



MR RUSS KICK

December 19, 2005

Subject: CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY ANITA ST. HILL

FOIPA No. 1013423- 000

Dear Requester:

The enclosed documents were reviewed under the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA), Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Deletions have been made to protect information which is exempt from disclosure, with the appropriate exemptions noted on the page next to the excision. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted in the file to indicate where pages were withheld entirely. The exemptions used to withhold information are marked below and explained on the enclosed Form OPCA-16a:

Section 552		Section 552a
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(3) _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1)
_____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2)
_____	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3)
_____	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(6)		<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(7)

226 page(s) were reviewed and 224 page(s) are being released.

- Document(s) were located which originated with, or contained information concerning other Government agency(ies) [OGA]. This information has been:
  - referred to the OGA for review and direct response to you.
  - referred to the OGA for consultation. The FBI will correspond with you regarding this information when the consultation is finished.


You have the right to appeal any denials in this release. Appeals should be directed in writing to the Co-Director, Office of Information and Privacy, U.S. Department of Justice, Flag Building, Suite 570, Washington, D.C. 20530-0001 within sixty days from the date of this letter. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal" or "Information Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA number assigned to your request so that it may be easily identified.

The enclosed material is from the main investigative file(s) in which the subject(s) of your request was the focus of the investigation. Our search located additional references, in files relating to other individuals, or matters, which may or may not be about your subject(s). Our experience has shown,

when ident, references usually contain information similar to the information processed in the main file(s). Because of our significant backlog, we have given priority to processing only the main investigative file(s). If you want the references, you must submit a separate request for them in writing, and they will be reviewed at a later date, as time and resources permit.

See additional information which follows.

Sincerely yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "D. Hardy", with a stylized flourish at the end.

David M. Hardy  
Section Chief  
Record/Information  
Dissemination Section  
Records Management Division

Enclosure(s)



## EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

### SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552

- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute(A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information ( A ) could be reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, ( B ) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, ( C ) could be reasonably expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, ( D ) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, ( E ) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or ( F ) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

### SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

This document is made available through the declassification efforts  
and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

# The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

**Discover the Truth** at: <http://www.theblackvault.com>

~~SECRET~~

DATE: 10-13-2005  
CLASSIFIED BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw  
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 3.3(1) 10-13-2030

SAC, NEW YORK

4/13/66

b7C

SA [redacted] (47)

COMINFIL, COMMITTEE FOR A NEGRO CONGRESSMAN  
FROM BROOKLYN  
IS-C

Identity of Source

[redacted] (S)

b1

Description of info

Meeting of the Committee For  
A Negro Congressman From  
Brooklyn on 4/1/66.

Date Received

4/5/66

Original Located

[redacted] (S)

b1

A copy of informant's report follows:

b1 (S)

- 1 - New York [redacted] (INV.) [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (MID-BROOKLYN INDEPENDENT LEAGUE) (41)
- 1 - New York 100-15241 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-155762 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - New York 100-150295 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-65761 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-102287 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-155695 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-155517 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100-149179 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - New York 100- [redacted] (SHIRLEY CHESWOLD) (47)
- 1 - New York 157-892 (NYC RACIAL MATTERS) (42) 100-0
- 1 - New York 100-157501 (41)

b7C

SEARCHED.....INDEXED.....  
SERIALIZED...FILED...  
APR. 13, 1966  
FBI - NEW YORK

JTO:poc  
(15)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT  
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

~~SECRET~~

100-162418-1

~~100-0-146591~~  
to mb

~~SECRET~~

4/5/66

On 4/1/66, a meeting of the Committee for a Negro Congressman From Brooklyn, was held from 9:00 PM to 11:00 PM, at the Siloam Presbyterian Church, 260 Jefferson Street, Brooklyn, N.Y., at which approximately fifty people were present.

Co-chairman of the meeting were ETHELINE DUBIN and ED PINCKNEY.

The following individuals were recognized in attendance, in addition to DUBIN and PINCKNEY:

ANGEL LOPEZ  
HY BERSHAD  
JEAN SMELLEY  
JERRY RAUCH

JOE TEPEDINO  
RUTH GORING  
SHIRLEY CHISHOLM

After a discussion on the need to involve representatives from all of the existing political and community organizations in Brooklyn, N.Y., if the aim and purpose of this committee is to be achieved, it was decided that representatives of this committee must get together to approach STANLEY SPEINGUT, the Democratic Leader of Brooklyn, in order to persuade him of the necessity of nominating and electing a Negro Congressman from Brooklyn, N.Y.

It was also decided that if STEINGUT did not accede to the desire of this committee, then the committee would be forced to run a Negro candidate as an independent.

\*\*\*\*\* (S)

On 4/5/66, [redacted] furnished to SA [redacted] the following mimeographed items of literature and 1 handwritten note, which [redacted] obtained, and which are being made 1A exhibits in the case files indicated:

b1  
b7C  
b7D

(1) One copy of a one page letter distributed by the Committee For a Negro Congressman From Brooklyn to the political leadership of Brooklyn, announcing a meeting on 4/1/66 and listing temporary chairman, as well as the co-chairman and secretary-treasurer of this committee (100-157501-1A \_\_\_\_\_).

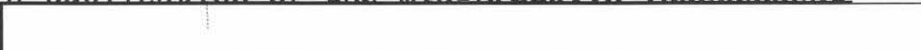
- 2 -

~~SECRET~~

~~SECRET~~

(S)

b1

(2) One copy of "The Independent", Vol. 1, No. 1, b7C  
March 23, 1966, a publication of the Mid-Brooklyn Independent  
League, given to 

b1

(S)

- 3 -

~~SECRET~~







NY 100-158043

Date Received: 1/19/68

Date of Activity: Thursday night, 1/18/68

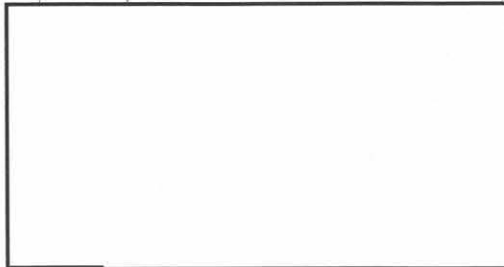
b7C

Activity: Meeting of the Brooklyn Black Caucus of the  
National Conference for New Politics (NCNP)

b7D

Place of Activity: [redacted]  
[redacted] Brooklyn, NY.

Present:



b7C

[redacted] (LNU), a Negro male youth from a college in Westchester County.

There were about 26 people present at this meeting.

The meeting was called to discuss and organize the conference to be held by the Brooklyn Black Caucus on 2/17/68 at the Friendship Baptist Church, 92 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn, NY.

It was decided to get [redacted] from SNCC to be the keynote speaker. There would be four panels in the afternoon. They would be on the following:

b7C

- 1 - Conventional Politics (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM is to be the chairlady)
- 2 - Revolutionary Politics (They would try to get [redacted] as the chairman)
- 3 - Isms and the Black People
- 4 - Youth



NY 100-158043

The registration would be \$1.00 and it would be an all day conference starting at 9:00 AM. The keynote speech would be 9:00 AM to 10:15 AM. The plenary session from 10:15 AM to 12:00 Noon when they would have lunch. In the afternoon from 1:00 PM until they finished the panel discussions would be held. The press would be allowed to be present at the keynote speech and the plenary session but not at the panel discussions. Press releases are to be given out on the panel discussion.

There was an argument on how to record the panel discussions. Some present wanted them recorded on tape recorders so they could have an accurate account of the discussions and decisions. It was agreed to tape the panel discussions.

b7C Raffle books to raise money for the Black Caucus to cover the cost of the conference were passed out. The raffle would be held at the party [redacted] which is also being held to raise money.

b7C The next meeting of the Black Caucus will [redacted]

An administrative Committee was appointed. It is to meet on [redacted] NY at 8:00 PM. b7C Her telephone number is [redacted]

It was decided that officers of the Brooklyn Black Caucus would not be elected at this conference. They would have another conference later and elect officers there.

Indices Search Slip  
FD-160 (Rev. 10-1-59)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

2/21

Date

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM

Aliases

Address

Bklyn

Birth Date

Birthplace

Race

Sex

Male

Female

Exact Spelling

Main Criminal Case Files Only

Restrict to Locality of

All References

Criminal References Only

Main Subversive Case Files Only

Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

Subversive References Only

Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number

Remarks

File & Serial Number

Remarks

100-0-146591

4/66

100-157501-10p2

5/66

100-123466-1A2

7/53

no other names

S. Chisholm

no other names

Shirley Chisholm  
more of last name

b7C

Requested by

Squad

47

File No.

Searched by

Em 2/21/68

(date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

(date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical

? - Not identifiable

NI - Not identical

U - Unavailable reference

SEARCHED ..... INDEXED .....  
SERIALIZED ..... FILED .....  
MAR 5 1968  
FBI - NEW YORK

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material

FD-306 (Rev. 6-2-67)

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-157501) 317  
FROM: SA [redacted]  
SUBJECT: COMMITTEE TO ELECT A NEGRO CONGRESSMAN FROM BROOKLYN IS - C b7C

Date prepared

2/19/68

Date received  
2/6/68

Received from (name or symbol number)

[redacted]

b2

Received by

SA [redacted]

b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person  by telephone  by mail  orally  recording device  written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

[redacted]

b7D

Date(s) of activity

[redacted]

Brief description of activity or material

COMMITTEE TO ELECT A NEGRO CONGRESSMAN b7D

FROM BROOKLYN, fund raising party, [redacted]

File where original is located if not attached

[redacted]

(Inv.)

b2

b7D

Remarks:

b2

b7D

b7C

15 - New York

- 1 - [redacted] (Inv.) (45)
- 1 - 100-111609 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-90851 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100- (SHIRLEY CHISOLM)
- 1 - 100-134156 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-100487 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-139449 [redacted] (47) b7C
- 1 - 100-102287 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-125850 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-82601 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-44297 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-139253 [redacted] (47) b7C
- 1 - 100-83317 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-157501 (42)

dead  
100-dead  
OPEN (OR REOPEN) CASE  
ORIGIN [redacted] DATE [redacted]  
SUPV [redacted] SECT [redacted]

Transfer to [redacted]  
100-146391  
100-162418-3

Block Stamp

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED

FEB 19 1968  
FBI NEW YORK

JPD:pab  
(15)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

15.5 attached

41

NY 100-157501

January 21, 1968

[redacted] the Committee to Elect a Negro Congressman from Brooklyn gave a party to raise funds for the campaign. The Committee drafted assemblywoman SHIRLEY CHISOLM as its candidate for Congress. The party was held at the [redacted] Brooklyn. There were more than a hundred people in attendance. Among them were:

b7D

b7C

RALPH and ALICE SELIGSON,  
MURRAY ROSENBERG,  
HY and SHEILA BERSHAD,  
LOU and MARY KALB,  
BOB PARAHOO,  
HOSEA HUDSON,  
SHIRLEY CHISOLM,  
ED PINCKNEY

It is not known yet how much money was contributed to the campaign.



SAC, (100-155043)

2/25/68

SA [redacted] b7C

THE NATIONAL CONFERENCE FOR  
NEW POLITICS (NCNP)  
IS - C

On 2/28/68, [redacted] (PROB.), who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that he was present for a short period of time at the conference sponsored by the NCNP at the Friendship Baptist Church, Brooklyn, New York on 2/17/68. This source advised he was aware that JAMES FORMAN of SNCC, REV. CARL MC CALL, a Deputy Administrator for Community Action Programs of HRA and SHIRLEY CHISHOLM, a New York State Assemblywoman, were speakers at this conference. Source advised that CARLOS RUSSELL was there and prominent in the activities as he apparently is the National Chairman of the Black Caucus of NCNP. Source advised that he was there he estimated several hundred people were present.

b2  
b7D

(SA [redacted] advised that [redacted] has been submitted re this conference. In view of this, no dissemination is being made of this outside of NYO).

b7C  
b7D

*Full Report  
all 100-14658/TR  
100-162418*

- b2 1 - [redacted] (CI)
- 1 - 100-155090 [redacted] (43)
- b7D 1 - 100-147963 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 100- [redacted] (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)
- b7C 1 - 100- [redacted]
- 1 - 100-161333 [redacted] (42)

IGB:mp  
(7)

100-162418-4

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 29 1968	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*[Handwritten signature]*

TO : SAC, NEW YORK b7C  
FROM : SA [redacted] (47)  
SUBJECT: NATIONAL CONFERENCE FOR  
NEW POLITICS (NCNP)  
IS-C

Date prepared

3/14/68

*[Handwritten signature]*

Date received [redacted] b7D  
Received from (name or symbol number) [redacted] b2  
Received by SA [redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person  by telephone  by mail  orally  recording device  written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:

Date *X*

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

[redacted] b7D

Date(s) of activity

[redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material

Brooklyn Conference on Black People and  
Politics sponsored by Brooklyn Black Caucus  
of the NCNP.

File where original is located if not attached

[redacted] b2  
[redacted] b7D

Remarks: 1 - San Francisco (157- ) [redacted] (RM) b7C  
18 - New York

- 1 - [redacted] (INV.) [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 157-892 (RS, NYD) (43)
- 1 - 100-147963 (SNCC) (43)
- 1 - 100-155090 [redacted] (43) b2
- 1 - 100-161372 [redacted] (47) b7D
- 1 - 100-161333 [redacted] (43) b7C
- 1 - 100-101936 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-143915 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-141029 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100-65761 [redacted] (47)
- 1 - 100- [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 100-135084 [redacted] (41) b7C
- 1 - 100-153500 [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 100-91330 (JACK O'DELL) (41)
- 1 - 100- (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM) (43)
- 1 - 100-16785 [redacted] (41)
- 1 - 100-158043 (42)

ROJ:poc  
(19)

*[Large handwritten signature]*

100-162418-5  
Block Stamp

SEARCHED *[initials]* INDEXED *[initials]*  
SERIALIZED *[initials]* FILED *[initials]*  
MAR 14 1968  
FBI - NEW YORK

NY 100-158043

Date Received: 2/19/68

Date of Activity: Saturday, 2/17/68

Activity: Brooklyn Conference on Black People and Politics sponsored by the Brooklyn Black Caucus of the National Conference on New Politics (NCNP)

Place of Activity: Friendship Baptist Church, 92 Herkimer St., Brooklyn, New York

People Observed in Attendance:

LYDIA WILLIAMS  
CARLOS RUSSELL  
JAMES FORMAN  
Professor HARRY EDWARDS from San Jose State College  
LEO RABOUINE  
RASHEED STOREY  
YVONNE GARCIA  
EDWARD PINCKNEY  
MURIEL HAMILTON  
AGNES WILLIS (in the afternoon)  
OMAR ABU AHMED  
JACK ODELL  
SHIRLEY CHISHOLM  
JAMES JACKSON

LYDIA WILLIAMS made the welcoming address.

CARLOS RUSSELL, who is the national chairman of the Black Caucus of the NCNP, was the conference chairman.

The keynote address was made by JAMES FORMAN, International Affairs Director of the Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee (SNCC). He advised in his address that he did not want to be the keynote speaker at this conference. He stated there was disagreement among the leaders of SNCC as to whether he should speak at the conference. He said that he was against the ideas of calling it.



NY 100-158043

FORMAN stated that SNCC has placed prices on anyone in SNCC who is assassinated. He stated that if he were assassinated, his value would be a power plant and other things which cannot be recalled. He stated that if STOKLEY CARMICHAEL or RAP BROWN would be assassinated, there would be three times as much for them as for him. He chastised the black people who went into the poverty program. He said that SNCC is 100% against this program. He stated that those who have jobs in the program is only got them because of the black peoples' struggle. He said that they are going to have to donate to SNCC.

