-1 NY 94-2205-3,4

[redacted]

(By Request)

NY T-2 NY 94-2205-2

[redacted]

(By Request)

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[Redacted]

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INFORMANTS: (cont'd)

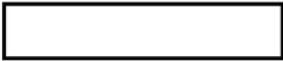
<u>Identity of Source</u>	<u>File Where Located</u>
NY T-3 [Redacted] [Redacted] [Redacted] (By Request)	[Redacted]
NY T-4 [Redacted]	NY 100-166037
NY T-5 [Redacted] PSI Newark Office	[Redacted]
NY T-6 [Redacted]	[Redacted]
NY T-7 [Redacted]	[Redacted]
NY T-8 [Redacted]	[Redacted]
NY T-9 [Redacted]	Used to Characterize [Redacted]

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The following informants of the NYO were contacted concerning the subject in July, 1969, and were unable to furnish any information:

[Redacted]

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LEADS:

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. 1. Will await Bureau decision to delete subject from the Key Activist List.

2. New York will continue coverage of subject's activities.

Priority I

1. Subject's name is included in the Security Index.
2. The data appearing on the Security Index card are current.
3. Changes on the Security Index card are necessary and Form FD-122 has been submitted to the Bureau.
4. A suitable photograph is January, 1968.
Date photograph was taken _____.
5. Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
6. This report is classified "Confidential" because it contains information from NY T-1, NY T-2, and NY T-4 through NY T-8, the unauthorized disclosure of which could reveal their identities and compromise their future effectiveness and endanger the national defense.
(state reason)
7. Subject previously interviewed (dates) 9/25/68, 1/10/69, 1/15/69.
 Subject was not reinterviewed because he is engaged as editor of "The Realist", a sensational type publication, and would quite probably seek to exploit an interview by the Bureau in that publication in an attempt to embarrass the Bureau. (state reason)
8. This case no longer meets the Security Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Security Index card.
9. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Security Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because he is a founder of and leader of the Youth International Party (YIP), editor of the "Realist", and active in the "New Left". (NY report of 4/22/69). (state reason)
10. Subject's SI card is is not tabbed Detcom.
 Subject's activities warrant Detcom tabbing because (state reasons)

- E -

(COVER PAGE)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Copy to: 1 - Secret Service, NYC (RM)

Report of: [redacted]

Office: New York, New York

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Date: 7/22/69

Field Office File #: [redacted]

Bureau File #: [redacted]

Title: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character: SECURITY MATTER - ANARCHIST

Synopsis: Subject resides at 101 Avenue A, NYC, and is employed as editor of "The Realist", which he edits from his home address. Subject appeared at demonstration in support of the BPP, and appeared and spoke at a benefit for the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee and the National Lawyers Guild in May, 1969. Subject also had speaking engagements at C.W. Post College, Greenvale, New York, in September, 1968, and at Fairleigh Dickenson College, Rutherford, New Jersey, in May, 1969. Status of subject's checking account of "The Realist Association" set forth.

- P -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence

On July 14, 1969, it was determined through a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the subject resides at 101 Avenue A, New York City.

B. Employment

On July 14, 1969, it was determined through a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation that the subject is employed

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~GROUP I Excluded from automatic down-grading and declassification~~



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as the editor of "The Realist", which he edits out of his home address, 101 Avenue A, New York City.


II. ACTIVITY CONCERNING THE SUBJECT

A. New Left Activity

On April 11, 1969, Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation observed a demonstration in support of the Black Panther Party held at 100 Centre Street, New York City.

A characterization of the Black Panther Party is attached in the appendix hereto.

The demonstration was attended by most of the "New Left" groups in the New York City area, and a total of about 800 persons. The demonstrators left the 100 Centre Street address and marched down Broadway to Wall Street. The subject was identified by the Special Agents as attending this demonstration.

On April 29, 1969, NY T-4 furnished information that 

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On May 8, 1969, the subject was observed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation while he was a guest speaker at a benefit for the Draft and Military Law Panel of the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee and the National Lawyers Guild.

A characterization of the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee and the National Lawyers Guild are attached in the appendix hereto.

[REDACTED]

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The benefit took place at the Fillmore East, Second Avenue and Sixth Street, New York City, and about 500 persons were in attendance. The subject spoke for about 20 minutes starting at 10:15 PM, and his speech was more in the manner of a comedy routine than a serious type speech. The subject spoke on general topics and mentioned among other subjects his previous interview by Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, and he also read an advertisement from a national magazine which the subject thought typical of American society.

On May 15, 1969, NY T-6 advised that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

On May 19, 1969, NY T-5 advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

On June 13, 1969, the subject was observed by Special Agents of the Federal Bureau of Investigation at Madison Square Garden attempting to enter the Garden where BILLY GRAHAM was conducting his New York Crusade of 1969.

On June 6, 1969, NY T-8 furnished information that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED]

[Redacted]

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B. Miscellaneous

Various confidential sources who are familiar with Communist Party and "New Left" activity in the New York City area were contacted in June and July, 1969, concerning the subject and were not able to furnish any information concerning the subject's activity.

III. FINANCES

A. Speaking Engagements

On May 13, 1969, NY T-3 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7D

B. Status of Checking Accounts

On March 4, 1969, NY T-1 furnished the following information [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

On April 2, 1969, NY T-2 furnished the following information [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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[redacted]

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The above information is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted]

[redacted]

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By means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation on January 7, 1969, it was ascertained that Mailers Fulfillment Company handles the addressing and shipping out of "The Realist" magazine for the subject.

On April 14, 1969, NY T-9 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

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ABBIE HOFFMAN is one of those persons indicted by a Federal Grand Jury in Chicago for his activity at the Democratic National Convention in Chicago during August, 1968.

"Ramparts Magazine" is a well known West coast publication which has long been a voice of the "New Left."

On June 10, 1969, NY T-7 furnished information that [redacted]

[redacted]

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The above information is not to be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [redacted]

[redacted]

[REDACTED]

C. Miscellaneous

On June 11, 1969, the records of the County Clerk's Office, New York City, were reviewed and the following information :

The Certificate of Incorporation of "The Realist Association, Incorporated", reads in part as follows:

"Pursuant to the Membership Corporation Law...hereby certify:

"1. ...

" 2. The purpose for which it is to be formed is, as a non-profit corporation, and through lawful means to stimulate a public interest in free thought, rationalism, secularism and humanism and to encourage and promote the American principle of separation of church and state."

On June 11, 1969, Mr. [REDACTED] Corporation Tax Examiner, New York City, advised that a corporation in New York City is entitled to incorporate as a non-profit corporation as the corporation sees fit. NARA advised that of course profits are maintained, but most of the profits are used for salaries of officers of the corporation and overhead, and maintaining the corporation.

APPENDIX

1.

BLACK PANTHER PARTY

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics, and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY GEORGE SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON is presently serving a sentence of 2 to 15 years on a conviction of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther", which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service", states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] which ends with the following:

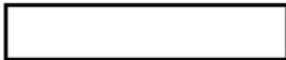
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"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement, "... we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman MAO Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature MAO's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.



APPENDIX

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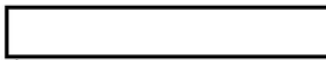
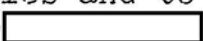
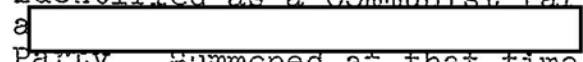
1.

NATIONAL EMERGENCY CIVIL LIBERTIES
COMMITTEE, Formerly Known As
Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications", revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., contains the following concerning the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee:

"Emergency Civil Liberties Committee

- "1. 'The Emergency Civil Liberties Committee is an organization with headquarters in New York, whose avowed purpose is to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and discredit the FBI. * * * The committee finds that the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee, established in 1951, although representing itself as a non-Communist group, actually operates as a front for the Communist Party. It has repeatedly assisted, by means of funds and legal aid, Communists involved in Smith Act violations and similar legal proceedings. One of its chief activities has been and still is the dissemination of voluminous Communist propaganda material.'

 was called as a witness when he appeared in Atlanta as a representative of the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee to propagandize against the Committee on Un-American Activities and to protest its hearings. In 1956  was identified as a Communist Party member by a  within the Party. Summoned at that time to answer the allegation, his reply to all questions was, "I am answering no questions of this committee." This also became his stock reply to questions

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APPENDIX

2. NY [redacted]

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NATIONAL EMERGENCY CIVIL
LIBERTIES COMMITTEE (CONT'D)

when he appeared during the Atlanta hearings. * * * [redacted] has since been convicted of contempt of Congress and sentenced to one year in jail.'

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'Disputing the non-Communist claim of the organization, the committee finds that a number of other individuals connected with the ECLC also have been identified under oath as Communists.* * *'

(Committee on Un-American Activities, Annual Report for 1958, House Report 187, March 9, 1959, pp. 34 and 35.)

"2. 'To defend the cases of Communist law-breakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these fronts offer a bulwark of protection.' (Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"

"The New York Times", a New York City daily newspaper, in its April 1, 1968, issue, page 13, contained an item captioned, "Draft Dissenters to Get More Help", which related that at a news conference held by the Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (ECLC) on the previous day, it was announced that the organization was changing its name to the National Emergency Civil Liberties Committee (NECLC) "to reflect our determination to develop a vital national civil liberties organization in all 50 states as rapidly as possible."

A source advised on June 13, 1968, that the NECLC is located at 25 East 26th Street, New York City.

APPENDIXNATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The "Guide to Subversive Organizations and Publications," revised and published as of December 1, 1961, prepared and released by the Committee on Un-American Activities, United States House of Representatives, Washington, D.C., contains the following concerning the National Lawyers Guild:

"National Lawyers Guild

- "1. Cited as a Communist front.
(Special Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 1311 on the CIO Political Action Committee, March 29, 1944, p. 149.)
- "2. Cited as a Communist front which 'is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party, its front organizations, and controlled unions' and which 'since its inception has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the Communist Party and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.'
(Committee on Un-American Activities, House Report 3123 on the National Lawyers Guild, September 21, 1950, originally related September 17, 1950.)
- "3. 'To defend the cases of Communist lawbreakers, fronts have been devised making special appeals in behalf of civil liberties and reaching out far beyond the confines of the Communist Party itself. Among these organizations are the * * * National Lawyers Guild. When the Communist Party itself is under fire these offer a bulwark of protection.'
(Internal Security Subcommittee of the Senate Judiciary Committee, Handbook for Americans, S. Doc. 117, April 23, 1956, p. 91.)"



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
July 22, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title Paul James Krassner

Character Security Matter - Anarchist

Reference is made to report of Special
Agent dated and captioned as above,
at New York.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

NY T-3 with whom insufficient contact has been had in order to determine his reliability.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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JUL 22 1969

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[redacted]

Director
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

Re: Paul James Krassner

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

- 1. Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
- 2. Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
- 3. Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
- 4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
- 5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
- 6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available
 may be available through _____

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

2 - Bureau
① - New York [redacted] 45

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1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s) (1)
U. S. Secret Service, NYC (RM)

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

[redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Enclosure(s) (1)

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED)

[redacted] (4)

[redacted]

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 7/24/69

FROM: SA [redacted] (42)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: REALIST ASSN. INC.
INFO CONCERNING

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD 302 was made available by: [redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial 94-2205-7.

- 1-San Francisco (100-RAMPARTS) (RM)
- ① [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1-100-162141 [redacted] (45)

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[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JUL 24 1969	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]

TO: SAC,

- Albany
- Albuquerque
- Anchorage
- Atlanta
- Baltimore
- Birmingham
- Boston
- Buffalo
- Butte
- Charlotte
- Chicago
- Cincinnati
- Cleveland
- Columbia
- Dallas
- Denver
- Detroit
- El Paso
- Honolulu

- Houston
- Indianapolis
- Jackson
- Jacksonville
- Kansas City
- Knoxville
- Las Vegas
- Little Rock
- Los Angeles
- Louisville
- Memphis
- Miami
- Milwaukee
- Minneapolis
- Mobile
- Newark
- New Haven
- New Orleans
- New York City

- Norfolk
- Oklahoma City
- Omaha
- Philadelphia
- Phoenix
- Pittsburgh
- Portland
- Richmond
- Sacramento
- St. Louis
- Salt Lake City
- San Antonio
- San Diego
- San Francisco
- San Juan
- Savannah
- Seattle
- Springfield

- Tampa
- Washington Field
- Quantico

TO LEGAT:

- Bern
- Bonn
- Buenos Aires
- Hong Kong
- London
- Manila
- Mexico, D.F.
- Ottawa
- Paris
- Rome
- Santo Domingo
- Tokyo

Date 8-2-69

RE: **NEW LEFT MOVEMENT - KEY ACTIVIST ALBUM**

- For information Retention optional For appropriate action Surep, by _____
- The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents.
- Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks: **You are instructed to remove Paul James Krassner from the Key Activist Album.**



100-765897

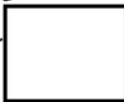
SEARCHED INDEXED
 SERIALIZED FILED

AUG 4 1969
 FBI-NEW YORK

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- 1 - All Field Offices
- 1 - All Legal Attache

Enc
 Bu
 Ur



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
August 4, 1969

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Woodstock Ventores Incorporated
Aquarian Exposition, Town of Bethel,
Sullivan County, New York, August 15-17, 1969
Information Concerning

A source, who has furnished reliable information
in the past, advised on July 30, 1969, that [redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN
IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE

[Large redacted area]

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This document contains neither recommendations
nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).
It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency.
It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your
agency.

CLASS. BY [redacted] 02/10/7/82
DATE OF REVIEW OADR 2/26/98

~~Group 1~~
~~Excluded from Automatic~~
~~Downgrading and Declassification~~

b3
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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Searched [redacted]
Serialized [redacted]
Indexed [redacted]
Filed [redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[redacted]

Woodstock Ventures Incorporated
Aquarian Exposition, Town of Bethel,
Sullivan County, New York, August 15-17, 1969,
Information Concerning ~~TOP SECRET~~

The source also stated on July 30, 1969, that

[REDACTED]

b7D

The source advised that [REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

On August 1, 1969, a second source, who has
furnished reliable information in the past, advised that

[REDACTED]

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A third source, who has furnished reliable
information in the past, advised on
February 23, 1966 that [REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] X (U)

A characterization of the [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] is attached hereto.

Woodstock Ventures Incorporated
Aquarian Exposition, Town of Bethel,
Sullivan County, New York, August 15-17, 1969,
Information Concerning

APPENDIX

1.

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY (PLP)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

The "New York Times" city edition Tuesday, April 20, 1965, Page 27, reported that a new party of "revolutionary socialism" was formally founded on April 18, 1965, under the name of the PLP, which had been known as the Progressive Labor Movement.

According to the article, "The Progressive Labor Movement was founded in 1962, [redacted] and [redacted] [redacted] after they were expelled from the Communist Party of the United States for assertedly following the Chinese Communist line."

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A source advised on June 3, 1968, that [redacted]

[redacted]

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The source also advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

The PLP publishes "Progressive Labor", a bimonthly magazine; "World Revolution", a quarterly periodical; and "Challenge-Desafio", a monthly newspaper.

The August, 1968, issue of "Challenge-Desafio" sets forth that "above all, this paper is dedicated to the fight for a new way of life-where the working men and women own and control their homes, factories, the police, courts, and the entire Government on every level".

The source advised on June 3, 1968, that [redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

8/4/69

AIRTEL

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY SLIP ON 3/8/85

TO:

DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM:

SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:

WOODSTOCK VENTURES INCORPORATED,
AQUARIAN EXPOSITION,
TOWN OF BETHEL, SULLIVAN COUNTY, NEW YORK,
8/15-17/69
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 12 copies of an LHM setting forth information concerning the Crazies plan to attend the Woodstock Festival 8/15-17/69 at Bethel, New York.

Copies are being disseminated locally as follows:

- 4 - 108th MI Group
- 1 - OSI
- 1 - NISO
- 1 - USA, SDNY
- 1 - USA, EDNY

CLASS. BY [redacted] *mich/82*
DATE OF REVIEW OADR [redacted]

226,980

The first source is [redacted]

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The second source is [redacted] The third source is [redacted]

The LHM is marked "Confidential" as data furnished by the first and second sources could result in identification of these sources of continuing value and impair the future effectiveness thereof and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the national defense interests, of the United States.

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The Resident Agent at Monticello has been advised of the information contained herein and is coordinating activities with local law enforcement officers in Sullivan County.

COPIES NEXT PAGE

[redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
1969
FBI - NEW YORK

45

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

NY 100-

- 2 - Bureau (Encl. 12) (RM)
- 1 - New York [redacted] (Inv.)
- 1 - New York (100-161445) (ABBIE HOFFMAN)
- 1 - New York [redacted] (PAUL KRASNER)
- 1 - New York (100-165630) (CRAZIES)
- 1 - New York

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, New York [redacted]

DATE: 7/31/69

b3
b7E

FROM : Director, FBI [redacted]

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA (KEY ACTIVIST)

ReNYrep 7/22/69.

Your recommendation that subject's name be deleted from the Key Activist list is approved. You should continue to afford this matter appropriate attention and keep the Bureau apprised of any pertinent developments.

[Handwritten box with 'd2' and lines]

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[Handwritten notes and stamps: SEARCHED, INDEXED, SERIAL, FILE, AUG 1 1969]

*Copy trans to San Francisco
on 8/13/77 by permission*

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



Director, FBI (Bufile- [redacted])

8/5/69

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SAC, NEW YORK [redacted] [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER, aka
SM-ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

NOTED
SI UNIT
DATE 8/5/69

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP	<input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> SPL
<input type="checkbox"/> WWP	<input type="checkbox"/> SDS	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP	<input type="checkbox"/> ANA
<input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> RAM	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC	<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (specify) _____
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number _____		Responsibility _____	

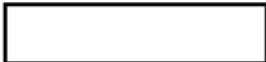
REGISTERED MAIL
2-Bureau
1-New York

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed

Chief Clerk
Post

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b7E

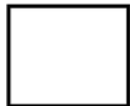
(3)



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It is recommended that subject's name be included in Priority II rather than Priority I as permission has been granted by Bulot to NY 7/31/69 to delete subject's name from the Key Activist list.

8/13



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8/8/69

AIRTEL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-167072) (P)

SUBJECT: WOODSTOCK VENTURES, INC.
ASIAN EXPOSITION,
TOWN OF BETHEL,
SULLIVAN COUNTY, NY,
8/15-17/69
INFORMATION-CONCERNING

Re: Airtel 8/4/69; Buairtel 8/6/69.

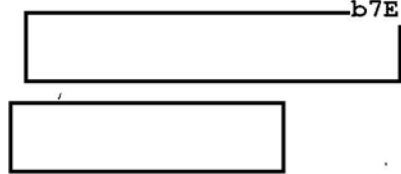
The following is being submitted for information of the Bureau in the event of any future inquiries.

The above captioned organization originally scheduled the Music Festival in Walkill, NY, on the same dates, however, the local citizenry obtained an injunction against the promoters to stop the Festival which was upheld in State Court. The promoters then moved the operation to Bethel, NY.

Woodstock Ventures, Inc., through cooperation with local Bethel authorities, rented 600 acres of a farm [redacted] in Bethel for which they allegedly paid [redacted] \$40,000 rent for the three days.

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- 2-Bureau
- 1-New York (100-161445) [redacted]
- 1-New York [redacted] (PAUL R. MURPHY)
- 1-New York (100-16530) (GHAZIS)
- 1-New York [redacted]



[redacted]
(7)



NY 100-167072

Construction of bandstand, concession booth, and shelters have been built or are currently under construction. Name rock and roll bands are scheduled to appear during the three days. The promoters anticipate 100,000 to 150,000 individuals to attend the three day proceedings with "hippies" traveling as far as from California.

Promoters identified as [redacted] and [redacted]

The promoters have hired [redacted] allegedly a former AUSA and [redacted] Republican Convention in San Francisco as [redacted] for the festival. His immediate subordinate identified as [redacted] retired Captain of the [redacted] Police Department and is a National Academy Graduate of the [redacted] Session.

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[redacted] had advised that arrangements have been made to hire 300-350 off-duty NYC policemen to work security during the three days. The off-duty policemen are expected to receive \$50 a day wages plus expenses.

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On 8/8/69, [redacted] Woodstock Ventores, furnished information that [redacted] leader of the Youth International Party ("Yippies"), and PAUL KRASNER, Publisher of the "Realist", have been put on the payroll to insure peace in the event any splinter groups attend to cause trouble.

Local and state authorities are currently making plans in order to effect security and officials of the festival have been advised of the Bureau's investigative jurisdiction. Close liaison is being maintained with police authorities and the promoters on a daily basis and the Bureau and all interested agencies will be immediately advised of all pertinent developments.

NY sources have been alerted to report any information received of expected travel.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile:)

DATE: 8/5/69

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FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

Place photograph and description on reverse side of geographical card.

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER, aka
SM-ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP	<input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> SPL
<input type="checkbox"/> WWP	<input type="checkbox"/> SDS	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP	<input type="checkbox"/> ANA
<input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> RAM	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC	<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (specify) _____
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
		B.I. CARDS FILED DATE 8/19/69 BY <input type="text"/>	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number _____			

REGISTERED MAIL

2-Bureau
1-New York

(3) 45

SEARCHED _____ INDEXED _____
 SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
 # 45 AUG 13 1969
 FBI - NEW YORK

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45

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 8/20/69

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FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
INFO CONCERNING

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD-302 was made available by :

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

Index: [redacted]

1-100-161445 [redacted] (42)
1-100-164441 (HIGH SCHOOL FREE PRESS) (42)

DO NOT DESTROY - PENDING LITIGATION

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[redacted]
(3) [redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
45 AUG 20 1969	
NEW YORK	

[redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION, New York, New York

September 2, 1969

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Woodstock Ventores Incorporated, Aquarian
Exposition, Town of Bethel, Sullivan County,
New York, August 15-17, 1969, Information Concerning

The above captioned organization, with the promoters
identified as [redacted] and [redacted]
[redacted] originally scheduled the Music
Festival in Walkill, New York, on the same dates, however,
the local citizenry obtained an injunction against the
promoters to stop the festival which was upheld by State
court. The promoters then moved the operation to Bethel, New York.

Woodstock Ventores, Incorporation, through cooperation
with local Bethel authorities, rented 600 acres of a farm [redacted]
[redacted] in Bethel for which they allegedly paid [redacted]
\$40,000 for the three days.

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The promoters hired Wesley [redacted] as [redacted]
[redacted] and retired [redacted] of the [redacted]
California Police Department as his assistant.

Advance sale of the tickets at \$7.00 each was between
100,000 and 150,000 according to public source material as of
August 13, 1969. Construction of a bandstand, concession
booths and shelters were under taken by the promoters. Name
rock and roll bands were scheduled to appear during the three
days with "hippies" traveling as far as from California.

According to [redacted] security plans
originally included the hiring of 300 to 350 off-duty New
York City policemen at \$50.00 per day plus expenses but
because of press reports and possible reprisals from the
Commissioner's Office, those hired failed to appear although
there were policemen from the Police Department who "moon
lighted" on their own under aliases.

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On August 15, 1969, Major John W. Monahan, New York State
Police, Middletown, New York, who was in charge of the State
Police Detachment at the scene advised that the attendance was
well over the anticipated number and traffic was backed up for
six to eight miles around the site of the festival. He stated
that there were shortages in food and water.

This document contains neither recommendations nor
conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI).
It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency.
It and its contents are not to be distributed outside your
agency.

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Searched
Serialized
Indexed

Group I
Excluded from Automatic
Downgrading and Declassification

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Woodstock Ventores Incorporated, Aquarian Exposition,
Town of Bethel, Sullivan County, New York,
August 15-17, 1969, Information Concerning

On the same date Sheriff Louis Ratner, Sullivan County Sheriff's Department, Monticello, New York, advised that he had received information that drugs were being used in large amounts at the festival and that he believed that the attendance would reach 400,000. He indicated that local hospitals, rescue squads and fire companies had been alerted and were on the scene rendering assistance.

On August 16, 1969, Sheriff Ratner advised that supplies including food and water had been brought in by trucks and that the situation was good with no indication of any demonstrations. He indicated that his officers on the scene had reported that drugs of all types was being sold but because of the numbers in attendance plus possible riots, no arrests were being made openly by his men. He stated that although the crowd was over 400,000 there appeared to be no anticipated difficulties as to possible trouble.

On August 15, 1969, a source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that

[REDACTED]

b7D

The source advised that

[REDACTED]

On August 16, 1969, the same source furnished information that

[REDACTED]

Woodstock Ventores Incorporated, Aquarian Exposition,
Town of Bethel, Sullivan County, New York,
August 15-17, 1969, Information Concerning

The source stated that [redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

On August 18, 1969, the source stated that [redacted]

[redacted]

On August 8, 1969, a source, who is in a position to
furnish reliable information, advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

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On August 18, 1969, Major John W. Monahan, New York State
Police, advised that his department made 107 arrests for
violations of narcotic laws and that these arrests primarily
were made outside of the site area. He stated that in his
opinion there were over 400,000 people at the affair with no
demonstrations or out-breaks occurring during the three days.

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He advised that the use of narcotics was heavy but because
of possible difficulties, no arrests inside the compound
were made.

On August 18, 1969, [redacted] advised that one
out of three individuals in attendance did not purchase any
tickets. He stated that the gates were over-run
by numbers. He advised that in his opinion the promoters
lost money because of the above plus the fact that weather
conditions with the loss of food and water caused extra expenses
which were not anticipated prior to the start of the
festival.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Woodstock Ventores Incorporated, Aquarian Exposition,
Town of Bethel, Sullivan County, New York,
August 15-17, 1969, Information Concerning

A third source, who has furnished reliable information
in the past, advised on August 20, 1969 that [redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

The source also advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

The source also advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

-4*-

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

FBI

Date: 9/2/69

Transmit the following in PLAINTEXT
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-167072) (X) (U)
SUBJECT: WOODSTOCK VENTORES, INC.,
AQUARIAN EXPOSITION,
TOWN OF BETHEL,
SULLIVAN COUNTY, NEW YORK
8/15-17/69
INFORMATION CONCERNING - IS
(OO:NEW YORK)

Re New York teletypes and telecalls to the Bureau 8/15-19/69 and Bureau airtel to New York dated 8/15/69.

Enclosed herewith for the Bureau are 12 copies of an LHM setting forth information concerning the above captioned matter and information concerning the crazies, hippies, SDS and the Black Panthers.

Copies are being disseminated locally as follows:

- 4 - 108th MI Group
- 1 - OSI
- 1 - NISO
- 1 - USA, SDNY
- 1 - USA, EDNY

- 2 - Bureau (Encl.12) (RM)
- 1 - Chicago (Encl.1) (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-167072)
- 1 - New York (100-161445) (ABBIE HOFFMAN)
- 1 - New York (100-165630) (CRAZIES)
- 1 - New York [redacted] (PAUL KRASNER)
- 1 - New York [redacted]

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[redacted]
(10)

[redacted]

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

43

NY 100-167072

A copy is being furnished to Chicago for information in view of their interest in SDS.

It is noted that NY airtel of 8/4/69 with LHM sets forth information concerning an [redacted]



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Concerning [redacted] it is noted as previously indicated, that he is a retired [redacted] of the [redacted] Police Department and a graduate of the [redacted] Session of the National Academy. [redacted] who [redacted] had to cease his employment prior to the start of the festival because of over exertion. He has returned to his home in California and as of 8/26/69 was in a satisfactory condition.

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Close liason was maintained with local and state authorities as well as officials of the festival and no information was developed concerning any possible Federal violations coming within the pervue of the Bureau's investigative jurisdiction.

Local authorities have estimated that the attendance at the festival reached its peak of 400,000 to 450,000 people during Saturday night August 16, 1969 into Sunday August 17, 1969. There was no reported incidents or demonstrations.

NY 100-167072

NYO sources as well as sources of local authorities
have advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

The first source as set forth in the LHM is [redacted]

The second source is [redacted]
L. [redacted] who requested that his identity be protected.

The third source is [redacted]

b6
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b7E

The LHM is marked "Confidential" as data furnished by
the above sources could result in identification if revealed
which in turn would reduce the sources effectiveness thereof
and such impairment could have an adverse effect upon the
national defense interests of the United States.

FBI

Date: 8/12/69

8/29

b6
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Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: SAC, NEW YORK (100-167072)
SUBJECT: WOODSTOCK VENTORES, INCORPORATED,
AGARTAN EXPOSITION, TOWN OF BETHEL,
SULLIVAN COUNTY, NEW YORK,
8/15/69
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Re: Airtel, 8/6/69; and Airtel, 8/8/69.

For information of offices not receiving prior communications, promoters of Woodstock Ventores, have announced a three-day "rock and roll" festival to be held at Bethel, Sullivan County, NY, on the above dates with anticipated attendance to be approximately 150,000 "hippies" and friends. Name rock and roll bands have been hired and tickets have been sold as far west as California. Close liaison is being maintained with local authorities as well as the promoters of Woodstock Ventores.

- 1 - Albany (RM)
- 1 - Alexandria (RM)
- 1 - Baltimore (RM)
- 1 - Boston (RM)
- 1 - Buffalo (RM)
- 1 - New Haven (RM)
- 1 - Newark (RM)
- 1 - Philadelphia (RM)
- 1 - Washington Field (RM)
- 1 - New York (100-161445) (ABBIE HOFFMAN)
- 1 - New York (100-45809) (PAUL KRASNER)
- 1 - New York (100-165630) (CRAZIES)
- 1 - New York

65

Searched _____

Serialized _____

Indexed _____

Filed _____

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(16)

45 100-45809 destroyed

Approved: _____ Sent _____ M Per _____
Special Agent in Charge

NY 100-167072

Promoters of Woodstock recontacted and denied receiving any threats or any attempt to extort monies from them either by ABBIE HOFFMAN, leader of Youth International Party (Yippies) or PAUL KRASNER, publisher of "The Realist". [REDACTED] and his assistant, [REDACTED] (NA), have advised that HOFFMAN along with KRASNER have been put on the payroll of Woodstock Ventores to control any problems arising from radicals.

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For information of the Bureau as of 8/12/69, information received that approximately 114,000 tickets have been sold for the three-day event.