DELORES HUERTE, Vice President of the Farm Workers Union, had asked to speak at this conference and was allowed to after FORMAN's address and the lunch period. She asked for the support of this conference for the California Grape Workers. She requested that the people not buy grapes produced by a certain grower. She also asked for letters of protest to be written to the growers in California.

The lunch was served at the church at the cost of \$1.50 per person.

After lunch the conference workshops were held. There were four workshops, which were:

1. "Can Conventional Politics Liberate Black People?"
2. "The Meaning of Politic 'Isms' for Black People"
3. "Can Revolutionary Politics Liberate Black People?"
4. "The Role of Black Youth in Liberation"

LEO RABOUINE was appointed to run the tape recorder for the workshop number 3, "Can Revolutionary Politics Liberate Black People?"

Professor HARRY EDWARDS, San Jose State College, was one of the speakers on the panel of this workshop. EDWARDS lead the boycott of the New York Athletic Club track meet held at the new Madison Square Garden, Friday night 2/16/68, and the leader of the attempt to have Negro athletes boycott the 1968 summer Olympics.

EDWARDS stated that the Olympics boycott is political in nature. He said it is a method to attempt to expose the



NY 100-158043

system of discrimination against the Negro in the United States. He condemned the United States for the readmission of South Africa to the summer Olympics.

OMAR ABU AHMED, a Black Nationalist, was also a speaker on this panel. He stated that all whites are no good. He chastised all black women and men who are married to whites. He stated that 1968 is the year of survival for the black people. He said that they should arm themselves and stock up food. He said that they didn't have to be put in concentration camps because they are already in one when they are in the ghetto.

JACK ODELL, editor of "Freedomways" magazine, also was on the panel. He was the most moderate of the panel speakers.

The name of the chairman of this workshop was unknown. He is a young Negro male who is about 24 to 25 years of age, 5'7", or 5'8", about 155 pounds, and has a light brown complexion.

After the workshops were over, which was about 4:45 p.m., the Plenary session was held. Reports were given from each workshop at the session. RASHEED STOREY gave the report from the workshop on the "The Meaning of Political 'Isms' for Black People". The others who reported on their workshops were unknown. The chairman of the workshop number 3 reported for his workshop.

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM, who is a New York State Assembly-woman and a black candidate for Congress from Brooklyn, was on the panel entitled "Can Cpnventional Politics Liberate Black People."

4/26

*Ce*

4/22/68

*PS/B*

Date received b7D Received from (name or symbol number) b2 Received by SA [redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)  
 in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
 Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_  
 Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report [redacted] b7D  
 Date(s) of activity \_\_\_\_\_  
 Current  
 File where original is located if not attached [redacted] b2  
[redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material  
Info on SHIRLEY CHISHOLM and  
Congressional Seat in Brooklyn.

Remarks:  
 Case agent advised.  
 No further action required.

b7C  
 b7D  
 1-NY [redacted] (Inv) (CI) ✓  
 1-NY 100- (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)  
 1-NY 100-157501 (43)

JTC:jca  
 (3)

*ATTN: C.F. and/or LIST REFS.*  
*[Signature]* # 43

*[Handwritten signature]*

Block Stamp

100-162418-6

SEARCHED APL INDEXED APL  
 SERIALIZED APL FILED APL  
 APR 22 1968  
 FBI - NEW YORK

NY 100-157501

It was learned that the Committee to Select a Negro Congressman from Brooklyn would hold a meeting at [redacted] church in Brooklyn on Thurs., March 21st at which place and time SHIRLEY CHISHOLM the projected candidate will speak on many issues including "Black Power". b7C

10/17  
10/22

8/10/22

b7D

Date prepared

10/15/68

b7C

Date received

Received from (name or symbol number)

Received by

SAS

(Prob) b7D

Method of delivery: (check appropriate blocks)

in person

by telephone

by mail

orally

recording device

written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date

Date of Report

b7D

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) of activity

b7D

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Brief description of activity or material

Info re meeting concerning school

situation in NYC.

File where original is located if not all:

b2

b7D

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

1- [redacted] (INV) (CI) b2

1-157- [redacted] b7D

1-157- [redacted] b7C

1-100-160321 [redacted] (47)

1-157- [redacted]

1-157- (SHIRLEY CHISOLM)

1-157- [redacted]

1-100-32826 [redacted] (45) b7C

1-100-153704 [redacted] (43)

1-157- [redacted]

1-157-892 (RACIAL SITUATION NEW YORK DISTRICT)

LGB:rc1

(11)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

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SERIALIZED FILED  
OCT 15 1968  
NEW YORK

100-162418-7

105-162418-105  
105-162418-105

C 10/23



9/30/68

Rally at Ocean-Hill School #271 After  
Forced Entry of Ousted Teachers by N.Y.C.P.D.

The meeting was held at Saratoga Avenue and Herkimer Street in Brooklyn, at demonstration school #271. Approximately 400 people in attendance. Rev. HAGENWALLER an area director for Youth-in-Action; TOM FORTUNE, Democratic District Leader; Rev. OLIVER, Ocean-Hill Board Chairman; ROBERT (SONNY) CARSON, Chairman of Independent Brooklyn CORE; and OLIVER RAMSEY, Chairman of the Educational Committee of the "Council Against Poverty" which directs the Human Resources Agency; all called for the Black and Puerto Rican people to make a last ditch stand for decentralization in Brooklyn. They made it very clear that this must be done even if it means taking or giving of lives. There were "Black Panthers" in the audience who were cheered constantly. Mob rule was being endorsed. RAMSEY said, "That when he saw the police in those classroom it was the first time in his life that he thought of throwing a molotov cocktail".

These were not just Black Nationalist at this meeting, but many community organizational people. One of such who was present was Miss SONIA ALLEN who is an Education Specialist for Youth-in-Action and a coordinator for the Assemblywoman SHIRLEY CHISOLM backed Bed-Stuy Parents Association that sent 400 people to Albany, New York on September 20, 1968 to protest to Governor ROCKEFELLER and State Commissioner on Education JAMES ALLEN.

There were also representatives from out of state who were interested in decentralization. It seem as though a wide community ground swell is being activated. TED GROSS of Mayor LINDSAY's office and HERMAN FERGUSON were present, but did not speak.

2/27

Cover Sheet for Informant Report or Material  
 FD-306 (Rev. 3-13-68)

TO: SAC, WASHINGTON FIELD  
 SAC, NEW YORK (157-692)  
 SUBJECT: RACIAL SITUATION, NYC  
 RM

Date prepared  
 2/18/69

Date received 1/9/69  
 Received from (name or symbol number) [redacted] (Prob) (Reliable)

Received by [redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)  
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 Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
 Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_  
 Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report [redacted] b7D

Date(s) of activity [redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material  
 Info re some of group who travelled to Washington, D. C. on [redacted] from NYC in support of ADAM CLAYTON POWELL.

File where original is located if not attached [redacted] b2

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE IN VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES. WERE NOT DISCUSSED. b7D

- 1-Washington Field ( [redacted] ) (ADAM CLAYTON POWELL)
- 1-New York [redacted] (INV) (CI)
- 1-New York (157-2776) (BROOKLYN INDEPENDENT CORE)
- 1-New York (100-160321) [redacted]
- 1-New York (157-2294) [redacted]
- 1-New York (100-153500) [redacted]
- 1-New York ( [redacted] ) [redacted]
- 1-New York (100-22864) (ADAM CLAYTON POWELL)
- 1-New York ( [redacted] ) (CHRISLEY WILLIAMS)
- 1-New York [redacted]

*[Handwritten signature]*

JTC:ejjs  
 (10) b2  
 b7D  
 b7C

100-162418-8

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 DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

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 SERIALIZED [checked] FILED [checked]

FEB 10 1969  
 FBI - NEW YORK

*[Handwritten initials]*

NY 100-22864

b7D

Reinstatement of Rep. ADAM CLAYTON POWELL and Reception of  
Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISOLM in Washington, D. C.

ROBERT (Sonny) CARSON (Independent Brooklyn CORE),  
JIM CUFFY (Brooklyn hotel owner and sponsor of the Black Power  
Conference), OMAR AHMED (Vice Chairman Black Power Conference),  
and BEN WRIGHT (Dr. NATHAN WRIGHT's brother and an administrator  
of the Black Power Conference), were all in the House of  
Representatives balcony for public assembly to view the  
resolutions reinstating Representative ADAM C. POWELL from New  
York City.

They attended the reception held by Congresswoman  
SHIRLEY CHISOLM in one of the nearby government halls. Four  
bus loads of well wishers came from Brooklyn, New York, to  
attend her first official day in Washington, D. C.

2/25

Date prepared  
2/14/69

Date received  
12/19/68

Received from (name or symbol number)  
[redacted] (PROB) b2 b7D

Received by  
SA [redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person  by telephone  by mail  orally  recording device  written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date

Date of Report

12/19/68

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) of activity

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

b7D

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Brief description of activity or material

Info re [redacted] & others in Bklyn. b7C

File where original is located if not attached

b2

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE IN VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED. b7D

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DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

- 1- [redacted] (INV) (CI)
- 1-157- [redacted] (SHIRLEY CHISOLM) (#43) b2
- 1-157- [redacted] (#43) b7D
- 1-100-160321 [redacted] (#43) b7C
- 1-157- [redacted] (#43)
- 1-100-147071 [redacted] (#43)
- 1-157-2252 [redacted] (#43)
- 1-157- [redacted] (#43)
- 1-157-2290 (RNA) (#43)
- 1-100- (NEW SCHOOL OF COMMON SENSE) (# )
- 1-157- (BLACK LEGION) (#43)
- 1-100-161993 (BPP) (#43)

JTC:jal  
(13)

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SERIALIZED FILED

FBI - NEW YORK

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100-162418-9

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NY 100-160321

12/19/68

Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISOLM, 12th CD at Party in  
Brooklyn, NY

At the birthday party held for [redacted]  
[redacted]  
[redacted] of SHIRLEY CHISOLM when she was a NY state assemblywoman  
in Albany; Mrs. CHISOLM intimated that in her opinion, [redacted]  
[redacted] was one of the biggest con artists in Bedford-  
Stuyvesant."

b7C

The party was held at [redacted]  
[redacted]  
in Brooklyn, NY.

b7C

[redacted] was present at the Unity Democratic  
Club on Bergen St. and Nostrand Ave. when Mrs. CHISOLM  
received news of her victory when she defeated the Republican  
Candidate JAMES FARMER.

b7C

Also it was [redacted] the friend of [redacted]  
[redacted] Democratic District leader under Mrs. CHISOLM) and  
leading [redacted] in Brooklyn, who has provided the  
Gothic Church [redacted] to be used by [redacted] for the  
Northeast Regional headquarters of the Republic of New  
Africa. The school is called the "New School of Common  
Sense at 7 Monroe St. and Classon Ave. It is located directly  
behind [redacted] which has been newly renovated.  
A new group that seems to have absorbed the lately dormant  
"Black Panthers" called the "Black Legion" may be directed  
as a para-military arm of the RNA from [redacted] "new School".  
The adjacent lot has been cleaned, leveled, covered with  
gravel and newly fenced and a booth installed.

b7C

b7C

b7C

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-104142)  
FROM : SA [redacted] (47)  
SUBJECT: EMMA LAZARUS FEDERATION OF  
JEWISH WOMEN'S CLUBS (ELF)  
IS-C

Date prepared  
3/7/69

Date received  
2/27/69

Received from (name or symbol number) b7D  
[redacted]

Panel Source

Received by  
SA [redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

in person     by telephone     by mail     orally     recording device     written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report  
[redacted] b7D

Date(s) of activity  
[redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material

Meeting sponsored by EMMA LAZARUS  
Federation of Jewish Womens Clubs (ELF)  
held [redacted] at NY, NY. b7D

File where original is located if not attached  
[redacted] b2  
[redacted] b7D

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACT VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED. PARTICIPATE.

Necessary action taken.

b2

b7C

- 7 - New York
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - 100-162418
- 1 - 100-13528
- 1 - 100-
- 1 - 100-53
- 1 - 100-86236
- 1 - 100-104142

(Inv.) ([redacted] PANEL SOURCE)  
 (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)  
 ([redacted] (47))  
 ([redacted] b7C)  
 (41)

JRN:tml  
(7)

100-162418-70  
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HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

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3/14

FBI - NEW YORK  
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NY 100-104142

Meeting - Emma Lazarus Federation of Jewish Women's Clubs - Sunday, February 16, 1969, Brotherhood in action auditorium, 560 7th Ave., N.Y.C. at 1:30 P.M.

This meeting was advertised as a send off for the national delegation to Washington for presentation of a petition for ratification of the U.N. conventions on racism and genocide to the President and the Senate.

The auditorium was well filled with about 450 persons, mostly women in their sixties, some accompanied by their husbands. There were about 10 negroes in the audience.

The main speaker was SHIRLEY CHISHOLM, new congressman from Brooklyn. She spoke mostly of the need for women to band together to make the changes necessary to bring about peace and brotherhood. She also spoke about the problems she has met in Congress in trying to sponsor new legislation, held back by reactionary committee chairmen, who are there because of seniority rather than ability. Mrs CHISHOLM complemented the Emma Lazarus Federation for the work it has done in obtaining the signatures on its petition for US ratification of U.N. treaties on racism and genocide.

The next speaker was CLEVELAND ROBINSON, representing District 65, Wholesale & Retail Workers.

There were telegrams of support from [redacted]

[redacted] b7C  
of the NY City Human Resources Committee. Representative [redacted] was scheduled to speak, but could not make it. There also was entertainment by a singer of folk songs.

The last speaker was [redacted] ccivil rights chairman of the Emma Lazarus League. [redacted] will head a delegation to Washington carrying 60,000 signatures on a petition for presentation to the Senate and President NIXON. There was no set date for this trip. She mentioned that she will be accompanied by [redacted] and [redacted] b7C

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

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DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc/tam/mlt/amw

# Time for Talk Has Passed, Says Rep. Chisholm

America's first Negro woman in Congress, Rep. Shirley Chisholm of Brooklyn, flew to Buffalo today with a special charge for members of Iota Phi Lambda Sorority's Eastern Region.

"We are through with tokenism, gradualism and see-how-far-you've-come'ism. We want our share now," she told more than 125 delegates from 14 chapters of the business and professional women's sorority, holding their 32d Eastern regional conference here.

"We must not, at all cost, allow petty differences between us and the man keeping his feet on our neck. We must focus on one thing in America, and the hour is growing late to do so. We must focus on achieving total liberation of our people."

### From Several States

A tall, slender woman dressed in a fashionable blue and white stripe silk shantung suit, Rep. Chisholm addressed the sorority members from several states during an educational luncheon in the Statler Hilton.

"The student revolution, the black revolution, the women's revolution — are symptomatic of our society and its need to reassess its values very thoughtfully," said Rep. Chisholm, a Democrat, who has visited 17 college campuses during her four months in Congress. "We can't place such revolution in a vacuum."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

COURIER EXPRESS

A-5 BUFFALO EVENING NEWS

*cc Bureau*  
*5/6/69*  
*[Signature]*

BUFFALO, N.Y.

Date: 5-3-69  
Edition: Complete  
Author: Financial  
Editor:  
Title: Rep. SHIRLEY CHISHOLM  
Visit to Buffalo  
Character: 5/3/69  
or 100-162418-14  
Classification: BUFFALO  
Submitting Office:  
 Being Investigated

*100-162418-11*

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
MAY 5 1969  
FBI - NEW YORK

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
MAY 6 1969  
FBI - BUFFALO

*816*



Until the white majority in this country rejects racism as a way of life, Rep. Chisholm continued, "no amount of money put into programs to help black people is going to help. We are no longer interested in the sermons (white people) preach — but in fitting the action to the word."

#### Holds 3 Degrees

Calling black people "unquestionably the most loyal citizens this country has ever seen," Rep. Chisholm said: "We love America because we measure her, not by her achievements, but by her potential."

A frequent visitor to Buffalo, where she has many friends, Rep. Chisholm, 44, urged her listeners to become more involved in politics. "If we're going to be very serious about correcting the ills in this society, we will have to have more women in politics," said the current admirer of Northern Ireland's 22-year-old woman MP, Bernadette Devlin.

A native of Brooklyn's Bedford-Stuyvesant area, Rep. Chisholm received her elementary education in Barbados, the West Indies, where her mother came from. She is a graduate of Brooklyn College and Columbia University, holds three degrees, and is only a few credits away from a doctorate in educational administration.

The Iota Phi Lambda conference will end at noon tomorrow, following election of officers.

814

8/15

SAC (100-161993)

7/28/69

SA [redacted] (#43) b7C

BPP  
RM

[redacted] a highly placed sensitive source, advised that on above date [redacted] contacted [redacted] NY, and advised her to get in touch with Local 1199 - Hospital Workers' District 65, Retail Clerks Union, for BILL PATTERSON, whom he described as an "old Communist blood." [redacted] advised that PATTERSON told him to call them regarding the coming conference. [redacted] also stated that one SHIRLEY CHISOLM was to be contacted.

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b7D  
b7C

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DATE 10-13-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

1- [redacted] b7C  
1- [redacted]  
1-157- (BILL PATTERSON)  
1-157- (SHIRLEY CHISOLM)

RTR:ss  
(5)

100-162418-12  
SEARCHED [initials] INDEXED [initials]  
SERIALIZED [initials] FILED [initials]  
JUL 28 1969  
FBI - NEW YORK  
*Handwritten signature*



In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

New Orleans, Louisiana  
August 8, 1969

REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA (RNA)

b7D

A confidential source who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised as follows [redacted]

b7C

b7D

[redacted] RNA was scheduled to [redacted] but was cancelled when cabinet members failed to appear. The only cabinet member present [redacted] also known as [redacted] of the RNA.

A characterization of the RNA is attached hereto.

b7C

b7D

[redacted]  
[redacted] of the RNA was held at her [redacted] (phonetic) [redacted] Present at this party were [redacted] Eastern Region of the RNA, [redacted] of the Southern Region, [redacted] and members of the Brooklyn Consulate of the RNA.

This function was social in nature and ended at approximately [redacted] with RNA leadership in that they had s [redacted] Throughout the day [redacted]

b7C

b7D

b7C

b7D

RNA was held at [redacted]

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100-162418-13  
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SERIALIZED FILED  
FBI-NEW YORK  
[Handwritten initials]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

[redacted]  
[redacted] Present for the meeting were the following:

[redacted]  
[redacted] b7C

[redacted] of  
the RNA.

[redacted] in  
Detroit.

(FNU) (LNU) (Phonetic [redacted])

[redacted] could not be present because of work and had returned to Cincinnati. [redacted] b7C

The initial topic of the meeting was effecting greater coordination between the four regions of the RNA and the National Office in Detroit. [redacted]

[redacted] RNA and brother of [redacted] was criticized for not effectively performing his duties. It was stated that it was time to remove him and as a result, a vote was taken of the cabinet members present and decision reached that [redacted] be removed as [redacted] in December, 1969. It was stated that [redacted] would be continued as the [redacted] of the RNA. [redacted]

b7C

b7D

[redacted] announced that the RNA was [redacted] and had no cash assets. The cabinet agreed that the most important matter for the RNA is the purchase of land in Mississippi and that any cash income should be sent to [redacted]

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

in New Orleans so that she may proceed with the purchasing of land. A discussion ensued as to the training of RNA personnel on this land and [redacted] stated that personnel would be sent to Mississippi [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] stated that he had received photographs of the land in Mississippi when it was visited in December, 1968, by the treasurer of the RNA.

b7D

[redacted] stated that it was time for the RNA to declare war on the U. S., because in actuality, a state of war had existed since March 29, 1969, when the Detroit Police Department raided the New Bethel Church. [redacted]

[redacted] stated that police officers from Detroit, Michigan, New York and New Orleans, had testified before the House UnAmerican Activities Committee (HUAC) concerning the RNA. [redacted] suggested that the RNA send a representative to the HUAC to report on the RNA. [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] disagreed on this recommendation. During the meeting, [redacted] of the RNA telephoned, stating that [redacted]

b7D

[redacted] in Los Angeles. This announcement caused considerable consternation among the cabinet members because the purpose of the cabinet meeting [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] said that this put a different light on the situation even though it was being organized by [redacted] of the RNA.

b7D

A characterization of US is attached hereto.

An argument ensued then between [redacted] [redacted] stating that [redacted] [redacted] should accept the position as [redacted] stating that he should decline and that the RNA should be

b7C

b7D

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

more concerned about the revolution than the glory that the chairmanship would bring. [redacted] then began an egotistical triade on how well she was known and respected. The argument eventually ended with everyone present becoming disgusted with [redacted] b7C

The next topic was the forthcoming RNA Legislative Conference which was rescheduled to be held in Washington, D. C., [redacted] stated that the main speakers will be [redacted] and Betty Shabazz, widow of Malcolm X. [redacted] said that an attempt would also be made to get U. S. Congressman [redacted] to run a foreign affairs workshop at the conference. b7C

[redacted] questioned how [redacted] would go about this and he replied that the following day the cabinet had an appointment with [redacted] in Washington, D. C.. b7C b7D

The next topic was [redacted] also known as [redacted] of the RNA and [redacted] the military arm of the RNA. [redacted] questioned the appointment of [redacted] who is a former member of the [redacted] [redacted] stating she considered him to be incompetent, and a possible informant. [redacted] stated that the appointment had been made by [redacted] who was impowered to do so. It was decided that a decision to remove [redacted] be made at the forthcoming Legislative Conference to be held at [redacted] requested that [redacted] hold a regional conference in [redacted] b7C b7D b7C b7D

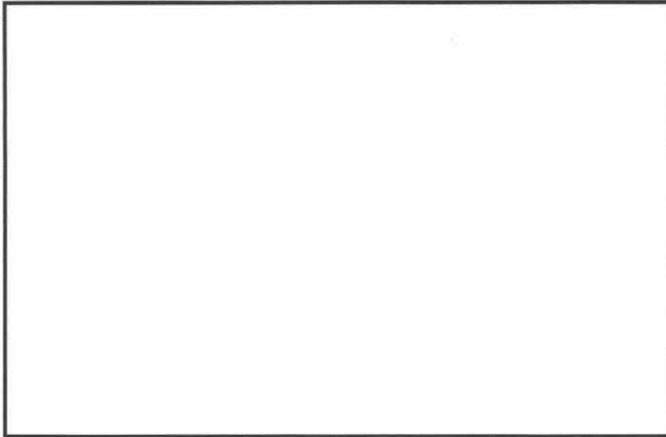
She agreed, stating it would be held in Slidell, Louisiana, and invitations were currently being prepared. [redacted] stated they would attend the conference. [redacted] advised [redacted] that she was not wanted at the conference, because the South was not ready for her talk of polygamy. This meeting ended at approximately [redacted] leaving to go to the Brooklyn Consulate to sell literature to get money to pay for his expenses to return to Detroit. b7C b7D

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

[redacted] the following individuals b7C  
drove to Washington, D. C. , arriving at approximately  
[redacted]



b7C

This group met with Congressman John Conyer in the Capitol Building where he directed them to a meeting room. There he was in the company of Congressman Nix (phonetic) of New York, Shirley Chisholm, a white male representing California, and an Administrative Assistant of Adam Clayton Powell. The purpose of this meeting was to attempt to gain Congressional support of RNA demands of reparation payments to black citizens. Nix immediately displayed antagonism toward the RNA group, while Conyer indicated a favorable attitude of silent agreement with the RNA.

Nix and Richard Henry engaged in an argument as to whether the U. S. actually owed reparations with Nix stating that his parents had been part of slavery, but he did not condemn the present U. S. Government. He indicated that all a black man has to do today is obtain an education to get ahead in society. Nix questioned Henry as to the population of the RNA and Henry displayed a long list of names of persons throughout the U.S., who had signed a petition in support of the RNA. Nix suggested and Chisholm

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

agreed that if the RNA had 15,000 followers as they claimed, the best thing they could do was to bus these people to Washington, where they could put pressure on Congress. [redacted] stated that if the RNA would do this, the Government would call out the Army and the RNA members would be massacred.

b7C

[redacted] said the RNA was attempting to gain reparations in a peaceful manner and planned to take the matter to the United Nations and the World Court, if necessary. He threatened that if this would not work, the RNA would call out its Army and pointed out black legionnaires who were present at the meeting as an example of the quality of the membership of the BL. [redacted] stated he was certain Congressmen were familiar with the incident which had taken place at the New Bethel Church in Detroit, on March 29, 1969. [redacted] claimed this was caused by the police when they came to that church to assassinate [redacted] but that a black legionnaire had killed a policeman instead.

b7C

[redacted] continued that the RNA did not want to do things in this manner, because the RNA would find itself up against the entire force of the U. S. At this point, [redacted] instructed [redacted] to submit a letter to him outlining the demands of the RNA and he, Conyer, would work for the RNA. [redacted] then requested that [redacted] conduct a workshop in foreign affairs at the Legislative Conference in Washington. Conyer indicated he would be happy to do so. [redacted] then invited the other Congressmen present, but they declined, making excuses of prior commitments.

At this time, all the Congressmen present but Conyer, left the room and Conyer and [redacted] went into an adjacent room, closing the door to speak in private. Approximately ten minutes later, they exited with [redacted] asking [redacted] if he could use his phone and his name to call Mayor Walter Washington of Washington. Conyer conceded [redacted] office where

b7C

b7C

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Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

[redacted] called the Mayor's Office and spoke with an individual who identified himself as Walter Washington. [redacted] announced to Washington, that the RNA would be holding a conference in the city and they wanted to discuss RNA security measures with the mayor. [redacted] stated that the conference would be attended by no less than 500 people and the RNA would provide its own armed security guards. He stated the RNA did not want the conference to be a reoccurrence of what had happened at the New Bethel Church in Detroit. Mayor Washington stated he would have his Director of Public Safety telephone [redacted] Office to speak to them. Approximately ten minutes later, an individual identifying himself as the Director of Public Safety of the District of Columbia, telephoned and [redacted] told him basically the same thing he told the Mayor.

b7C

The individual stated that the RNA would be welcome in D. C., if they would come unarmed. [redacted] told him that the conference would be held in Washington on August 23 and 24, 1969, and that [redacted] (phonetic) of the Washington, D. C., [redacted] would be in touch with him the next day with some further details on the conference.

b7C

Immediately thereafter, the RNA members drove to [redacted] which is the residence of [redacted]. [redacted] advised [redacted] that he had obtained the use of the [redacted] for the Saturday session of the [redacted] conference and they would have to pay a small amount of [redacted] for it. [redacted] stated that a problem existed in finding a location for Sunday's conference, but he was checking on an old school at [redacted] and also the ballroom of the [redacted], which rents for [redacted] a day.

b7C

[redacted] advised that the Afrorama Theatre, which is headed by [redacted] has offered to present a play on Malcolm X during the conference. [redacted]

b7C

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Re: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA

indicated he needed [ ] to get the conference started, but that there was no problem with housing people attending the conference. b7C

[ ] questioned those present as to whether or not individuals in their groups would be bringing guns to the conference. [ ] replied he was instructing the Brooklyn Consulate to bring firearms because they did not want to be caught short as they were in Detroit, Michigan. [ ] stated she would instruct members of the Southern Region to bring their weapons and [ ] stated that weapons of the members of the Washington, D. C. Consulate would also be available. b7C

The Legislative Conference primarily will deal with the election of officers of the RNA and measures to be taken by the RNA when [ ] returns to the U. S. b7C

A characterization of [ ] is contained in that of the RNA.

[ ] stated he had recently talked with [ ] who stated he would be back in the U. S. before Christmas, 1969, and his wife and family would return in the near future. [ ] stated that [ ] cannot be prosecuted by the Federal Government because the Statute of Limitations on the kidnaping charge against him will have run by the time of his return. b7C

Following this meeting, [ ] [ ] left for Detroit, driving to Detroit, and [ ] and their group returned to New York. b7C

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6

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

A P P E N D I X

REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA (RNA)

[redacted] advised the Republic of New Africa (RNA) is a militant Negro separatist organization which was founded March 30-31, 1968, at a Black Government Conference held at the Central United Church of Christ, 7625 Linwood Avenue, Detroit, Michigan (The Shrine of the Black Madonna). b7D

[redacted] advised this conference was sponsored by the Malcolm X Society, an organization utilized by [redacted]

[redacted] Michigan, who is regarded as one of the leaders of the Black Nationalist movement in the Detroit area; [redacted] b7C

Detroit, Michigan, [redacted] b7D  
[redacted] Michigan, also a Black Nationalist leader and the [redacted]

[redacted] Detroit, as a vehicle to promote various Black Nationalist activities.

[redacted] advised the [redacted] [redacted] adopted the name Malcolm X for their society since MALCOLM X, also known as MALCOLM X LITTLE, now deceased, was a former leader in the Nation of Islam (NOI) and after his break with the NOI organized the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI) and the Organization of Afro-American Unit (OAAU). b7C b7D  
MALCOLM X was known nationally as an advocate of black power and since his assassination, February 21, 1965, at New York City, any meeting or organization utilizing this name receives widespread publicity from the news media.

The Malcolm X Society, prior to its dissolution and incorporation into the RNA, maintained no headquarters, and no formal membership, and did not hold any meetings.

A P P E N D I X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2

[redacted] advised the purpose of the RNA, which is to be revolutionary in nature, is to make efforts for international recognition with assistance from other black nations of the world. The RNA proposes to make attempts to obtain an island or a plot of land in one of the Southern States, establish a government in exile, petition for a seat in the United Nations, and demand reparations from the United States Government for ancestral slave labor. These reparations are to be \$10,000.00 for every black person in the United States and the States of Alabama, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, and South Carolina, which are to be given to the RNA by the United States Government. The officers of the RNA also propose the establishment of a standing armed force, to be known as the Black Legion, which is to be financed through an income tax imposed on willing black persons in the United States.

b7D

In the furtherance of the purposes of the RNA, several executive officers have presented the Republic's credentials and an offer to negotiate for reparations to the United States Secretary of State.

[redacted] was elected [redacted] of the RNA, [redacted] was elected [redacted] BETTY SHABAZZ, widow of the late MALCOLM X, was elected Second Vice-President, and [redacted] was elected [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] a Federal warrant was issued for the arrest of [redacted] charging him with Unlawful Flight to Avoid Prosecution for the crime of kidnapping. Subsequent to the issuance of this warrant, [redacted] where he published a monthly Black Nationalist newsletter entitled [redacted] subsequently moved from [redacted] where he has continued to publish [redacted]

b7C

b7D

Characterizations of the NOI, MMI, and OAAU are attached hereto.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X

ORGANIZATION OF AFRO-AMERICAN  
UNITY, INCORPORATED (OAAU)

On June 28, 1964, MALCOLM X LITTLE, Founder and Leader of the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI), publicly announced the formation of a new, all-Negro militant civil rights action group to be known as the Organization of Afro-American Unit (OAAU) with himself as Chairman. This announcement was made at a public rally held by the MMI in the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

A printed and published statement of basic OAAU aims read by MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that it shall include "all" people of African descent in the Western Hemisphere, as well as "our" brothers and sisters on the African continent. It is patterned after the "letter and spirit" of the Organization of African Unity established (by African Heads of States) at Addis Ababa, Ethiopia, in May, 1963.