Sullivan County Sheriff's Department through mutual aid program with NYS Sheriff's Association has requested assistance from neighboring sheriff's department and has received assurance of between 150 to 175 extra men.

NYS Police have made no commitments of personnel but allegedly have 200 men on standby basis.

NY informants, both criminal and security, have been alerted concerning the music festival, and NY will have informants attending the event.

Close liaison is being maintained with local authorities as well as with officials of the Woodstock Ventores and the Bureau along with interested offices will be advised of all pertinent developments.

Copies have been furnished surrounding offices for information purposes in the event any inquiries are received.

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 9/20/69

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

b6
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b7D

The information on the FD-302 was made available by : [redacted]

Index;

The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
1-100-162556 [redacted] (45)

b3
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[redacted]
(3)
[redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 20 1969	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]

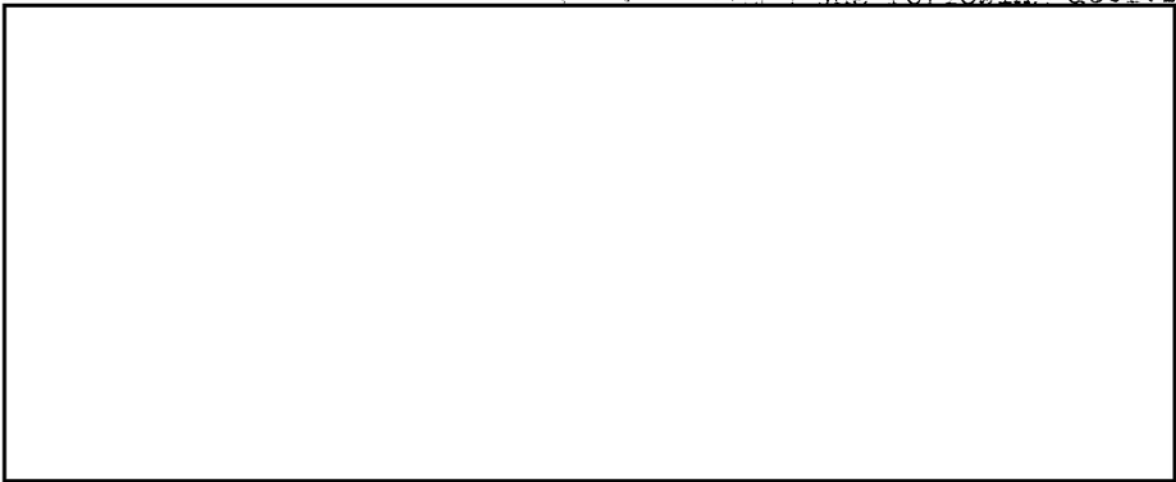
[Redacted]

DATE: 10/2/69

[Redacted]

(UD) furnished photos of the following:

b6
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The above photos will be submitted to appropriate agents and sources for their review.

- 1 - 100-17033 (RM) (2)
- 1 - 100-185630 (C...)
- 1 - 25-133112 [Redacted] (49)
- 1 - 100-155678 (C...)
- 1 - 100- [Redacted]
- 1 - 100-148047 (S...)(2)
- 1 - 100-166943 [Redacted] (42)
- 1 - [Redacted] (Paul...)
- 1 - 100-165334 (W...-Photos)(2)

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[Redacted]

[Redacted]

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
OCT 2 1969

[Redacted]

48

45

45

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 10/31/69

b3
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FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD-302 was made available by:

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

1-100-162668 (CAMERA NEWS, INC.) (42)
1-100-31769 (PROMPT PRESS) (44)

Incl. [redacted]

[redacted]
(3)

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
OCT 31 1969
FBI - NEW YORK

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45

[redacted]

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI (100-451362)

DATE: 11/3/69

FROM : SAC, CHICAGO (100-45344) (P)

SUBJECT: "CHANGED"

[Redacted]

aka

[Redacted]

SM - MISCELLANEOUS

(OO: CHICAGO)

Title is marked "Changed" to add the alias [Redacted] as reflected in the records of Immigration and Naturalization Service (INS), Chicago.

- 4 - Bureau (RM)
- 3 - Detroit (RM)
 - 1 - 100-36217
 - 1 - 100-33193
 - 1 - 100-36335
- 5 - New York (RM)
 - 1 - 100-
 - 1 - 100-
 - 1 - 100-
 - 1 - 100-
 - 1 - 100-
- 2 - Omaha (RM)
- 2 - Springfield (RM)
- 6 - Chicago
 - 1 - 100-45153
 - 1 - 157-1291
 - 1 - 157-3669
 - 1 - 100-44975

(WDD)

[Redacted]

(YIP)

(JERRY RUBIN)
(ABBEY ROYMAN)
(PAUL KRASSNER)

[Redacted]

1 - San Francisco (INFO) (RM)

[Redacted]

(23)

SEARCHED [] INDEX []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []

NOV 10 1969

[Redacted]



5010-108-02

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly

Payroll Savings Plan

b6
b7C

b6
b7C

b3
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b7E

CG 100-45344

Re New York letter to Chicago dated 8/12/68; remylet to Director dated 3/26/69; remylet to Director dated 4/30/69, entitled "WHITE PANTHER PARTY (WPP), RM"; rerep of SA [redacted] dated 7/16/69 at New York City, New York entitled "YOUTH INTERNATIONAL PARTY: IS - MISCELLANEOUS," copies to Chicago; rerep of SA [redacted] dated 9/17/69 at Detroit, Michigan, entitled "WHITE PANTHER PARTY, IS-WPP", copies to Chicago.

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Two extra copies of this letter have been designated for the Bureau in view of information set forth regarding the Youth International Party (YIP) and the White Panther Party (WPP).

A finding in the pending INS deportation action against [redacted] has yet to be made. Counsel for the Government in this administrative proceeding, [redacted] trial attorney, has kept the Chicago Office informed of its progress. The hearing of final testimony was completed May 19, 1969, after which 80 - odd pages of transcript were prepared July 28, 1969 and forwarded to [redacted], Special Inquiry Officer, INS, Chicago, who will render a decision as to whether [redacted] is to be deported and, if so, the country to which he will be sent.

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[redacted] has been unable to advise when [redacted] decision may be expected. He noted, however, that consultation with [redacted] authorities have been in progress for some months now. On October 21, 1969, [redacted] made available to Special Agent (SA) [redacted] a copy of the completed transcript of the hearing in [redacted] case, noting that in this type matter the final decision is likely to be an unenforceable order for [redacted] deportation to [redacted], which INS asserts is the country of which he is a citizen. [redacted] explained that because of [redacted] objections to deportation to either [redacted] [redacted], countries which he claims would oppress him because of his political convictions, he will probably remain in the United States in the status of Resident Alien because neither country will be likely to accept him. As such, he will be required to keep INS informed of his whereabouts and he will not be eligible to apply for United States citizenship.

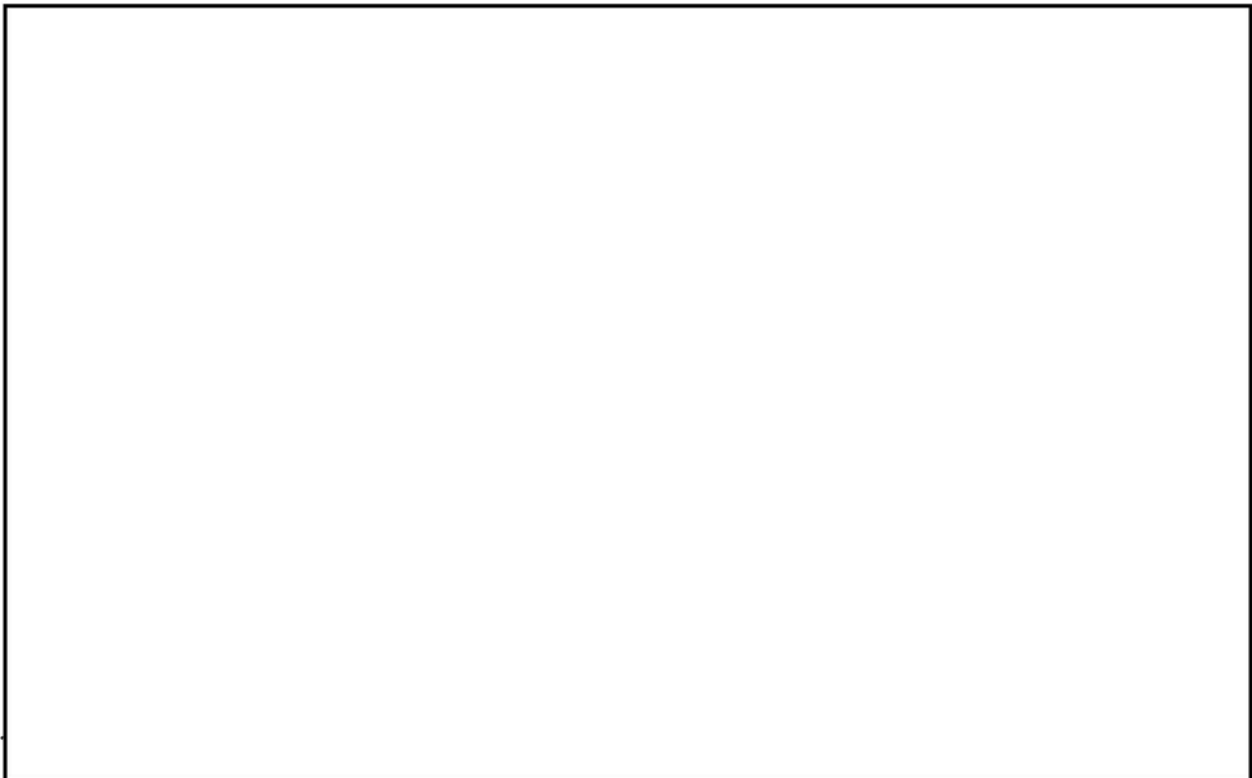
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CG 100-45344

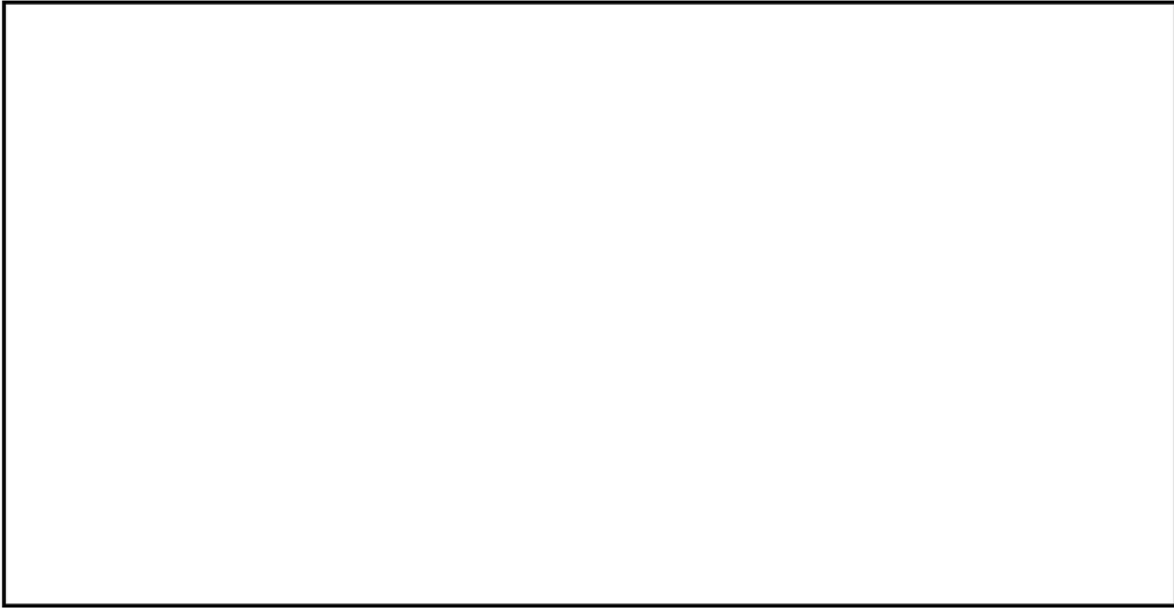
[redacted] it will be recalled, did not contest his deportability for narcotics conviction. Rather, he has objected to deportation to [redacted] solely on the ground that he would be subject to even more severe oppression in either of the countries to which, by virtue of his citizenship and birth, he could be designated for deportation.

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A summary of additional pertinent background and other information regarding [redacted] admitted activities, political convictions and organizational affiliations, has been extracted from INS' transcript. Further information, copies of writings of [redacted] submitted to INS to support his contention he would be oppressed by reason of his convictions by either [redacted] Governments, will be made available to the Chicago Office by [redacted] as soon as they are available. A summarization of this material will be submitted to the Bureau also:



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[redacted] informed SA [redacted] October 31, that in August, 1969, subject's wife appeared at INS Office, Chicago, to report the loss of her alien registration identity which was replaced at that time. She informed INS at that time that she was traveling to [redacted] and had a visa from the [redacted] for this purpose.

The New York Office had no information regarding [redacted] as of August 12, 1968.

In a letter of that date, they informed Chicago in answer to our inquiry based on [redacted] identification April, 1968, with YIP on which New York is origin, that there indices were negative concerning him.

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As reflected in rerep, July 16, 1969, the New York Office reported YIP passed out of existence following the Democratic National Convention in August, 1968, the purpose for which YIP was organized.

Chicago files contained no information regarding the Youth Resurgence Party, [redacted] or [redacted]

As reported in relet dated April 30, 1969, Chicago is unable to substantiate the existence of WPP in this Division.

CG 100-43544

Bureau will note that on page 13 of rerep, September 17, 1969, Detroit reports that WPP has no formal membership, holds no formal meetings and that this Detroit-based organization merely distributes literature to anyone in contact with its office and then allows the person to decide whether or not he is a WPP member.

LEADS

OMAHA

AT OMAHA, NEBRASKA. Review files and furnish any pertinent information regarding subject to Chicago.

SPRINGFIELD

AT SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS. Review records of the Firearms Owners Identification Bureau, Secretary of State, State of Illinois, and determine if subject is registered as a gun owner. If so, furnish background and photograph to Chicago.

CHICAGO

AT ST. CHARLES, ILLINOIS. 1. Review records of the St. Charles Reform School for any information reflecting on subject's mental health, propensity to violence, potential dangerousness to the internal security and furnish any other pertinent background information from available records.

2. Determine the identity of the minister into whose home subject was released from the [redacted] [redacted] and consider interview with this person in this same connection.

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AT NAPERVILLE, ILLINOIS. Review high school records and contact appropriate personnel at the Naperville Community High School for evidence of emotional instability on subject's part and pertinent background information. Also note the identity of [redacted] guardians while a student and consider their interview for any information reflecting on subject's

CG 100-45344

propensity to violence, potential danger to the internal security or history of mental problems.

2. Identify and consider for interview, the owner of [redacted], Illinois, for any pertinent information reflecting on subject's dangerousness to the internal security, propensity to violence or history of mental problems. Verify subject's employment with this firm.

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AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. 1. Obtain and send to the Bureau summary of subject's writings submitted to INS, Chicago, to support his claim he would be persecuted by either the [redacted] Governments if deported.

2. Determine if subject is registered as a gun owner at Chicago.

3. UACB, in 15 days, contact the [redacted], Chicago, for details regarding [redacted] reported contact with them looking to his immigration to [redacted]

4. Make appropriate recommendations to Bureau regarding subject's inclusion in Security Index on completion of investigation.

For the information of receiving offices, [redacted] is described as follows:

Race	White
Sex	Male
Date of Birth	[redacted]
Place of Birth	[redacted]
Height	6'
Weight	160 pounds
Hair	Brown
Eyes	Brown
Occupation	Writer
FBI #	[redacted]
INS #	[redacted]
Marital Status	Married: [redacted] Wife - [redacted], nee [redacted]

b6
b7C

CG 100-45344

An information copy of this letter is forwarded to San Francisco in view of the information set forth on page 18 regarding BPP support of a WPP candidate for congress on the West Coast.

NY 143

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] 45
FROM: SA [redacted]
SUBJECT: *Realist Association, INC*
INFO CONC.

DATE: *DEC. 2, 1969*
(# 42)

On *12/2/69* [redacted]

made available to the writer on a confidential basis
bank records concerning the above-captioned account.

A review of the records reflected no
pertinent [redacted]

The above information is not to be made
public except in a usual proceeding following the
issuance of a subpoena.

[redacted]

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[redacted]

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED

DEC 2 9 39
FBI - NEW YORK

[redacted]

[redacted]

45

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 12/9/69

b3
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b7C
b7E

FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

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The information on the FD-302 was made available by :

[redacted]

The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted] 1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)

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[redacted]
(2)
[redacted]

[redacted]
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
DEC 9 1969
NEW YORK
[redacted]

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 1/21/70

b3
b6
b7C
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FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of the [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD-302 was made available by :

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[redacted]

The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

- 1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1-100-31769 (NEW UNION PRESS) (44)
- 1-100-164826 (THE RAT) (42)
- 1-100-163250 (LNS) (42)

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[redacted]
(5) [redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 21 1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]

45

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45)

DATE: 2/17/70

b3
b6
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b7E

FROM: SA [redacted] (42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
INFO CONCERNING

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD 302 was made available by:

b6
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b7D

[redacted]

The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial

[redacted]

1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
1-100-31769 (Prompt Press) (44)

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[redacted]
(3)

[redacted]

[redacted]
SEARCHED [redacted] ED.....
SERIALIZE [redacted]
FEB 17 1970
FBI - [redacted]
[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (100-161806)

DATE: 2/5/70

FROM : SA [redacted] (#41)

b3
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b7E

SUBJECT: [redacted] aka
SM - WWP

In an effort to develop information regarding the activities and employment of the subject, SA [redacted] observed a demonstration which took place 2/2/70 in the vicinity of the New York City Criminal Courts Building, 100 Center Street, Manhattan, New York, New York.

b6
b7C

[redacted] was not observed during the demonstration.

The observations of SA [redacted] were recorded on a FD-302, the original of which is filed as NY 100-161806-174.

- 1- 100-161993 (BPP) (#43)
- 1- 100-69367 [redacted] (#41)
- 1- 100-129184 [redacted] (#41)
- 1- 100-133486 [redacted] (#41)
- 1- 100-148916 (YAWF) (#41)
- 1- 100-137309 (WWP) (#41)
- 1- [redacted] (#41)
- 1- 157-4479 (YOUNG LORDS) (#43)
- 1- [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (#45)
- 1- 100- [redacted]
- 1- 100- [redacted]
- 1- 157-4822 (COMMITTEE TO DEFEND THE PANTHER 21) (#43)
- 1- 100-156835 (FAVPPC) (#42)
- 1- 157-3639 [redacted] (#43)
- 1- 100-163425 [redacted] (#43)
- 1- 100-163637 [redacted] (#45)
- 1- 100-165857 [redacted] (#45)
- 1- 100-86236 [redacted] (#45)

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[redacted]
(19)

[redacted]

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SEARCHED... INDEXED...
SERIALIZED... FILED...

FEB 19 1970



NY 100-161806

The YAWF handbill mentioned in the FD-302
is filed as NY 100-148916-1B 37(7).

The Committee to Defend the Panther 21 handbill
mentioned in the FD-302 is filed as NY 157-4822-1A3.

The FAVPPC handbill mentioned in the FD-302
is filed as NY 100-156835-1B 23(3).

The observations made by SA are as
follows:

b6
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

1.

Date 2/5/70

The following observations were made from about 12:00 noon to 1:30 p.m.

A demonstration was being held in the vicinity of the New York City Criminal Courts Building, 100 Centre Street, Manhattan, New York, New York. Leaflets were being distributed which indicated that the demonstration was being staged in order to show support for 21 members of the Black Panther Party (BPP) who were scheduled to go on trial in the New York City Criminal Court that day on various charges.

[redacted] and [redacted] were observed among the demonstrators. Signs carried by the demonstrators indicated that the Youth Against War and Fascism (YAWF) supported the demonstration.

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b7C

[redacted] was observed distributing literature issued by the Young Lords. [redacted] was not distributing this literature indiscriminately. He was offering the literature only to selected individuals and then requested payment of 25 cents for the literature.

An unidentified individual was observed freely distributing a handbill headed "Free the Panther 21". The handbill urged participation in the demonstration of February 2, 1970. The handbill indicated that it was issued by the YAWF.

An unidentified individual was observed freely distributing a handbill headed "Seize the Time". The handbill stated that a benefit for the Panther 21 would be held February 2, 1970, at 8:00 p.m. at the Hotel Diplomat, 108 West 43rd Street. The handbill indicated that PAUL KRASSNER, [redacted] and [redacted] would participate in the benefit. The handbill indicated that it had been issued by the Committee to Defend the Panther 21, 37 Union Square West, Fourth Floor, New York, New York, telephone 243-2260.

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Vicinity of 100 Centre Street
On 2/2/70 at New York, New York File # NY 100-161806-174

by SA [redacted] Date dictated 2/4/70

b6
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2.
NY 100-161806

An unidentified individual was observed distributing a handbill regarding a protest meeting which would be held February 18, 1970, at 7:30 p.m. at Hunter College Assembly Hall. This protest meeting was being sponsored by the Fifth Avenue Vietnam Peace Parade Committee (FAVPPC), to oppose the nationwide policy of political repression and extermination launched against the BPP. The handbill indicated that [redacted] of the BPP; [redacted] of the Young Lords; [redacted], Panther 21 lawyer; and [redacted] the National Distributive Workers Union would be among the speakers. The handbill was issued by the FVPPC. The handbill stated that proceeds in excess of meeting costs would go to the legal defense of the BPP.

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NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC [redacted] (45) DATE: 3/23/70

FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
INFO CONCERNING

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The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of the [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

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The information on the FD-302 was made available by [redacted]

The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

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1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
1-100-31769 (PROMPT PRESS) (44)
1-100-102084 [redacted] (45)

[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted]
(4)

[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED

MAR 23 70
FBI - NEW YORK

[redacted] [redacted]
43

b3
b6
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NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC ([redacted]) (45)

DATE: 4/21/70

FROM: SA [redacted] (# 42)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
INFO CONCERNING

The information on the attached FD-302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of the [redacted] [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD-302 was made available by:

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD-302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial [redacted].

Index: [redacted]

1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)
1-100-31769 (PROMPT PRESS) (44)

[redacted]
(5) [redacted]

[redacted]
SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]
APR 21 1970
FBI - NEW YORK
[redacted]

b3
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FBI LIAISON:

FOR INFORMATION ONLY

RE:

Handwritten signature
Paul KRASSNER ✓

BORN: 4/9/32

PLACE: Brooklyn, New York

RESIDENCE:

101 Avenue A
New York, New York 10009

BUREAU FILE NUMBER:

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE:

Unknown

PASSPORT NUMBER:

A139872 issued February 11,
1970, New York, New York

ATTORNEY:

TRAVEL PLANS

PORT OF DEPARTURE:

Unknown

DATE OF DEPARTURE:

2/23/70

MEANS OF TRANSPORTATION:

Air

PROPOSED LENGTH OF STAY:

1 week

COUNTRIES TO BE VISITED:

England

PURPOSE OF TRIP:

Business

Appropriate Action
RECEIVED WITH BUREAU
ROUTING SLIP DATED: [Redacted]

PASSPORT OFFICE

SEARCHED [] INDEXED []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []
MAR 24 1970

b3
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b7E

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

File—Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

GPO : 1970 OF-400-586

File Transferred Date 8/1/71
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending Closed

Serial No. Description of Serial Date Charged

[Redacted]

*No. 9. P/M 4/27/70
Trans. P. SA
on 8/13/71*

[Redacted]

*by permission
SA*

[Redacted]

#45

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Employee

RECHARGE

Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk

{ _____

Date

{ _____

Date Charged

Employee

Location

File—Serial Charge Out

FD-5 (Rev. 6-17-70)

GPO : 1970 OF-400-586

File Transfer Sheet Date 8/14/71
Class. Case No. Last Serial

Pending

Closed

Serial No.

Description of Serial

Date Charged

[Redacted Serial No.]

N.Y. Rt alt 4/27/70

Trans to S.H.

[Redacted]

on 8/13/71

*by permission
S.H.*

[Redacted]

#45

4

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b7E

Employee

RECHARGE

Date _____

To _____ From _____

Initials of Clerk

{ _____

Date

{ _____

Date Charged

Employee

Location

VERIFICATION OF INFORMATION ON SECURITY INDEX CARDS

MEMORANDUM RE: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Office File [Redacted]

b3
b7E

The following is the most recent place of employment, employment address, and residence address of the above subject as contained on the subject's Security Index Card.

Residence: Second Floor, 101 Avenue A, New York
New York

Employment: Editor, The Realist, Publication
101 Avenue A, New York, New York

Address:

Labor Union Affiliation:

Defense Facility Yes No Priority I II III
Key Facility Yes No Photo Yes No
Security Flash Yes No

Verification

It is requested that the place of employment, address of employment, residence address of the subject, as well as the accuracy of the priority tabbing, be verified and the proper notations be made below. The absence of a photograph and posting of a Security Flash should be noted and efforts made to secure a photograph and determine the existence of a criminal record.

A physical description based on personal observation of the subject appears in serial _____

Residence: 33 Cornelia Street, NYC.

Method of Verification: [Redacted]

Neighborhood Source: [Redacted]

Date: 9/10/70

Verified by SA: [Redacted]

Employment: "The Realist" - Editor

Address: 33 Cornelia Street, NYC.

Labor Union Affiliation:

Date Checked _____

Geographical Reference Number _____

Key Facility Yes No _____

Defense Facility: Yes No _____

Priority I II III

Method of Verification:

Employment Source: Self employed as Editor of "The Realist"

Date:

Verified by SA:

Photograph on SI card is most current or best likeness of subject: Yes No

FD-122 should be submitted to Bureau: Yes No

A letterhead memorandum should be submitted to the Bureau and Secret Service: Yes No

File Reviewed 9/23/70

Subject Meets SI Criteria
 Does not Meet SI Criteria

Agent's Initials [Redacted]

Date 9/23/70

Noted on 9/25/70

b6
b7C

OPEN (OR PROTECT) CASE
ORIGIN [Redacted] DATE 9/24/70
SUPV [Redacted] OCT ✓

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

7/25/71

HS

NY 142



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

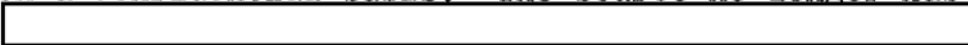
TO: SAC (94-2205) (42)

DATE: 6/9/70

FROM: SA  (41)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: THE REALIST ASSOC.

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of  was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

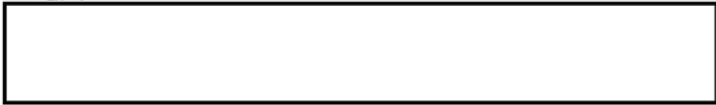
The information on the FD 302 was made available by:




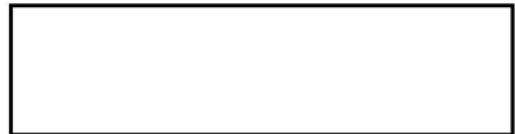
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b7D
b7E

The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial

94-2205-9

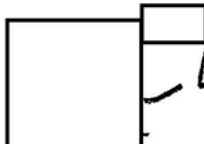
Index: 

 (KRASSNER) (45)
1-100-165006 (NLF) (42)
1-100-161445 (ABBIE HOFFMAN) (42)



(4)

SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
JUN 9 1970



45



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Director, FBI [redacted]

7/8/70

Legat, London (100-4862) (RUC)

Open
PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - AMA
(OO: NY)



Re NYlet 4/27/70.

Under date of 7/7/70, [redacted]
[redacted] advised that subject did not come to security attention.

b3
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- 3 - Bureau
- 1 - Liaison
- 1 - London



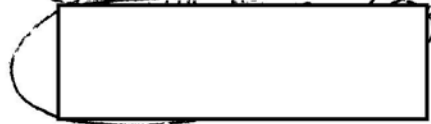
(5)

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Info
7/21/70
SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
FBI - NEW YORK



JUL 24 1970



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, [redacted]

DATE: 8/27/70

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

FROM : SA [redacted] (45)

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA

On 7/20/70 an attempt to pretext the subject through telephone number 477-3490, which was listed to The Realist, 101 Avenue A, NY, NY, was answered by an operator who stated that the telephone number had been changed to 924-3467.

Attempts to pretext 924-3467 on 7/20, 24, and 30/70 and 8/14, 17, 25 and 27/70 were not answered.

On 8/26/70 [redacted] Chase Management, 400 East 56th Street, NYC, advised the writer that KRASSNER vacated the premises at 101 Avenue A, NYC, on 4/1/70. [redacted] stated that he returned KRASSNER'S security deposit to "The Realist", Post Office Box 379 Stuyvesant Station, New York, N.Y., 10009.

b6
b7C

A check of the NY Telephone Company records on 8/26/70 reflected 924-3467 is subscribed to by "Realist", 33 Cornelia Street, N.Y., N.Y.

On 7/9/70, Detective [redacted], Special Services Division, NYCPD, advised that SSD does not follow the activities of the subject in NYC or on the coast.

Chief Clerk
Post [redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED [redacted] INDEXED [redacted]
SERIALIZED [redacted] FILED [redacted]

FBI - NEW YORK [redacted]

b3
b6
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b7E



SAC, NEW YORK (176-133)

SAC, CHICAGO (176-5 Sub F)

DAVID TYRE DELLINGER, aka
ET AL
ARL - CONSPIRACY

OO:CHICAGO

On 4/2/70, then USA THOMAS FORAN, NDI, authorized Chicago to reproduce pertinent portions of the USA's copy of the trial transcript in captioned matter as pertains to defense witnesses. On 6/12/70, incoming First Assistant USA JAMES THOMPSON was apprised of the above and reaffirmed this authority.

Consequently, on 8/4/70, the transcript volume containing the testimony of PAUL KRASSNER, editor of "The Realist", was obtained, reproduced and subsequently returned to the USA. KRASSNER testified on 1/21/70, the reproduced material enclosed for New York for information. No copy is being retained by Chicago.

In the event any of this reproduced material should ever be utilized in any report, or other disseminable communication, it should be paraphrased and/or summarized, and not used in its present form.