A recording of the remarks of MALCOLM X at this meeting indicates that the aim of the OAAU is to eliminate differences between Negroes so they can work together for "human rights" while the initial objective is to "internationalize" the American civil rights movement by taking it to the United Nations. LITTLE condemned the non-violent civil rights movement and claims that Negroes should be taught to protect themselves, when and if necessary. The OAAU will sponsor a program for Negroes in education, politics, culture, economics and social reform.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, New York City.

On April 13, 1965, a source advised that [redacted] with the Department of State, State of New York, Albany, New York, and henceforth the organization's true name would be Organization of Afro-American Unity, Incorporated. b7D

On February 23, 1966, a second source advised that [redacted] late MALCOLM X who resides in the [redacted] Section of New York City. b7C b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2

A P P E N D I X

[redacted] the first source advised that the [redacted] b7D  
[redacted] is located at [redacted] b7C  
New York, New York, which is the residence of [redacted]

A P P E N D I X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

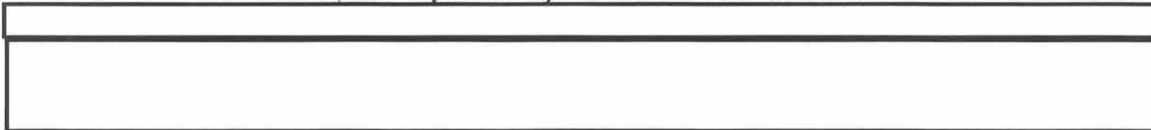
MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED, MMI

The March 13, 1964, edition of "The New York Times", a daily newspaper published in New York, New York, contained an article on page 20 which indicated that MALCOLM X (LITTLE), former national official of the Nation of Islam (NOI) who broke with the NOI on March 8, 1964, publicly announced in New York City on March 12, 1964, that he had formed the Muslim Mosque, Incorporated (MMI). The MMI, according to the article, would be a broadly based politically oriented black nationalist movement for Negroes only, financed by voluntary contributions. In this public statement, MALCOLM X urged Negroes to abandon the doctrine of non-violence when it is necessary to defend themselves in the civil rights struggle, and he also suggested that Negroes form rifle clubs to protect their lives and property in time of emergencies in areas where the government is unable or unwilling to protect them.

Incorporation papers of the MMI filed on March 16, 1964, with the Business Section, Clerk of Courts, New York County, New York, reflect that the MMI was incorporated under the Religious Corporation Law of the State of New York to work for the imparting of the Islamic Faith and Islamic religion in accordance with "accepted Islamic principals." The principal place of worship to be located in the Borough of Manhattan, New York, New York.

The May 23, 1964, edition of the "New York Amsterdam News", a weekly Negro newspaper published in New York City, contained an article by columnist JAMES BOOKER in which he indicated that he had heard that the visit by MALCOLM X with Muslim leaders during his African tour has changed him to become more religious.

On October 6, 1964, a confidential source advised



b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX

2

MUSLIM MOSQUE, INCORPORATED

This confidential source advised on May 17, 1965, that the headquarters of the MMI are located [REDACTED]

b7C

where they were [REDACTED] These headquarters are shared with the Organization of Afro-American Unity (OAAU) which was also headed by MALCOLM X.

MALCOLM X was assassinated on February 21, 1965, while addressing an OAAU rally at the Audubon Ballroom, Broadway and 166th Street, New York City.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPENDIX



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X

NATION OF ISLAM (NOI)  
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

A source advised on May 22, 1968, that the first attempt to organize an affiliate of the Nation of Islam (NOI), b7D formerly known as the Muslim Cult of Islam and Muhammad's Temples of Islam, as now existing under the leadership of Elijah Muhammad at Chicago, Illinois, was made in New Orleans, Louisiana, [redacted]

Efforts to organize this affiliate resulted in the establishment in New Orleans in [redacted] of a regularly constituted temple of the NOI as an adjunct to its parent organization in Chicago, Illinois. The temple in New Orleans is presently known as [redacted]. It is located b7D

[redacted]

[redacted]

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

A P P E N D I X

"US"

Also Known As  
"US", Incorporated

"US" was chartered by the State of California as a non-profit corporation in September, 1966 with offices at 8211 South Broadway, Los Angeles, California. The corporate charter alleges that "US" is primarily an Afro-American cultural organization.

During the spring of 1968, however, a source advised that MAULANA RON KARENGA, true name Ronie McKinley Everett, Founder-Chairman of "US", has published a booklet entitled, The Quotable Karenga, in which he talks of revolution, black power and condemns Christianity for the plight of the black man.

In this booklet, Karenga stated: "...You must have a cultural revolution before the violent revolution. The cultural revolution gives identity, purpose and direction. ...The revolution being fought now is a revolution to win the minds of our people. If we fail to win this we cannot wage the violent one. ...When the word is given we'll see how tough you are. When it's 'burn', let's see how much you burn. When it's 'kill', let's see how much you kill. When it's 'blow up', let's see how much you blow up. And when it's 'take that white girl's head too', we'll really see how tough you are. ..."

The above source advised that

A second source advised that Karenga has spoken at various meetings in Los Angeles, at which time he has talked of creating an "US" Army of 1,000 men, obtaining weapons and ammunition guerrilla warfare tactics and revolution. Karenga has also stated, "The only way to get life is to take a life and as we get stronger we will take what we want from the white man's United States." He also stated that if the police killed any "US" members, the "US" organization would kill some of them.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

2

A P P E N D I X

The first source above advised that Karenga has also stated that recent race riots throughout the country were not riots but were actually revolts or revolutions and that the black people are going to win their freedom by violence if necessary.

A third source advised that Karenga has stated that a revolution will take place in the near future and that no one can believe in black revolution without believing in armed conflict because the two go hand in hand.

The first source above advised that the "US" organization has approximately [redacted] a number of whom during the past year have been arrested for possession of incendiary devices, attempted arson, armed robbery and burglary. "US" members are known to carry firearms. There are an estimated additional 200 individuals, ranging in age [redacted] who b7D are known to attend meetings and social activities sponsored by "US" and which are closed to anyone not of the Negro race.

Recently, the "US" organization opened an affiliate office in San Diego, California.

The word "US" refers to the personal pronoun and is not an abbreviation.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

A P P E N D I X



8/19

8/21

FBI

Date: 8/8/69

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-9079)  
FROM: SAC, NEW ORLEANS (157-10915)  
SUBJECT: REPUBLIC OF NEW AFRICA (RNA)  
RM - BN

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60389 auc tam/mlt/amw

Re Cincinnati teletype to Bureau, 7/19/69; New Orleans teletype to Bureau, 7/24/69.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM re captioned matter. Also copies of LHM are being enclosed for offices indicated below.

Enclosed for Detroit, Cincinnati, Jackson, New York and WFO are one each of photograph of [redacted] with [redacted] and one of [redacted] and son-in-law of [redacted]. These photographs were taken by informant and should be treated confidentially and shown only to trusted informants, who were not present at RNA cabinet meeting.

Confidential source is [redacted] (Prob).

Copies of LHM are being disseminated locally to MIG, MID, Bossier City, OSI, Barksdale AFB, and NISO.

LHM has been classified "Confidential" to protect source utilized therein, the revelation of whom would have an adverse effect upon the national defense interest.

(See Page two for copies)

New York  
157 Shirley Chisholm

100-162418-14  
SEARCHED [initials] INDEXED [initials]  
SERIALIZED [initials] FILED [initials]  
AUG 9 1969  
FBI - NEW YORK

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_ Sent \_\_\_\_\_ M Per \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

NO 157-10915/mh1

Copies:

- 2-Bureau (Encl. 11) (RM)
- 2-Cincinnati (RM)
  - (1-157-1415) [redacted]
  - (1-157-1863) (RNA)
- 1-Charlotte (RM) (157-[redacted])
- 6-Detroit (RM)
  - (1-157-3161) [redacted]
  - (1-157-3160) [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) (FNU) (LNU), aka [redacted]
  - of [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) [redacted]
- 1-Jackson (RM) (1-157-9599) (RNA)
- 3-Los Angeles (RM)
  - (1-157-2274) (RNA)
  - (1-157- ) (US)
  - (1-157- ) (4th ANNUAL BLACK POWER CONFERENCE)
- 1-Newark (RM) (157-[redacted])
- 6-New York (RM)
  - (1-157-153704) [redacted]
  - (1-105-29845) (BETTY SHABAZZ)
  - (1-100-13205) [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) [redacted]
  - (1-157- ) (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)
  - (1-157-2290) (RNA)
- 2-WFO (RM)
  - (1-157-1615) (RNA)
  - (1-157- ) (FNU) (LNU), aka [redacted]
- 5-New Orleans
  - (1-170-329) [redacted]
  - (1-100-17299) [redacted]
  - (1-157-9935) [redacted]
  - (1-157-11035) [redacted]
  - (1-157-10915) (RNA)

b7C

b7C

b7C



NO 157-10915/mhl

LEADS:

NEW ORLEANS:

AT SLIDELL, LOUISIANA:

Will follow and report activities at Southern  
Regional Conference to be held

b7D

b7C

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (100-26603-C263) (45)  
FROM : SA [redacted] (45)  
SUBJECT: Bedford 6th AD and Boro Hall Club, KCCP  
IS-C

Date prepared  
2/9/70

Date received

2/6/70

Received from (name or symbol number)

b2

Received by

SA [redacted]

b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)

b7D

in person    by telephone    by mail    orally    recording device    written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date

Date of Report

b7D

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) of activity

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

[redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material

Meeting Boro Hall-Bedford 6th AD Club,

KCCP [redacted] b7D

File where original is located if not [redacted] b2

[redacted] INV) 362 b7D

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

[redacted] identified photo of b2  
[redacted] as being identical with b7D  
[redacted] in the attached report. b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

Necessary action taken

22- New York

- 1- [redacted] (INV) [redacted] (45) b2
- 1- 100-128814 (NYD, CP) (44)
- 1- 100-26603-C265 (Boro Hall Club) (45) b7D
- 1- 100-138385 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1- 100-115951 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-26603-C263 (45)

Block Stamp

Copies Continued.

WLB:rm

(22)

*WLB*

100-162418-15

SEARCHED.....	INDEXED.....
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FEB 9 1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

Copies Continued.

- 1- 100-16241 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-10788 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-101676 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-139253 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-151109 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1- 100-9369 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-86995 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-60468 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-14096 (TOM MYERSCOUGH) (45)
- 1- 100-138552 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1- 100-154490 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100-136781 [redacted] (45)
- 1- 100- [redacted] LNU) (45)
- 1- 100-161993 (BPP) 73
- 1- 100-162418 (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM) 41
- 1- 100-161391 (Daily World) 44

2/4/70

On February 3, 1970 the Communist Party Clubs, Boro Hall J Bedford #6 held a meeting from 7:30 to 10:15 P.M. in [redacted] N.Y. b7C

The following individuals were present at this meeting.

[redacted] b7C

[redacted]

The other two comrades first name were [redacted] b7C

[redacted] acted as chairman. The old and new officers meet at 7:30 to plan an agenda and to turn over papers to the new officers. [redacted] collected the dues and turn over to [redacted] who is now the Treasurer. b7C

1. The agenda was Mass organization work done by each comrade.
2. A press report and
3. An education report on Anti-Sovietism by [redacted]
4. Good and Welfare.
5. A report on Black Panthers.

Each comrade reported on what they did in Mass organization in their community and [redacted] told each that there would be some contraction work done in these areas in helping to sell the Daily World and get new people to join the Party. The press report was not given because [redacted] who is press director was not present. [redacted] gave a report on the Black Panthers. [redacted] said that the Black Panthers had open a place on Myrtle Ave. Brooklyn, N.Y. near where she live and they were starting to give Breakfast to the children in the area. She also said that an fund raising Rally was to be held at [redacted] on February 22, 1970, Brooklyn, N.Y. And that there were a number of speaker whould be there including SHIRLEY CHISHOLM. There would be tickets to sell and leaflets to be handed out in order to have a good turn out. [redacted] said that the Government intended to wipe out the Black Panthers and the Party should help defend them even tho he did not agreed on all they ways of doing things. b7C

The comrades said that would wait until after the Feb. 22, meeting for the Black Panther before they would plan a fund raising affair themselves in one of their homes to help the Black Panthers Defense. [redacted] said he was covering the trial of Black Panthers for the Daily World. He said that Leaders all over were now coming to the defense of the Black Panthers.

b7C

There were to long a discussion on these matters until [redacted] report on Education was left for the next meeting and they agreed to have his report first.

b7C

[redacted] told each comrade to read the 1st and 2nd Chapter of Marxis Physiology and that at each meeting they would give a short talk on what they read.

[redacted] asked that the meeting night be change from the 1&3 Tuesday to the 2&4 Tuesday of each month. They agree to keep the same day for this month and change next month do to the Panthers meeting on Feb. 22, 1970. The next meet will be at [redacted]

b7C





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Chicago, Illinois 60604  
March 18, 1970

*p 3/26*  
In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No. 100-48995  
157-5079

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST (ECDBPP)**

The following organizations are described on  
the Appendix Pages attached hereto:

- Black Panther Party (BPP)
- Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill  
of Rights (CCDBR)
- Students for a Democratic Society (SDS)
- National Lawyers' Guild (NLG)

All sources utilized herein have furnished  
reliable information in the past.

[redacted] a source advised that an  
ECDBPP conference was scheduled to be held at the Church of the  
Epiphany, 201 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, from  
[redacted] This Conference was to provide  
further evidence that the Communist Party, United States of  
America (CP, USA) was interested in the BPP. The decision to  
hold this Conference was made on [redacted] at the

b7C  
b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Group 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and declassification~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions  
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SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
MAR 25 1970	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*100-162418-16*

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST (ECDBPP)**

The purpose of the Conference was agreed to be the establishment of a "context of growing racism and fascism in the US", in which connection the BPP was to have a right to exist.

This source further advised that another meeting at which the organization of the ECDBPP was discussed was held on [redacted] in Chicago and among those in attendance were CP of Illinois members [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] was a member of the CP, USA in Illinois from 1961 through 1963 and [redacted] is the wife of a Chicago attorney and has contributed generously to the financial support of the SDS. It was agreed at this meeting that [redacted] should be the coordinator for the National Conference and that the headquarters should be at 417 East 47th Street, Chicago.

b7D

The source further advised on [redacted] that the National Conference of the ECDBPP would focus on the facts of a nationwide repression against the BPP, the repression of the BPP as part of a developing pattern toward a police state and the ways and means to defend the right of the BPP to exist.

b7D

On March 9, 1970, a second source advised that the ECDBPP met at 840 West 14th Place in Chicago, Illinois, the site of Malcolm X College at 9:00 am on March 7, 1970. Approximately 900 to 1,000 persons attended this session and of that number approximately 575 were registered as delegates and the remainder were spectators. There were representatives registered from 23 states.