Also enclosed for New York are the following communications:

1. Kansas City report 11/26/68, of SA [redacted]
2. Xerox copy of article from 8/26/68 issue of "Ramparts" wall poster.
3. Chicago report 1/3/69, of SA [redacted]
4. Chicago report, 3/3/70, of SA [redacted]

b3
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- ③ - New York (Enc. 5)
1 - 176-267 (KRASSNER)
① - [redacted] (KRASSNER)
2 - Chicago
1 - 176-912 (KRASSNER)

[redacted]

Handwritten: [unclear] copy

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
SEP 9 1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 8/17/70

FROM: SA [redacted] (41)

b6
b7C

SUBJECT: THE REALIST

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

b6
b7C
b7D

The information on the FD 302 was made available by:

[redacted]

The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial 94-2205-11.

INDEX: MARK MARGOLIS

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- 1 - 100- (NEW UNION PRESS) (44)
- 1 - 100-161445 (ABEIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- 1 - 176-6 (ABEIE HOFFMAN) (42)
- ① - [redacted] (PAUL KRASSNER) (45)
- 1 - 100-163250 (LIBERATION NEWS SERVICE) (42)
- 1 - 100- [redacted] (45)

[redacted]

45

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted]

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, [redacted]

DATE: 9/23/70

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

FROM : SA [redacted] (45)

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA

RE: REmymemo of 8/27/70.

On 9/10/70, [redacted] Village Workshop, 29 Cornelia Street, NYC, phone [redacted] was shown a photograph of the subject and asked if he had observed the subject in the neighborhood. He stated that he stays at 33 Cornelia Street where he was observed within the past week. [redacted] stated that the gas man was around looking for the subject. [redacted] resides at [redacted].

b6
b7C

On 9/14/70 SA [redacted] obtained the following information from the Peter Stuyvesant Station, U.S. Post office:

P.O.Box 379 was opened on 7/19/66. It was subscribed to by "The Realist", 101 Avenue A, N.Y. 10009. The proprietor was listed as PAUL KRASSNER.

The 8/4/70 edition of the Manhattan Address Telephone Director contains 2 listings for PAUL KRASSNER and one for The Realist at 33 Cornelia Street all subscribing to 924-3467.

FD-154 completed. FD-122 to be submitted.

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b6
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[redacted]

SEARCHED	[redacted]	INDEXED	[redacted]
SERIALIZED	[redacted]	FILED	[redacted]
SEP 24 1970			
FBI - NEW YORK			

[redacted]



New York, New York
September 25, 1970



b3
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b7E

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

CHARACTER: SEI - ANA

REFERENCE: NEW YORK Report dated 7/22/69.

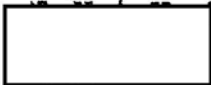
Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: 33 Cornelia Street
New York, New York

Employment: "The Realist" - Editor
33 Cornelia Street
New York, New York

2-Bureau (RM)
1-Secret Service (NY) (RM)

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b6
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(4)



*Disseminated to
Secret Service
9/25/70*

Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed



Director, FBI (Bufile- [redacted])

9/25/70

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

Noted
9-25-70
[redacted]

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card of the captioned individual should be changed as follows (*specify change only*):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA <input type="checkbox"/> AWC <input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> BPP <input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST <input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> MIN <input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP <input type="checkbox"/> PPA <input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (<i>Specify</i>) _____
<input type="checkbox"/> PRN <input type="checkbox"/> SDS	<input type="checkbox"/> SNG <input type="checkbox"/> SPL	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP <input type="checkbox"/> WWP	
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
<p>"The Realist" - Editor 33 Cornelia Street New York, New York</p>		<p>33 Cornelia Street New York, New York</p>	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number _____		Responsibility _____	

b3
b6
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REGISTERED MAIL

2-Bureau (RM)
[redacted] rk

Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

Chief Clerk
Close [redacted]

45

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum



b3
b6
b7C
b7E

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-)

DATE: 9/25/70

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

Place photographs and description on reverse side of geographical card.

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (*specify change only*):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA	<input type="checkbox"/> BPP	<input type="checkbox"/> MIN	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP
<input type="checkbox"/> AWC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST	<input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PPA
<input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (<i>Specify</i>) _____	
<input type="checkbox"/> PRN	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP	<input type="checkbox"/> WWP
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
<p>"The Realist" - Editor, 33 Cornelia Street New York, New York <i>from New York</i></p>		<p>33 Cornelia Street New York, New York</p>	
<p>S.I. CARDS FILED DATE: 10/26/70 BY: </p>			
Key-Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number 			

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REGIST

ureau (RM)
York

(3)

#5

SEARCHED INDEXED
 SERIALIZED FILED
 OCT 2 1970
 FBI - NEW YORK

10/28

NY 142

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

MEMORANDUM

b6
b7C

TO: SAC (94-2205) (45)

DATE: 10/2/70

FROM: SA [redacted] (41)

SUBJECT: REALIST ASSN., INC.

The information on the attached FD 302 was furnished on a confidential basis. The source no longer has custody of [redacted] was obtained. The source has furnished reliable information in the past.

The information on the FD 302 was made available by:

[redacted]

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The original longhand of the FD 302 is maintained as an attachment to this memorandum in captioned case file, serial

94-2205-12

INDEX:

[redacted]

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1
(2)

(PAUL KRASSNER) (45)

[redacted]

VERIFICATION OF INFORMATION ON SECURITY INDEX CARDS

MEMORANDUM RE: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Office File [redacted]

b3
b7E

The following is the most recent place of employment, employment address, and residence address of the above subject as contained on the subject's Security Index Card.

Residence: 33 Cornelia Street, New York, New York

Employment: Editor, The Realist, From Residence

Address:

Labor Union Affiliation:

Defense Facility Yes No Priority I II III
Key Facility Yes No Photo Yes No
Security Flash Yes No

It is requested that the place of employment, address of employment, residence address of the subject, as well as the accuracy of the priority tabbing, be verified and the proper notations be made below. The absence of a photograph and posting of a Security Flash should be noted and efforts made to secure a photograph and determine the existence of a criminal record.

A physical description based on personal observation of the subject appears in serial 1117 _____

Residence: SAME

Method of Verification: Neighborhood Pretext - New York Credit Bureau.

Neighborhood Source:

Date: 3/3/71
Verified by SA: [redacted]

NOTED
SI UNIT
DATE 4/14/71

b6
b7C

Employment: Same

Address: Same

Labor Union Affiliation:

Key Facility Yes No Date Checked 3/17/71
Defense Facility: Yes No 3/17/71
Priority I II III

Geographical Reference Number _____

b3
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Method of Verification:

Employment Source: Neighborhood Pretext - NY Credit Bureau

Date: 3/3/71
Verified by SA: [redacted]

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED
FEB 23 1971
FBI - NEW YORK
45A

ARMED AND DANGEROUS Yes No

Photograph on SI card is most current or best likeness of subject: Yes No

FD-122 should be submitted to Bureau: Yes No

A letterhead memorandum should be submitted to the Bureau and Secret Service: Yes No

File Reviewed 3/28/71

FEB 23 1971

Subject Meets SI Criteria
 Does not Meet SI Criteria

Agent's Initials [redacted]

Date 3/28/71

[redacted]
45A
[redacted]

2/26

ref. prior to 7/69 only

Date 2/24/71

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject

JAMES PAUL KRASSNER

Aliases

Address 33 Cornelia St, NYC Birth Date 4/9/32 Birthplace Brooklyn NY Race W Sex Male

- Exact Spelling, All References, Main Subversive Case Files Only, Subversive References Only, Main Criminal Case Files Only, Criminal References Only, Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References), Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References), Restrict to Locality of

Table with 4 columns: File & Serial Number, Remarks, File & Serial Number, Remarks. Contains handwritten entries for James P. Krassner and Jim Krassner.

Requested by [redacted] Squad 45A Extension [redacted] File No. [redacted]

Searched by [redacted] 3/1/71 (date)

Consolidated by [redacted] (date)

Reviewed by [redacted] 3/28/71 (date)

Symbols: I - Identical, NI - Not identical, ? - Not identifiable, U - Unavailable reference

SEARCHED SERIAL [redacted] INDEXED FILED [redacted] APR 5 1971 FBI - NEW YORK

b3 b6 b7C b7E



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
201 East 69th Street
New York, New York 10021

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

SA S.C. [redacted] #45A

March 9, 1971

b6
b7c

Honorable Patrick V. Murphy
Police Commissioner
New York City Police Department
240 Centre Street
New York, New York 10013

No Rec at Ident. Sec
3-11-71
[redacted]

My dear Commissioner:

It is requested that this Office be furnished the criminal record of: (last name followed by given name and middle).

Name: **KRASSNER, JAMES PAUL**

Also known as:

Address: **33 Cornelia Street, NY, NY**

Race: **White**
Sex: **Male**
Date of birth or age: **4/9/32**
Birthplace: **Brooklyn, NY**
Height: **5'4 1/4"**
Weight: **134 lbs.**
Hair: **Brown**
Eyes: **Brown**
Scars, tattoos or marks: **Acne scars on face**

Arrest number or previous arrest:

Photograph desired:

Sincerely yours,

John F. Malone
JOHN F. MALONE
ASSISTANT DIRECTOR IN CHARGE

[redacted]
MAR 12 1971
FBI-NEW YORK
[redacted]
[redacted]

MAR 12 1971
FBI-NEW YORK
FILED

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-¹⁷⁶⁻²⁶⁷)

DATE: MAR 29

FROM : SA [redacted] #44

SUBJECT: Paul Krassner (s) 10.00
33 Cornelia St.
New York, N.Y. 10014
(212) 924-3467

Above individual contributed the amount shown to the [redacted] per [redacted], who furnished the information SA [redacted] on 1/28/71, and 2/1/71. [redacted] was in a position to furnish reliable information.

A characterization of the [redacted] is maintained on the 14th floor.

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45A

[redacted]
(100)

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b7E

~~176-267~~



5010-106

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

KRASSNER, PAUL 10/68 100-162222-417 p4
430

YIPPIE LEADER
EDITOR OF THE REALIST

KRASSNER, PAUL 4/66 100-155897-1A20

FREE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK, Spring, 1966 issue.

KRASSNER, PAUL 8/67 100-154786-4880

BENEFIT PERFORMANCE VIETNAM
SUMMER
presumably the Editor and
Publisher of "THE REALIST"
Magazine.

KRASSNER, PAUL 3/68 100-162260-38
NEWSPAPER CLIPPING

The Village Voice: 3-21-68.

KRASSNER, PAUL 8/59 [redacted]
p. 1

Editor of the Realist 5/62 100-138440-116
Lectured at Libertarian
Center, NYC, on 8/7/59 on topic
Summer Camps and Regimentation

publication office 225 Lafayette St., NY 12

EDITOR - REALIST 2/65 [redacted]

Box 242, MADISON 4/65 145-2298-1 p2

SO. STATION, NY.
EDITOR - REALIST

KRASSNER, PAUL 12/68 100-163250-34 p2

b3
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2

KRASSNER, PAUL 4/69 100-162260-535

36 yrs. old
Editor of the Realist

KRASSNER, PAUL 11/64 100-90251-1A17 p3

KRASSNER, PAUL 9/67 100-161242-2 p2

KRASSNER, PAUL 8/64



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b7E

KRASSNER, PAUL 10/68 100-162049-56

Editor of the Realist, an underground journal

KRASSNER, PAUL 5/63 100-97078-1B254, 255 & 256

Photo

KRASSNER, PAUL 3/67 100-154786-4076
p416

KRASSNER, PAUL 8/65 100-155897- 12 p3
11/65 - 40 p3

KRASSNER, PAUL 3/68 100-162260-24 p2

4/68 - 85 p2

4/68 1A16

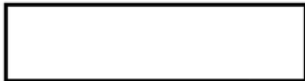
5/68 1A17

10/68 - 399

3

KRASSNER, PAUL

11/66



editor of "The Realist", Box 242, Madison Square Station, NYC

b3
b7E

KRASSNER, PAUL

7/70

100-170005-6

KRASSNER, PAUL

3/68

100-162260-12
NEWSPAPER CLIPPING

"WIN": 2-15-68

KRASSNER, PAUL

10/68

100-162260-333 p2

KRASSNER, PAUL

2/69

100-107419-1B214
(6)

NY

1/70

- 498/p2
- 5480 p.2.

KRASSNER, PAUL

5/70

100-162260-619 p5

101 Ave. A, REALIST, NYC
GR-7-3490

KRASSNER, PAUL

12/69

100-164826-51

KRASSNER, PAUL

4/69

100-165963-2

KRASSNER, PAUL

4/68

100-162260-52 p7
NEWSPAPER CLIPPING

THE VILLAGE VOICE

3/28/68

KRASSNER, PAUL

2/70

100-168721-1

KRASSNER, PAUL 3/68 100-162260-22
NEWSPAPER CLIPPING

Newark Evening News: 3-19-68

KRASSNER, PAUL 9/68 100-162222-323 p2

KRASSNER, PAUL 1/67 100-148047-1B29(5)
NEWSPAPER CLIPPING

11/65 100-97078-6069
editor of the "Realist" Magazine
NY UNIV. HEIGHTS DAILY NEWS: 12/14/66

11/65 100-155897-1A11

11/65 -144163-430

4/66 -1A18

KRASSNER, PAUL 1/67 LIBRARY

WORKER, 1/1/67 p 2 c 5
8/13/67 p12 c5 8/67

KRASSNER, PAUL 11/68 100-161993-1028

KRASSNER, PAUL 5/70 100-166908-33p35

1/71 -70 P15

1/71 P10

KRASSNER, PAUL 10/68 100-162941-214

Citizens' Comm. for Mc Reynolds for Congress

KRASSNER, PAUL 4/67 100-97078-1B287

KRASSNER, PAUL 6-70 100-165334-13

KRASSNER, PAUL 2/70 100-164951-29 p3

KRASSNER, PAUL 12/70 100-162260-1B12(1)

KRASSNER, PAUL 5/69 100-161145-355
10/69 -731

KRASSNER, PAUL 5/69 100-165904-1A1

KRASSNER, PAUL 4/70 100-162260-602 /

of the Realist

KRASSNER, PAUL 6/70 100-168948-161 p9

KRASSNER, PAUL 10/70 100-165008-24

101 Avenue A, NY

KRASSNER, PAUL, C. 6/64

aka of PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

KRASSNER, PAUL JAMES 9/68 176-267*

KRASSNER, PAUL JAMES 12/67 25-122671-6*

aka of Paul Krassner

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6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC (100-13489) (341)

DATE: APR 6 1971

FROM : SA [redacted] #341

SUBJECT: [redacted]

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IN VIEW OF THE HIGHLY SENSITIVE POSITIONS OF INFORMANTS MENTIONED IN THIS MEMORANDUM, EXTREME CAUTION MUST BE EXERCISED IN HANDLING THIS INFORMATION, AND NO ACTION TAKEN THAT CONCEIVABLY COULD JEOPARDIZE THE SECURITY OF THESE SOURCES OR REVEAL THEIR IDENTITIES.

In May, 1970, investigation in a Soviet matter led to the development of information to the effect that [redacted], a known KGB Illegal Support Officer, was observed mailing a letter in

b6
b7C

- 1 - [redacted] (341) (INFO)
- 1 - [redacted] (312)
- 1 - 100-7976 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-20128 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - 100-50738 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-63873 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-64389 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-66938 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-69078 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-69369 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-70557 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-81771 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-83378 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-88803 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-89955 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-91923 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-99667 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-104160 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-105531 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-110389 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - 100-112794 [redacted] (44)

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(COPIES CONT'D)

[redacted]
(62)
[redacted]

[redacted]

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 5 1971	
FBI-NEW YORK	

[redacted]

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NY 100-13489

(COPIES CONT'd)

- 1 - 100-117355 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-119739 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-120284 [redacted] (343)
- 1 - 100-128481 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-131839 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-134378 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-134719 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-135302 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-146275 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-146808 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-147610 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-148860 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-151475 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-152050 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-153201 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-153766 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-154123 [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 100-154416 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-154484 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-154675 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-156702 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-159231 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-161200 [redacted] (44)
- 1 - 100-163533 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-163547 [redacted] (42)
- 1 - 100-163719 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-164088 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-165123 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-165839 [redacted] (46)
- 1 - [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - [redacted] (41)
- 1 - [redacted] (KRASSNER) (45A)
- 1 - [redacted] (312)
- 1 - [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - [redacted] (34)
- 1 - [redacted] (42)
- 1 - [redacted] (42)
- 1 - [redacted] (45A)
- 1 - 157-2838 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 157-2488 [redacted] (43)

b3
b6
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NY 100-13489

a most clandestine manner from a town in NJ. This communication was addressed to a Post Office Box located in the Wall Street Station, NYC. The holder of this box was subsequently identified as [redacted], a Security Index subject of the NYO, NY 100-13489. [redacted] then resided in the Bronx, and still lives in that borough. The letter, however, was not addressed to [redacted] but to one [redacted], in care of the Post Office Box held by [redacted].

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The envelope, in which the letter was contained, was a plain white large business type; no return name or address appeared on the reverse side. Usually this is the case in incoming mail, except the possibility exists that the name of the person to whom it is addressed may appear on the reverse side of the envelopes.

NYO currently has [redacted]

In 1962, [redacted] furnished considerable information about [redacted] both Security Index subjects of the NYO.

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In 1963, [redacted] advised that [redacted]

In view of the above, a discreet survey of Post Office Box holders in the Borough of Manhattan was conducted. A copy of this memorandum is being disseminated to the NYO case file of each Security Index subject believed to be identical with the holder of the Post Office Box designated on the attached.

This is being done to alert the case agents handling these Security Index subjects to the possibility that any of these subjects who are Post Office Box holders may be [redacted]

NY 100-13489

as part of an Illegal operation using this technique as an accommodation mail drop.

The possibility also exists that these same subjects may also be part of a CP or New Left/Revolutionary apparatus using these Post Office Box holders as accommodation drops.

MASS 2, 1902

Re: [illegible]

370

1. 3. 02



KRASSNER, PAUL

249

MAD

Mothers of the American Revolution

KRASSNER PAUL

249

MAD

Mothers OF The American Revolution

FOR POST OFFICE USE ONLY	TYPE OF IDENTIFICATION (Driver's license, military identification, other; show identification number.) POLICE DEPT. Pass ID CARD Expires 4/30/70	DATE BOX OPENED # [] MAR 3 - 1970	DATE BOX CLOSED MAR 3 - 1970	BOX NO. 140
	APPLICANT PLEASE NOTE: Completion of this application signifies your willingness to comply with all postal rules relative to the renting and use of Post Office boxes.			
NAME OF APPLICANT (Print or type) Paul Krassner (Editor)				
NAME OF FIRM OR CORPORATION (If box is rented for use of either) The Realist				
KIND OF BUSINESS Magazine				
BUSINESS ADDRESS (No., street, and ZIP code) 101 Ave. A, New York, N.Y. 10009			TELEPHONE NO. GR 7 - 3490	
HOME ADDRESS (No., street, and ZIP code) 101 Ave. A, New York, N.Y. 10009			TELEPHONE NO. CA 8 - 6622	
SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT X Paul Krassner		DATE OF APPLICATION 2/17/70		
ADDRESSES VERIFIED BY 1624		TELEPHONE NUMBERS VERIFIED BY		

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February 17, 1970

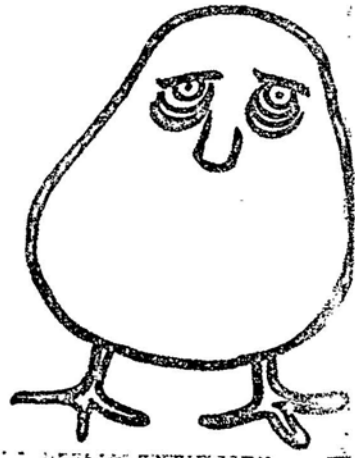
To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that I am the editor of The Realist magazine, and wish to receive mail at a post office box in the Village Station.

Paul Krassner
Paul Krassner



box
379
stuyvesant
station
new
york
n. y.
10009
gr 7-3490



MOTHERS OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION _____

247
249

MAD. SQ.

Paul Krassner

(Original card to Inspector Room 4006, on
March 23, 1965)

b6

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P.O. BOX 379 STUYVESANT
STA. RECEIVES CHECKS
THROUGH THE MAIL WHICH
DOES NOT DELIVER MERCHANDISE
ORDERED

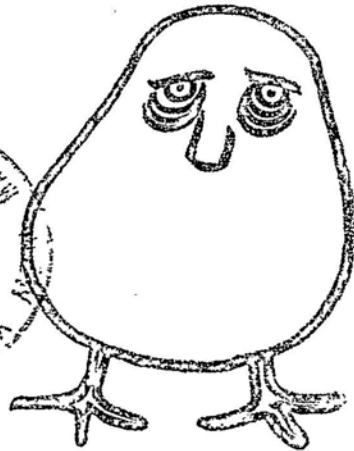


12/7/66

The Realist

b6
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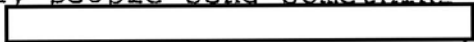
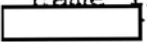
box
242
madison
square
station
new
york
n. y.
10010



gr 7-3490

New Address:
Box 379, Stuyvesant Sta.
New York, N. Y. 10009

lemen:

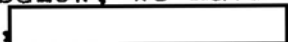
re Box 379 at Stuyvesant Station. Could you
se send us a ~~xxxxx~~ letter so that employees
e don't find it necessary to say "So-and-so
t allowed to get mail care of your box number."
Realist is a periodical which receives mail
assed mainly to The Realist, often to me,
Krassner (I am the editor), my secretary,
la Campion; occasionally people send something
name in the staff box 
); and since there are different article--
ers each month, sometimes a letter is addressed
specific ~~xxx~~ author c/o The Realist. This is a
cal procedure, and we are certainly not trying
eat the Post Office of its box rent fees.

Thank you for your help,

Paul Krassner

11/25/66

To Whom It May Concern:

Since originally applying for the box
stamped below, we have an addition
employee  who will be

NOV
28
1966

The Realist

FOR POST OFFICE USE ONLY	POST OFFICE STUYVESANT STATION YORK, N.Y. 10009	DATE BOX OPENED 7/19/66	DATE BOX CLOSED	BOX NO. 379
--------------------------	--	----------------------------	-----------------	----------------

APPLICANT PLEASE NOTE: Completion of this application signifies your willingness to comply with rules relative to the renting and use of Post Office boxes.

NAME OF APPLICANT (Print or type) EDITOR - PAUL KRASSNER	TYPE OF IDENTIFICATION DRAFT CARD
---	--------------------------------------

NAME OF FIRM OR CORPORATION (If box is rented for use of either) THE REALIST -

KIND OF BUSINESS PUBLICATION - SATIRICAL

BUSINESS ADDRESS (No., street, and ZIP code) <input type="checkbox"/> 101 Ave. A NY 10009	TELEPHONE NO. GR 7-3490
--	----------------------------

HOME ADDRESS (No., street, and ZIP code) 213 E. 21 NY 10010	TELEPHONE NO. CA 8-6622
--	----------------------------

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT X Paul Krassner	DATE OF APPLICATION 7/13/66
---	--------------------------------

ADDRESSES VERIFIED	TELEPHONE NUMBERS VERIFIED BY
--------------------	-------------------------------

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b7c

11/25/66

To Whom It May Concern:

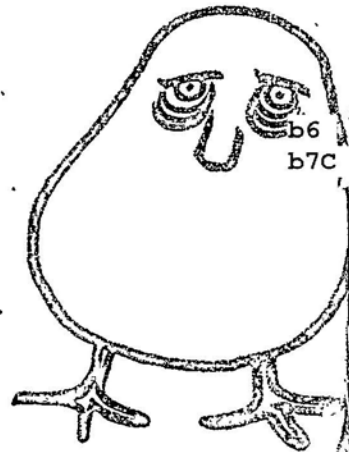
Since originally applying for the box stamped below we have an addition employee, [redacted] who will be receiving mail with her name on the envelope c/o The Realist. The local post office personnel said we should apply to you with this information.

Thank you, [redacted]

Paul Krassner, editor
New Address:
Box 379, Stuyvesant Sta.
New York, N. Y. 10009

JV
28
1966

The Realist



APR 13 1971

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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Director [redacted]
United States Secret Service
Department of the Treasury
Washington, D. C. 20220

Re: James Paul Krassner

Dear Sir:

The information furnished herewith concerns an individual who is believed to be covered by the agreement between the FBI and Secret Service concerning Presidential protection, and to fall within the category or categories checked.

1. Has attempted or threatened bodily harm to any government official or employee, including foreign government officials residing in or planning an imminent visit to the U. S., because of his official status.
2. Has attempted or threatened to redress a grievance against any public official by other than legal means.
3. Because of background is potentially dangerous; or has been identified as member or participant in communist movement; or has been under active investigation as member of other group or organization inimical to U. S.
4. U. S. citizens or residents who defect from the U. S. to countries in the Soviet or Chinese Communist blocs and return.
5. Subversives, ultrarightists, racists and fascists who meet one or more of the following criteria:
 - (a) Evidence of emotional instability (including unstable residence and employment record) or irrational or suicidal behavior;
 - (b) Expressions of strong or violent anti-U. S. sentiment;
 - (c) Prior acts (including arrests or convictions) or conduct or statements indicating a propensity for violence and antipathy toward good order and government.
6. Individuals involved in illegal bombing or illegal bomb-making.

Photograph has been furnished enclosed is not available
 may be available through _____

45A

Very truly yours,

J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

[redacted signature area]

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED
~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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- 2- Bureau
- 1 - Special Agent in Charge (Enclosure(s)
U. S. Secret Service , NYC (RM)
- 1- New York

[redacted] (s) (1)
(4)

(Upon removal of classified enclosures, if any, this transmittal form becomes UNCLASSIFIED.)

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 4/13/71	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 3/3 - 3/28/71
TITLE OF CASE PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY [Redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE SM - ANARCHIST	

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REFERENCE:

NY report of SA [Redacted]

1/22/69.

ADMINISTRATIVE:

The pretext on 3/3/71 was conducted by SA [Redacted] under the guise of a representative of the New York Credit Bureau in subject's neighborhood.

ACCOMPLISHED			CLAIMED		<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN: PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input type="checkbox"/> NO
CONVIC.	AUTO.	FUG.	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE			b3 b6 b7C b7E
5- Bur [Redacted] (RM)			
1- SS [Redacted] (RM)			
3- New York [Redacted]			
#45			

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				Notation [Redacted]
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

[Redacted]

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Where Located

*

NY T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-2

[Redacted]

PSI

NY T-3

[Redacted]

NY T-4

[Redacted]

NY T-5

[Redacted]

94-2205-7 ✓

[Redacted]

94-2205-9
-11

NY T-6

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-7

[Redacted]

94-2205-12

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b7E

b3
b7D
b7E

[REDACTED]

The other confidential sources mentioned in the Miscellaneous section of this report who were unable to furnish any current information regarding KRASSNER are as follows:

[REDACTED]

- [Redacted]
1. Subject's name is included in the Security Index Agitator Index Reserve Index.
 2. The data appearing on the Security Index Card Agitator Index Card are current.
 3. The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card A B are current have been changed.
 4. Changes on the Security Index Card Agitator Index Card are necessary and Form FD-122 FD-397 submitted to the Bureau.
 5. A suitable photograph is, is not available.
Date photograph was taken 1/68
 6. Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____
 7. This report is classified "Confidential" because
(state reason)
it contains information from NY T-2 and NY T-3, the unauthorized disclosure of which could impair their effectiveness and thereby be injurious to the national defense.
 8. Subject previously interviewed (dates) 9/25/68, 1/10/69, 1/15/69.
 Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
he is engaged as editor of "The Realist", a sensational type publication, and might seek to exploit an interview by the Bureau, thus causing embarrassment to same.
 9. This case no longer meets the Security Index Agitator Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation.
 10. This case has been reevaluated in the light of the Security Index Agitator Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason)
he continues to be the editor of "The Realist" and is active in the affairs of the Youth International Party (YIP).
 11. Subject's SI card is tabbed Priority I Priority II Priority III.
 Subject's activities warrant such tabbing because (state reasons)
of #10 above.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1- Secret Service, NYC (In)

Report of: [redacted]

Office: New York, New York

Date: 4/13/71

Field Office File #: [redacted]

Bureau File #: [redacted]

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Title: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character: SECURITY MATTER - AMBROSIO

Synopsis: PAUL KRASSNER resides at 33 Cornelia Street, NYC and is editor of "The Realist". He participated in the Woodstock Festival and in the protest of the trial of the "Chicago Eight". He is active in the Movement Speakers Bureau, continues to be a supporter of the Youth International Party. Other sources unable to furnish any current information.

- 0 -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

A. Residence and Employment

On March 3, 1971 it was determined by means of a suitable pretext conducted by a Special Agent (SA) of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) that KRASSNER resides at 33 Cornelia Street, New York City (NYC) and is self employed at this address as editor of "The Realist", a monthly left wing publication which supports FIDEL CASTRO in Cuba, and is critical of the United States Government and its policies.

~~CONFIDENTIAL
GROUP 1
Excluded from automatic
downgrading and
declassification~~

[Redacted]

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A. Arrest Record

The records of the Security and Investigation Section, Intelligence Division, New York City Police Department were caused to be searched by SA [Redacted] on April 8, 1971 with negative results.

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II. ACTIVITIES

1. Woodstock Festival

[Redacted]

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NY T-1
July 30, 1969

[Redacted]

NY T-1
August 20, 1969

B. Speeches

[Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

b3
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[Redacted]

b7D

NY T-2
July 6, 1969

A characterization of [Redacted] is
attached in the appendix hereto.

[Redacted]

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NY T-3
August 18, 1970

[Redacted]

NY T-4
November 24, 1969

A characterization of [Redacted]
is attached in the Appendix hereto.

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C. Support of the "Chicago Eight" (Eight individuals who
were arrested and tried in Chicago, Illinois for conspiracy to
disrupt the 1968 Democratic National Convention).

[Redacted]

NY T-1
September 18, 1969
September 18, 1969
October 30, 1969

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

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b7D

NY T-1
October 30, 1969

D. Financial

[Redacted]

b7D

[Redacted]

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This information is not to be made public except in a usual proceeding following issuance of a subpoena duces tecum directed to [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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2. Movement Speakers Bureau

[Redacted]

NY T-3
August 18, 1970

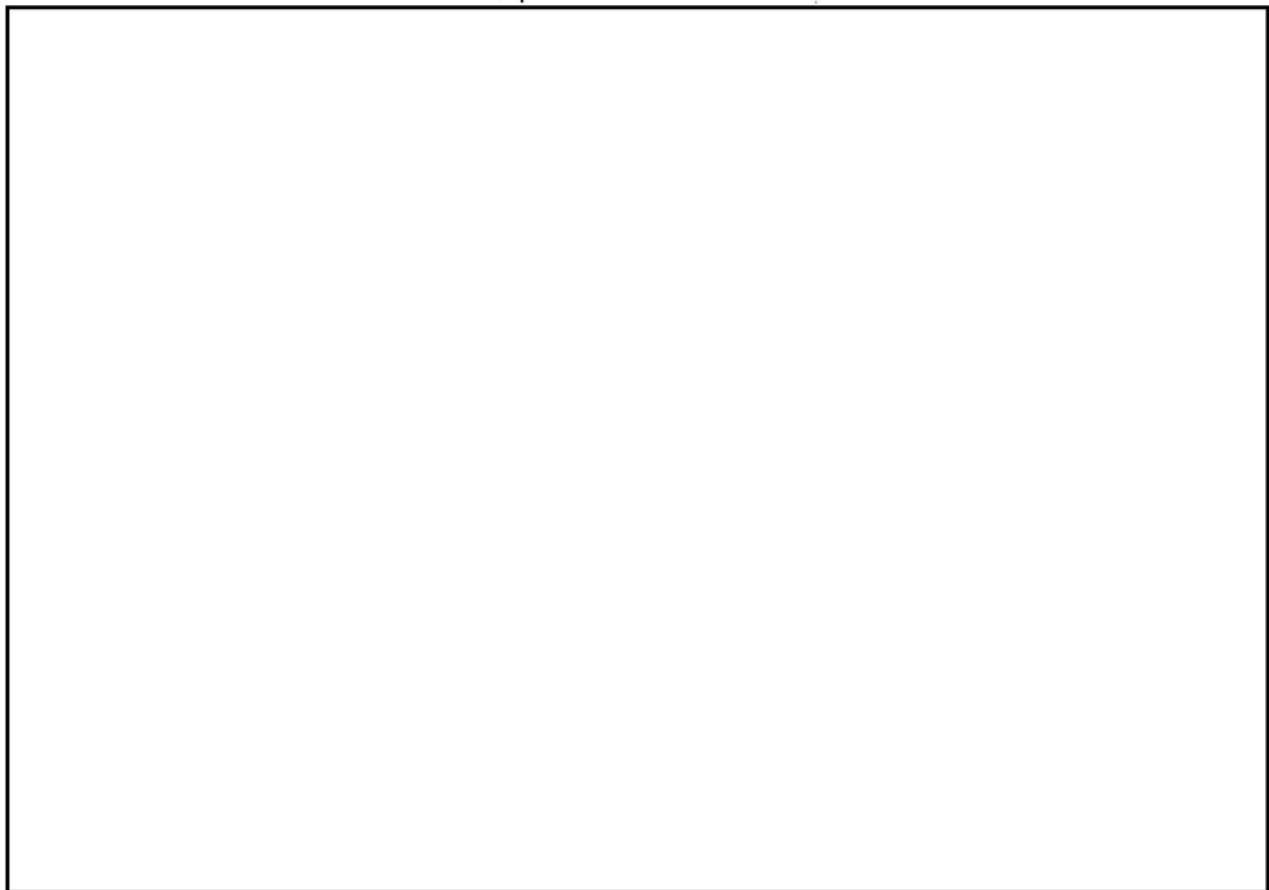
III. MISCELLANEOUS

Other confidential sources who are familiar with Communist Party and "New Left" activity in the New York City area were contacted in March, 1971 and all advised that they could furnish no current information regarding KRASSNER's activities.

DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 04-08-2024 BY: [redacted]

1.

APPENDIX



b7D

A source advised on January 26, 1971, that
[redacted] was at that time defunct.

[Redacted]

1.

APPENDIX

[Large Redacted Area]

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On May 7, 1970, a second source advised that the [Redacted] is located [Redacted]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
April 13, 1971

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No

[Redacted]

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Title James Paul Krossner

Character Security Matter - Marxist

Reference is made to report of Special Agent
[Redacted] dated and captioned as above.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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Memorandum

TO : SAC (██████████) NY 100-1245 DATE: APR 29 1971

FROM : SA ██████████ (#21)

SUBJECT: REALIST MAGAZINE
SM - C

On 4/22/71, ██████████ Church of Scientology, Hotel Martinique, 49 West 32nd Street, NYC, whose personal telephone number is ██████████ telephonically contacted the writer to convey some information from the Legal Research Department of this Church. ██████████ had been contacted approximately a year and a half ago concerning his knowledge of a fugitive deserter, who had been a member of this Church and whose military deserter status with the Army was being handled by the Army through the Conscious Objector Section.

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██████████ stated that their Legal Research Department had gathered some information concerning Realist Magazine, which had published articles against the Church of Scientology, without benefit of this Church being able to refuse them. The Legal Research Department had a report indicating that the editor of Realist Magazine is PAUL KRASSNER and that this magazine stopped its publication in NY at 33 Cornelia Street, NYC, and that the equipment and office furniture was auctioned on approximately one and a half months ago and removed by truck. They will publish "Whole Earth Magazine", Portland Institute, Meadowlow Park, California. ██████████ stated that an investigation by the Legal Research Department near 33 Cornelia Street indicated that the FBI has made inquiries concerning Realist Magazine and he was therefore furnishing this information concerning their move.

*to see if
Shel's Bar on
mat - 7D-105
will be checked
GENERAL but
verify also*

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To: [unclear]
Att. [unclear] and [unclear]
List [unclear]

Paul Krassner

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
APR 29 1971
FBI - NEW YORK

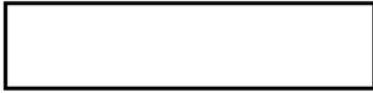
574 #48
██████████
(1) ██████████ #21
(43)

OPEN (OR PROBABLY CASE)
ORIGIN DATE
SUBJ

S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan



New York, New York
May 21, 1971



b3
b7E

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

CHARACTER: SM-AKA

REFERENCE: NY REPORT DATED 4/13/71

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: Unknown

Employment: Unknown

2-Bureau (RM)
1-Secret Service (NY)
1-New York



(4)

DISSEMINATED TO
SECRET SERVICE
ON 5/21/71



b3
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b7E



Searched
Serialized
Indexed
Filed



Director, FBI (Bufile- [redacted])

5/21/71

b3
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b7E

SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM-ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA <input type="checkbox"/> AWC <input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> BPP <input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST <input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input type="checkbox"/> MIN <input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP <input type="checkbox"/> PPA <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify) <u>VERIFICATION PENDING</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> PRN <input type="checkbox"/> SDS	<input type="checkbox"/> SNG <input type="checkbox"/> SPL	<input type="checkbox"/> SWP <input type="checkbox"/> WWP	
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any.		Residence Address	
Unknown		Unknown	
Key Facility Data		Geographical Reference Number _____ Responsibility _____	

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REGISTERED MAIL

2-Bureau
1-New York

[redacted]

(3) 45

[redacted]
Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

[redacted]

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

5/18/71

SAC, NEW YORK [redacted] (P)

b3
b7E

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA
(CO: NY)

Enclosed for the San Francisco Office is one photo of the subject.

Subject is on the Security Index of the New York Office, Priority II, and is the founder and editor of "The Realist", an East Coast publication founded over ten years ago and continually pro "New Left", and is a former Key Activist.

Recent information received by the NYO indicates "The Realist" stopped publication in New York and will republish with "Whole Earth Magazine", Portland Institute, Menlo Park, California. The original information listed the address as in Meadowlow Park, but no such place could be located by the NYO.

In March, 1971, an issue of a magazine was published and was entitled "The Realist presents: The Last Supplement to the Whole Earth Catalog". The last page of this issue states the Realist/March - April/Number 89, published every other month by The Realist Association, a non-profit corporation; publishing office: 595 Broadway, New York, New York. Editor and ring leader: PAUL KRASSNER, 1161 Post Street, San Francisco, California.

It should be noted that KRASSNER has been a spokesman for the New Left Committee in New York and around the country for the past ten years and has appeared on such television shows as JOHNNY CARSON, WILLIAM BUCKLEY and DICK CAVETTE and has been quoted by many of the well-known magazines in the country.

- 2 - San Francisco (Enc. 1) (RM)
- 1 - New York

[redacted]
 (3)
 [redacted]

[redacted]

Searched
 Serialized
 Indexed
 Filed

[redacted]

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b6
b7C
b7E

[REDACTED]

Following is a description and background:

Name	PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
Sex	Male
Race	White
Date of Birth	4/9/32
Place of Birth	Brooklyn, New York
Height	5' 4½"
Weight	140 pounds
Hair	Dark brown, long, curly
Eyes	Brown
Scars	Acne

San Francisco is requested to verify subject's presence in the San Francisco area and advise New York.

New York will await results of San Francisco investigation and submit FD-128.

7/22/71

AIRTEL

TO: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

FROM: SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA
(OO: NY)

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Re New York letter to San Francisco, dated 5/18/71.

Subject is on the Security Index of New York, Priority II, and is the founder and editor of "The Realist", an East Coast publication, founded over ten years ago and continually pro "New Left", and is a former Key Activist.

San Francisco is requested to expeditiously cover leads as set forth in referenced New York letter and submit results to New York.

2 - San Francisco (RM)
① - New York

(4)

Chief Clerk
Post

Searched _____
Serialized _____
Indexed _____
Filed _____

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-)

DATE: 5/21/71

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FROM : SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM-ANA
(OO: NEW YORK)

Corrected Security Index Cards attached. Substitute for cards in file and remove old cards. Place photograph and description on reverse side of geographical card.

Re: _____

It is recommended that a Security Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The Security Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

Name			
Aliases		<input type="checkbox"/> Native Born <input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized <input type="checkbox"/> Alien	Tab <input type="checkbox"/> Priority I <input type="checkbox"/> Priority II <input type="checkbox"/> Priority III
<input type="checkbox"/> ANA	<input type="checkbox"/> BPP	<input type="checkbox"/> MIN	<input type="checkbox"/> PLP
<input type="checkbox"/> AWC	<input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNIST	<input type="checkbox"/> NOI	<input type="checkbox"/> PPA
<input type="checkbox"/> BNT	<input type="checkbox"/> JFG	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (Specify) <u>VERIFICATION PENDING</u>	
<input type="checkbox"/> SWP	<input type="checkbox"/> PRN	<input type="checkbox"/> SNC	<input type="checkbox"/> WWP
Date of Birth	Place of Birth	Race	Sex <input type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any. Unknown		Residence Address Unknown	
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number		Responsibility	

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REGISTERED MAIL

2-Bureau
1-New York

(3) 45

SEARCHED _____
SERIALIZED _____ FILED _____
JUN 1 1971
FBI - NEW YORK

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

DATE: 7/30/71

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FROM : [redacted] SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-70452) (P)

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
SM - ANA
OO: New York

Re New York letter to San Francisco, dated 5/18/71.

1161 Post Street, San Francisco, California, the address shown for Subject in referenced communication is the location of L-S Distributors Mailing Service, telephone 771-0330. Visual observation of this location on 6/30/71 determined that it is a downtown office for an out-of-town newspaper distribution organization and mailing service. Telephonic pretext of this organization by SA [redacted] on 7/28/71, attempting to contact PAUL KRASSNER for unspecified reasons, determined from an unidentified male that while PAUL KRASSNER could be contacted at this location, he is "in and out quite a bit." The unidentified man suggested that he could be contacted by mail directed to 1161 Post Street since his secretary picks up his mail there every day.

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On 7/2/71, San Francisco Telephone Directory Assistance advised that a new listing appeared for PAUL KRASSNER, [redacted] as telephone number [redacted]. Visual observation at [redacted] determined that it is occupied by one [redacted]. A note appears next to [redacted] mailbox as follows: "Please put mail for PAUL KRASSNER and The Realist at [redacted] next door."

[redacted] which has been converted into an apartment.

New York should submit FD-128.

- ② - New York (RM)
- 2 - San Francisco

[redacted]

(4)

[redacted]

SEARCHED [] INDEXED []
SERIALIZED [] FILED []

115

FBI - NEW YORK

[redacted]

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New York, New York
August 13, 1971



b3
b7E

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

CHARACTER: SM - SUBVERSIVE

REFERENCE: Memorandum dated 5/21/71.

Referenced communication contained subject's residence and/or employment address. A recent change has been determined and is being set forth below (change only specified):

Residence: 2230 Larkin Street
San Francisco, California

Employment: UNKNOWN

2-Bureau (RM)
1 Secret Service (NY)RM
New York



*Documented
to Secret Service
8-13-71*

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SEARCHED _____
SERIALIZED _____
INDEXED _____



Director, FBI (Bufile - [redacted])

8/13/71

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b7E

SAC NEW YORK [redacted]

~~PAUL JAMES KRASSNER~~
~~SNI - SUBVERSIVE~~
(OO: SAN FRANCISCO)

The captioned individual has been the subject of a security or racial investigation by this office. The SAN FRANCISCO Division has verified the permanent presence of the subject in its division as residing and working at the addresses listed below. The SAN FRANCISCO Division is being considered the new office of origin.

Business Address, Name of Employing Concern and Address, Nature of Employment, and Union Affiliation, if any. UNKNOWN	Residence address [redacted] California
---	--

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Key Facility Data

Geographical Reference Number _____ Responsibility _____

Check the following applicable statements:

This individual is the subject of a Security Index Card Agitator Index Card. Reserve Index Card.
 (The Bureau is requested to make the appropriate changes in the Security Index Agitator Index at the Seat of Government. The SAN FRANCISCO Division should affix the addresses indicated above and the appropriate case file number.)

This subject is tabbed Priority _____

This subject was carried as a Top Functionary.

Handwriting specimens have been furnished to the Bureau.

A photograph has been furnished to the Bureau.

Dissemination made Secret Service locally re above information.

A security flash notice has been placed on subject and a copy of this form is being designated for the Identification Division for appropriate action.

The following pertinent items are being forwarded to the new Office of Origin with its copies of this letter:

Security Index Cards (3)

Agitator Index Card

Reserve Index Cards

Serials (specify) (see page 2)

Photograph of subject (check appropriate item listed below)

Negative and three copies of most recent or best likeness photograph.

None available.

Previously furnished.

0-1 8/16/71
RUC 8/19/71
re 78-128

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2 Bureau (Registered Mail)
2 San Francisco (100-70422) (RM)
1 New York

FD-366 to Secret Service dated 8/13/71
At the New York Office.

STAMPED 3/4/72

Chief Clerk

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

Enclosed for the San Francisco Office are the following serials:

- X 1) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted] dated 8/13/62.
- X 2) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted] dated 12/17/62.
- 3) Bureau letter to NEW YORK, dated 12/18/63.
- X 4) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted], dated 2/24/64.
- X 5) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted], dated 6/22/64.
- 6) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted], dated 5/17/65.
- X 7) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted], dated 5/17/67.
- 8) NEW YORK Airtel to Bureau, dated 10/2/67.
- X 9) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted] dated 9/26/63.
- 10) NEW YORK FD-122 to the Bureau dated 9/27/63.
- ~~11) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted] dated 9/26/63.~~
- X 12) KANSAS CITY Report of SA [redacted] dated 10/3/63.
- 13) Bureau letter to the ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL dated 10/10/63.
- 14) NEW YORK FD-105 to the Bureau dated 10/28/63.

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Enclosures continued

15) LOS ANGELES Report of SA [redacted]
dated 10/29/68.

16) Bureau letter to NEW YORK dated 10/29/68.

X dated 11/19/68. 17) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted]

X dated 1/9/69. 18) NEW YORK Airtel and LHM to the Bureau

19) NEW YORK Teletype to the Bureau dated 1/10/69.

X dated 2/5/69. 20) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted]

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X dated 4/22/69. 21) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted]

22) NEW YORK letter to the Bureau, dated 6/26/69.

X dated 7/22/69. 23) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted]

24) Bureau letter to NEW YORK, dated 7/31/69.

X dated 4/27/70. 25) NEW YORK letter and LHM to the Bureau *was this sent to SS ny*

X dated 4/13/71. 26) NEW YORK Report of SA [redacted]

Three Security Index cards are also enclosed.

San Francisco is in receipt of all pertinent information in this case.

201 East 69th Street
New York, New York 10021
July 10, 1975

Special Agent in Charge
United States Secret Service
United States Custom House,
Room 623
6 World Trade Center
New York, New York 10048

RE: Paul James Krassner

Dear Sir:

The following listed reports concerning
captioned individual have been declassified:

New York Report of Special Agent (SA)
[redacted], November 19, 1968.

New York Report of SA [redacted],
February 5, 1969.

New York Report of SA [redacted],
April 22, 1969.

New York Report of SA [redacted],
July 22, 1969.

New York Report of SA [redacted],
April 13, 1971.

Very truly

J. WALLACE LA PRADE
Assistant Director in Charge

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b7C

SEARCHED
SERIALIZED
INDEXED
FILED

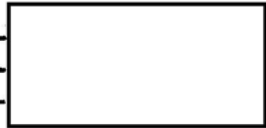
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1445848-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 36

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- Page 32 ~ Duplicate;
- Page 33 ~ Duplicate;
- Page 34 ~ Duplicate;
- Page 35 ~ Duplicate;
- Page 48 ~ Duplicate;
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April 19, 1962

37698

Airtel

To: SAC, New York

From: Director, FBI

PAUL KRASSNER
INTERNAL SECURITY - Cuba

Reurairtel dated April 12, 1962, concerning [redacted]

In view of Krassner's close association with [redacted] and his activity in the Fair Play for Cuba Committee and the Libertarian League, you are requested to open case looking toward inclusion of Krassner's name in Reserve Index, Section A. Investigation should be limited to discreet contact with established sources and informants and thorough search of files. Surep together with your recommendation regarding Reserve Index status at early date.

For your information, the October, 1958, issue of "The Realist" included critical comments by Krassner concerning the Director's book "Masters of Deceit." Krassner ridiculed the belief that communism was caused by lack of faith and took the occasion to denounce religious groups in general.

NOTE: Memorandum 4-18-62, [redacted] to [redacted] concerning subject states above action being taken. February 1962, issue of "The Realist" contained article by [redacted] attacking the Director and set forth information that Krassner, the atheistic editor of "The Realist," has been associated with several radical and subversive groups in the past. All information in Bureau files concerning Krassner known to be in possession of New York except October 1958, issue of "The Realist."

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APR 25 1962

ACT - 17

MAILED 4
APR 20 1962
COMM-FBI

19 APR 23 1962

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson	_____
Belmont	_____
Mohr	_____
Callahan	_____
Conrad	_____
DeLoach	✓
Evans	✓
Glavin	_____
Rosen	_____
Sullivan	_____
Tavel	_____
Trotter	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holmes	_____
Gandy	_____

TO :

[Redacted]

DATE: April 18, 1962

FROM :

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

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Reference my memorandum 4-16-62 captioned [Redacted] IS - Cuba," which concerned article written by [Redacted] in [Redacted] 1962, issue of "The Realist" attacking the Director. This memorandum sets forth pertinent information in our files concerning Paul Krassner, editor of "The Realist," as well as information concerning this magazine itself:

Krassner is a self-proclaimed atheist and has been affiliated with several radical and subversive groups in the past. During December, 1958, Krassner was listed as a speaker for a program sponsored by the so-called "Libertarian Center," New York City, and his topic was "The Pertinence of Atheism to Social Struggles." He was again listed as a speaker by the Libertarian Center in August, 1959. Bufiles show that the Libertarian Center is connected with the Libertarian League which publishes the periodical "Views and Comments," identified as an anarchist publication which advocates a system of no government and no money.

During December, 1960, Krassner participated in a tour of Cuba sponsored by the pro-Castro Fair Play for Cuba Committee.

Concerning "The Realist," review of February, 1962, issue as well as a previous issue available in our files reveals that this publication carries various articles of a radical and sensational nature many of which are devoted to advocating "free sex" and which are degrading. For example, February, 1962, issue includes article advocating premarital sex relations for 17-year-old girls.

The October, 1958, issue of "The Realist" included critical comments by Krassner of the Director's book "Masters of Deceit." Krassner ridiculed the belief that communism was caused by lack of faith and took the occasion to denounce religious groups in general.

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[Redacted]

REC-1

VLB 12

ST-115

RECEIVED DIRECTOR

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Sub C

AUG 31 1962

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7769-20110

RECORDED COPY IN

Memorandum to
Re: PAUL KRASSNER

ACTION:

The New York Office has been instructed to incorporate all information contained in its files concerning Krassner into a report and submit its recommendation with respect to the inclusion of subject's name in the Reserve Index.

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✓

The Attorney General

May 1, 1962

Director, FBI

PERSONAL

①
PAUL KRASSNER
SECURITY MATTER - COMMUNIST
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

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On April 30, 1962, one of our sources advised as follows:

BI

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-5-96 BY

[Redacted]

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b7D

[Redacted]

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

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REC-9

When our source relayed the information to [Redacted] on April 29, 1962.

[Redacted]

1 - [Redacted]
1 - [Redacted]

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67

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT
1962(13)

AUG 20 1962

UNRECORDED COPY FILED

The Attorney General

Our files indicate Krassner is an atheist who characterizes "The Realist," a monthly publication, as "the magazine of applied paranoia," as "irreverent," and as a publication of free thought, criticism and satire. Krassner traveled to Cuba in December, 1960, under the sponsorship of the pro-Castro Fair Play for Cuba Committee and, in the past, has addressed meetings sponsored by the Libertarian League. The Libertarian League publishes a periodical entitled "Views and Comments," which is self-identified as an anarchist publication advocating a system of no government and no money.

The foregoing information is being furnished to Special Assistant to the President P. Kenneth O'Donnell.

NOTE:

See cover memo [redacted] to [redacted] 4/30/62, captioned "Paul Krassner, Security Matter - Communist, Internal Security - Cuba," prepared by [redacted]

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Special 1

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May 1, 1962

BY COURIER SERVICE

PERSONAL

Honorable P. Kenneth O'Donnell
Special Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Mr. O'Donnell:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED #9343
DATE 11-5-96 BY [redacted]

REC'D - READING ROOM
MAY 1 2 36 PM '62

On April 30, 1962, one of our sources advised as

follows:

[Large redacted block]

[Large redacted block]

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UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

TELETYPE UNIT

SEE NOTE, PAGE 2

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Special 2

Honorable P. Kenneth O'Donnell



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Our files indicate Krassner is an atheist who characterizes "The Realist," a monthly publication, as "the magazine of applied paranoia," as "irreverent," and as a publication of free thought, criticism and satire. Krassner traveled to Cuba in December, 1960, under the sponsorship of the pro-Castro Fair Play for Cuba Committee and, in the past, has addressed meetings sponsored by the Libertarian League. The Libertarian League publishes a periodical entitled "Views and Comments," which is self-identified as an anarchist publication advocating a system of no government and no money.

The foregoing information is being furnished to the general.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Hoover memo [redacted] to [redacted] 4/30/62 captioned [redacted] Matter - Communist, Internal Security - prepared by [redacted]

b6
b7C

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: [Redacted]

DATE: April 30, 1962

FROM: [Redacted]

SUBJECT: ⁽¹⁾ PAUL KRASSNER
SECURITY MATTER - COMMUNIST
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

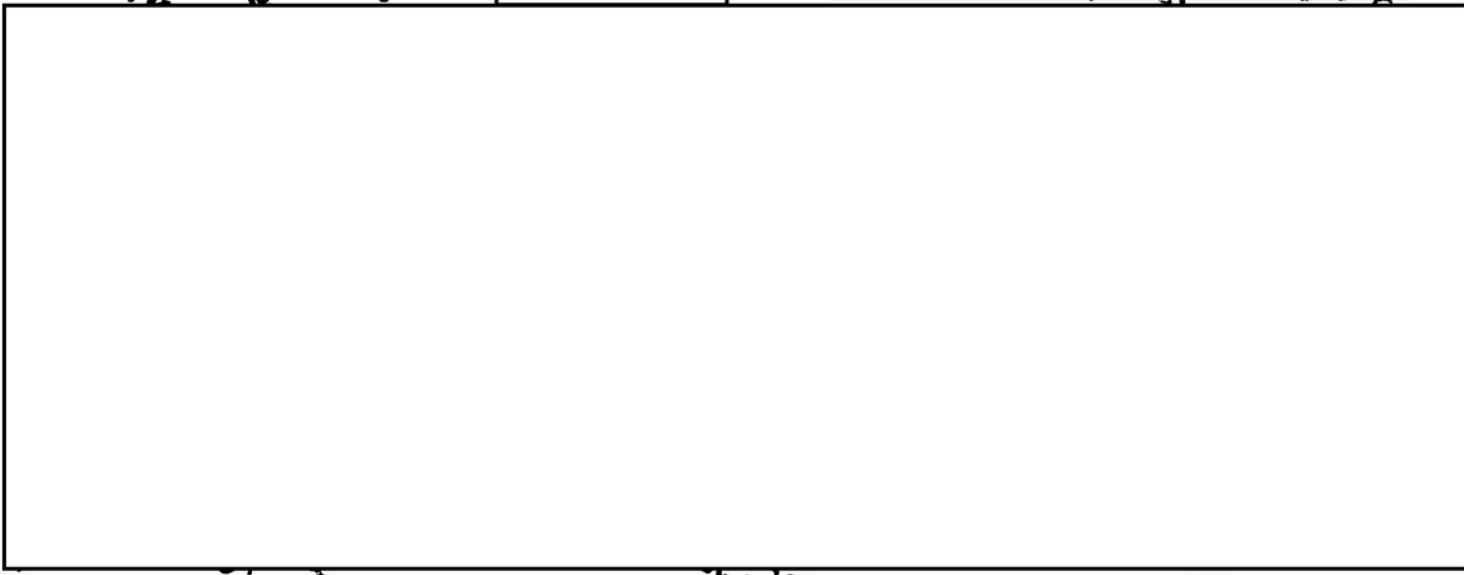
- Tolson _____
- Belmont _____
- Mohr _____
- Callahan _____
- Conrad _____
- DeLoach _____
- Evans _____
- Mala _____
- Rose _____
- Sullivan _____
- Tavel _____
- Trotter _____
- Tele. Room _____
- Holmes _____ b6
- Gandy _____ b7C

- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]
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- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]
- 1 - [Redacted]

Krassner, the atheist editor of the scandal sheet known as "The Realist," reportedly will publish article in next issue, scheduled for release in next week or ten days, which will present "documentary proof" that President Kennedy once was married to daughter of wealthy New Jersey family.

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On April 30, 1962, ASAC [Redacted], New York Office, orally advised Inspector [Redacted] that [Redacted]



OBSERVATIONS:

REC-58

A previous allegation concerning the President similar to this was furnished the White House, at which time Special Assistant to the President P. Kenneth O'Donnell informed Assistant Director Evans

Enclosures 2 sent 5-1-62
1 - [Redacted]
1 - [Redacted]

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(11) 63 MAY 11 1962

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-5-96 BY [Redacted]

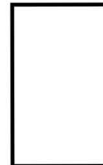
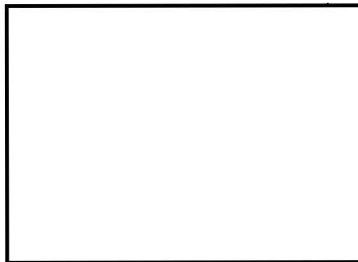
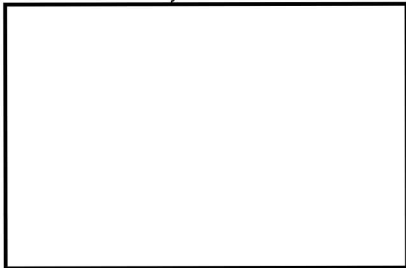
Memorandum for [redacted]
RE: PAUL KRASSNER

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that the story is completely false, although a book is in print containing the allegation. However, the fact that this allegation will be published elsewhere shortly is new, and we should advise the Attorney General and the White House.

ACTION:

Attached are personal letters to the Attorney General, with no copy for the Deputy Attorney General, and to Special Assistant to the President P. Kenneth O'Donnell.



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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE -8/13/62	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 4/12 - 7/31/62
TITLE OF CASE <u>CHANGED</u> PAUL JAMES KRASSNER	REPORT MADE BY [redacted]	TYPED BY eam b6 b7c	
CHARACTER OF CASE IS - CUBA		[redacted] 6	

70-217

The title is marked "Changed" to reflect the subject's full name. The title was formerly carried as "PAUL KRASSNER; IS - CUBA."

REFERENCES:

NY airtel to the Bureau, dated 4/12/62.
Bureau airtel to New York, dated 4/19/62.

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-P-

CLASSIFIED BY [redacted]
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X

CC TO: [redacted]
[redacted] 8-24
[redacted] 8-24
BY [redacted]

APPROVED [redacted] SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

- Copies Made:
- 9 - Bureau (RM)
 - 2 - Washington Field (RM)
 - 2 - New York [redacted]

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELONGING TO OTHERS
MCT - 2
REC - 38

18 AUG 17 1962

NAT. INT. SEC.

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Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	State	[redacted]
Request Recd.	[redacted]	[redacted]
Date Fwd.	8/28/62	[redacted]
How Fwd.	[redacted]	[redacted]
By	[redacted]	[redacted]

Notations
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

3 AUG 31 1962 7 13

SECRET

7 to NY + AF to declassify 6/24/75
1/2 to State, Dept. Army, Navy, Air Force
USIA to declassify 6/24/75

4448 96

see [redacted] 10

0-1 NY (244)
12-18-62
Report submitted 12-17-62

613

USIA
8-9-62

~~SECRET~~

[redacted]

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

The pretext telephone call to PAUL KRASSNER was made by SA [redacted] who used the pretext that he met [redacted] casually at a party, and [redacted] had recommended "The Realist" magazine.