The second source added that [redacted] served as [redacted] for the morning session and in that capacity introduced [redacted] New York City, who served as [redacted] delivered a welcome address.

b7C

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST (ECDBPP)

The second source further stated that at this session [redacted] of the BPP, spoke regarding the organization of the Panthers. He was followed by [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] who spoke briefly regarding the BPP program of medical care and their luncheon program for ghetto children.

b7D

The Medical Committee on Human Rights was described in testimony before the United States House of Representatives Committee on Un-American Activities Hearings during October, 1968, as being founded in 1964 to aid civil rights workers injured while serving in the South and which more recently aided injured demonstrators during the Democratic National Convention held in Chicago in 1968. [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] in connection with testimony regarding the MCHR declined to state he was a member of the CP, USA on the basis such would be a violation of the Fifth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

The second source further advised that Charles Garry, a BPP attorney from San Francisco, California, then spoke at the morning session of the Conference and in that connection stated he brought greetings from [redacted] National Minister of Defense of the BPP and [redacted] National Chairman of that organization.

b7C

b7D

He then spoke briefly regarding the legal ramifications relating to trials of BPP members and accused the courts of using fascist tactics in that connection and was accusing the juries of being racists. Garry called for unity of all minorities to end repression. [redacted] then briefly commented concerning Panther activities in the Chicago area.

b7C

The second source further advised that following these opening speeches a temporary Steering Committee was set up which represented a cross section of the United States. This Steering Committee was under the leadership of [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] It was then announced that the Conference would be adjourned until afternoon at which time it would be resumed by having workshops on the following subjects:

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST (ECDBPP)

---

- Against Repression
1. Demonstrative Action to the United Nations
  2. National Defense Funds
  3. Community Action
  4. Racism and Repression

The first workshop was under the leadership of William Patterson; the second under the leadership of Lucy Montgomery; the third under the leadership of Richard Criley and the fourth under the leadership of Arthur Kinoy, Professor from Rutgers University, Law School, Brunswick, New Jersey.

At the workshop relating to Community Action it was decided that a National Committee for the exchange of ideas and literature as well as for news media, photographs and visual aids should be established. The purpose of this workshop was to show the true facts of how repression was occurring throughout the nation. This workshop was attended by approximately 300 people who represented 50 or 60 different organizations.

The evening session of the Conference, held on March 7, 1970, consisted of speeches by Arthur Kinoy, Sammy Rayner, a Chicago City Alderman and Congressional candidate, Reverend Calvin Morris of the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC), Nathan Wright, a Sociologist from New York and Jerry Lefcourt, an attorney involved in the defense of BPP members on trial in New York. All of these speeches, other than the one by Sammy Rayner, related to the theme of repression on the part of the courts against the BPP.

The overall crowd in attendance at the session held on March 7, 1970, consisted of approximately 40% black people, 50% white people and the balance being made up of Puerto Ricans, Mexicans and Orientals. Approximately 50% of the crowd appeared to be under the age of 35. The CP of Illinois was well represented in that a majority of the members of the State Board and State Committee were present. These individuals, however, took no active part in the proceedings.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

**EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST (ECDBPP)**

---

On March 10, 1970, a third source advised that on Sunday, March 8, 1970, the second session of the ECDBPP was held at Malcolm X College, Newberry Street and 14th Place, Chicago. The session began at 11:00 am. The following members of the CP of Illinois were in attendance at this session:

Claude Lightfoot  
Ishmael Flory  
Frances Gabow  
Lester Wickstrom  
Dan Queen  
Dotty Davies  
Charles Sotis  
Nate Sharp  
Frances Curry  
Sylvia Schwartz  
Sarah Silver  
**Jay Schaffner**  
Charley Wilson  
Jack Spiegel

In addition, Ed Johnson and Bessie Choll from Chicago were in attendance.

A fourth source advised during December, 1969 that [redacted] regularly participated in weekly vigils sponsored by Women For Peace held on Saturdays in the Loop area of Chicago. The source added that the Women For Peace, Chicago area, was founded in Chicago on November 1, 1961, along with other Women For Peace groups throughout the country for the purpose of petitioning all Governments "to end the arms race, not the human race", conduct peace vigils for the purpose of ending the Vietnam war, abolishing the draft and abolishing the "US military foreign policy". b7C

The third source advised on March 10, 1970, that additional individuals were in attendance at the March 8, 1970, morning session. They are as follows:

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[redacted] New York  
[redacted] New York b7C  
[redacted] Berkeley, California  
[redacted] Los Angeles  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Massachusetts b7C  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Akron, Ohio  
Dick Criley, Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
Shirley Chisholm, New York b7C  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Detroit  
[redacted], Chicago  
[redacted] Los Angeles b7C  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago

The source added that [redacted]  
of the morning session on [redacted] and in that connection  
introduced [redacted] who reported on the Community Workshop. b7C  
[redacted] stated that his group recommended a mass demonstration b7D  
to be held in [redacted]

In addition, the following recommendations were made:

1. A national clearing house for audio-visual material for mass education
2. A national news letter
3. A center for literature and information furnishing articles and reprints
4. A speakers Bureau
5. A continuation committee from the Emergency Conference

Following the remarks of [redacted] b7C  
[redacted] of New York, gave the following report as made available  
by the Committee on a National Defense Fund. In that  
communication he stated that the following program was

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recommended:

1. A National Defense Organization should be established to free all black Panthers
2. Assist in financing all court costs
3. Plan large demonstrations
4. The National Staff of the BPP should have the authority to decide on priority of funds
5. A goal large enough to eliminate all bail bondsmen
6. A leaflet to explain the need for funds
7. Locate organizations having flowing assets which could be ready to provide money when needed
8. Request trade unions to provide money
9. Be in constant touch with the NLG

[redacted] of the Hospital Workers Union in New York, then spoke and stated that her Local had donated [redacted] to the BPP Defense Fund.

b7C

[redacted] from Detroit, Michigan, reported on the panel discussing demonstrative action. In that connection he said that the United States Government should be charged with genocide at the United Nations. He added that various department stores in New York should be picketed.

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[redacted] was the next speaker who stated that in order to save ourselves the BPP had to be saved. He emphasized that self-interest was involved. He said that a planned program should be made which would insure the survival of the various black and radical groups in order that decisions dealing with various issues might be made. He also stressed the unification of youths and members of the working class.

b7C

[redacted] then made an appeal for funds.

[redacted] then spoke briefly and remarked that he did not need any organizations including the CP to tell him how to run the BPP. He added that the only way to deal with the mass media was to run them down and shoot them if necessary to keep them from telling lies.

b7C

[redacted] from Brandeis University in Massachusetts gave a report on racists. In that connection he called for regional and local conferences on a broader basis; that current Congressional investigation regarding the BPP be stopped; political prisoners be released from jail; war on the judicial system, discussion of current issues.

Dick Criley then gave a credentials report concerning the conference and stated that 540 people had registered representing 128 organizations from 23 states plus one individual from Canada and one from East Germany. He then stated that plans were being formulated for the continuation of Emergency Conference to transfer its headquarters to New York, New York, where [redacted] would be in charge. He stated that the Committee should be empowered to enlarge itself. The morning session of March 8, 1970, then ended at 2:00 pm.

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On March 11, 1970, the first source advised that the ECD BPP was held in Chicago from March 6-8, 1970. This source provided the following information concerning that conference.

On Friday evening March 6, 1970, registration for the conference was held at the Church of the Epiphany, 201 South Ashland Avenue, Chicago. In addition a film was shown at 8:00. There was no further activity on that date.

On March 7, 1970, registration for the conference was continued at Malcolm X College, 840 West 14th Place, Chicago, from 9:00 to 10:00 AM. In that connection a total registration of 457 individuals was made. Since some of the persons did not register, sponsors figured that a total of 500 persons were present. Twenty-three states sent representatives to the conference along with 128 organizations which were represented.

At the March 8, 1970 morning session [redacted] [redacted] of Chicago presided and in his remarks stated that all must join together against repression in order to preserve freedom. [redacted] from the World Peace Council, New York City, also spoke and stated that the Emergency Conference then being held was enduring a most crucial period during which the United States was engaged in a racist war in Vietnam and a war against those who struggle for the full guarantees of the Constitution of the United States. She stated that the BPP is at the center of this struggle and refused to be destroyed just like the people of Vietnam refuse to be destroyed. She proclaimed that the Emergency Conference emphasizes that the BPP has the right to exist as a Party.

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The next speaker was [redacted] a representative of Malcolm X College who welcomed everybody in the name of the school. b7C

[redacted] of the BPP, Berkeley California then then spoke and in his remarks stated that the time is short for the BPP, but that the black people were going to have a Party as the masses without the BPP is like an army without a headquarters. [redacted] added that the time is long passed for making alliances with the BPP; that the time is passed for words and speeches and fund raising programs and that the alternative was that action must be taken. [redacted] called upon the conference to act, not to use a lot of rhetoric. [redacted] of the MCHR then spoke and gave a history of the development of the BPP Health Care Center. He stated that health care for people in America is collapsing and cannot be solved in a standard way. He added that the answer is community control and organization of health care. b7C

Richard Criley of the CCDBR then gave a report from the nominating committee and made suggestions for a steering committee for the conference. The makeup of the steering committee is as follows:

Richard Criley  
Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights

[redacted]  
Emergency Conference Committee

b7C

[redacted]  
Emergency Conference Committee and World  
Peace Council, New York, New York

[redacted]  
Communist Party, USA

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[REDACTED]  
African-American Heritage Association

[REDACTED]  
Illinois BPP  
Chicago, Illinois

b7C

[REDACTED]  
Association of Catholic Priests

[REDACTED]  
Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED]  
New York, New York

b7C

[REDACTED]  
Akron University  
Akron, Ohio

[REDACTED]  
Los Angeles Peace Council  
Los Angeles, California

[REDACTED]  
"The Conspiracy"  
Chicago, Illinois

[REDACTED]  
District 65  
Distributive Workers of America and  
Fifth Avenue Parade Committee, New  
York, New York

b7C

[REDACTED]  
Rutgers University  
New Brunswick, New Jersey

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[REDACTED]  
Berkeley, California

b7C

[REDACTED]  
Local 1199  
Hospital Workers Union  
New York, New York

[REDACTED]  
Detroit, Michigan

b7C

[REDACTED]  
New York, New York

[REDACTED]  
Peace Education, American Friends Service Committee  
for Texas, Oklahoma, and Arkansas, San Antonio,  
Texas

[REDACTED]  
New Haven, Connecticut

b7C

[REDACTED]  
Tennessee

[REDACTED]  
Unity Baptist Church  
Akron, Ohio

The next speaker was Charles Garrya San Francisco,  
California Attorney for the BPP who brought greetings from  
Huey Newton and [REDACTED] Garrya stated that the situation  
faced by the conference is out to cope with the solution  
rather than know the problem. He said that the power

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THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY  
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structure in the United States is taking advantage of hysteria and is bringing about a fascist state, American style. According to Garry every white person is a racist and every male individual is a supremacist. He stated that economic oppression leads to all other kinds of oppression and unless this is recognized no progress can be made. He added that the BPP states that the United States is carrying on an imperialist war both inside and outside America, but that racism cannot be fought with racism but must be fought with socialism.

The first source stated that he determined that Richard Criley and Jack Kling in discussing Garry's speech disagreed with Garry's stating that every white was a racist inasmuch as the Communist Party (CP) USA does not believe such is the case. The first source then stated that the next speaker was [redacted] for the 21 BPP members on trial in New York City at that time. Lefcourt gave a run-down of the circumstances of the trial.

b7C

The first source then stated that the afternoon session of the conference was divided into four workshops which were as follows:

**I Demonstrative Actions to the United Nations and Other Demonstrative Actions Against Repression**

Chairman: William Patterson  
Communist Party, USA

**II National Defense Fund**

Chairman: Lucy Montgomery  
Chicago, Illinois

**III Community Action and Education**

Co-chairmen: Richard Criley  
Chicago, Illinois

Lorne Cress-Moore  
Chicago, Illinois

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IV Racism and Repression

Chairman: Calvin Hicks  
Brandeis University  
Waltham, Massachusetts

The first source added that at the March 7, 1970 conference the additional individuals spoke:

Reverend Calvin Morris, Chicago, Illinois who represented the Southern Christian Leadership Conference. In that connection Morris remarked that all must join in the defense philosophically of the BPP, adding that everyone in a repressive society is threatened. He stated that talk is insufficient and that revolution must take place.

Dr. Nathan Wright, Jr., Professor of Urban Affairs, State University of New York then spoke and characterized the threat of counterviolence as being violence was incorrect. He added that it is the American tradition to arm for counter-attack, and that those in positions of power, who advocate law and order obtained their positions by reason of violence. He stated that unless the black people are given equity then they should say no to the "masters".

Arthur Kinoy, an Attorney and Professor at Rutgers University Law School, New Jersey, stated that the BPP has the central task in operating the movement of the people at the present time. He said that the enemy moves out of weakness and fear and are afraid of movements in the ghettos and universities as well as being afraid of the peace movement. He added that the ruling class was unable to solve the problems of sub-society and in that connection emphasized that the BPP because of their power structure was vital in defending the rights of minority peoples. He called upon the conference to plan for the political defense of the BPP under a national campaign. Sammy Rayner from Chicago then spoke briefly calling for the election of more black Congressmen.

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The afternoon session of the conference consisted of speakers of the Chicago "Conspiracy 7" who had recently been on trial in Chicago for violating Federal Anti-Riot Laws and who were then free on appeal of their convictions. One of the speakers was Tom Hayden of that group, who stated that racists fears come through in reverse. By way of example, he said that a person who is a racist and fears a revolutionary will create illegal acts, what usually happens is that illegal acts happen against the revolutionary. Hayden also remarked that if the peace movement is unable to end the war within the United States it can never end the war in Vietnam. He emphasized that a massive educational campaign must be organized within the United States to bring the Vietnam issue to a point of action.

Hayden's talk was followed by comments on the "Conspiracy 7" trial by the following defendants; David Dellinger, Jerry Rubin and John Froines.

The first source advised on March 11, 1970 that the Sunday, March 8 session of the above convention was held at Malcolm X College and that the chairman was [redacted] of New York City. b7C

At this session [redacted] [redacted] of the Hospital Workers Union in New York City called for black-white unity and indicated that the real enemy of the people was the economic establishment. She stated that her local union had contributed \$1,000 to the BPP Defense Fund. b7C

David Hilliard of the BPP then spoke briefly concerning that organization.

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[redacted] from Chicago then spoke and stated that the question of the BPP defense was a question of self-interest for everyone. He added that the conference was not being held to plan the defense, but rather to plan a program for survival. He called for the 1970's to be the years of defense of civil liberties in America. During this session reports were given on the four workshops held on March 7, 1970. The essence of these reports are as follows:

b7C

[redacted] (last name unknown) from Detroit, Michigan gave a report on the demonstrative actions to the United Nations and other demonstrative actions toward repression. In this connection he stated that the workshop resolved, after charging the American government with genocide against black people, to petition the United Nations for redress of grievances on the question of racism. He added that the workshop called for organizing picket lines in front of department stores in the various cities.

b7C

[redacted] of New York City gave a report on the National Defense Fund Workshop and stated that this workshop resolved that a defense organization to free all BPP members should be established by the conference. Among the things suggested were the following:

b7C

- 1) Assist in the immediate court fight regarding bail for Panther defendants;
- 2) To conduct an educational and fund-raising campaign;
- 3) To conduct massive demonstrations for the purpose of publicity;
- 4) To provide national coordination of defense groups;

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5) To provide that the national staff of the BPP should decide on the priority of all funds;

6) The national defense organization, in proceeding with the above actions, should do so in coordination with the National Lawyers Guild and should raise money through trade unions, community institutions, etc.

[redacted] then delivered a report on the community action and education workshop in which he stated that this workshop called for a massive educational campaign on repression and that some of the means that should be carried out in the campaign were the following:

b7C

1) That a national center and clearing house should be established for audio-visual materials; films, tapes, records, etc.;

2) That a national newsletter be established;

3) That a center for literature and information, articles and reprints, for local communities be established;

4) That a speakers bureau be established.