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The New York Office, by airtel dated 4/12/62, enclosed to the Bureau one copy of [redacted] of "The Realist". This volume contained an article by [redacted] entitled [redacted]. This article was very critical of the FBI and the Director.

On 5/25/62, a copy of volume 32 of "The Realist" was sent to the Postal Inspector in Charge, New York City, as that volume contained some matter which could possibly be obscene.

FD-122a, recommending subject for inclusion in Reserve Index A, is being submitted with this report.

On 7/31/62, [redacted], Meadowbrook National Bank, 79 Pine Street, New York City, advised that the subject does not have an account at this bank.

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INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

File Where Located

NY T-1

Instant report

[redacted]

NY T-2

[redacted]

[redacted]

NY T-3

[redacted]

NY T-4

[redacted]

[redacted]

NY T-5

[redacted]

[redacted]

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~~SECRET~~

[Redacted]

~~SECRET~~

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INFORMANTS (CONT'D)

Identity of Source

File Where Located

NY T-6

Instant report

[Redacted]

Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed, and T symbols were utilized only in the instances where the identities of sources must be concealed.

The following sources familiar with Cuban matters were contacted, as set out in the details of this report:

Source Contacted

Date Contacted

Contacting Agent

[Redacted]

(S) (U)

(S) (U)

7/2/62

SA

7/5/62

SA

7/9/62

SA

7/9/62

SA

7/2/62

SA

7/2/62

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6/29/62

SA

6/25/62

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6/29/62

SA

7/2/62

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6/27/62

SA

6/29/62

SA

[Redacted]

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COVER PAGE

~~SECRET~~

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[Redacted]

INFORMANTS (CONT'D)

The following sources were used in characterizing organizations in the Appendix section of this report:

Organization

Source Utilized

Libertarian League

[Redacted]

[Redacted] (request)

[Redacted]

Fair Play for Cuba Committee

[Redacted]

Socialist Workers Party

Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants

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LEADS:

WASHINGTON FIELD

At Washington, D.C.

At State Department, will determine if passport has been issued to subject, will determine to what places subject has travelled, and will obtain any background information and description, if available.

*Conrad
49*

NEW YORK

At New York, New York

1. Will await Bureau authority to place subject on Reserve Index A.

*Done
su 7*

-D-

COVER PAGE

~~SECRET~~

[REDACTED]

LEADS (CONT'D)

~~SECRET~~

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2. Will attempt to determine if subject has bank account, and if so will check this account.

3. Through telephone company will determine any record of long distance telephone calls from subject's telephone number, [REDACTED]

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4. At Public Library, will review issues of last two years of "The Realist" magazine for pro-CASTRO and anti-US articles.

CLASSIFICATION:

This report is classified "Confidential" as it contains information furnished by NY T-3, T-4 and T-5, the unauthorized disclosure of which would tend to identify the informants, which could be prejudicial to national defense interests.

-E*-

COVER PAGE

~~SECRET~~

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[REDACTED]

Copy to:

Report of:

SA [REDACTED]

Office:

NEW YORK

Date:

8/13/62

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Field Office File #:

[REDACTED]

Bureau File #:

Title:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Synopsis:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER currently lives at 225 Lafayette Street, NYC, and is employed as editor of "The Realist" magazine which contains articles favorable to CASTRO regime in Cuba, and generally critical of US Government. KRASSNER has spoken at Libertarian Center, NYC, and has been associated with Fair Play for Cuba Committee in NY.

-P-

DETAILS:

Organizations and individuals appearing herein will be characterized in the Appendix attached hereto.

[REDACTED]

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DECLASSIFIED BY
[REDACTED]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/4/01 BY [REDACTED]

[Redacted]

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I. BACKGROUND

On June 29, 1962, the records of NY T-1, another Government agency, revealed the following information:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER was born in Brooklyn, New York, on April 9, 1932. A person always knowing his whereabouts is [Redacted]. He has Selective Service Number 50-55-32-189. Prior to December 1, 1955, his address was changed to Room 709, 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York. He has Social Security Number [Redacted]. In 1951, he was a full time student at City College of New York, 23rd and Lexington Avenue, New York City, and was then majoring in guidance, preparing for social service. Later he received a Bachelor of Business Administration degree from City College of New York. He was then employed as a managing editor. He is described as follows: five feet, four and one-quarter inches; one hundred and thirty-four pounds; brown hair; brown eyes. He was disqualified for military service because of impetigo and acne vulgaris, on September 18, 1956, and was classified 4F.

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II. ACTIVITIES

On July 15, 1959, NY T-2 furnished [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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On September 25, 1961, NY T-3 made available [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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The masthead of "The Realist" magazine sets out the following: "The Realist is published monthly, except for January

[redacted]

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"and July, by the Realist Association, a non-profit corporation [redacted] to whom this magazine is dedicated. PAUL KRASSNER, Editor. [redacted], Scapegoat. Publication office is at 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York. Subscription rates: \$3.00 for ten issues. Ten copies of one issue, \$1.00. Copyright 1962 by the Realist Association, Inc. Second class postage paid at New York, N.Y."

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On December 28, 1960, NY T-4 furnished [redacted]

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[redacted]

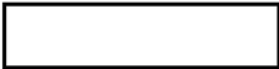
On January 31, 1962, [redacted] Immigrant Inspector, United States Immigration and Naturalization Service, Miami, Florida, advised that when [redacted] returned from [redacted] 1961, he made available to [redacted] a letter bearing the signature "PAUL KRASSNER". This letter, dated [redacted] 1961, states:

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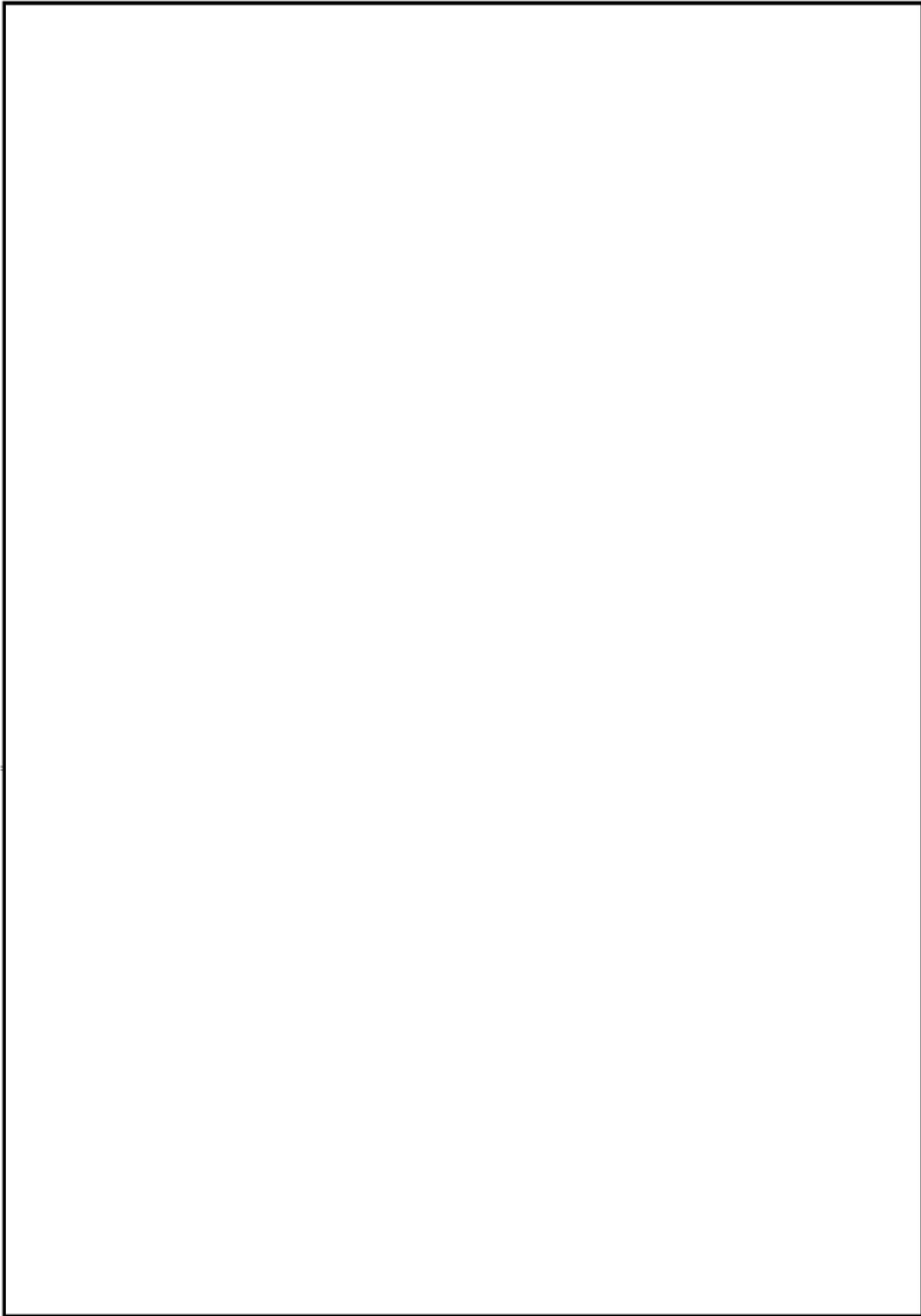
MD.

[redacted]

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[redacted]

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It is noted that [redacted] Baltimore the "Afro-American" newspaper, was found guilty of a violation of Title 8, Section 1185b, United States Code, in the United States District Court at Miami, Florida, on August 8, 1962, for [redacted] 1961, without a valid passport.

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[redacted] is the [redacted] of the FPCC.

U.S.A.

"The Worker" of April 17, 1960, page 5, column 3, identified [redacted] as special assistant to the Reverend MARTIN LUTHER KING, prominent Negro minister active in civil rights matters.

U.S.A.

"The Worker" is an east coast communist weekly newspaper.

On February 9, 1962, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) placed a pretext telephone call to telephone number Walker 5-3966, in New York City. This number is listed for "The Realist" in New York. The person who answered the telephone at this number identified himself as PAUL KRASSNER, Editor of "The Realist". He said "The Realist" is published monthly except January and July. KRASSNER added that [redacted] is one of his reporters, a good friend, and [redacted] contributes articles to this magazine.

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On April 30, 1962, NY T-5 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

N.Y.

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In June and July, 1962, sources in New York City, who are familiar with some phases of Cuban matters in the New York City area, advised that PAUL KRASSNER is unknown to them.

[Redacted]

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On May 14, 1962, the files of the Credit Bureau of Greater New York failed to reveal a record on KRASSNER or "The Realist".

On May 15, 1962, the files of the New York Police Department failed to reveal a record identifiable with the subject.

On July 27, 1962, the records of the Manhattan Board of Elections, 80 Varick Street, New York City, failed to reveal a record identifiable with KRASSNER from 1953 through 1961.

On July 21, 1962, NY T-5 advised that [Redacted]

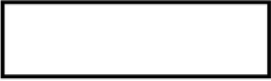
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[Redacted]

Set forth is the subject's description as obtained from NY T-1 and other sources:

[Redacted]

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APPENDIX

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE

A source in 1952 advised that the word "Libertarian" is used by "Anarchist" groups to describe themselves.

"Views and Comments" (VC), December, 1961, is self-identified as a Libertarian League (LL) publication, Post Office Box 261 Cooper Station, New York 3, New York. The January-February, 1961 edition of VC identified itself at that time as "An Anarchist Publication".

VC, August, 1957, page 3, carried an article entitled, "Looking Forward". It indicated that LL was founded "3 years ago" by a handful of people in New York City, who felt the time was right for spreading Libertarian ideas in the United States.

VC, April, 1959, page 3, contained an article entitled, "Libertarian Morality". Among other things, it stated:

"The anarchist philosophy is based upon man's inherent instinct towards mutual aid."

".....Therefore, we advocate a system in which there is no capitalism, no government, and no money. Anarcho-syndicalism is the structure through which such a society can be developed and maintained..."

Concerning the term, "anarcho-syndicalist" Webster's New International Dictionary, 2nd Edition, unabridged, G and C Merriam Company, 1950, contains the following definitions:

"Anarchism - the theory that all government is an evil."

"Syndicalism - the theory plan or practice of trade union action...which aims by the general strike and direct action to establish control by organizations...of workers over the means and processes of production."


2.

APPENDIX

LIBERTARIAN LEAGUE (CONT'D)

VC, December, 1961, on the back cover contained the following statement entitled, "What We Stand For":

"The 'free' world is not free; the 'communist' world is not communist. We reject both; one is becoming totalitarian; the other is already so.

".....The monopoly of power which is the State must be eliminated. Government itself, as well as its underlying institutions, perpetuates war, oppression, corruption, exploitation, and misery.

"We advocate a world-wide society of communities and councils based on cooperation and free agreement from the bottom (federalism) instead of coercion and domination from the top (centralism). Regimentation of people must be replaced by regulation of things.

"Freedom without socialism is chaotic, but socialism without freedom is despotic. Libertarianism is free socialism."

The LL is located at 12 St. Marks Place, New York, New York.

1.

APPENDIX

FAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE (FPCC)

The April 6, 1960, edition of "The New York Times" newspaper contains a full page advertisement captioned "What Is Really Happening In Cuba," placed by the FPCC. This advertisement announced the formation of the FPCC in New York City and declared the FPCC intended to promulgate "the truth about revolutionary Cuba" to neutralize the distorted American press.

"The New York Times" edition of January 11, 1961, reported that at a hearing conducted before the United States Senate Internal Security Subcommittee on January 10, 1961, [redacted] identified himself and [redacted] as organizers of the FPCC. He also testified he and [redacted] obtained funds from the Cuban Government which were applied toward the cost of the aforementioned advertisement.

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On October 3, 1960, a source advised that the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York had become active in the FPCC, and that SWP members, in a FPCC election, had been able to remove several Communist Party (CP) members who were on the Executive Board of the FPCC and gain control of the organization.

A second source advised that an announcement from National Headquarters of the SWP was made on September 24, 1961, to the effect [redacted] had fired the secretary in the FPCC headquarters and was trying to break the SWP influence in the FPCC.

Column 2, page 8, of the February 22, 1962, edition of "The New York Times" contains an article captioned, "Castro Backer Resigns," which announced that [redacted] had resigned as Executive Secretary of the FPCC and as President of the Institute for the Improvement of Inter-American Relations, Inc., which had organized the FPCC in April, 1960.

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On May 17, 1962, a third source advised that National Headquarters of the FPCC is located in room 329 at 799 Broadway, New York City, and that the FPCC is operating under the direction of [redacted] Acting National Executive Secretary of the FPCC.

The SWP and the CP, USA, have been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

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APPENDIX

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY -
NEW YORK LOCAL

A source stated on August 25, 1960, that the New York Local of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was founded during January, 1938, in New York City.

A second confidential source stated on May 10, 1962, that [REDACTED]

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The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

[REDACTED]

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APPENDIX

COMMITTEE TO AID THE MONROE DEFENDANTS

A source advised on May 10, 1962, that the Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants (CAMD) was formed during September, 1961, by the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) in New York City. The SWP originally proposed the formation of this committee during discussions with various left-wing and liberal tendencies and offered a sum of money to initiate activities.

Source advised that the SWP, however, was unsuccessful in forming a committee of various tendencies and proceeded to organize the CAMD and promote its activities under the domination and control of the SWP.

Source advised that the aims of the CAMD are to afford financial support and counsel for [REDACTED] and four other defendants who were involved in a racial incident on August 27, 1961, at Monroe, North Carolina. The SWP hopes to dramatize this incident nationally and internationally through the CAMD and thus attract individuals to the SWP aims and principles by playing a leading role in the integration struggle.

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The organization and impetus of CAMD activities throughout the various parts of the United States such as obtaining sponsors and the raising of funds, are the results of the efforts of various SWP branches.

Source advised that the headquarters of the CAMD are located in Suite 117, 141 Broadway, New York, New York, however, all CAMD office work is actually carried on at SWP headquarters, 116 University Place, New York City.

The SWP has been designated by the Attorney General of the United States pursuant to Executive Order 10450.



In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York
August 13, 1962

Title: Paul James Krassner

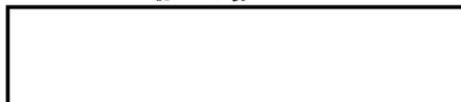
Character: Internal Security - Cuba

Reference: Report of Special Agent [redacted]
dated and captioned as above, at New York.

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All the sources mentioned in the referenced report
have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions
of the FBI. It is the property
of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency; it and its contents are
not to be distributed outside
your agency.



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[Redacted]

SAC, New York

[Redacted]

September 7, 1962

Director, FBI

[Redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

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Re your FD-122a dated 8/20/62

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Bureau notes subject's residence address is listed as being identical with his business address. If, in fact, Krassner does maintain a residence separate from his business, his residence should be ascertained and an FD-122a submitted.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

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[Redacted]

[Redacted]

MAILED 3

SEP - 0 1962

COMM-FBI

in _____
at _____
an _____
ch _____
om _____

56 SEP 11

301

MAIL ROOM

TELETYPE UNIT

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI (Bufile-)

DATE: 8/20/62

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

SUBJECT: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
IS - CUBA

Place on Section A, Reserve Index

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Card filed
Cards sent 00
9/4/62

It is recommended that a "Section A" Reserve Index Card be prepared on the above-captioned individual.

The "Section A" Reserve Index Card on the captioned individual should be changed as follows (specify change only):

6

Name KRASSNER, PAUL JAMES			
Aliases			
<i>stat tab</i>			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Native Born	<input type="checkbox"/> Naturalized	[redacted]	
<input type="checkbox"/> Communist	<input type="checkbox"/> Socialist Workers Party	[redacted]	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Miscellaneous (specify) Associated with FPCC, Editor of "The Realist" magazine.			
Date of birth 4/9/32	Place of birth Brooklyn, NY	Race White	Sex <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Male <input type="checkbox"/> Female
Business Address (show name of employing concern and address) Self-employed as editor of "The Realist" magazine, 225 Lafayette St., NY, NY.			
Key Facility Data			
Geographical Reference Number		Responsibility	
Interested Agencies			
Residence Address 225 Lafayette, St., NY, NY.			

Foot

332 140111/17/2-834300
SR MAER 01 183007

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NY
9-26-62

2-Bureau (RM)
1-New York

16 AUG 21 1962

4. SEC

REGISTERED MAIL

499 200

[Redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER is editor of "The Realist" magazine which is published in NYC. Informant advised [Redacted]

[Redacted]

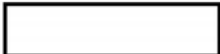
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum



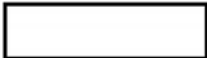
DIRECTOR, FBI



DATE: 9/13/62

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SAC, NEW YORK

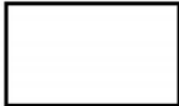


SUBJECT:

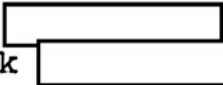
PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
IS - CUBA

ReBulet, 9/7/62.¹

Subject's residence address is identical with his
business address, 225 Lafayette St., NY, NY.

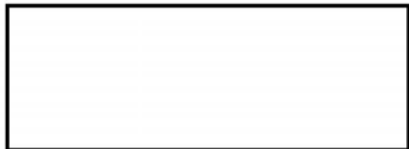


2-Bureau
1-New York



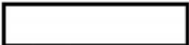
(RM)

REC-35



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6 SEP 14 1962



(3)

EX 101

50 SEP 19 1962 REC.D

SEP 18 4 31 PM '62



(info)

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/19/62

SAC, WFO () (RUC)

SUBJECT: PAUL, JAMES KRASSNER
IS - CUBA
(OO:NY)

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Rerep of SA () dated at New York on 8/13/62.

A review of references identifiable with this subject in the files of WFO has revealed no information concerning subject not already in the possession of the Bureau and the Office of Origin.

IC () caused a search to be made of the files of the Passport Office, U. S. Dept. of State, Washington, D.C., and was advised on 8/31/62, that no record identifiable with this subject could be located.

SA () caused a search to be made of the records of the Visa Office and of the Security Office, U. S. Dept. of State, Washington, D.C., and was informed on 9/7/62, that no record identifiable with the subject could be located.

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2-Bureau
1-New York
1-WFO

(Info) (RM)

(4)

REC-10

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NA

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53 SEP

1962

EX-115

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 12/17/62	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 8/31 - 11/19/62
TITLE OF CASE PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY [Redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS-CUBA	

4/2/63
0-1 NY
#284

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REFERENCES:

Report of SA [Redacted] dated 8/13/62 [Redacted]
Bulet to NY, dated 9/7/62.
NYlet to Bureau, dated 9/13/62.8



ADMINISTRATIVE:

SA [Redacted] observed the subject in his office on 9/26/62, as set out in details of this report. The pretext used was an inquiry as to the location of another office in the-

APPROVED [Redacted]	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE [Redacted]	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE: 9 - Bureau 2 - New York	Encls. 9	18 DEC 26 1962	REC-45
ENCLOSURE ENCLOSURE ATTACHED		DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	b3 b6 b7C b7E

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT			
AGENCY State	REQUEST RECD.	DATE FWD. 12/31/62	HOW FWD. BY
COPIES 3-2 (w/enc) / copy 7 / encl for each			
NY, State, Dept [Redacted] Army, Navy, Air Force, USIA, advised by r/s to declassify 6/24/75			

56 JAN 2 1963

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[Redacted]

ADMINISTRATIVE (Cont'd)

building. When the subject left the building, SA [Redacted] photo-graphed him.

INFORMANTS

Logical informants contacted, as set forth in details, are as follows:

<u>Informant</u>	<u>Date Contacted</u>	<u>Contacted by</u>
[Redacted]	10/30/62	SA [Redacted]
[Redacted]	11/19/62	SA [Redacted]
[Redacted]	11/2/62	SA [Redacted]
[Redacted]	11/8/62	SA [Redacted]
[Redacted]	10/26/62	SA [Redacted]
[Redacted]	10/26/62	SA [Redacted]

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

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b7D
b7E

NY T-1
[Redacted] PSI

[Redacted]

NY T-2
[Redacted] NYC

(by request

Instant report

LEAD

NEW YORK

At New York, N.Y.

After results of investigation received from those offices to which leads were set out to determine subscribers of telephone numbers listed in details of this report, will review file to determine that all leads have been covered. It is noted that by separate communication those leads are being set out.

COVER PAGE

- Subject's name is being recommended for inclusion in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- Subject's name is included in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card are current.
- Changes on the Section A Reserve Index Card are necessary and Form FD-122a has been submitted to the Bureau.
- A suitable photograph is is not available.
- Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.
- Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
- This report is classified Confidential because (state reason) **it contains information from an informant, the disclosure of which would be prejudicial to national defense interests.**
- Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)
- This case no longer meets the Section A Reserve Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Section A Reserve Index card.
- This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Reserve Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) **subject is editor of magazine which contains articles which are generally against the US Government, and also praise the Castro regime in Cuba.**

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of:

[REDACTED]

Office: New York, New York

Date:

12/17/62

Field Office File No.:

[REDACTED]

Bureau File No.:

[REDACTED]

Title:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Synopsis:

Files, Passport Office, US State Department, failed to reveal subject has been issued passport. Articles appearing in "The Realist" magazine regarding Cuba are enclosed. Toll calls charged to subject's telephone number checked.

-P-

Enclosed are one set each of Photostats of articles appearing in seven issues of "The Realist" magazine. The bottoms of enclosed pages state the issue from which obtained.

DETAILS:

Organizations appearing herein will be characterized in the Appendix Section attached to this report.

On August 31, 1962, no record identifiable with PAUL JAMES KRASSNER could be located in the files of the Passport Office, United States Department of State, Washington, DC.

On September 7, 1962, the records of the Visa Office and the Security Office of the United States Department of State, Washington, DC, failed to reveal a record identifiable with the subject.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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[redacted]

On September 26, 1962, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI), using a suitable pretext, observed PAUL KRASSNER in the office of "The Realist" magazine, Room 811, 225 Lafayette Street, New York City. That same date, KRASSNER was observed entering the East River Savings Bank on Lafayette Street, corner of Spring Street.

On October 10, 1962, NY T-2 advised that [redacted]

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[redacted]. No information from the above source should be made public without the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

The September, 1961 issue of "The Realist" magazine located in the New York Public Library, contains a statement "required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1933, July 2, 1946, and June 11, 1960, showing the ownership, management and circulation of The Realist published monthly except January and July at New York, New York, for October 1, 1961.

1. The names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are "Publisher, The Realist Association, Incorporated, 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York. Editor, PAUL KRASSNER, 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York. Managing Editor, none. Business Manager, none.

2. The owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately there under the names and addresses of stockholders, owning or holding one percent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a partnership or other incorporated firm, its name and address, as well as that of each individual member, must be given.)

The Realist Association, 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York (a non-profit corporation: there are no stockholders).
President: PAUL KRASSNER; [redacted]
[redacted] all of 225 Lafayette Street, New York 12, New York.

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3. The known bond holders, mortgagees, and other security holders owning or holding one percent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages or other securities are: None.

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[redacted] ... The average number of copies of each issue of this publication sold or distributed, through the mails or otherwise, to the paid subscribers during the 12 months preceding the date shown above was: 4,361.

The following issues of "The Realist" contain articles about Cuba: Issue number 29, dated September, 1961; issue number 28, dated August, 1961; issue number 27, dated June, 1961; issue number 26, dated May, 1961; issue number 23, dated February, 1961; and issues number 31 and 32, undated.

Photostats of these issues of "The Realist" are enclosed herewith. The librarian, New York Public Library, would be a witness to the above.

On October 26, 1962, [redacted] New York Telephone Company, furnished the following information concerning toll calls charged to phone number Walker 5-3966 (telephone number of PAUL KRASSNER and "The Realist") during the past six months:

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Date	City	Telephone Number	Party Called	Calling Party
3/14	Princeton, New Jersey	[redacted]		
4/11	" "			
3/14	Beverly Hills, California			
3/16	Collect from Los Angeles California			
4/3	" " " "			
3/24	Leonia, New Jersey			
3/28	" "			
7/14	" "			
7/25	" "			
4/1	Evanston, Illinois		Telegram	
4/19	Collect from Tucson, Arizona			b6 b7C
4/25	Washington, DC	[redacted]		
4/30	" "			
4/30	" "			
4/30	" "			
4/26	Millburn, New Jersey			
5/2	Silver Springs, Maryland			

b3
b7E

[Redacted]

Date	City	Telephone Number	Party Called	Calling Party	
5/3	Babylon, New York	[Redacted]			
5/4	Albany, New York				
5/4	" "				
5/5	Fort Pierce, Florida				
6/26	Seattle, Washington			[Redacted]	
7/6	Wildwood, New Jersey				
7/6	" "				
7/13	Chicago, Illinois				
8/2	Collect from Beverly Hills, California			PAUL KRASSNER	[Redacted]
8/7	Atlantic City, New Jersey				
8/10	Easton, Pennsylvania				
8/13	" "				b6 b7C
8/17	" "				
8/20	Collect from Fort Pierce, Florida				[Redacted]
8/23	Collect from Chicago, Illinois				
8/29	Chicago, Illinois				

Logical confidential informants who have knowledge of some individuals who are active in organizations which tend to favor the regime of FIDEL CASTRO in Cuba, were contacted during October and November, 1962, and they advised that they have no information regarding activities of the subject.

On November 6, 1962, NY T-1 advised that on [Redacted]

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[Large Redacted Block]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.




DEC 17 1962

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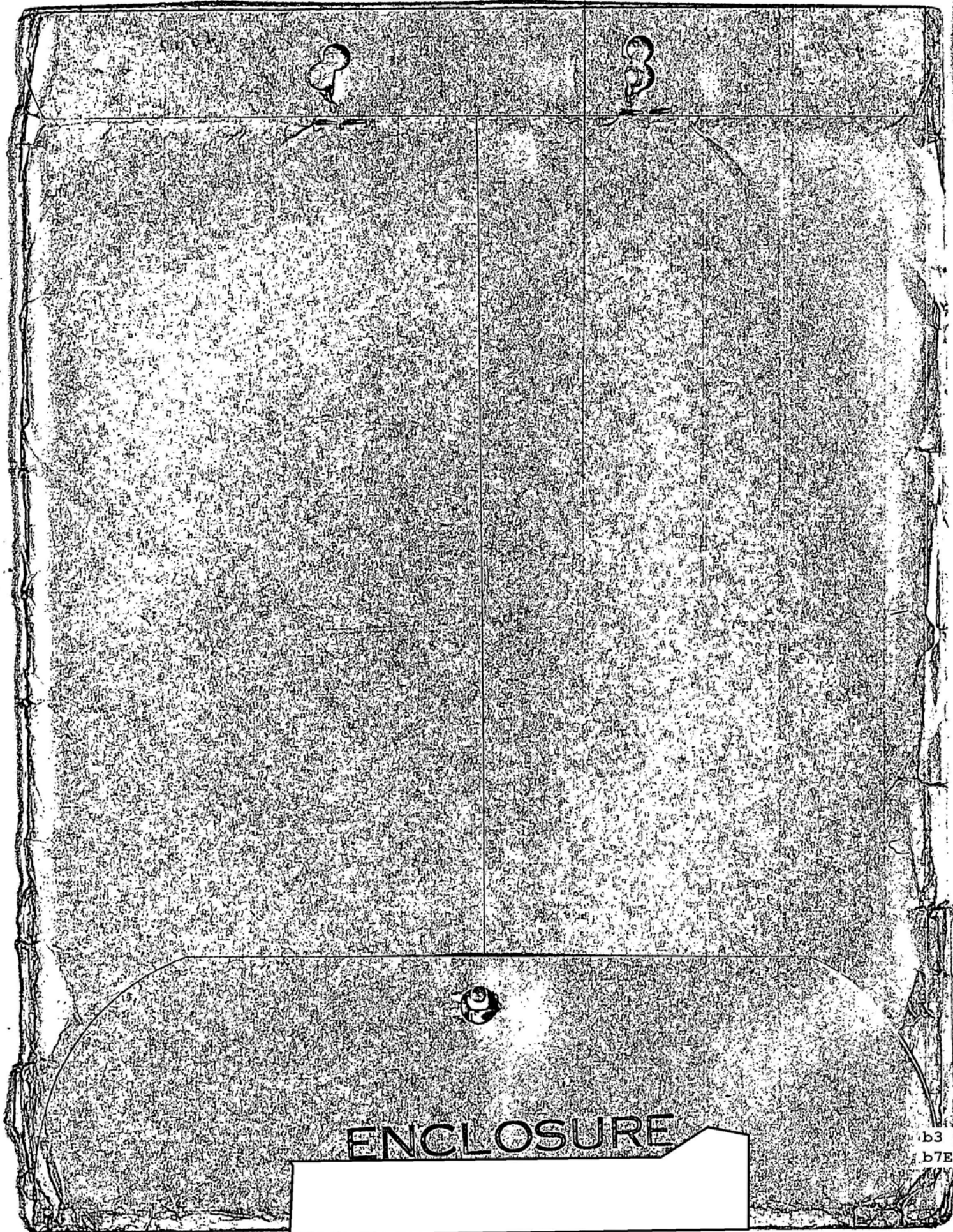
Title Paul James Krassner

Character Internal Security - Cuba

Reference is made to the report of Special Agent , dated and captioned as above, at New York.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

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ENCLOSURE



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b7E



"I'm afraid that we'll have to refuse to leave; we're staging a shit-in."

modest proposals

by John Francis Purnam

Sooner or later the Soviet Union is going to attempt a very delicate bit of historico-political surgery in "rehabilitating" one Lev Bronstein, otherwise known as Leon Trotsky. They have a job cut out for them, as, for almost forty years, "The Old Man" has all but disappeared from the Russian and satellite scenes. The Party hacks whose job it will be to "bring 'im back alive" have a wide open field. Anything goes.