The second aspect of this workshop was a report by [redacted] of Chicago on community action. In that connection she called for the setting up of a Continuations Committee to be empowered to organize the mechanism for a massive demonstration to be held in New Haven, Connecticut on July 4-6, 1970 in connection with a trial there of [redacted]

b7C

Professors Calvin Hicks of Brandeis University, Waltham, Massachusetts then gave a report on the fourth workshop entitled "Racism and Repression. In that connection

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Hicks stated that the workshop was conducted with the idea that it was not felt that white people were going to move forward. He said the workshop recommended that regional and urban conferences on repression be organized and he called for support of workshops on "we charge genocide". He also called for the development of revolutionary schools which would not only have standard curriculum but also a revolutionary curriculum.

In addition to the above, [redacted] presented a resolution to the effect that the Emergency Conference go on record as endorsing a World Peace Council against repression to be held in 1970.

b7C

[redacted] from Akron, Ohio then made an appeal for funds to be turned over to the Emergency Conference Committee. It was indicated that the funds would be used at the discretion of the Continuations Committee to pay bills and other expenses in connection with the conference and for the purpose of setting up a permanent office. Among the announced contributions or pledges made during this session were the following:

b7C

The Black Ministers Conference of Ohio \$100

[redacted] House Parties of  
New York

b7C

[redacted] Albany  
New York

National Committee, Communist Party,  
USA

[redacted] Denver, Colorado

[redacted]

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Los Angeles Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights	\$200
New Jersey Committee Against Repression	\$100
Brooklyn Committee for Defense of the Black Panther Party	\$100
Sidney Peck Defense Fund of Cleveland, Ohio	\$ 50
Chicago Revolutionary Youth Movement	\$ 50
Young Workers Liberation League of New York	\$ 50
Committee Versus Nazism	\$ 25
Cleveland Black Panther Party Defense Committee	\$100
NAACP of Pennsylvania	\$ 50
Black United Students, Akron, Ohio	\$ 50
Tacoma, Washington, Committee in Defense of the Black Panther Party	\$100
Marxist Women's Liberation (this is a new group around <span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 300px; height: 15px; vertical-align: middle;"></span> )	
United Farm Workers	\$ 25
New University Conference	\$ 50
Tacoma, Washington, Urban League	\$100

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The first source added on March 11, 1970 that Richard Criley announced the following additional members of the Steering Committee:

[redacted] BPP, San Francisco, California  
[redacted] Black Methodist Church,  
New York, New York  
[redacted] Philadelphia, Pennsylvania  
[redacted] Nashville, Tennessee.

b7C

The source added that among those in attendance at the March 8, 1970 morning session of the conference was [redacted] New York Urban League, who gave greetings. In addition the following were asked to serve on the Continuations Committee:

b7C

[redacted] NLG.  
[redacted] New York Attorney  
New York  
[redacted] New Haven, Connecticut

b7C

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On March 8, and March 9, 1970, a fifth source provided the following. This information was substantiated by a sixth source on March 11, 1970. On March 8, 1970, approximately 700 people, predominantly blacks, attended a "People's Inquest" held at the First Congregational Church, 40 North Ashland Avenue, which inquest was being conducted by the Illinois Chapter of the BPP. These sources advised that the "jury" for the "Inquest" consisted of four men and eight women, three whites and nine blacks all reportedly selected from those attending the Emergency Conference. The "coroner" appointed to conduct the "inquest" was [redacted] of Malcolm X College.

[redacted] of the Illinois Chapter, BPP, performed the duties of the "prosecution".

b7C

At this affair a movie was shown which reportedly was a reconstruction of the police raid held on December 4, 1969 at [redacted] Chicago, at which time BPP leaders Fred Hampton and Mark Clark were slain, as a result of a shoot out at that time. In connection with the "inquest" the following survivors of the above mentioned raid and "shoot out" testified. [redacted] indicated she had been asleep in the front room of the first floor apartment at the above address when she was awakened by a knock on the door at which time Mark Clark inquired as to who was knocking. She stated that at that time the door burst open and the persons entering here fired guns at the individuals inside the apartment. In that connection [redacted] testified that Clark was killed and she was wounded.

b7C

[redacted] another BPP survivor of the raid testified that he had been sleeping in the apartment when he was awakened by shots and before he knew what was happening he had been hit by five bullets. He added that he was then handcuffed,

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pulled out of the apartment, kicked and cursed by the police, even though he was badly wounded.

Another survivor of the raid was [redacted] from [redacted] Illinois. He stated that he had been pulled from the room before he could come to the assistance of Fred Hampton. [redacted], a former BPP member and a survivor of the raid stated that he had been beaten and cursed by the police even though not wounded. [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] another survivor of the raid testified that she had been in the back room of the apartment with Fred Hampton and that as Hampton raised his head he was shot by the raiders. She testified that it was possible that Hampton was asleep when he was killed.

[redacted], another survivor of the raid testified that in addition to being kicked and cursed, even though wounded she fell from a stretcher as the raiders roughly carried her down the steps of the apartment.

b7C

[redacted] another survivor of the raid did not testify before the "Inquest".

Sources five and six stated that the "coroner" pronounced that the "jury" had found the BPP survivors innocent of any crime and that the raiders were guilty of murder. The "coroner" reportedly remarked that we the people now ask for appropriate action by the state and hold [redacted] and his police in contempt of the people.

b7C

Both sources stated that the "inquest" was actually a complete farge and could not have been accurate as to detail inasmuch as it was based entirely on information of the survivors of the raid.

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On March 14, 1970, the second source advised that at a meeting of the Illinois District of the CP leadership held on March 13, 1970, in Chicago to discuss the results of the March 7-8 conference it was stated that there appeared to be a decision in the BPP plans concerning CP support for that organization. In that connection it was stated that [redacted] did not feel that the BPP needed support from the CP, but that [redacted] and Huey Newton felt that they should go along with the CP. b7C

It was unanimously agreed at this meeting that the conference was a success and that the CP feels it should be the vanguard in any future action. It was indicated that efforts would be made to attempt to unite all leftist groups in the cause of the conference. In addition it was agreed that national headquarters should be moved to New York City under the leadership of [redacted] [redacted] It was felt that the CP should continue to guide but not to dominate any future similar functions. b7C

Copies of this memorandum are being furnished the following offices:

United States Secret Service, Chicago, Illinois

Region I, 113th Military Intelligence Group  
Evanston, Illinois.

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APPENDIX

BLACK PANTHER PARTY, Also  
Known As Black Panther Party  
for Self-Defense

According to its official newspaper, the Black Panther Party (BPP) was started during December, 1966, in Oakland, California, to organize black people so they can take control of the life, politics and the destiny of the black community. It was organized by BOBBY SEALE, BPP Chairman, and HUEY P. NEWTON, BPP Minister of Defense. NEWTON was sentenced in 1968 to serve 2 to 15 years after being convicted of manslaughter in connection with the killing of an Oakland police officer.

The official newspaper, "The Black Panther," which further describes itself as the "Black Community News Service," states that the BPP advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics in its revolutionary program to end oppression of the black people. Residents of the black community are urged to arm themselves against the police who are consistently referred to in the publication as "pigs" who should be killed.

"The Black Panther" issue of September 7, 1968, contains an editorial by BPP Minister of Education, GEORGE MASON MURRAY, which ends with the following:

"Black men. Black people, colored persons of America, revolt everywhere! Arm yourselves. The only culture worth keeping is a revolutionary culture. Change. Freedom everywhere. Dynamite! Black Power. Use the gun. Kill the pigs everywhere."

Included in the introduction to an article appearing in the October 5, 1968, edition of "The Black Panther" is the statement "...we will not dissent from American Government. We will overthrow it."

Issues of "The Black Panther" regularly contain quotations from the writings of Chairman Mao Tse-tung of the People's Republic of China and feature Mao's statement that "political power grows out of the barrel of a gun."

The national headquarters of the BPP is located at 3106 Shattuck Avenue, Berkeley, California. Branches have been established at various locations throughout the United States.

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APPENDIX

CHICAGO COMMITTEE TO DEFEND  
THE BILL OF RIGHTS (CCDBR)

The CCDBR maintains headquarters in Rooms 801-803, 431 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois.

A source advised in July, 1960, that RICHARD CRILEY, then a member of the Civil Liberties Commission of the Communist Party (CP) of Illinois, met with key leaders of the CP and was authorized by the CP to form a new organization with broad mass support so long as the new organization would protect the Party interests.

This source advised in October, 1960, that on October 28, 1960, CRILEY reported to the CP leadership that the CCDBR had been organized. He outlined its aims and purposes as being to obtain mass support to abolish the House Committee on Un-American Activities and to defend Smith Act and Taft-Hartley victims. He said there would be no formal affiliation with any other national organization having the same purposes. The CP leadership agreed with the general direction of the CCDBR as outlined by CRILEY.

A second source advised on October 31, 1960, that the CCDBR was formally organized on October 26, 1960, with RICHARD CRILEY as Executive Secretary after he motivated organizing the meeting of October 26, 1960.

A third source advised on May 20, 1969, that the original stated purposes of the CCDBR continue to be adhered to, with CRILEY continuing as the motivating force behind the Committee. The Board of Directors, however, now includes many individuals in the religious, educational and labor fields who are not known as CP members.

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APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

A source has advised that the Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as presently regarded, came into being at a founding convention held June, 1962, at Port Huron, Michigan. From an initial posture of "participatory democracy" the line of the national leadership has revealed a growing Marxist-Leninist adherence which currently calls for the building of a revolutionary youth movement. Concurrently, the program of SDS has evolved from civil rights struggles to an anti-Vietnam war stance to an advocacy of a militant anti-imperialist position. China, Vietnam and Cuba are regarded as the leaders of worldwide struggles against United States imperialism whereas the Soviet Union is held to be revisionist and also imperialist.

At the June, 1969, SDS National Convention, Progressive Labor Party (PLP) forces in the organization were expelled. As a result, the National Office (NO) group maintained its National Headquarters at 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, and the PLP faction set up headquarters in Cambridge, Massachusetts. This headquarters subsequently moved to Boston. Each group elected its own national officers, which include three national secretaries and a National Interim Committee of eight. Both the NO forces and the PLP forces claim to be the true SDS. Both groups also print their versions of "New Left Notes" which sets forth the line and the program of the particular faction. The NO version of "New Left Notes" was recently printed under the title "The Fire Next Time" to achieve a broader mass appeal.

Two major factions have developed internally within the NO group, namely, the Weatherman or Revolutionary Youth Movement (RYM) I faction, and the RYM II faction. Weatherman is action-oriented upholding Castro's position that the duty of revolutionaries is to make revolution. Weatherman is regarded by RYM II as an adventuristic, elitist faction which denies the historical role of the working class as the base for revolution. RYM II maintains that revolution, although desired, is not possible under present conditions, hence

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APPENDIX

STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY

emphasizes organizing and raising the political consciousness of the working class upon whom they feel successful revolution depends. Although disclaiming control and domination by the Communist Party, USA, leaders in these two factions have in the past proclaimed themselves to be communists and to follow the precepts of a Marxist-Leninist philosophy, along pro-Chinese communist lines.

A second source has advised that the PLP faction which is more commonly known as the Worker Student Alliance is dominated and controlled by members of the PLP, who are required to identify themselves with the pro-Chinese Marxist-Leninist philosophy of the PLP. They advocate that an alliance between workers and students is vital to the bringing about of a revolution in the United States.

SDS regions and university and college chapters, although operating under the outlines of the SDS National Constitution, are autonomous in nature and free to carry out independent policy reflective of local conditions. Because of this autonomy internal struggles reflecting the major factional interests of SDS have occurred at the chapter level since the beginning of the 1969-70 school year.

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APPENDIX

PROGRESSIVE LABOR PARTY

The "New York Times" city edition, Tuesday, April 20, 1965, page 27, reported that a new party of "revolutionary socialism" was formally founded on April 18, 1965, under the name of the Progressive Labor Party (PLP) which had been known as the Progressive Labor Movement.

According to the article, "The Progressive Labor Movement was founded in 1962, by MILTON ROSEN and MORTIMER SCHEER after they were expelled from the Communist Party of the United States for assertedly following the Chinese Communist line."

A source advised on June 3, 1968, that the PLP held its Second National Convention in New York City, May 31 to June 2, 1968, at which time the PLP reasserted its objective of the establishment of a militant working class movement based on Marxism-Leninism. This is to be accomplished through the Party's over-all revolutionary strategy of raising the consciousness of the people and helping to provide ideological leadership in the working class struggle for state power.

The source also advised that at the Second National Convention MILTON ROSEN was unanimously re-elected National Chairman of the PLP and LEVI LAUB, FRED JEROME, JARED ISRAEL, WILLIAM EPTON, JACOB ROSEN, JEFFREY GORDON, and WALTER LINDER were elected as the National Committee to lead the PLP until the next convention.

The PLP publishes "Progressive Labor," a bimonthly magazine; "World Revolution," a quarterly periodical; and "Challenge-Desafio," a monthly newspaper.

The April, 1969, issue of "Challenge-Desafio" sets forth that "Challenge is dedicated to the peoples fight for a new way of life--where the working men and women control their own homes and factories; where they themselves make up the entire government on every level and control the schools, courts, police and all institutions which are now used to control them."

Source advised on May 8, 1969, that the PLP utilizes an address of General Post Office Box 808, Brooklyn, New York, and also utilizes an office in Room 617, 1 Union Square West, New York, New York.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

1

APPENDIX

NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD

The House Committee on Un-American Activities, House report 3123, September 21, 1950, cites the National Lawyers Guild (NLG) as a communist front which is the foremost legal bulwark of the Communist Party (CP) and has never failed to rally to the legal defense of the CP and individual members thereof, including known espionage agents.

A source advised on February 1, 1969, that from the speeches made and the workshops and panel discussions held at a recent Midwest Conference of the NLG, it clearly appeared that the NLG is being developed from a "complacent, old left type organization" into a strong active supporter of the "new left."

A second source advised during April, 1969, that the President of the NLG spoke at an NLG banquet held in New York City on April 12, 1969, stating that the NLG has organized young people to work in a radical movement which is seeking to destroy a corrupt, violent society and replace it with one which will benefit all.

A third source advised on April 17, 1969, that the President of the New York Chapter of the NLG spoke at the above banquet stating that the purpose of the NLG is to advance the "social revolution" taking place in this country. In furtherance of this purpose, the NLG has established Student Guild Chapters and given counsel to draft resisters and military personnel seeking peace.

As of July 23, 1969, the NLG National Office was located at 5 Beekman Street, New York, New York.

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FBI

Date: 3/18/70

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL \_\_\_\_\_  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-457330) (157- )  
FROM: SAC, CHICAGO (100-48995) (157-5079) (P)  
SUBJECT: EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHTS OF THE BLACK PANTHER  
PARTY TO EXIST  
RM

(OO: CHICAGO)

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED EXCEPT  
WHERE SHOWN OTHERWISE

Re Buairtel 2/20/70, Chicago airtel and LHM  
3/3/70 and Chicago tels 3/8/70.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 15 copies of a  
LHM concerning captioned conference held March 7-8/70 in  
Chicago. Copies are being designated to recipient offices  
as they had subjects or delegates attending this affair. One  
copy each is being furnished Secret Service, Chicago and  
Region I, 113th MI Group, Evanston, Illinois.

The sources utilized in the enclosed LHM are  
as follows:

		b2
	is	b7D
b2	is	(C) b1
	is	
b7D	is	
	is	(Prob) b2
	is	(Prob) b2

The enclosed LHM is being classified confidential  
as information contained therein could reasonably result in  
the identification of confidential informants of continuing  
value and compromise future effectiveness thereof.

(Copies on ii page)

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent \_\_\_\_\_

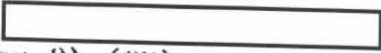



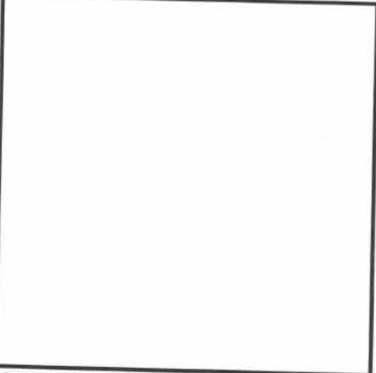
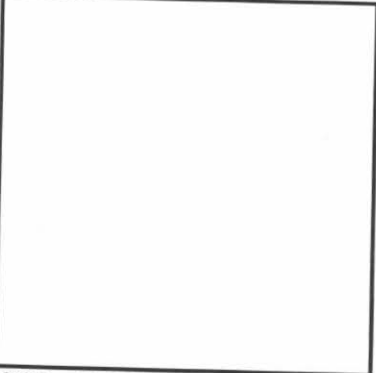
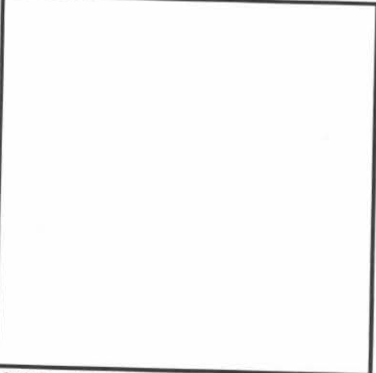
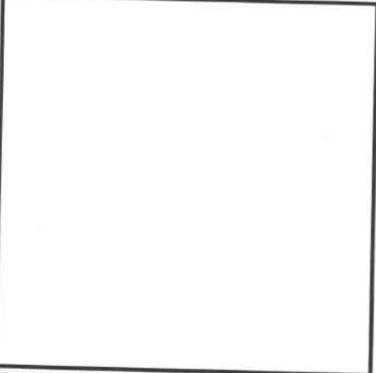
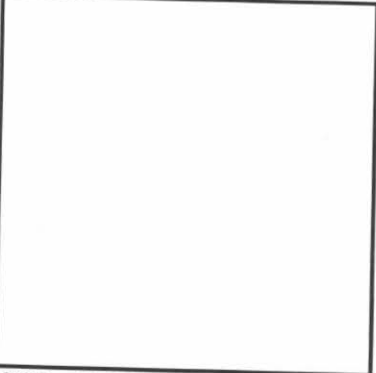
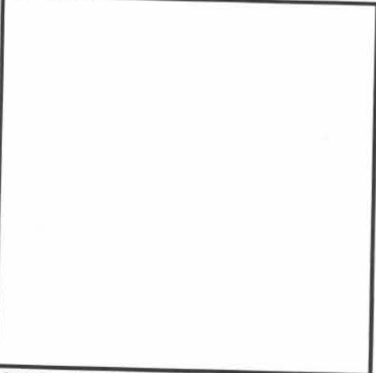
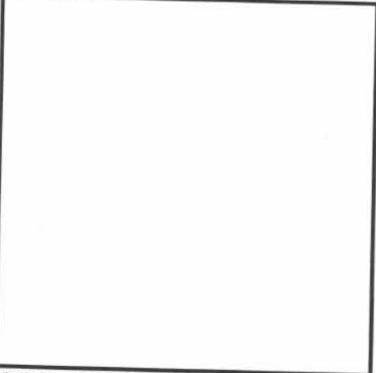
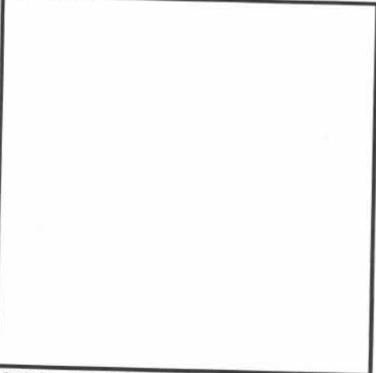



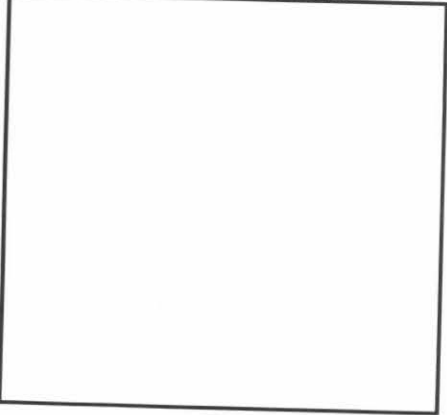
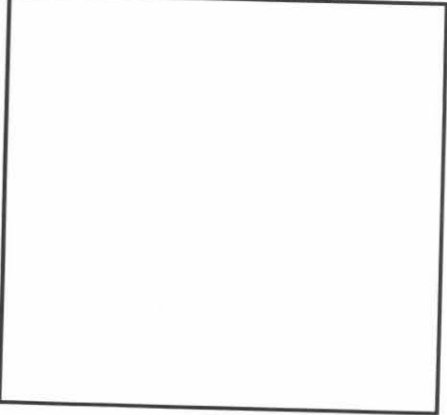
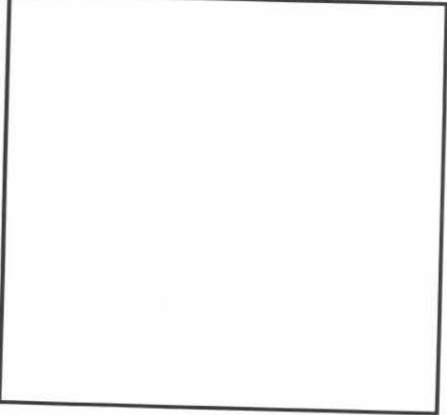
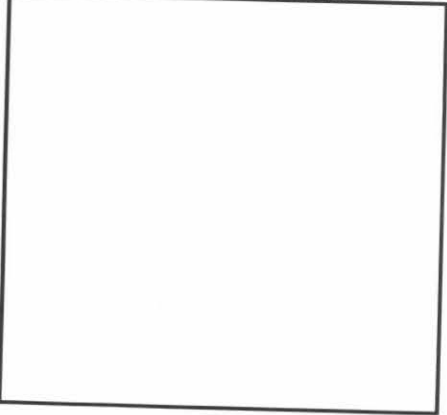
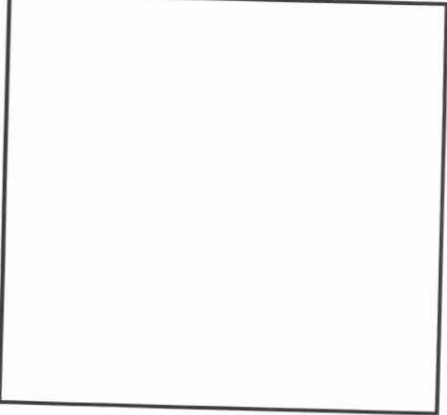
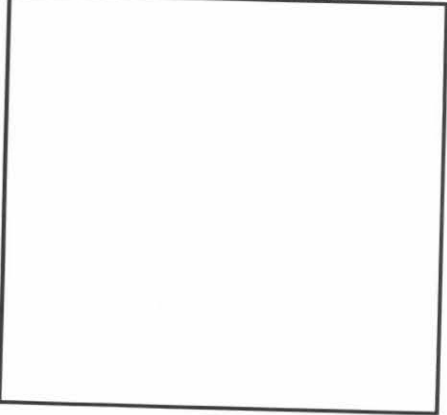
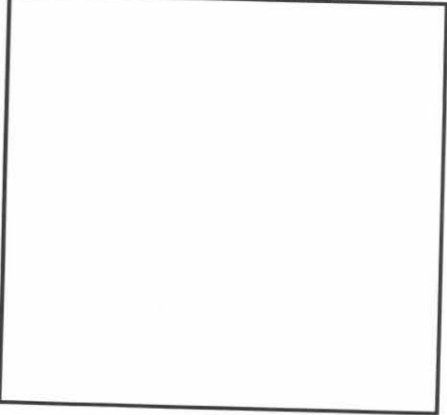
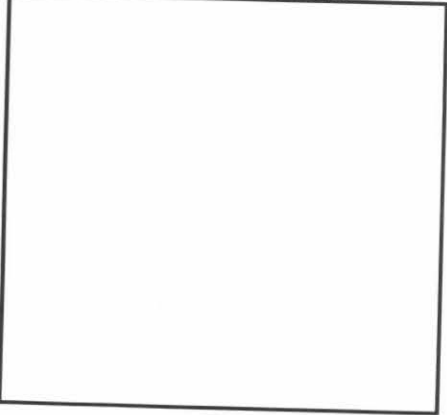
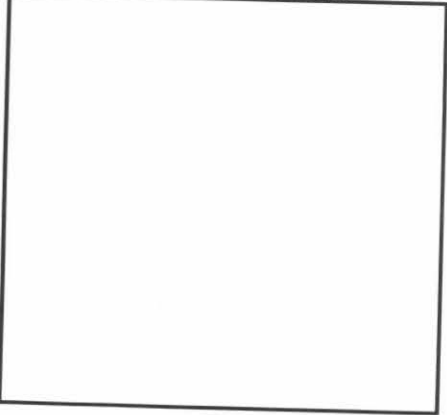
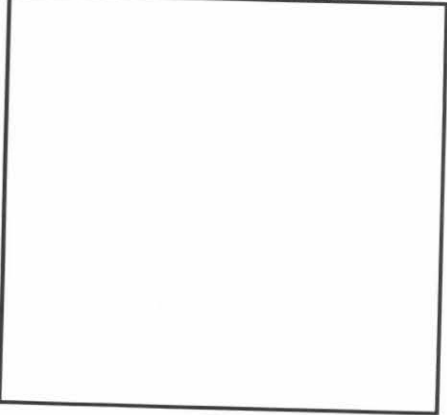
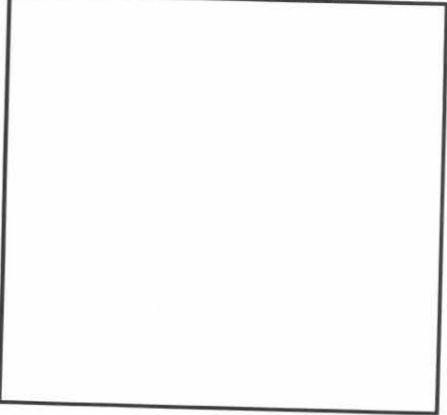
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100-162418-17

SEARCHED 3/19/70 INDEXED 3/19/70  
SERIALIZED 3/19/70 FILED 3/19/70  
MAR 25 1970  
FBI - NEW YORK



CG 100-48995  
157-5079

- 3 - Bureau (Encs.15) (RM)
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- 4 - New Haven (Encs.4) (RM)
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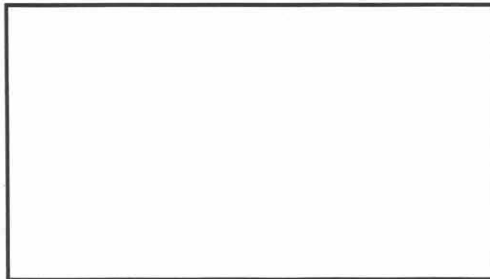
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157-5079

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(NATIONAL LAWYERS GUILD)

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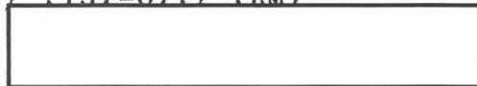
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4 - Portland (Encs.4) (157-671) (RM)

- 1 - 157-577



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- 1 - 176-

3 - San Antonio (Encs.3) (RM)

- 1 - 157-



8 - San Francisco (157-5079) (Encs. 9) (RM)

- 1 - 100-26685

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- 1 - 100-51709

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3 - Seattle (157-1471) (Encs. 3) (RM)

- 1 - 157-

(TACOMA, WASHINGTON COMMITTEE  
IN DEFENSE OF THE BPP)

57 - Chicago

- 1 - 100-40085

- 1 - 100-42766

- 1 - 100-18080

- 1 - 100-23391

- 1 - 100-

- 1 - 61-867

- 1 - 100-41629

- 1 - 100-3293

- 1 - 157-2832



(RICHARD CRILEY)

b7C



(CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)



CG 100-48995  
157-5079

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- 1 - 100-44818
- 1 - 100-7894
- 1 - 100-30108
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(CIRM)  
 (COMINFIL-MASS ORGANIZATIONS)  
 (EMERGENCY CITIZENS' CONFERENCE)



(CIRM)  
 iii

b7C

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CG 100-48995  
157-5079

Copies of the enclosed LHM are being designated for both the Memphis and Knoxville offices and the Cleveland and Cincinnati offices as Chicago is not aware from what area of Tennessee and Ohio certain individuals referred to in the LHM reside.

Copies of the enclosed LHM are being provided all offices and for individuals who reside in the areas covered by those offices who attended or spoke at instant conference.

Chicago files contain insufficient information to characterize those individuals not described in the enclosed LHM.

LEADS:

ALL RECIPIENT OFFICES

All recipient offices should submit LHM's to the Bureau setting forth characterizations if pertinent for individuals listed for whom copies are designated.

NEW YORK

AT NEW YORK, NEW YORK Will attempt to determine specific data regarding instant organization moving headquarters to New York as set forth in LHM and advise Bureau and Chicago.

CHICAGO

AT CHICAGO, ILLINOIS. Will follow this matter and keep Bureau and New York appropriately advised of developments this matter.

Copies of the enclosed LHM are being furnished Portland re [redacted] and San Francisco re [redacted] as they were scheduled to attend the Emergency Conference, even though such attendance was not verified by sources.

b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

b7C

TO: SAC, NEW YORK (100-168759) (44)  
FROM: SA [redacted] (45)  
SUBJECT: COMMITTEE FOR THE DEFENSE OF THE  
BLACK PANTHERS RALLY  
RM-BPP

Date prepared

3/27/70

Date received Received from (name or symbol number)

Received by

2/27/70

b2

SA [redacted]

b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks) b7D

in person  by telephone  by mail  orally  recording device  written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date

Date of Report

Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Date(s) of activity

Transcribed \_\_\_\_\_

Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Brief description of activity or material

Committee for the Defense of the Black

Panthers Rally [redacted] b7D

File where original is located if not attached

b2

[redacted] (INV) b7D

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE IN VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED.

All necessary action taken.

- 32 - New York
- 1 - [redacted] (INV) [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-161933 (BPP) (43) b2
- 1 - 100-164490 [redacted] (45) b7D
- 1 - 100-110783 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1 - 100-138552 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1 - 100-67485 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-138492 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-142489 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1 - 100-142490 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-14096 (TOM MYERS COUGH) (45)
- 1 - 100-138552 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-82601 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-162418 (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM) (45) b7C
- 1 - 100- [redacted] (43)
- 1 - 100-152230 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-117529 [redacted] (45) b7C
- 1 - 100-80703 [redacted] (45)
- 1 - 100-157969 [redacted] (45)

100-162418-18

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1 - 100-168759 (44)

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(32)

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1 - 100-26603-C43 (KCCP) (45)

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2/23/70

On February 22, 1970 The Brooklyn Committee for the Defense of the Black Panthers held a rally from 3:00 PM to 7:00 PM at Siloan Presbyterian Church, Jefferson & Marcy Ave. Brooklyn, NY. There were about 400 people present among those the following were seen:

PHILLIS LANDAS  
EMMA ELLSWORTH  
EARL SCOTT  
BERNICE LINTON  
TOM MYERSCOUGH  
LOU KALB  
SONNY CARSON  
JERRY CAVICCI  
BILL SULLIVAN  
HERBERT APTHEKER  
LILLIAN POSNER  
HELEN OBERKIRCH  
HELLEN SMELLEY  
SEYMORE JOISE

SYLVIA NEAL  
GERTUDE MACK  
JEASUS COLON  
EDDIE LINTON  
ELLE MYERSCOUGH  
SHIRLEY CHISLEUM (speaker)  
BARBARA BONNHOMME  
OLLIE LEADS  
MARY KALB  
MURRAY ROSENBURGE  
NORMA SPECTOR  
JACK WEISS  
JEAN SMELLEY  
ANNA STRICKLAND

EMMA ELLSWORTH acted as chairman. The first speaker-SHIRLEY CHISLEUM called for unity of all people to fight what is happen to the Black Panthers. is similar to what happen to the Jews in German under Hitler.