Take, for example, the way Valerian Zorin might introduce the subject to a Party Congress:

"At no time was recognition withdrawn from Lev

A Visit From the FBI

By William Worth

On February 15, this reporter spoke in New York City at a public rally sponsored by the Committee to Aid the Monroe Defendants.

The meeting was held in order to bring the facts about Monroe, N. C., before the public and to raise funds to defend the persons soon to be tried.

The defendants, including Freedom Riders, are accused of having "kidnapped" a white couple in Monroe last August 27 at the time of a race riot directed against the Freedom Riders.

Among other speakers at the well-attended rally were novelist Norman Mailer, author of *The Naked and the Dead*, and civil rights attorney Conrad J. Lynn.

Today (Tuesday, March 20), a little over a month later, I received a mid-morning visit from two FBI agents. They said they wished to question me about something I had said at the rally. Their interrogation took less than a minute. Since there is no legal obligation even to talk to the FBI, I barely let them come in the door and didn't invite them to sit down, because I knew they were wasting their time and mine. On matters of this kind, I never give information to investigators. I always refer them to my attorney.

What the federal men wanted to probe was a reference in my speech to an FBI flyer on Robert F. Williams, exiled president of the Union County NAACP. After a Monroe grand jury indicted Williams on August 28 for "kidnapping," the FBI on the same day swore out an interstate fugitive warrant in Charlotte, N. C., and launched a mammoth continent-wide search for him.

Tens of thousands of the "wanted" flyers were circulated over the United States, Canada and Mexico. Hundreds of FBI agents fanned out in all directions to track Williams down. In less than a month the hunt proved unsuccessful. The fugitive from

North Carolina reached the safety of Cuba. A copyrighted story in the *Baltimore Afro-American* revealed his arrival in Havana.

In my February 15 speech, I quoted from Canadian newspaper stories that were sharply critical of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police for having been "innocently trapped" into cooperating with the FBI because of "misinformation originating in Monroe and passed on by the FBI." The tradition of political asylum has remained strong in Canada ever since the days of the Underground Railway.

Holding up before the audience a copy of the flyer, I pointed out the erroneous FBI claim that Williams had been "diagnosed as schizophrenic"—a modern, euphemistic variation, in this case, of the familiar southern theme of "the crazy nigger."

The flyer also invented a couple of razor-type scars on Williams' body. This reporter knows they were invented, and so carried the *Afro* from Havana last September, because I carefully examined the sites of the alleged scars on Williams' face and leg after he arrived in Cuba.

I went on to tell the audience how the flyer indirectly came into my possession. A Midwest supporter of Williams had spotted it hanging in his local Post Office. Outraged at the "schizophrenic" claim and angry to see the photograph of a civil rights leader alongside pictures of bank robbers and murderers, this person had simply ripped it off the wall. I have heard that others across the country have done the same thing.

The FBI visitors this morning suggested that since the flyer was government property, the Midwesterner may have violated the law.

"See my lawyer," I repeated, and they went about their business.

[Editor's note: The flyer on the previous page—also apparently ripped off a Post Office wall—was sent to the *Realist* by an anonymous reader. It has been destroyed, of course, since we do not wish to harbor stolen property in our office.]

Latin American Report

by William Werthy

HAVANA — The now famous ninety miles of the Gulf of Mexico separating Cuba from Florida (the distance between New York and Philadelphia, to put the mileage in a land perspective) is politically and otherwise the most remarkable stretch of water on today's cold war map.

In terms of daily vital contact with the North American continent, I might as well be halfway around the world. Because of Washington's trade embargo, virtually no cargo-carrying ships from the U.S. now stop in Cuban harbors. Copies of the *New York Times*, to cite one personally important effect, take four to six weeks to make that short-distance sea journey. There is an unreal quality to it all — comparable to the unreality of our twelve-year diplomatic embargo on "the passing phase of Communism" in China. (The words were John Foster Dulles' in August, 1958.)

Glaringly real, however, is the gulf in political outlook and understanding between Cuba and the States. The impending revolutions in Latin America are anticipated by Cubans not as mere hopes or as wishful thinking, but as inevitable developments in a revolutionary world. By contrast, if the average American reads a paper that bothers to report the volcanic rumblings in a dozen Latin countries, his peace of mind about those "remote" events is scarcely disturbed.

Yet the current political upheaval in Brazil is just a foretaste of Latin shocks awaiting that average American. Official Washington may gloat over the resignation of President Junio Quadros as the first triumph—the first payoff—of President Kennedy's "Alliance for Progress." But anyone endowed with a sense of the future and with a knowledge of the Cuban Revolution will label the Quadros resignation as the shakiest and most obvious of transient "victories."

In recent news on Latin America two items, which to the undiscerning eye may appear to be unrelated, spell major trouble ahead.

In a radical shift of policy—a shift from his campaign speech of last October 6 attacking past United States support of Cuba's Batistas and of other Latin tyrants—President Kennedy is now urging Congress to give him 21 million dollars to spend in Latin America for "antisubversive military equipment."

Already, this year, according to the *New York Times*, the President has authorized the urgent airlifting of such equipment to four hot spots: Bolivia, Haiti, Ecuador and El Salvador. Not mentioned by the *Times* is our steady non-emergency military support to the Stroessner dictatorship in Paraguay to help defeat the still weak Castro-type rebels in the jungles. Along with the construction of a new U.S. airbase in Paraguay, we are extending even more help to Stroessner today than we gave to Batista until 1958.

According to well-informed Cuban government sources, the Central Intelligence Agency tries to dispatch so-called "newsmen" to Paraguay to cover rebel activity, in an effort to indicate the guerrilla fighters

and to discover the true strength of their slowly growing ranks.

Last year, still smarting from the fiasco of optimistically helping Batista to entrench himself in power until the night he fled from Cuba, the U.S. Congress wrote into the law a 55-million-dollar annual ceiling on military equipment deliveries to Latin America. Congress also insisted that no military aid for "internal security" may be extended without a special Presidential authorization. The New Frontier administration of President Kennedy is now asking Congress to abolish the monetary ceiling and the limitations on free and easy Pentagon deliveries of the "antisubversive equipment."

The other item in the news helps the reader to sketch in the practical meaning of "internal security" and "subversive outbreaks," as the Latin American section of the Pentagon will almost certainly interpret those phrases. In a recent Senate floor speech, Senator Hubert H. Humphrey criticized our mass media for providing us with a very limited ration of news on Latin America. The stories of misery that we do occasionally hear about, he said, "are reminiscent of Paris on the eve of the French Revolution."

- The Minnesota Democrat cited three specific stories:
1. A Haitian peasant family with "no door on their hut because they used it to fashion a casket for their dead child."
 2. A Nicaraguan peasant who stood at the gate of the local cemetery with his dead son in his arms, unable to bury him because he lacked the equivalent of 75 cents for the fee."
 3. A school in South America attended by 400 children. A "free lunch" program consisted of one roll of bread and a glass of reconstituted milk. Since there was enough food for only 60 per cent of the



children, "a matron stood by with club in hand to keep the remaining 40 per cent of the hungry children in line."

The entire speech by Senator Humphrey may be found on pages 7128-27 of the *Congressional Record*. The same members of Congress who sat and listened to their respected Midwestern colleagues—and perhaps ironically even Mr. Humphrey himself—may nevertheless vote the \$21-million that President Kennedy has requested for bigger and more deadly "antisubversive clubs," to keep about 90 per cent of the hungry Latin peoples "in line."

Just last night here in Havana, a recent Cuban repatriate from New Jersey remarked to me that "the North American people are sweet and mean well." The only trouble, she said, is that they just don't know what is going on in the world. Writing not long ago about the revolutionary potential in Iran, South Korea and South Vietnam, columnist Walter Lippmann spoke about "our moral and intellectual unpreparedness for the reality of things."

The only ray of light that I glimpse in this otherwise dark domestic situation is that a new generation of Americans—tough-minded, anti-colonial young college students and sophisticated university graduates—are "morally and intellectually prepared" to see these cataclysmic events in the framework of a rotting structure of colonialism abroad and of white supremacy at home. Across the United States clusters of these young men and women are springing up and are organizing "Freedom Now" groups with similar names and remarkably similar immediate demands. If one person can be said to be their spiritual fountainhead, it is Robert F. Williams, the now world-famous militant president of the Union County, North Carolina branch of the NAACP.

Within a year or two at most, when inevitably these groups coalesce into a single coordinated movement, the "Freedom Now" guerilla fighters in Paraguay, Algeria and elsewhere will for the first time have a powerful and uncompromising ally within the United States itself. By then the inexorable tide of world revolution will be lapping at and spilling onto our own shores. Perhaps then our people as a whole will toss aside the "devil theory of communism" and at last begin to understand what the trouble in today's world is really all about.

Women and children are needlessly dying in Cuban hospitals because the United States government has quietly and gradually tightened a medical blockade around the six million people on this Caribbean island.

When the North American embargo on exports to Cuba was announced last autumn—an anti-Castro measure by Eisenhower widely believed designed to help elect Richard Nixon as President—our propaganda agencies trumpeted that, for humanitarian reasons, food and medicines were exempt.

In practice, however, pharmaceutical houses in "the free world" have been pressured by Washington not to continue selling their products to Cuba.

Today at Havana's Hospital de Maternidad the chief social worker, Señora Maria Julietta Acosta, showed me the fruits of this pressure. The medical squeeze from the powerful Yankees hasn't been rapid, sudden or dramatic. That would have run the risk of

inciting the publication of newspaper exposes. Washington knows that the American people haven't yet been conditioned to wreak political revenge on innocent youngsters.

With the dollars available here to pay for needed drugs, Cuba today has nothing with which to treat babies with advanced cases of diarrhea. The desperation of their mothers is mixed with anger at the unavailability of Kaopectate with Neomycin, an Upjohn Company product.

The long arms of Washington's cold warriors have reached out to West Germany. E. Merek, a pharmaceutical house in Darmstadt, produces Solu-Dacortina. This is a life-saving post-operative drug that counteracts the effects of antibiotics on patients sensitive to them. It is no longer available in this Latin country.

Canada, also, feels the vindictive Yankee breath. Esperdol Ampolla, a miracle anti-vomiting drug manufactured by Frank W. Horner Ltd. of Montreal, has disappeared from the shelves of pharmacists here.

Merbental, a product of William Merrell Co., prevents pregnant women from aborting during vomiting spells. Lilutin from Parke, Davis Laboratory prevents abortions during hemorrhages. Both items are now unavailable here.

Gamma globulin from the Cutter Lederle Laboratories is famous for protecting children who have been exposed to measles. Exports of it to Cuba have steadily dwindled in the now familiar stealthy pattern. Señora Acosta told me: "It would be marvelous to get some for our children."

At the end of our conversation this mother of four remarked sadly: "I used to admire the American people. My dream was to go to the United States. I regret very much that the U.S. is becoming so barbarian."

In cabling the essence of this story to the *Baltimore Afro-American*—a national Negro weekly with a circulation of 160,000—this reporter felt compelled to step out of his role as a mere recorder of events in order to suggest that Negro American physicians organize an emergency project to rush some of their numerous professional samples to the Ministry of Health in Havana. With the pharmaceutical houses playing footsie with the State Department, almost all drugs are needed here in one degree or another.

Like other countries newly emerged from colonial or quasi-colonial status, Cuba eventually will lick this and similar problems. But after decades of almost total reliance on United States medicines, Cuban doctors cannot switch overnight to comparable drugs from other countries. Medical literature, in Spanish, is needed from those other countries in order for the doctors here to compare and check efficacy and strength with the efficacy and strength of the familiar North American products. On a semi-tropical island the storage and refrigeration of strange new drugs present problems that require time and experimentation for solution.

Meanwhile, my government blindly continues to add to the Cuban blood already staining its self-righteous hands.

Editor's note: The history of U.S. relations with Latin American republics is summed up by the title of a just-published book—"The Shark and the Sardines" by Juan Jose Arevalo, former president of Guatemala—which is available from the Realist for \$4.95.

The Tragedy of Cuba (Continued)

I do not retract a single word of what I wrote about my stay in Cuba in the February issue. I am saddened by whatever ties that little island may have developed with the Soviet Union, but it was the United States—like an inadequate jealous lover—that drove Cuba into the arms of an exploiting gigolo.

According to President Kennedy, it is the policy of the U.S. to aid all peoples who are fighting against tyranny. Then why did my friends have to smuggle arms to aid in Fidel's battle against Batista, while now the Central Intelligence Agency—suffering from a congenital prefrontal lobotomy—arranged for an erection-less rape of a social revolution which merely made the mistake of giving human values precedence over property values?

(Captured aggressors do not equal imprisoned Jews; nor do tractors equal munitions trucks.)

I don't for a moment defend Castro's admitted injustices which, in his very attempt to protect his humanism, mar it. But our intervention was not exactly based on humanism, either.

The anatomy of a counter-revolution was summed up in a single sentence on the business page of the April 18th N. Y. *Herald Tribune*: "As invasion forces rolled ashore in Cuba yesterday, the stocks of American firms whose assets were seized by the regime of Fidel Castro rose sharply."

You can bet your sweet ass that if we had huge investments in Algeria, Kennedy would never have the gall to permit deGaulle to kiss him on each cheek, baby.

The Naked Emperor

To read the various accounts of Civil Defense Drill protests is to be given no conception whatsoever of the morality-play drama underlying them. Neither the humor—umbrellas bearing the legend "Portable Fallout Shelter"—nor the pathos—hundreds of voices singing

America the Beautiful in a spirit that would make Mitch Miller run out and join a monastery—were considered news fit to print.

To hear the Assistant Police Chief in New York's City Hall Park—"Officers," he announced as soon as the air raid siren had sounded, "arrest those persons who do not seek shelter!"—is to be thrilled with the concept of mass civil disobedience to a law which even a C.D. official confessed was completely illogical.

I estimated that there were 2000 of us there. Norman Mailer thought it was closer to 1000. (The N. Y. *Times* said "seven hundred to eight hundred . . . the police seized those nearest to them.") After the all-clear sounded and the crowd began to disperse, a couple of little kids came up to Mailer and myself and asked him for his autograph on the "Brave Men Do Not Hide" leaflets that had been distributed. It was a grotesque and touching scene.

If Civil Defense Drills were voluntary, nobody would participate in this ten-minute game of hide-and-go-seek except politicians and other crackpots, and adults who welcome the change-of-pace in their workaday world the way those kids who asked for Mailer's autograph welcome a fire-drill interruption of their classroom boredom.

Incidentally, the Internal Revenue Service last month announced—in answer to a large number of inquiries—that contributions or gifts to civil defense organizations are deductible on federal income tax returns. However, they added, amounts spent by individuals for the construction of bomb shelters, stockpiling of supplies, etc., are personal expenses and are not deductible.

In Last We Trust

This issue of the *Realist* has a triple theme: the cold war, mass media and sex. They are intertwined.

The threat of nuclear annihilation (with its variant tag)—not to mention the threat of Russian nuclear war—is one of the oldest phrases of our time—in the steady, muted accompaniment to our daily lives. It was unintentionally satirized in the opening scene of the movie *Herosm*, *Men Amour* (wherein a pair of heterosexual lovers, nude in bed, simultaneously exchange letters and discuss the blast-and-dust threat of the atomic bomb that fell or was pushed, 1945-1946).

The mass media have reinforced the conventional procedure of the bomb and sex alike. In the case of the latter, it is a world interest in pornography as a particular form of a suppressed sex.

The mass media in this country have been controlled by a few big boys and a few big girls. The mass media in this country have been controlled by a few big boys and a few big girls.



editorial type stuff

Christmas Cards

I'm usually slightly cynical about the sincerity of the Christmas cards sent out by firms with whom you do business during the year. It's the cheapest form of payola. But I must admit that there are exceptions. I received a Christmas card this season from the Better Business Bureau.

Probably the most meaningful card I've ever been sent, though, depicts on the cover a stained-glass-window nativity scene, with the legend: "There's Only One Way to Put Christ Back in Christmas." Then you open it up, and on the inside, there's this picture of Santa Claus nailed to a crucifix.

Corrections

In issue #20, we stated that members of the board of directors of the *Humanist* had resigned to protest the editor's dismissal. Actually, the resignees were members of the editorial board of the magazine, rather than of the board of directors of its publisher, the American Humanist Association.

In issue #22, we quoted *L'Express* of Paris: "... at its presentation, [*The Lovers*] was violently attacked by a Fascist and anti-French faction under the guise of safeguarding public morals. If [the] Director of the Venice Film Festival was nevertheless

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PAME KRASSNER, Editor

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able to successfully defend his choice, it was because Cardinal Roncalli, Patriarch of Venice, honored today under the name of Pope John XXIII, let it be known that he found those attacks hypocritical and poorly inspired."

This has been denied by a Vatican official, Msgr. Albino Galletta, executive secretary of the Pontifical Commission for Motion Pictures, Radio and Television; and Msgr. Thomas F. Little, executive secretary of the National Legion of Decency, called it an "absurd and false claim."

The Legion had placed *The Lovers* in its Com-danned classification because "The blatant violation of Judeo-Christian morality and decency which permeates the development of the theme of this film is a serious threat to public and private morality."

The Tragedy of Cuba

"We shall not die of fear; we shall die laughing."

—Fidel Castro

January 1, 1961

Whenever there is a tragedy of any sort, there are always persons who could have told you so. I've long felt that there should be organizations whose sole purpose would be to act *before* a tragedy occurs. Thus, the "stringent new safety precautions" which unflinchingly follow every disaster would now be required as a matter of foresight rather than hindsight. Prevention would be the keynote of Tragedy, Inc.

The Fair Play for Cuba Committee—in its own special yet far-reaching area—is just such an organization. Recently, they sponsored a 10-day tour of Cuba. Against the wishes and advice of the U. S. State Department, some 340 persons were able to see the revolution for themselves. They paid their own way.

I was in Cuba from December 24th through January 7th. It turned out to be the most inspiring experience of my life.

Actually, I had merely gone for a vacation. I figured that while I was there I might write a snide little piece about how, for example the local art-film theatre in Havana was featuring *From the Terrace* with Paul Newman and Joanne Woodward, and that there was this big controversy developing between moviegoers who favor dubbed-in voices and those who prefer superimposed Spanish subtitles so that the flavor of the original Hollywood dialogue isn't lost.

I was also going to smuggle a cup of sugar back into the United States.

But you can't just ignore the significance of the Cuban Revolution. As Carleton Beals—veteran Latin-American expert and author of *The Crime of Cuba* and 30-odd other books—said to me: "It's ironic how this little island has become practically the key to the fate of the whole world."

It's also ironic how *The Progressive*—a monthly liberal magazine whose respectability is exceeded only by its lack of guts—decided not to publish an article by Beals because it was too pro-Cuba. It had already been accepted—and set in type—before the editors suffered a severe case of cold feet. The article finally did appear, however, in the *Christian Herald*.

You have to know the background of Batista's unconstitutional police-state horror in order to appreciate the fervor of the revolution against it. Our State Department said not a word when, in an open-air cafe in Cuba, the patrons (including an American visitor) were indiscriminately whipped. We weren't at all indignant over the shooting of children and the displaying of their dead bodies on the streets. We didn't protest the torturing, the amputating, the rape, the hanging. The State Department is just

beside the point. The point is that they are completely involved in what they're doing. Coffee breaks are not the focal point of their existence.

You see the squalor of the poverty-ridden huts which people live in, and you see the homes they are building and moving into, and you understand the depth of the legend over a door: *Seguimos Con-tigo, Fidel*—We'll Stay With You. . . .

It is to be expected that a newscaster like Fulton Lewis, Jr. would call Castro a "bearded madman" but it's depressing to hear one like Frank Edwards say that the Cubans gather to "Heil Castro." The difference between Hitler and Castro is frightfully simple. Hitler's speeches were on an emotional level for the purpose of accomplishing what was essentially Evil. Castro's speeches are on a rational level for the purpose of accomplishing what is essentially Good. It's as cowboys-and-Indians as that.

And unless you've seen Castro speak (not the out-of-context bits on TV) or read complete translations of his speeches, you have absolutely no right to make any judgments.

The theory of the revolution is expressed in the words of Henry George: "As every man born, by the only fact of birth, he has a right to live. . . . It is a right to eat, and as all nourishment derives directly or indirectly from the earth, every man has a right of a piece of land to nourish himself."

The practice of the revolution is expressed in the words of a Cuban mother: "We're living like decent people now."

The fly in the revolution's ointment is expressed in the words of Fidel Castro: "Communism is the theme which is going to be used by the counter-revolution, since there is no other pretext of greater importance, to cause harm to Cuba, to agitate or to bring about the failure of our revolution. That fear that the minority seems to have that Communism is growing in Cuba does not respond to reality. . . . The Communists simply have a newspaper."

What Castro really ought to do is just go to Russia, join the Communist Party—then break with Khrushchev á la Tito—and the United States will aid Cuba like crazy.

Likewise, Cuba should develop nuclear power if she wants to be re-recognized—for that is the very factor which may turn the tide as far as U.S. recognition of Red China is concerned.

(A cablegram bearing the news of the diplomatic break with Cuba was handed to Fidel Castro only minutes after I had met him and asked for an impromptu interview. I don't care what Ike did to the country—it's what he did to me.)

Meanwhile, there are little stickers pasted around in Cuba that say: "Our Revolution is Not Communist. Our Revolution is Successful. The Cubans only want the right to an education, the right to work, the right to eat without fear."

But don't take their word for it. Go to Cuba. See the schools of children. See the hospitals. See the streets with their flowers.

believe that Yankee imperialism is going to result in an attack on their island. Find out for yourself how the agrarian, urban and industrial reforms are helping the people.

(The above two paragraphs were written before the State Department made travel to Cuba all but impossible. Anyway, if it's any consolation, the *Realist* plans to have a monthly report from a journalist stationed in Cuba. Also, I would suggest you send \$1 for the 5 issues of *The Independent* dealing with the Cuban Revolution, or 25¢ for their February issue, or \$3 for a year's sub. Their address: 225 Lafayette St., New York 12, N. Y.—same building as ours, different office. I would recommend, too, the weekly newsletter, *Fair Play*, which is available for 15¢, or \$5 for one year, from The Fair Play for Cuba Committee, 799 Broadway, New York 3, N. Y.)

There were 20,000 killed during the Batista era. Now, in the Sierra Maestra, where the battles had raged, there are schools being built for 20,000 kids. And a nationwide learn-to-read campaign is being carried out.

In front of the infamous Santiago fort—now transformed into a school—there is this message: *Ser Culto Es El Unico Modo De Ser Libre—To Be Cultured Is the Only Way to Be Free—José Martí.*

In Cuba, 1961 is designated *El Año De La Educación*—The Year of Education.

The U. S. State Department has a hell of a lot to learn.

Soft Sell and Hard Hearts

Chet Huntley is a TV newscaster whose sense of morality forces him occasionally into the role of TV commentator. This month, for example, in reference to the lack of aid to starving-and-dying (200 a week) Africans by member nations of the U.N.'s Food and Agricultural Organization, he remarked that "It's about time that those who talk so much of equal rights learned something about equal responsibility."

The Huntley-Brinkley newscast is sponsored by Texaco. They are now featuring real soft-sell commercials. For example: with a pleasant musical background, a little boy and girl are playing with a ball, and the ball rolls under a car, and a Texaco serviceman retrieves it and gives it to the boy. But wouldn't it make you more anxious to buy at a Texaco station if they were to send aid to, say, Africa and announce it on the air? This could amount to the whole \$12-billion-a-year advertising fund—except me. I'm dreaming.

On a previous occasion, Huntley commented that "They have no right to criticize the Cuban revolution, who remained silent during Batista's reign of terror."

Essentially—and this is a quote from the *Independent*—"The Cuban revolution is a success. The Cubans only want the right to an education, the right to work, the right to eat without fear."

a self-righteous society with that kind of tainted spiritual heritage?

Only Father William F. Lynch of Georgetown University attempted to answer. The Protestant and Jewish speakers in effect took the "Fifth Commandment," and remained silent.

During the conference a New York publisher was speaking privately with a white girl college student, one of a dozen invited by the Fund for the Republic. "Mr. Worthy scares me," the girl remarked. "Why?" asked the publisher, expecting her to accuse me of extremism. But her answer was on another level: "Because these adults just can't understand what he is saying."

A white Catholic student from a Catholic university, who returned yesterday to his campus to graduate, said he is going to try to arrange for me to speak there next fall, even though he himself will be gone.



"Well, sir, I taught them how to properly plant their feet, how to prepare it to maintain an adequate diet, and how to build housing that will last through the stormy season. Now they want me to tell them how to defend their government, which is a democracy controlled by U.S. military aid..."

By and large, however, the older generation is not prepared to listen to any fundamental criticism of "the American character" and of what Langston Hughes calls "the ways of white folks." They think they want to engage in self-examination and to correct the obvious flaws in this faltering society. But in most cases they go right up to the threshold of searching analysis and treatment, then quickly retreat.

During the Washington conference I was repeatedly reminded of a frequent episode in the office of a Manhattan dentist. Many of his patients work in the same building. He is never surprised to receive an urgent call from a man or woman in agony from a neglected tooth, begging for an immediate appointment. Within five or ten minutes they yank open the door of his office, suddenly grind to a halt and exclaim: "My God, the pain has stopped." Almost invariably, they wish to turn right around and depart without any treatment.

Obviously, these white-collar patients know they need radical treatment on a tooth that minutes before was "killing" them. The tooth is afraid; the patient is afraid; white America, with its deep-seated guilt about racism and colonialism, is afraid. By neglect, this country is losing everything in the world and will soon stand naked and alone.

To date, much of the fault has lain with colored Americans. We have not spoken out forcefully enough. Yesterday I renewed an old friendship with Edward R. Murrow, now the director, as you know, of the U.S. Information Agency. I spent a half hour in his office. I went to see him on an entirely different matter and not on this problem. But in the course of our conversation I suggested that he ought to gather half a dozen articulate young Negroes—men not beholden to the white community such as Daniel Watts of this Liberation Committee for Africa and Robert Williams of the Monroe, N. C., NAACP—and arrange for at least a half day session with intelligent leaders in this Administration: himself, for example, and Chester Bowles and Robert Kennedy.

They ought to discuss with brutal frankness the state of civil rights and U.S. policy toward Africa as seen by Negroes. I left a flier with Ed Murrow announcing tonight's meeting and also Julian Mayfield's article on Bob Williams—"The Challenge of Negro Leadership"—in the April issue of *Commentary* magazine. Until I mentioned it, he didn't know that during the invasion of Cuba a white daily in Detroit found sentiment in the Negro community nine to one for Fidel Castro.

A month ago, also at the time of the invasion of Cuba, I proposed in a speech that a civil disobedience campaign, especially by Negroes, is clearly called for in the event of any further attack on Cuba.

Tonight I would like to propose an extension of that idea. Quite apart from the grave injustices involved, the desperate efforts to maintain western colonialism and neo-colonialism are keeping the entire world in a dangerous state of turmoil. There is no greater threat to peace.

Those of us who see behind the hypocritical slogans of the cold war should pledge ourselves now to open resistance if ever our servants in Washington are again tempted in any part of the world—the Congo, Iran, South Vietnam, the Straits of Taiwan—to prop up the rotting structure of white power by resort to violence, to our own government's shift or to other military means.

Trial By Prejudice

by William Worthy

Just after the April invasion of Cuba when the American Society of Newspaper Editors met in Washington, CIA chief Allen Dulles was among the top Administration officials to conduct two eight-hour days of not-for-attribution briefing. Since I was not present and am not bound by the secrecy rules, I am free to attribute.

When asked how the CIA gathers information from around the world, Mr. Dulles volunteered that, among other sources tapped, the CIA questions returning U.S. correspondents. "Debriefed" is the word used in the spy trade.

After my return from China, I met, socially, a man who worked in Europe and North Africa for the National Security Agency. Long aware that some of my colleagues submitted to debriefing, out of curiosity I asked this man what the CIA would pay for a debriefing on China. "Oh," he airily replied, "ten thousand dollars—out of their petty cash drawer."

I gulped at the size and ease of the temptation, but that's as far as it went. I've never had to lie awake at night wondering if persons whose professional respect I value would one day uncover a \$10,000 skeleton in my journalistic closet. As the CIA has become more reckless, more extremist, more dangerous, I have reveled in my freedom to criticize this high-ranking corrupting influence in today's world, although I must admit most Americans in my lecture audiences across the country obviously did not believe my reports of CIA activities in China and Eastern Europe until after the U-2 incident.

Yet, to be honest, I was tempted not to speak recently at a meeting of the Committee to Defend Francisco Molina. When the chairman of this committee, Mrs. Deidre Griswold, got me out of bed one midnight with an urgent request to speak, I thought of all the plausible reasons to decline. Isn't there a limit to the number of causes that any of us can support? Why didn't Molina and his "hot-headed" fellow Cubans have the good sense to get the hell out of the El Prado Restaurant instead of allowing the well-armed counter-revolutionary thugs to pick a fight? Why not limit yourself to "respectable" liberal causes at a politically safe distance—causes such as the Freedom Rides in Mississippi or frame-ups of sharecroppers in Tennessee or Georgia? Above all, I told myself, I just didn't have time.

But the plight of Francisco Molina has a haunting quality to it, and I finally had to say yes. In terms of the quality and scope of the injustices already done to him, the Molina case has the muted tone of a one-man Scottsboro case—with important differences in a smoother official operation, in a failure of view as a local angle, and in the response of a country generally capable of mass moral indignation. I know that if my conscience was at the mercy of some social conservatism, that I would have been even without benefit of this case.

As I cite the highlights of the 1931 frame-up of the nine boys in the Scottsboro case, I will leave it to your imagination to draw the parallels in the Molina case:

the parallels for the general public at a time when anti-Cuban emotions are as inflamed and irrational as were the racist emotions in that medieval Alabama community thirty years ago;

the parallels for the judicial integrity of Judge Mitchell D. Schweitzer, under heavy psychological and patriotic pressure from above;

the parallels for Alexander Herman, the prosecutor who acknowledges extra-legal influences on his official conduct;

the parallels for the false prosecution witnesses whom the CIA flew in from Miami and our million-dollar invasion base in Guatemala;

the parallels in this sick and twisted country for Jews and Negroes who fled to New York precisely to escape kangaroo tribunals in their home communities.

Before he died 8 or 9 years ago, Haywood Patterson, one of the nine Scottsboro boys, dictated a deeply moving book on the case. Let me quote his opening words:

"The freight train leaving out of Chattanooga, going around the mountain curves and hills of Tennessee into Alabama, it went so slow anyone could get off and back on. That gave the white boys the idea they could jump off the train and pick up rocks, carry them back on, and chunk them at us Negro boys. The trouble began when 3 or 4 white boys crossed over the oil tanker that 4 of us colored fellows from Chattanooga were in. One of the white boys, he stepped on my hand and liked to have knocked me off the train. I didn't say anything then, but the same guy, he brushed by me again and liked to have pushed me off the car. I caught hold of the side of the tanker to keep from falling off. I made a complaint about it, and the white boy talked back—mean, serious, white folks' Southern talk. That is how the Scottsboro case began—with a white foot on my black hand."

Two years later, when a courageous judge of the

diabolic dialogues:

Castro and the Stevenson Convertible

SCENE I

Fidel: You are going to attack Cuba.

Adlai: We are not going to attack Cuba.

Fidel: Why do you say that?

Adlai: Because it would be immoral for us to play the role of an aggressor nation.

SCENE II

Fidel: We have put down the invasion which you have headed.

Adlai: We were not behind the invasion.

Fidel: Why do you say that?

Adlai: Because if we were behind the invasion we would have been behind the invasion.

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Willie Brown:

Alabama Circuit Court, Judge James E. Horton, reversed the second conviction of Haywood Patterson, he summed up what had transpired:

"On March 25, 1931, the prosecutrix, Victoria Price, and Ruby Bates, her companion [both white], boarded a freight train at Chattanooga, Tennessee, for the purpose of going to Huntsville, Alabama. On the same train were seven white boys, and twelve Negroes, who it appears participated or are charged with participating in the occurrences on such train. All were tramps or 'hoboing' their way upon this same freight train. . . . There have been two trials in this case; one at Scottsboro and the other the recent trial at Decatur. The trial at Scottsboro was reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, who declared the defendants did not have the assistance of counsel. The motion in this case is upon the result of the trial at Decatur. The evidence at the trial at Decatur was vastly more extensive and differed in many important respects from the evidence at Scottsboro. . . ."

In the first trial, as Haywood Patterson tells it in his great book of social protest: "The girls got up and kept on lying. There was only one thing the people in the courtroom wanted to hear. Bailey [H. G. Bailey—the prosecutor] would ask, 'Did the niggers rape you?' 'Yes,' the girl would answer. . . . When Bailey finished with me he said to the jury: 'Gentlemen of the jury, I don't say give that nigger the chair. . . . You know your duty. . . . All I can say is, hide him. Get him out of our sight. . . . They're not our niggers. Look at their eyes, look at their hair, gentlemen. They look like something just broke out of the zoo. *Guilty or not guilty, let's get rid of these niggers.*'"

I was in Cuba last September when the little Venezuelan girl was killed in the El Prado Restaurant free-for-all. For quite some time I had no clear idea of the facts about the man popularly suspected of firing the fatal shot. But at that distance, 90 miles from our shores, I was appalled at the hasty "trial" and conviction of Francisco Molina in the New York headlines. The Alabama dailies did no worse in 1931 in convicting the Scottsboro boys. The loaded physical descriptions of Molina by the press in general and by federal and municipal spokesmen were as designedly inflammatory as was the courtroom description of the Scottsboro boys that I just quoted by that Deep South prosecutor.

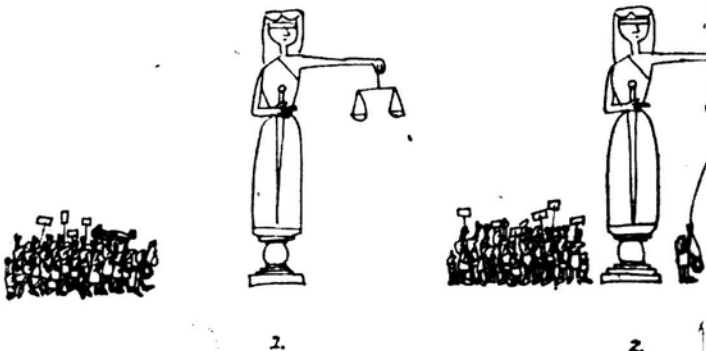
This comes as no great shock to a Negro, except for its virtual unanimity in the Molina case. By the time I entered kindergarten in Boston at the age of four I knew, from dinner table conversation, that the U.S. is a barbarous country so far as the physical, psychological and economic mistreatment of minority groups is concerned. The North as well as the South will readily utilize any crude or slick tactic to convict defenseless defendants whose religion, race or national origin deviate from the Anglo-Saxon norm.

Three Negro lawyers who have served as deputy assistant district attorneys right in Mr. Herman's own office have told me about the conscious policy of assigning Negro prosecutors to try Negroes accused of murder and other serious crimes. The purpose is to increase the chances of convictions by the subtly influenced and manipulating jurors. Similarly, when a Cuban is on trial, it's subliminally helpful to the prosecutor to have

a Puerto Rican assistant or Puerto Rican detective present in the courtroom.

These three Negro prosecutor friends told me further of a special room in the D.A.'s office where members of the staff can secretly watch a defendant as he confers with his lawyer and with relatives. If I recall correctly—and on this point I am not 100 per cent positive of my memory—the prosecutors can also eavesdrop on these supposedly private and privileged conversations.

The three friends have also given me countless illustrations of what I have learned independently on my own: namely, that New York cops are the most brazen, most gratuitous, most insulting liars in the world. And in this city's five boroughs not a judge or



a prosecutor has the guts to cite or jail any of these official perjurers.

Earlier, I referred to the differences between the Molina case and the case of the nine Scottsboro boys. Again let me quote from Haywood Patterson's story as he and his co-sufferers languished in jail:

"Mail and money was coming to me from Nancy Cunard, of the [Cunard] ship lines: She sent \$25 a month. Kay Boyle, an American writer living in France, she sent letters and money and pictures of her family. From people all over money was coming in, so we fellows didn't have to depend on the witched-up stew the prison served as food. . . . We heard big shots like Albert Einstein and Thomas Mann come out for us in Europe. We didn't know who these people were but figured from the way Alabama papers quavered about it that they had say-so."

Where, in 1961, are the big names in the defense of Francisco Molina? Where are the worldwide demonstrations? The answer is fairly simple.

First, the general dulling of the conscience of mankind which apparently began in World War II when the Allied Powers joined the Nazis in saturation bombings of civilians and when a cocky, insensitive president unleashed two bombs on a yellow-skinned people.

Second, if we look only at our hysteria over Cuba, the enmity of the mind-manipulating campaign against Fidel Castro and his supporters has scared off otherwise decent persons.

The average white liberal in this country wants to shut out of his mind the facts in the Molina case. If informed, he might feel guilty enough to have a word to say about the case. But he would be shocked to find that the case was based on the murder of a young woman.

A Combat Report: My Sortie Against Fidel Castro's Phantom MIG Planes

by David R. Zimmernam

I am a newspaper reporter, and hence an insular person. I believe in strict non-intervention in the affairs of another man's paper. At least, that was my policy until the invasion of Cuba, when I lost my former resolve, and tried to shoot some of Castro's phantom MIG planes off the front page of the *Times*, a neighboring New York paper.

I had bought the *Times'* early edition of April 19th, on the crucial second evening of the invasion. There I read, in the five-column lead headline, that:

MIGS AND TANKS ATTACK REBELS

A blunt statement, indeed: there were MIGs in the air—no doubt about that, I conceded. But, by the time I had finished the news story under the head, I had found that the situation was not quite so simple. I had discovered that the attribution for the MIGs being aloft was a "communique" from the anti-Castro Revolutionary Council (whose leaders, it later turned out, were just then prisoners of the C.I.A., and were being held incommunicado).

Moreover, the reporter responsible for the story, Tad Szulc [pronounced Schultz], had written that, while there had been some reports of MIGs, in crates, being brought to Cuba, "there have been no reports of MIGs actually flying"—a statement that contradicted what was said in the headline.

Szulc said, further, in a sentence that could win a prize for the number of hedges, of which there were five, set to surround a single newspaper statement: "Some exile sources here [Miami] speculated that the MIGs, if they had appeared in the air, may have been flown by Soviet-bloc 'volunteers.'"

As I read this, I felt the habits of a lifetime dissolving within me. I reached for the telephone on my night table, and dialed LACKAWANNA 4-1000. I was connected with the news department, and a toiler there read through the story, paragraph by paragraph, with me; he agreed that it failed to support the point-of-fact headline which it had been given. The first Late edition was on the press and running, he said, but he would see to it that the matter was straightened out in the final edition.

I bought the last *Times* on the way to work the next morning; a glance told me that there had been changes—perhaps my call had been heeded! I unfolded the paper and discovered that the page one line had been stretched from five columns to six, and now read:

MIGS AND TANKS ATTACK BEACHHEAD

A change, indeed, but not a correction. Instead of writing a more accurate head, the *Times'* people had amended the story to fit the sense of the one that was already written. Deep down in the text, for example, they had added to Szulc's statement that no MIGs had been reported in action the qualification "except by rebels." And, they had added several more sentences from the Revolutionary Council's "communique" on the MIGs in order to give it more credence.

Thus, my sortie against Cuba's phantom jet planes had turned out to have been but a failure. I had tried, and failed, to shoot down those non-existent MIGs. I have no excuse but the ease with which the C.I.A.'s

mimeo machine had turned the wheels of history downstairs in the *Times'* pressroom cellars.

That Castro used no Russian planes was admitted, officially, the following week; he had won with *American* jet planes—originally given to Batista!

Facts aside, though, there was a quite specific purpose for the release by the C.I.A. of the patently inaccurate MIG story, so cheerfully swallowed by the *Times* and other newspapers.

The C.I.A., from the start, had promised U.S. air support to the Cuban invaders. In fact, six aircraft carriers—The Essex, Wasp, Bonhomme Richard, Shangri-La, Independence and Randolph—were in, or headed for, Cuban waters during the week of the invasion.

President Kennedy, to his credit, recognized that such support would have meant war with Cuba, and decided to sit on the order to send up the air cover. In effect, he told the C.I.A., which begged for a total commitment, that if the Cubans would land, they must go it alone; they'd get no more help than they'd already been given.

However, the President permitted his decision to remain open; he ordered the concentration of U.S. ships and planes to continue through the week against the chance that he would reverse his decision.

(Cuban exiles have complained, in recent weeks, that 25 American jets, which were to have been flown, not by U.S. airmen, but by Cuban rebel pilots, remained grounded at an airstrip in Florida during the invasion. They say that these planes, operational, would have brought them to victory.)

During the very hours that the *Times* wrote—and stayed with—its inaccurate and provocative headline, the invasion chief, Roberto San Roman, now Castro's prisoner, sent an urgent and, as it turned out, final plea to the President for air support.

Joseph Newman, chief U.N. correspondent for the *New York Herald Tribune*, wrote later (on May 1st) that San Roman "spoke from a walkie-talkie to a ship which relayed his message . . . Richard Bissel, Jr., deputy director of the C.I.A. [who was in charge of the Cuban adventure] alerted some of the key men in Washington. These advisors awoke President Kennedy at 2 A.M. April 19, and discussed the crisis for two hours. They argued in favor of air support from the American aircraft carrier [sic] in the Caribbean in a last attempt to save the situation."

It was, by then, too late, and the President stuck by his refusal to allow the U.S. to be drawn in further.

Did the C.I.A. lie to the President as it lied to the public (all Revolutionary Council statements were, then, at its behest) about the presence of MIGs over Cuba? That, we may never know, but it is clear that the story was circulated to justify, both before and after the fact, an extension of U.S. involvement in Cuba. The facts of the case, MIGs or no MIGs, might never have been questioned (and what if they had?) once we had retaken Havana.

Scatological Error of the Month

From the first edition only of the N.Y. Daily News
—a Reuters dispatch detailed Colombo, Ceylon:
"One person was shot to death and another seriously injured today in a post-election procession at Yattiyatota . . ."

Good, what a horrible way to go—those Yattiyatota men do have some strange political ideas—presumably, the *Scatological Error of the Month* award.

JUNE 1961

Editorial Footnote

Two-and-a-half months have passed since the Worthy
(currently in Cuba) sent copies of his letter to the Editor
and to Judge Schweitzer and attention has been drawn
has been no response. Meanwhile, the Editor has been
ing a number of 25 years in the past. The Editor has
N. Y. Times, and has been in the past. The Editor has
Editorial Footnote

Judge Schweitzer, that Alabama judge also knew what apparently you two gentlemen have forgotten: namely, the inevitable self-destruction that flows from contrived injustice. Even Ruby Bates, low whore that she was, seemed to sense the stern moral penalties of railroading innocent persons. On that crucial ethical point, here is what Judge Horton said at the beginning of his lengthy, majestic decision:

"Deliberate injustice is more fatal to the one who imposes than to the one on whom it is imposed. The victim may die quickly and his suffering cease, but the teachings of Christianity and the uniform lessons of all history illustrate without exception that its perpetrators not only pay the penalty themselves, but their children through endless generations. . . . The law wisely recognizes the passions, prejudices and sympathies that such cases as these naturally arouse, but sternly requires of its ministers freedom from such actuating impulses."

Haywood Patterson said of Judge Horton: "His decision made me feel good. I saw there could be white folks in the South with a right mand." In slightly revised phraseology I hope that Francisco Molina will be saying the same soft words about Judge Schweitzer after the judge rules on the motion for a new trial.

I am sending copies of this article to Judge Schweitzer and to prosecutor Herman. I doubt that, on sober reflection, either man would prefer the transitory, fleeting approval of the primitive ideological fanatics and assassins in the CIA to the permanent ill repute of posterity. During the April invasion of Cuba, the CIA agents in charge showed their total contempt for even educated, English-speaking, American-trained Cubans by locking up the Cuban counter-revolutionary leaders, at gunpoint, in a Florida shack and issuing battle communiqués in their name, unbeknown to them.

All my intuitive faculties tell me that those same agents who have worked with Mr. Herman in the Molina case have equal contempt for the prosecutor, a member of a minority group in many ways more despised than Negroes or "sweaty, lazy" working-class Latins such as Molina. The CIA agents will use Mr. Herman for their nefarious international purposes, and then call him vile anti-Semitic names behind his back. Mr. Herman's boss, Frank Hogan, a devout Catholic, should know that bigotry aimed at a swarthy, defenseless Latin or a Negro or a Jew usually spills over in the direction of Catholics. There is no limit, once the poison breaks through the dikes.

In his better moments, Judge Schweitzer must recall and aspire to the courage of a Judge Horton or to the towering greatness of a Justice Brandeis or a Justice Black.

In his better moments, Mr. Herman must know that justice, and not a vulgar professional passion for a high percentage of convictions, motivated great prosecutors such as Attorney General Frank Murphy and a former California attorney general named Earl Warren. In terms of ultimate political rewards neither Frank Murphy, a mere saint, nor Earl Warren paid a heavy price for their devotion to the rights of the accused. But even if they had paid a stiff price, they still had to live with themselves.

In spite of all I've said, I have no doubt that all the world's people are

frailty. If Molina has suffered injustice—and he has—it's because we are all unjust. We are all more or less content to earn a tainted living in a profoundly unjust and unbalanced society. Only the rare jurist, rare prosecutor, rare individual rises above the saturating injustice and corruption. (Recently Rick Gregory, the Negro comedian, has put into words a long-nagging doubt I have had about the end-product of the civil rights struggle. In a joke brimming with symbolism, Gregory tells about sitting in at a lunch counter for six months: "Finally, when it was integrated, they didn't have what I wanted!")

To speak in revolutionary terms—the only terms that make sense if we are to survive—we must individually and collectively create the kind of social atmosphere in which a North American prosecutor, however ambitious or ruthless he may be, cannot suborn perjury in a criminal or a political trial. We must strive for the kind of calm and detached judicial system in which a Judge Schweitzer would feel compelled to lock up any CIA agent who dared to intervene in his courtroom.

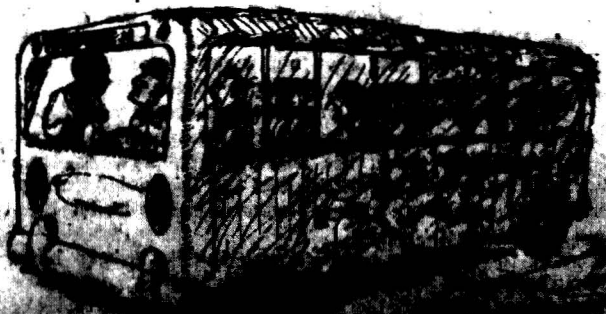
With an humble eye on the revolutions for social justice in the newly independent nations, we must revolutionize the thinking and the values of our fellow countrymen so that they will no longer tolerate those monstrous lily-white, white-collar, class conscious, socially insensitive "hangmen's juries"—better known as blue-ribbon juries—whether it's in the borough of Manhattan alongside the Statue of Liberty, in the town of Scottsboro, Alabama, or in the feudal area of Jackson, Mississippi.

The test of everything is its durability. The case against Francisco Molina will not endure, it cannot endure, because of the dead weight of falsehood and prejudice.

Indeed, the prosecution's case has already fallen apart. I doubt that Francisco Molina is trembling in his cell tonight. But I have no doubt that a certain Manhattan prosecutor and his CIA buddies are trembling tonight because the case is being more and widely exposed and because they know that many Americans, true to our best traditions, do not believe in framing innocent men.

Nothing is ever settled until it is settled right. Judge Schweitzer and Mr. Herman, the Molina case will never be settled; it will continue to haunt you gentlemen, until you set Francisco Molina free.

(See editorial postscript on Page 28)



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE MAR 28 1963	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 12/26/62 - 3/19/63
TITLE OF CASE PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY [Redacted]
		CHARACTER OF CASE IS - CUBA	b6 b7C

REFERENCES:

Report of SA [Redacted] 12/17/62 at NY, - 10
 NY airtel to Albany, 12/26/62,
 Seattle airtel to NY, 1/2/63,
 Philadelphia letter to NY, 1/7/63
 Miami letter to NY, 1/15/63,
 Albany letter to NY, 1/17/63,
 Newark letter to NY, 1/22/63,
 Baltimore letter to NY, 1/31/63,
 Los Angeles letter to NY, 2/7/63,
 WFO letter to NY, 2/11/63.

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

-C-

CC TO: [Redacted]
 REQ. REC'D 8:24
 MAR 28 1963
 [Redacted] [Redacted]

APPROVED [Redacted] SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE [Redacted]
 COPIES MADE: [Redacted]

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

[Redacted] Bureau ([Redacted] RM)
 1 - New York [Redacted]

[Redacted]

REC-74
EX-117

2 APR 2 1963

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT

NOTATIONS

AGENCY [Redacted]
 REQUEST REC'D. Copy to: [Redacted] State [Redacted]
 DATE FWD. [Redacted]
 HOW FWD. [Redacted] by routing slip for info
 BY [Redacted] Date 4/5/63

NAT [Redacted] SEC.

6 APR 9 1963

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(by request)

NY T-2

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

(by request)

b3
b6
b7C
b7D
b7E

NY T-3

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-4

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-5

[Redacted]

used to identify

[Redacted]

NY T-6

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

B
COVER PAGE

- Subject's name is being recommended for inclusion in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- Subject's name is included in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card are current.
- Changes on the Section A Reserve Index Card are necessary and Form FD-122a has been submitted to the Bureau.
- A suitable photograph is is not available.
- Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.
- Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
- This report is classified _____ because (state reason)

9. Subject was not reinterviewed because (state reason)

of subject's employment as editor of "The Realist". It is felt that an interview with the subject could possibly be embarrassing to the Bureau.

10. This case no longer meets the Section A Reserve Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Section A Reserve Index card.
11. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Reserve Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason)

subject is editor of "The Realist" which contains articles favorable to the Castro Regime in Cuba and which are generally critical of the U.S. Government.

C*
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

Report of: [Redacted]

Office: New York, New York

Date: 3/28/63

Field Office File #: [Redacted]

Bureau File #: [Redacted]

b3
b6
b7C
b7E

Title: PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character: INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Synopsis: Identities of subscribers to telephone numbers called from the home - office telephone of the subject are set forth.

-C-

DETAILS:

On October 26, 1962, [Redacted] New York Telephone Company, 140 West Street, New York, New York, furnished information concerning toll calls charged to phone WALKER 5-3966, which is the home - office telephone of PAUL JAMES KRASSNER.

b6
b7C

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
May 4, 1962	Albany, New York	[Redacted]

On January 7, 1963, NY T-1 advised that [Redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

b3
b7E

Telephone number GR 4-2121 is the official main switch board... for the State of New York Government agencies.

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
May 2, 1962	Silver Spring, Maryland	[redacted]

On January 9, 1963, NY T-2 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
March 14, 1962	Beverly Hills, California	[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
August 2, 1962	Beverly Hills, California	[redacted] collect call from [redacted]

NY T-3 advised that [redacted]

[redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] and [redacted] are well known comedians.

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
May 5, 1962	Fort Pierce, Florida	[Redacted]
August 20, 1962		

On January 7, 1963 [Redacted]
 [Redacted] Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company,
 Fort Pierce, Florida, advised SA [Redacted] that telephone
 number [Redacted] was disconnected on October 2, 1962 and was
 formerly subscribed to by [Redacted]
 [Redacted] who has since moved to Greenwich Village
 in New York City.

b6
b7C

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
March 14, 1962	Princeton, New Jersey	[Redacted]

On January 11, 1963, NY T-4 advised that [Redacted]
 [Redacted]

b7E

[Redacted]

b7E

PA.

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

On July 7, 1948, NY T-5 reported that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7D

The Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committee has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
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April 11, 1962	Princeton, New Jersey	[Redacted]
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b6
b7C
b7E

NY T-4 advised on January 11, 1963 that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

The files of the Newark Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contain no information identifiable with [Redacted]

[Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
-------------	-------------	-------------------------

March 24, 1962	Leonia, New Jersey	[Redacted]
March 28, 1962		
July 14, 1962		
July 25, 1962		

b6
b7C
b7E

NY T-4 advised on January 11, 1963 that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

The files of the Newark Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contain no information identifiable with [Redacted]

b6
b7C

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
April 26, 1962	Millburn, New Jersey	[Redacted]

On January 11, 1963, NY T-4 advised that [Redacted]

b6
b7C
b7E

[Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
August 7, 1962	Atlantic City, New Jersey	[Redacted]

b7E

On January 11, 1963 NY T-4 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
August 10, 1962	Easton, Pennsylvania	258-0457
August 13, 1962		
August 17, 1962		

The current Easton, Pennsylvania telephone directory lists telephone number 258-0457 to the National Business Service Company, 535 Northampton Street, Easton, Pennsylvania.

[Redacted]

b3
b7E

The 1962 Easton City Directory indicates that the National Business Service Company, is [Redacted] Pennsylvania.

b6
b7C

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
June 26, 1962	Seattle, Washington	[Redacted]

[Redacted] Special Agent Investigator for the Pacific Northwest Bell Telephone Company, Seattle, Washington, advised on January 2, 1963 that telephone number [Redacted] had been listed in the name of [Redacted], Washington. [Redacted] stated that this telephone was disconnected on July 3, 1962.

b6
b7C

The files of the Seattle Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation contain no information identifiable with [Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
April 25, 1962	Washington, D.C.	[Redacted]

In February, 1963, NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

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[Redacted]

6/23/6

6/27/6

[Redacted]

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<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
April 30, 1962	Washington, D.C.	[Redacted]

b7D

In February, 1963, NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
April 30, 1962	Washington, D.C.	[Redacted]

b7D

NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
April 30, 1962	Washington, D.C.	[Redacted]

b7D

NY T-6 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

Information furnished by NY T-6 may only be made public pursuant to the issuance of a subpoena duces tecum.

[Redacted]

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<u>Date</u>	<u>City</u>	<u>Telephone Number</u>
May 3, 1962	Babylon, Long Island	[Redacted]

On March 19, 1962, [Redacted]
New York Telephone Company, advised SA [Redacted] that
telephone number [Redacted] is subscribed to by [Redacted],
[Redacted] New York.

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The files of the New York Office contain no information
identifiable with [Redacted]



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

New York, New York
March 28 1963

Title Paul James Krassner

Character Internal Security - Cuba

Reference is made to report of Special
Agent dated and captioned as above at New York.

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

b6
b7c

This document contains neither recommendations nor ~~conclusions~~
of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your
agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside
your agency.

SAC, New York

12-18-63

Director, FBI

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[redacted]
IS - CUBA
RA - CUBA
SI - C
New York file 100-90251
Bufile [redacted]

✓ PAUL KRASSNER
IS - CUBA
New York file [redacted]
Bufile [redacted]

Following the assassination of President Kennedy numerous observations, suggestions, and inquiries have been received concerning individuals connected with the Fair Play for Cuba Committee (FPCC) and other pro-Cuban activities. In this regard by letters dated 11-27-63 and 12-3-63, [redacted] prominent New York columnist, indicated that one of the propagandists for the FPCC is [redacted] publisher who is frequently quoted in "The Realist," published in New York City.

"The Realist," mentioned above, is a magazine edited by Paul Krassner which contains articles favorable to the Castro regime in Cuba and is very critical of the U. S. Krassner is included in the Reserve Index, Section A, and a report concerning him was submitted 3-28-63. In view of widespread interest in apologists for Cuban regime of Fidel Castro, New York should review its file on Krassner and submit any unreported pertinent information to the Bureau in report form.

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Bufiles disclose [redacted] is included in the Cuban Special Section of the Security Index and has recently been under intensified investigation. The last report submitted concerning [redacted] however, was dated 1-14-63, therefore, New York should also promptly submit an up-to-date report concerning [redacted]. It is noted [redacted] has recently advertised a book entitled, "An Inquiry Into the Assassination of Abraham Lincoln," by Emmet McLoughlin apparently attempting to tie it into the Kennedy assassination with the observation "Was Oswald a Loner? John Wilkes Booth certainly was not!"

ORIGINAL FILED IN

[redacted] (6)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

[redacted] NOT RECORDED
SEE NOTE PAGE TWO
128 DEC 19 1963

Letter to SAC, New York.

Re: [REDACTED]

PAUL KRASSNER

[REDACTED]

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NOTE:

In view of recent interest in [REDACTED] and other writers and publishers who have been sympathetic to the Castro regime, it is felt Bureau should get up-to-date reports concerning these individuals in order to be in a position to answer any inquiries and/or take any additional action deemed necessary.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE 2/24/64	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 1/2 - 2/7/64
TITLE OF CASE PAUL JAMES KRASSNER		REPORT MADE BY <input type="text"/>	TYPED BY <input type="text"/>
		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA	

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REC'D
REQ. REC'D
SEP 18 1967
AMS.
BY

REFERENCES

Bureau letter to NY, 12/18/63. "cc"
Report of SA 3/28/63, at NY.

OI-nyo
(2) 5-12-64
12 6-1-64
ppk 6-1-64
12 5-27-64

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE

The pretext phone call made to subject's business office on 2/7/64, was made by SA . The pretext utilized was that of a Columbia University student desiring to purchase a number of copies of "The Realist". Subject, during this conversation, advised that this publication could be purchased at the Columbia Bookstore.

Rec'd 6/1/64
ppk 6/15/64
preparing info
Rec'd 6/17 NY info

APPROVED <input type="text"/>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE <input type="text"/>	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW
COPIES MADE: 9-Bureau 2-New York 1- <input type="text"/> 8-9-67		REC-123 X-112 FEB 26 1964 <input type="text"/>

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Dissemination Record of Attached Report

Agency	Copy to	State
Request Recd.		
Date Fwd.	by routing slip for info	
How Fwd.	Date 3/12/64 by	
By		

Notations

NY, State, Dept. Army, Navy, Air Force
used to declassified by 6/24/75

58 MAY 3 1964

[Redacted]

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ADMINISTRATIVE CONTINUED

A review of NYO files reflects that on 2/8/63,

[Redacted]

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The subject's 1960-1961 trip to Cuba has previously been reported in a communication suitable for dissemination.

The NY 100-97078-1B252 file contains a mimeographed report of approximately [Redacted]

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[Redacted]

[Redacted] The report was furnished by [Redacted] who has furnished reliable information in the past.

- B -

COVER PAGE

[Redacted]

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ADMINISTRATIVE CONTINUED

This report reflects that an individual identified only as PAUL K., a rank and file member of the Labor Action for Peace Committee on or about 10/20/62, at a Steering Committee of this group, did, in the words of the report, present a "left wing formulation which would have permitted LAP to use any and all tactics that would move the worker's struggle forward, including armed self-defense."

It is believed that PAUL K. referred to in this report is identical with the subject. The NYO, however, has set out a lead to attempt to definitely verify this supposition. If investigation determines that the subject is identical with PAUL K. in this report, this information will be included in a subsequent report suitable for dissemination.

INFORMANTS

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-1

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-2

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-3

PSI [Redacted]
of the New York
Office

[Redacted]

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LEADS

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK. 1. Will determine if the subject is residing at [Redacted] New York.

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[REDACTED]

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LEADS CONTINUED

2. Will, through contact with [REDACTED] attempt to determine whether the subject is identical with the PAUL K. mentioned in the above described SWP document.

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3. Will, if subject is determined to be identical with PAUL K., consider recommending him for inclusion on the Security Index based on his statement advocating armed violence.

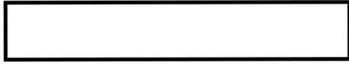
- D -

COVER PAGE

1. Subject's name is being recommended for inclusion in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
2. Subject's name is included in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
3. The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card are current.
4. Changes on the Section A Reserve Index Card are necessary and Form FD-122a has been submitted to the Bureau.
5. A suitable photograph is is not available.
6. Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.
7. Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
8. This report is classified CONFIDENTIAL because (state reason) **information furnished by NY T-2 and NY T-3 could reasonably result in the identification of these informants of continuing value, thereby having a prejudicial effect on the national security of the United States.**
9. Subject was not interviewed because (state reason) **subject is employed as the editor of "The Realist", a publication which has consistently been anti-United States Government in its articles, and which has in the past contained articles of a derogatory nature concerning the President of the United States, the Attorney General of the United States, and FBI Director J. EDGAR HOOVER. (cont'd)**
10. This case no longer meets the Section A Reserve Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Section A Reserve Index card.
11. This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Reserve Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) **subject continues to be the editor of "The Realist" and through articles appearing in this publication has indicated his support and sympathy for the Castro Government and the present administration in Cuba.**

- E -

COVER PAGE



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#9 Continued

It is believed any interview with the subject would result in embarrassment to the Bureau.

- F* -

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[REDACTED]

Copy to:

Report of:

[REDACTED]

Date:

2/24/64

Office: New York, New York

Field Office File #:

[REDACTED]

Bureau File #:

[REDACTED]

Title:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

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b7E

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Synopsis:

Subject on 2/7/64, during a telephone conversation, identified himself as the editor of "The Realist", a New York City publication described by a source in 1962, as favoring the regime of FIDEL CASTRO in Cuba, and as generally critical of the United States. The subject addressed a Militant Labor Forum sponsored by the New York Local, Socialist Workers Party, in New York City on 3/22/63.

- P -

DETAILS

I. BACKGROUND

Residence and Employment

It is noted that on June 29, 1962, the records of NY T-1, another government agency, reflected that PAUL JAMES KRASSNER resided at Room 709, 225 Lafayette Street, New York, New York.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

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It is also noted that the masthead of "The Realist", issue of March-April, 1961, reflects that "The Realist" is a publication with offices at 225 Lafayette Street, New York, New York, PAUL KRASSNER, Editor.

The 1963-1964 Manhattan New York Telephone Directory contains a listing for PAUL KRASSNER, [REDACTED]. It is not known at present whether this subscriber is identical with the subject.

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The same Manhattan Telephone Directory contains a listing for "The Realist", 225 Lafayette, WA 5-3966.

On February 7, 1964, it was determined by placing a call to this number that WA 5-3966 had recently been changed to GR 7-3490.

On February 7, 1964, a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) made a pretext telephone call to New York City telephone number GR 7-3490. The individual who answered this call identified himself as PAUL KRASSNER and during the ensuing conversation stated that this was the office of "The Realist", and that he was the editor of the publication.

It is to be noted that on July 21, 1962, NY T-2 advised that [REDACTED]

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II. CONNECTIONS WITH THE NEW YORK LOCAL, SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY

A characterization of the New York Local, Socialist Workers Party, appears in the Appendix of this report.

[Redacted]

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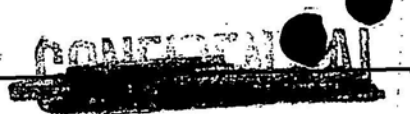
On March 27, 1963, NY T-2 advised that [Redacted]

[Redacted]

NY T-3 advised on November 19, 1963, that [Redacted]

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[Redacted]



[REDACTED]

1.

APPENDIX

SOCIALIST WORKERS PARTY -
NEW YORK LOCAL

A source stated on August 25, 1960, that the New York Local of the Socialist Workers Party (SWP) was founded during January, 1938, in New York City.

A second confidential source stated on May 6, 1963, that [REDACTED]

b7D

The SWP has been designated pursuant to Executive Order 10450.





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

February 24, 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title Paul James Krassner

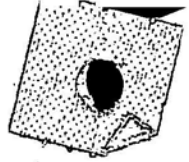
Character Internal Security - Cuba

Reference is made to the New York
report of Special Agent , dated and captioned
as above.

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All sources (except any listed below) whose identities are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable information in the past.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the Federal Bureau of Investigation. It is the property of the Federal Bureau of Investigation and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.



UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

(File)

) DATE: 1/15/64

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SAC, NEW YORK

(File)

SUBJECT: PAUL KRASSNER
IS-CUBA

*FD 205-ny-24-64
rept. w/R Bu 2-17-64*

This case will be delinquent.

Date of Bureau deadline: **Bulet, 12/18/63 requested New York to submit any unreported pertinent information in report form.**

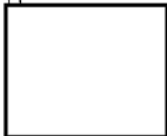
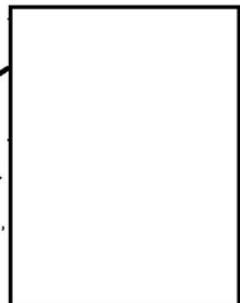
Reason for the delinquency: **Necessary handling of expedite matters in Cuban espionage and double-agent cases.**

Date the report or necessary communication will reach the Bureau: **2/5/64**

AEC zone designation; e.g., OR, CH, etc.:
(This applies only to ~~116~~ cases.)

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b7C

*File 5-
NAT.*



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

26

REPORTING OFFICE NEW YORK	OFFICE OF ORIGIN NEW YORK	DATE JUN 22 1964	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD 2/18/64-6/16/64
TITLE OF CASE CHANGED PAUL JAMES KRASSNER aka Paul C. Krassner		REPORT MADE BY <input type="text"/>	TYPED BY <input type="text"/>
		CHARACTER OF CASE INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA	

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Title of case changed to reflect addition of PAUL C. KRASSNER as name also used by subject, as furnished by

REFERENCES:

Report of SA 2/24/64¹², at NY.

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ADMINISTRATIVE:

Rerep noted, in Administrative portion, that NYO possessed a mimeographed report

N.Y.

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW
COPIES MADE: 0 - Bureau 1 - New York	<input type="text"/> (RM)	<input type="text"/>
1 - <input type="text"/> 8-9-67	OC TO: <input type="text"/> REQ. REC'D 8-29 SEP 18 1967 ANS BY: <input type="text"/>	REC-34 b3 - b6 b7C b7E
DISSEMINATION RECORD OF ATTACHED REPORT		NOTATIONS
AGENCY	Copy to <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> NAT NY, State, Dept <input type="text"/> Army, Navy, Air Force <input type="text"/> by h/w to declassify 6/24/75
REQUEST RECD.	<input type="text"/>	
DATE FWD.	by routing slip for info <input type="text"/>	
HOW FWD.	Date 6-30-67 <input type="text"/>	
BY	<input type="text"/>	

6 JUL 1 1964 7162

NY 105-45809

ADMINISTRATIVE CONT'D:

This report has been discussed at length with [redacted] who advised, on 3/2/64, that [redacted]

[redacted]

Informant then suggested [redacted]

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[redacted]

In view of this, and since the references to PAUL K appear in a report written by [redacted] with no possibility of corroborating same through other sources, the NYO is taking no further action on this matter.

INFORMANTS:

Identity of Source

File Number Where Located

NY T-1

[redacted]

[redacted]

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COVER PAGE

- Subject's name is being recommended for inclusion in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- Subject's name is included in Section A or B of the Reserve Index.
- The data appearing on the Reserve Index Card are current.
- Changes on the Section A Reserve Index Card are necessary and Form FD-122a has been submitted to the Bureau.
- A suitable photograph is is not available.
- Careful consideration has been given to each source concealed and T symbols were utilized only in those instances where the identities of the sources must be concealed.
- Subject is employed in a key facility and _____ is charged with security responsibility. Interested agencies are _____.
- This report is classified "Confidential" because (state reason) information furnished by NY T-1 could reasonably result in the identification of an informant of continuing value, thereby having a prejudicial effect on the national security of the United States.
- Subject was not interviewed because (state reason) he is employed as editor of "The Realist", a sensational-type publication, and he would possibly take occasion of an interview by the FBI to embarrass the Bureau through use of his publication.
- This case no longer meets the Section A Reserve Index criteria and a letter has been directed to the Bureau recommending cancellation of the Section A Reserve Index card.
- This case has been re-evaluated in the light of the Reserve Index criteria and it continues to fall within such criteria because (state reason) subject, as editor of "The Realist" had indicated his continuing support and sympathy for the Castro Government in Cuba, and has expressed anti-United States sentiments in articles appearing in this publication.

COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

[REDACTED]

Copy to:

Report of:

[REDACTED]

Office: New York, New York

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b7C
b7E

Date:

JUN 22 1964

Field Office File #:

[REDACTED]

Bureau File #:

[REDACTED]

Title:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER

Character:

INTERNAL SECURITY - CUBA

Synopsis:

Subject continues as editor of "The Realist;" maintains office and residence at 318 East 18th Street, Basement, Manhattan, N.Y. Source advised subject is subscriber to "The Worker."

- C -

DETAILS:

I. BACKGROUND

Residence and Employment:

It is noted that the 1963-1964 Manhattan, New York Telephone Directory contains a listing for PAUL KRASSNER,

[REDACTED]

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On February 18, 1964, [REDACTED] [REDACTED] New York Telephone Company, 104 Broad Street, Manhattan, New York, advised Special Agent (SA) [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] that [REDACTED] was listed to [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] New York, and had been since December 22, 1963.

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

[redacted]

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On June 12, 1964, [redacted],
[redacted] New York, advised he was [redacted]
at that address, and collected rents from tenants there.
[redacted] said his records indicated no one named PAUL KRASSNER
presently resided at that address. He noted he had only
recently assumed this position, and had neither recollection
nor records to determine whether an individual by this name
had ever lived there.

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On February 24, 1964, NY T-1 advised that [redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

It is noted that previous investigation had deter-
mined that the subject was employed as editor of "The Realist,"
a monthly publication, which had offices at Room 709, 225
Lafayette Street, Manhattan, New York, and that he maintained
his residence at "The Realist" office.

On June 12, 1964, inquiry and observation at the
building at 225 Lafayette Street, Manhattan, New York,
determined that the office of "The Realist" was no longer
maintained there, and that subject no longer resided in
Room 709 at that address.

On June 12, 1964, [redacted]
[redacted] New York Telephone Company, 104 Broad Street,
Manhattan, New York, advised SA [redacted] that "The
Realist", a publication, had telephone number GR. 7-3490,
with offices at 318 East 18th Street, Manhattan, New York.

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On June 16, 1964, [redacted]
[redacted] New York, advised that "The Realist", and PAUL
KRASSNER both occupied the basement at that address.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

[REDACTED]

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Observation of a bell outside the basement door, 318 East 18th Street, Manhattan, New York, reflected the following signs: "PAUL KRASSNER" and "THE REALIST", beneath the bell.

II. CONNECTIONS WITH "THE WORKER"

"The Worker" is an East Coast Communist newspaper.

On February 24, 1964, and March 9, 1964, NY T-1 advised that [REDACTED]

b7D

As previously noted, subject has been determined to reside at 318 East 18th Street, Basement, New York City.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New York, New York

JUN 22 1964

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Title Paul James Krassner

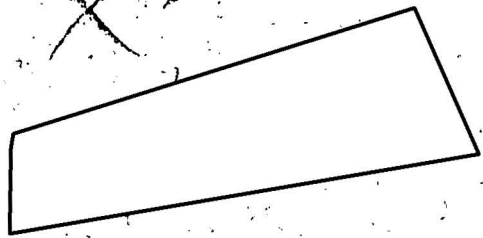
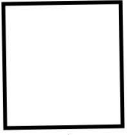
Character Internal Security - Cuba

Reference is made to the New York
report of Special Agent [redacted] dated and
captioned as above.

b6
b7c

All sources (except any listed below) whose identities
are concealed in referenced communication have furnished reliable
information in the past.

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. Belmont	.....
Mr. Mohr	.....
Mr. Casper	.....
Mr. Callahan	.....
Mr. [redacted]	.....
Mr. [redacted]	.....
Mr. [redacted]	.....
Mr. Tavel	.....
Mr. Trotter	.....
Tele. Room	.....
Miss Holmes	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

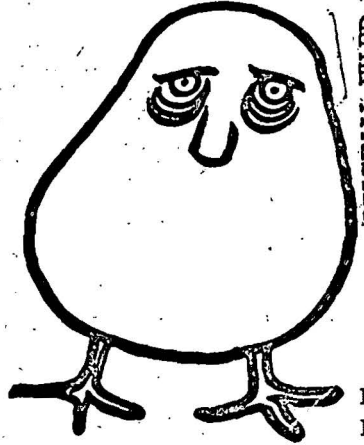


Dear Mr. Hoover,
Can't you do something about the enclosed?

Sincerely,

Paul Krassner
Paul Krassner

box
242
madison
square
station
new
york
n. y.
10010



[redacted]
NOT RECORDED
184 MAR 12 1963

ENCLOSURE

gr 7-3490

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-426761-936

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No Ack
[Handwritten notes and signatures]

~~EXP. PROC.~~

MAR 9 1964

FEB 24 1964

10 MAR 11 1964

8/2

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

11

TO: Director, FBI

[Redacted]

DATE: 6-15-64

SAC, New York

[Redacted]

SUBJECT:

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
IS-CUBA

SOG ACTION:
(Records Branch)

- Post and destroy
- File

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This case will be delinquent.

Date of Bureau deadline: 6 15 64

Reason for the delinquency: Rept in Transcription

Date the report or necessary communication will reach the Bureau: 6-22-64

AEC zone designation; e. g. , OR, CH, etc. :
(This applies only to 116 cases.)

No administrative action necessary.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

File 5

SEC.

EDITORIAL BOARD:

DAVE DELLINGER

SIDNEY LENS

A J MUSTE

BAYARD RUSTIN

ASS T TO THE EDITOR

RICHARD W. GILPIN

Albany, Georgia
February 18, 1964

Dear friend,

I broke down and cried when I first got in to see the imprisoned Quebec-Washington-Guantanamo peace walkers a few days ago.

One doesn't usually write such things, but I don't know how else to convey the horror of the present situation in which 23 men and women are in jail under the most abysmal conditions, 14 of them on an indefinite hunger strike. Some of them have already been fasting for 22 days this time, after having fasted 25 days on their previous imprisonment, with only 10 short days of food and freedom in between. Their spirit is amazing, but they look like the living dead and are running a terrible risk of permanently damaging their bodies, if some of them have not done so already.

The appearance of even some of those who are not fasting reminded me of photographs we have all seen of survivors of Nazi concentration camps at the end of World War II. They look the way they do because of the barbaric conditions of the Albany jail. For example, as many as 17 prisoners are jammed into one cell, 10 X 12 feet (accurately called "the hole") with only six beds and with filthy mattresses which never dry out because the rain comes in through the cracks and under the door and it has rained a great deal lately. In some cells, when there is a heavy influx of drunks there is not even room to sit down, let alone stretch out or move around.

There are a variety of charges against the Walkers and a number of supporters who have joined them. (One man is serving 45 days for "disorderly conduct" and violation of probation because he caught the police chief in a bad mood when he went to inquire as to the charges against seven other newly arrested demonstrators.) But the basic reason that all the men and women are in jail is that the city authorities will not let them walk with their leaflets and signs on any street in the white business and shopping area.

The walkers have tried to break the impasse (which began with their first arrest on December 23) and help the authorities "save face" by indicating their willingness to walk on any one of seven alternative routes (or any other

ENCLOSURE

ENCLOSURE

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reasonable route suggested by the city) during non-rush hour -- a procedure that would take less than an hour to speed them through the city of Albany and on their way towards Cuba. But the officials have refused even to discuss such proposals and, to all practical purposes, have thus far been unmoved by the sufferings of their victims. Behind this apparent callousness lies the fear that allowing the Walkers to assert their basic civil liberties (clearly guaranteed by the Constitution and numerous Supreme Court decisions) will set a precedent that will encourage local Negroes to burst out of their ghettos and demonstrate in the white downtown area -- something they will surely do in the end, anyway.

Meanwhile, there are increasing signs that the very harshness of the city's stand, combined with the quiet and persistent heroism of the Walkers, has begun to reinvigorate the previously discouraged and disheartened integrationist movement. But whatever happens in Albany in the weeks or months ahead, the imprisoned and suffering Walkers need your help NOW -- if possible this very minute.

Enclosed on a separate sheet is a list of important officials and civic leaders of Albany and the State of Georgia. Won't you write, telegraph, telephone or come to see them in order to express your concern. In addition, contact political, religious or business leaders in Washington or elsewhere who may be able to be of some help in communicating with local leaders.

One final word: Those of us who have had personal contact with the Albany officials are impressed by the fact that many of them are self-respecting men, with many fine qualities and having no desire to be cruel or arbitrary. It is a mark of the damage inflicted by segregation on white as well as black that they find themselves trapped in the present situation. We do not ask you to excoriate them but to appeal to their consciences and sense of decency, urging them to suspend the flagrantly illegal sentences and permit the Walkers to proceed through downtown white Albany without further arrests. The City Commission has the power to do this.

Sincerely,

Dave Dellinger
Dave Dellinger 17

If you are interested in coming to Albany to talk to the officials, to work in the understaffed office, or to engage in supporting demonstrations, contact the Walk's offices at one of the following addresses. If you wish to keep informed of continuing developments, send in your name and address. Financial contributions are also badly needed for telephone calls and mailings to publicize the situation and for the other heavy expenses of the Walk project.

COMMITTEE FOR NONVIOLENT ACTION
514 Mercer Street, Albany, Georgia
Telephone: 912-436-8514

CNVA
325 Lafayette St., N.Y., NY
212-WA 5-9415

Officials of the City of Albany, Georgia

Mayor James V. Davis, 919 9th Ave., 436-2491
Mayor Pro Tem, Buford Collins, 1801 12th Ave., HE 6-1155
City Commissioner J. P. Champion, Jr., 902 Third Ave.
" " Allen F. Davis, 1915 Pine Knoll Lane
" " James Denson, City Hall
" " B. C. Gable, 607 Pine Avenue
" " W. C. Holman, Jr., 807 Sixth Avenue
City Manager Stephen A. Roos, City Hall, 435-5611
City Physician P. L. Hilsman, 1001 Third Avenue, HE 2-1572
City Attorney, H. Grady Rawls, City Hall
Attorney B. C. Gardner, Jr., 302 Flint Ave., (head of local
Bar Association)
Judge A. N. Durden, City Hall
Chief of Police Laurie Pritchett, City Hall, 436-2037

State Officials

Gov. Carl Sanders, State Capitol Bldg., Atlanta, Georgia
Sen. Richard Russell, Senate Office Bldg., Washington, D. C.
Sen. Herman Talmadge, " " " " "
Congressman J. L. Pilcher, House Office Bldg., Washington, D. C.

The economy of Albany is dominated by:

1. Coats and Clark, Inc. (sewing thread, etc.)
Thomas Avenue
Albany, Georgia Phone 432-6211

430 Park Avenue
New York, N.Y Phone PL 3-8700
2. Brunswick Sports Corp. (mfrs. of bowling balls, etc.)
1601 S. Slapppy Dr., Albany Ga., Phone 436-5763

Lackawanna Ave.
West Paterson, N. J. Phone 212-AL 5-4410 (A NYC number)
3. Turner Air Force Base 432-3000
4. Marine Corps Supply Center 435-3451

Albany is not off-limits to personnel of either of these two military installations.

ENCLOSURE

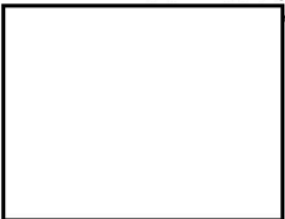
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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

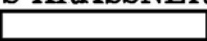
TO :



DATE: 3-29-66

FROM :

SUBJECT:

"THE REALIST" MAGAZINE AND
PAUL JAMES KRASSNER, PUBLISHER
(MAIN FILE )





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b7C
b7E

Tolson
 DeLoach
 Mohr
 Wick
 Casper
 Callahan
 Conrad
 Felt
 Gale
 Rosen
 Sullivan
 Tavel
 Trotter
 Tele. Room
 Holmes
 Gandy

"The Realist" is a scandal sheet published by Paul Krassner who has characterized this sheet as "the magazine of applied paranoia."

The April, 1966, issue of this publication which is attached and is now on the newsstands, carries a headline on a first page article titled "I Was An Abortionist For The FBI." The article is a collection of non-sensical sentences and reads like the ramblings of a maniac. The Director's name is mentioned on page one when Krassner states "Batman and Robin hold joint sessions periodically with J. Edgar Hoover." Just above this sentence Krassner states: "Lyndon Johnson once exhibited himself to New York Post columnist James Wechsler....etc." On page 8 the Director's name is mentioned again: "The Committee's next ball point pen will bear this message: J. Edgar Hoover is NOT a fag.... It was upon learning this that I decided to become an abortionist for the FBI."

The magazine has been reviewed and marked. The FBI is mentioned in a cartoon caption on page 16 and in an alleged letter from Gus Hall to Khrushchev, page 23.

We have a main file on the Publisher, Paul James Krassner,  Internal Security-Cuba matter. On 4-18-62 a memo  pointed out that Paul Krassner was a friend of , who had an article in the  1962, issue of "The Realist" attacking the Director. On 4-19-62 the New York Office was requested to open a case looking toward inclusion of Krassner's name in Reserve Index, Section A.

REC-52

APR 7 1966

During 1960, Krassner participated in a tour of Cuba sponsored by the pro-Castro Fair Play for Cuba Committee. Previous issues of "The Realist" have carried articles of a radical and sensational nature advocating "free sex" which are degrading. Krassner is an atheist who attacked "Masters of Deceit." He ridiculed the belief that communism was caused by lack of faith and took the occasion to denounce religious groups in general. In 1958 Krassner was listed as a speaker on a program to be sponsored by the "Libertarian Center," New York City, which is connected with the Libertarian League. His league publishes "Views and Comments," identified as an anarchist publication which advocates a system of no government and no money.

Enclosure

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/1/99 BY

CONTINUED-OVER

APR 1 1966

Publication detached + filed in Library 4-6-66

[redacted] memo

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Re: "The Realist" Magazine and
Paul James Krassner, Publisher

In September, 1965, Krassner was listed as one of the speakers at a Vietnam rally on 9-25-65. Representatives of DuBois Clubs, May 2nd Movement, SWP and Youth Against War and Fascism were also scheduled to speak or attend the meeting. (62-110325-3)

On 1-8-65 in a memorandum from [redacted], to [redacted] it was stated that [redacted] had obtained from the Center for Strategic Studies at Georgetown University, a letter bearing the name of an organization known as "New York City League for Sexual Freedom" and Paul Krassner is one of the 13 members of the advisory committee. This organization was, at that time, under investigation by the Post Office Department in connection with data being sent through the mails. This letter apparently was being sent to a certain group of individuals addressed as "Dear Friends" and relating that this organization was the only one in America whose sole purpose was the extension of full sexual freedom to all persons in all aspects of life.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information only.

No Action
AV



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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO: [redacted] DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted]

FROM: [redacted] SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

SUBJECT: [redacted] PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
IS-CUBA
INTERNAL SECURITY-CUBA
ReNYren of SA [redacted]

DATE: 4/24/64.

As the Bureau is aware, this subject is employed as Editor of "The Realist", a publication which has consistently been anti-US Government in its articles and which has, in the past, published articles of derogatory nature concerning the President of the US, the Attorney General, and FBI Director J. EDGAR HOOVER. His name is maintained in the Reserve Index-A Section, and, as of late, he has been reasonably active in various "peace movements", including the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee.

The April, 1966 edition of "The Realist", on page 1, contains a lead article entitled "I Was an Abortionist For The FBI", two copies of which are enclosed for the Bureau.

Central Registry

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/9/01 BY [redacted]

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- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - New York

ENCLOSURE
ENCLOSURE ATTACHED

REC-35

[redacted]

4 APR 26 1966

Carbon + one copy of The Realist detached + sent to [redacted] Sullivan's office



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DIRECTOR, FBI [redacted])

4/14/66

SAC, NEW YORK [redacted]

PAUL JAMES KRASSNER
IS-CUBA

ReNYrep of SA [redacted] dated 2/24/64.

As the Bureau is aware, this subject is employed as Editor of "The Realist", a publication which has consistently been anti-US Government in its articles and which has, in the past, published articles of derogatory nature concerning the President of the US, the Attorney General, and FBI Director J. EDGAR HOOVER. His name is maintained in the Reserve Index-A Section, and, as of late, he has been reasonably active in various "peace movements", including the Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee.

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/1/01 BY [redacted]

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REC'D MICK
FBI

APR 15 11 00

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 2) (RM)
- 1 - New York

[redacted]

(3)

REC'D MICK
FBI

APR 12 9 52 AM '66

[redacted]

[redacted]

Original and copy of the Realist detached & sent to Director (4-15-66)

[redacted]

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 3/11/01 BY [redacted]

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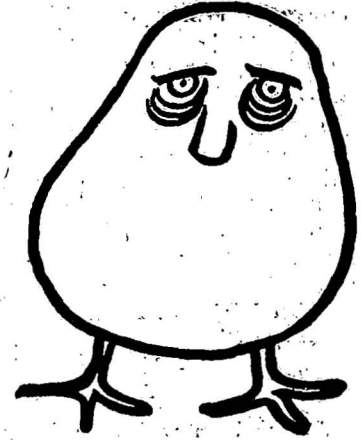
God Is Alive In Argentina

The Realist

No. 66

April, 1966

35 Cents



I WAS AN ABORTIONIST FOR THE FBI

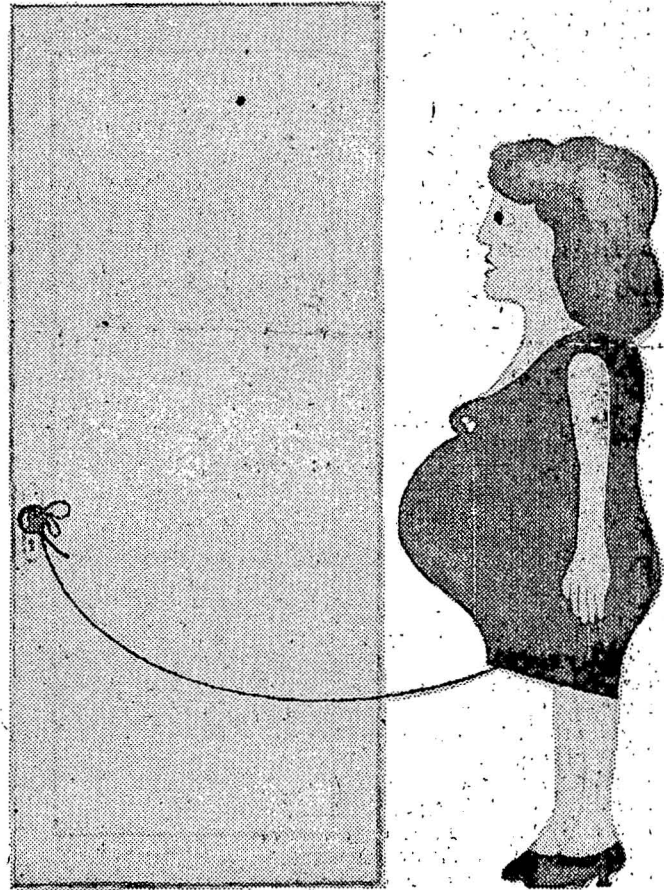
by Paul Krassner

The truth is Silly Putty.

Because *Status* magazine says that chastity is *in* (and, by omission, that the Dominican Republic is *out*) Jacqueline Kennedy has remained faithful in every way to the memory of her late husband, Bobby Dylan is ashamed to let Mr. Jones know that he caught the clap and Adolph Hitler's daughter has to marry a rabbi's son (the couple plans to live in Israel); George Lincoln Rockwell is subsidized by wealthy Jews who don't want the world to forget, so the Doyle Dane Bernbach advertising agency shows it hasn't forgotten by not allowing any Jews to work on the Volkswagen account; you can buy *Nigger Boy* steel wool soap pads only in Australia; Lyndon Johnson once exhibited himself to *New York Post* columnist James Wechsler; Batman and Robin hold joint sessions periodically with J. Edgar Hoover; the John Birch Society now considers William F. Buckley, Jr. to be a Communist dupe; the Free University is actually an Establishment front; poverty stocks rise several points whenever there's a peace scare; cab drivers are beginning to require that a passenger state the zip code of his destination; the D. A.'s man who prosecuted Lenny Bruce for obscenity in New York City brings female guests to his apartment where he plays Bruce's records for them; Hugh Hefner never has any tobacco in his pipe; Julie Christie is bowlegged but it's just a gimmick; *Fact* magazine is secretly financed by Max Lerner; the Beatles smuggle pot across the border each time they travel; Vietnam is really alive in Argentina (*it isn't raining rain, you know, it's raining violence*); Emko vaginal foam is the only contraceptive product permitted to advertise and it's the least effective; Venus de Milo was a thalidomide baby; God isn't dead, He's merely playing possum.

And this is all about where *The Realist* is at—to be sung to the tune of *I Left My Fetus in San Francisco*...

My flight arrived there on Friday afternoon, January 7th. I was picked up at the airport by Rowena Gurner, of the Society for Humane Abortion, which



Falcon

was sponsoring a conference on Abortion and Human Rights that Sunday at the San Francisco Hilton Hotel.

(There had never been such a conference before, except for an unofficial Abortionists Convention a few years ago in Atlantic City. It was attended by three doctors, all of whom have since retired.)

(Continued on Page 6)

*SHA, Box 1862, San Francisco, Calif. 94101

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5/11/01 BY [redacted]

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