TO : SAC CHICAGO (100-48995\*)  
FROM : SA [redacted] b7C  
SUBJECT: EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST IS - C prepared

APR 23 1970

Date received  
3/13/70

Received from (name or symbol number)  
[redacted] b2

Received by  
[redacted] b7C

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)  
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If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_  
Dictated \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_  
Transcribed [redacted] b7D  
Authenticated by Informant \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Report

Date(s) of activity  
[redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material  
Emergency Conference to Defend the BPP

File where original is located if not attached  
A) [redacted] b2

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE. VIOLENCE OR REVOLUTIONARY ACTIVITIES WERE NOT DISCUSSED. b7D

RECOMMENDATION:  
INDEX: [redacted] (PH) b7C

- 2 - Cleveland (RM)
  - 1 - 100- (EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST)
  - 1 - 100- [redacted]
- 3 - Detroit (RM)
  - 1 - 100- (EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST) b7C
  - 1 - 100- [redacted]
  - 1 - 100- (UNITED AUTO WORKERS)

(copies continued ii page)

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WF  
100-162418-19  
SEARCHED [initials] INDEXED [initials]  
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tam

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CG 100-48995

1 - New Haven (RM)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (BLACK PANTHER PARTY)

17 - New York (RM)  
1 - 100- [redacted] b7C  
1 - 100- [redacted] 100-162418-1 ✓  
1 - 100- [redacted]  
1 - 100- [redacted]  
1 - 100- [redacted]  
1 - 100- [redacted]  
1 - 100- [redacted]  
1 - 100- [redacted] ("NEW YORK 21")  
1 - 100- [redacted] (CONGRESSWOMAN SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (HOSPITAL WORKERS UNION)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (CIRM)  
1 - 100-98699 [redacted] (CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (CP ORGANIZATION)  
1 - 100- [redacted] b7C  
1 - 100- [redacted] (WILLIAM PATTERSON)  
1 - 100- [redacted] (CP, FUNDS)

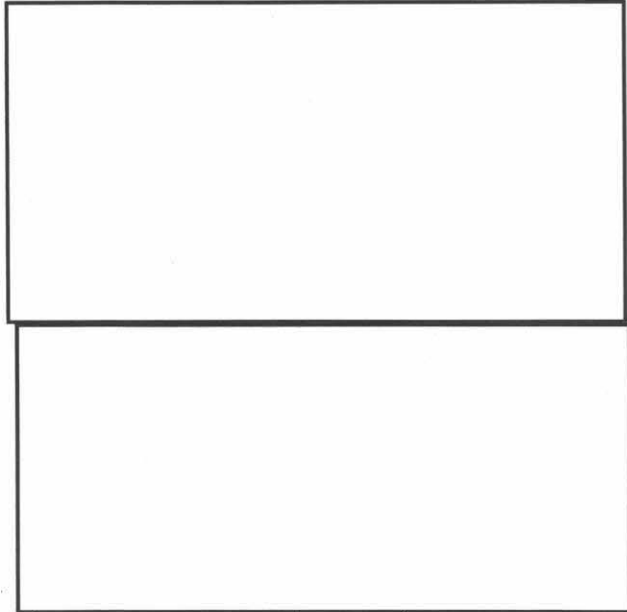
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1 - 100- [redacted] (EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND  
THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST)  
1 - 100- [redacted] b7C

30 - Chicago [redacted] b2  
1 - A) [redacted] b7D  
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1 - 157-1291 (BLACK PANTHER PARTY)  
1 - 100-41629 [redacted] b7C  
1 - 157-5079 [redacted]  
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THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST)  
1 - 100-17769 (CP, ILL. DIST - ORGANIZATION)  
1 - 157-4444 (CP, ILL. DIST - FUNDS)  
1 - 61-867 [redacted] (PH)  
[redacted] (CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)

(copies continued iii page)

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- 1 - 100-
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- 1 - 100-14791
- 1 - 100-47447
- 1 - 157-2832
- 1 - 100-41889
- 1 - 100-7441



b7C

b7C

(UNITED AUTO WORKERS)

PLT/lmb:dmv  
(55)



Chicago, Illinois

March 13, 1970

A meeting of the Emergency Conference To Defend  
The Right of the Black Panther Party To Exist was held on

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]

Chicago, Illinois.

b7D

b7C

[REDACTED] spoke at length on the need  
for knowing the philosophy, methods and aims of the "enemy."  
The "enemy" as mentioned by [REDACTED] refers to all  
levels of the Government in this country. He said that  
radicals must devise a strategy to defeat the "enemy." He  
called America Fascist, racist, and got a standing ovation.

[REDACTED] accused the Federal government  
of committing genocide against both the Panthers and all  
other Negroes.

b7C

[REDACTED] a female Negro, criticized labor  
unions for not helping the Panthers. She said she is a  
[REDACTED] in New York City and she  
said that her union had contributed \$1,000 to the Panthers  
Defense Fund.

- 1 -

[redacted] (phonetic), a white, male, said he had a letter of greetings from an organization in East Germany. He said he would have read the letter to the audience but that he had been assaulted and robbed earlier by several others who took the letter along with other valuables. He asked the audience to <sup>WRITE</sup> ~~write~~ their representatives in Washington for a statute of limitations on crimes committed by foreign-born American citizens. He also urged the defeat of a proposed preventative detention bill.

b7C

[redacted] a male Negro, announced that a collection would be taken and the funds turned over to the Black Panther Defense Fund. Many persons donated cash and checks and announced pledges. CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT said that the Communist Party would pledge \$100.00 to the fund.

b7C

It was learned that telegrams of support had been received from Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISHOLM and [redacted]

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[redacted] (phonetic) a white, male, said that the following proposals had been adopted by the conference. A continuing committee will be formed after the conference ends, and a massive Panther educational program will be introduced to schools. A documentation center will be established which will accumulate films and tapes. A speakers bureau will be formed and magazine reprints will be used. A national newsletter will be published, center of information and literature established. A leaflet "Factory" will begin operations and public demonstrations may be held on the anniversary of Doctor MARTIN LUTHER KING's death, on April 4. It was also announced that public demonstrations might be held on July 4, 5, 6, in New Haven, Connecticut in support of the Panthers on trial there. An effort will be made to enlist clergymen, union officials, peace movement activists, machine workers, and many others to fully support the Panthers financially, legally and every other possible way. Lawyers and reporters will be called upon. The United Nations may be picketed. Those stores which the New York 21 allegedly conspired to burn will be picketed and reparations from the Federal Government will be sought by the Panthers.

The following persons were recognized in attendance at the conference:

[REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED]

a female Negro attorney

from New York,

[REDACTED]

b7C

CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT,

[REDACTED]

b7C

WILLIAM PATTERSON,

[REDACTED]

b7C

NATE SHARPE.

[REDACTED]

b7C

[redacted]

a female Negro,

[redacted]

(phonetic) a white male,

[redacted]

a male, Negro, from McMurray College,

[redacted]

a female Negro,

[redacted]

a male, Negro, from New York City,

[redacted]

a male, Negro

[redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

Ohio,

[redacted]

(phonetic) a white, male from

[redacted]

[redacted]

a male, Negro from New York City,

b7C

[redacted]

a white, male

[redacted]

from

New York City,

[redacted]

b7C

a Negro male, from the United

Auto Workers in Detroit.



TO : SAC, CHICAGO (100-48995)  
FROM : SA WALTER A. BOYLE  
SUBJECT: EMERGENCY CONFERENCE TO DEFEND THE RIGHT OF THE BPP TO EXIST IS-C

Date prepared  
**APR 24 1970**

Date received: 3/11/70  
Received from (name or symbol number): [redacted] b2 b7D

Received by: SA WALTER A. BOYLE

Method of delivery (check appropriate blocks)  
 in person  by telephone  by mail  orally  recording device  written by Informant

If orally furnished and reduced to writing by Agent:  
Date: [redacted] b7C  
Dictated to: STENO [redacted]  
Transcribed: [redacted] b7D  
Authenticated by Informant: [redacted]

Date of Report: [redacted] b7D

Date(s) of activity: [redacted] b7D

Brief description of activity or material  
Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist.

File where original is located if not attached  
A) [redacted]

\* INDIVIDUALS DESIGNATED BY AN ASTERISK (\*) ONLY ATTENDED A MEETING AND DID NOT ACTIVELY PARTICIPATE.  
 Information recorded on a card index by \_\_\_\_\_ on date \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks:

Recommendation: Index: [redacted]  
Committee Versus Nazism  
United Farm Workers  
[redacted] b7C

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

- 2-Albany (RM) (1-100- [redacted] (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist) [redacted] b7C
- 3-Albuquerque (RM) (1-100- [redacted] (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist) [redacted] b7C
- (1-100- [redacted])
- (1-100- [redacted])

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(see page ii for additional dissemination)

Block Stamp

100-162418-20

SEARCHED [initials] INDEXED [initials]  
SERIALIZED [initials] FILED [initials]

APR 27 1970  
FBI - NEW YORK

[Handwritten initials]

slb

Copies: (Con't.)

- 2-Boston (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 2-Cincinnati (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- (Black Ministers Conference of Ohio)
- 8-Cleveland (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
  - (1-100- [redacted])
  - (1-100- (Black Ministers Conference of Ohio)
  - (1-100- (Sidney Peck Defense Fund of Cleveland)
  - (1-100- (Cleveland BPP Defense Committee)
  - (1-100- (Black United Students)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 3-Denver (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 3-Detroit (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 2-Indianapolis (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 2-Knoxville (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
- 4-Los Angeles (RM)
  - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)
  - (1-100- [redacted])
  - (1-100- (Los Angeles Peace Council)
  - (1-100- (Los Angeles Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights)

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CG 100-48995

- Copies: (Con't.)
  - 3-Newark (RM) (1-100- (Emergency Conference....))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (New Jersey Committee Against Repression))
  - 3-Memphis (RM)
    - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- [redacted])
  - 3-Miami (RM)
    - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist))
    - (1-100- (LOU WEINSTOCK))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
  - 4-New Haven (RM)
    - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (New Haven Committee to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist))
  - 33-New York (RM)
    - (1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist))
    - (1-100- (World Peace Council))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (BPP))
    - (1-100-153735 (CIRM))
    - (1-100-131678 [redacted])
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (Fifth Avenue Parade Committee))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (Hospital Workers Union, Local 1199))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (Black Methodists for Church Renewal))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100-84275 (WILLIAM PATTERSON))
    - (1-100-74560 (CP, USA - Funds))
    - (1-100- (NLG))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (Brooklyn Committee for Defense of the BPP))
    - (1-100- (YWLL))
    - (1-100- (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM))
    - (1-100- [redacted])
    - (1-100- (New York Urban League))

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100-162418-13 3/8

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CG 100-48995

Copies:

33-New York (Con't.)

(1-100- [redacted] b7C  
(1-100- (Methodist Federation for Social Action)  
(1-100- (ACPFB)  
(1-100- (New York Constitutional Committee for Civil Liberties)

(1-100- [redacted] b7C  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- (New York Committee for Defense of the BPP)  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100-98699 (CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT)

3-Philadelphia (RM)

(1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- (NAACP)

3-San Antonio (RM)

(1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist) b7C  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- (American Friends Service Committee)

7-San Francisco (RM)

(1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)  
(1-100- (BPP)

(1-100- [redacted] b7C  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- [redacted]  
(1-100- [redacted]

3-Seattle (RM)

(1-100- (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)  
(1-100- (Tacoma, Washington, Committee in Defense of the BPP)  
(1-100- (Tacoma, Washington, Urban League)

62-Chicago

(1-A) [redacted]  
(1-157-5079 (Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the BPP to Exist)  
(1-157-1291 (BPP)  
(1-100-41324 (CIRM)  
(1-100-42766 [redacted]  
(1-100-47768 (Chicago 15) b7C  
(1-100-23391 [redacted]

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Copies:

62-Chicago (Con't.)

(1-100-41280 (Medical Committee for Human Rights)  
(1-157-4433 (People's Medical Care Center of BPP)  
(1-100-18080 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-37762 (CCDBR)  
(1-100- [REDACTED]  
(1-100-35162 (AAHA) b7C  
(1-100-35295 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-44949 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-40085 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-45245 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-47487 (The Conspiracy)  
(1-100-46728 (New Left Movement - Communist Influence)  
(1-100-46732 (New Left Movement - Race Relations)  
(1-100-46733 (New Left Movement - Political Activities)  
(1-100-41063 [REDACTED]  
(1-157-2451 [REDACTED]  
(1-105-16238 (SCLC)  
(1-100-39500 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-42717 (VIDEM) b7C  
(1-100-43767 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-43245 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-47468 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-41629 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-3293 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-46727 (New Left Movement - Finances)  
(1-100- [REDACTED] (Marxist Women's Liberation)  
(1-100-41889 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-45069 (New University Conference)  
(1-100-38539 [REDACTED]  
(1-157-2520 (Operation Breadbasket)  
(1-157-1631 [REDACTED] b7C  
(1-100-46594 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-44949 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-44059 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-42158 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-3313 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-48173 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-21119 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-21257 [REDACTED]  
(1-100-7894 [REDACTED]

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CG 100-48995

Copies:

62-Chicago (Con't.)

(1-100-41430  
(1-100-24020  
(1-100-42575  
(1-100-43879  
(1-100-17088  
(1-100-39901  
(1-100-3546  
(1-100-17941  
(1-100-40238  
(1-100-30108  
(1-100-15409  
(1-100-3334  
(1-100-20289  
(1-100-18601

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WAB/bn: MDW  
( 155)

Chicago, Illinois  
March 11, 1970

An Emergency Conference to Defend the Right of the Black Panther Party to Exist was held in Chicago, Illinois, from March 6-8, 1970.

Friday evening, March 6, 1970  
Location: Church of the Epiphany  
201 South Ashland Avenue  
Chicago, Illinois

---

From 6:00 p.m. through midnight registration for the conference was held at the Church of the Epiphany. At 8:00 p.m. there was a showing of a film. This was the only activity at this location on March 6, 1970.

Saturday, March 7, 1970  
Location: Malcolm X College  
840 West 14th Place  
Chicago, Illinois

---

Registration for the conference continued from 9:00 a.m. until 10:00 a.m. Figures available from this period and subsequently during the conference up until 3:30 p.m. on March 7, 1970, reflected a total registration of 457 individuals. Since some persons did not register, conference sponsors figured there was a total of 500 present. Of the total of 457 registrations, the following breakdown was available for 449 registrations as to geographic area:

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

East Coast

Connecticut	4
Florida	1
Maryland	1
Massachusetts	19
New Jersey	8
New York	46
Pennsylvania	16
Rhode Island	7
Tennessee	9
Washington, D.C.	2

113

Midwest

Chicago	122
Rest of Illinois	33
Indiana	23
Michigan	18
Minnesota	7
Missouri	1
Ohio	78
Wisconsin	21

303

West Coast

Colorado	5
California	13
New Mexico	3
Oregon	3
Texas	3
Washington State	6

33

There were 23 states (as above) represented at the conference. Subsequently, on March 8, 1970, the credentials report was given as follows:

Five hundred forty people registered (as opposed to 457 registered as of Saturday afternoon), of whom 200 people

registered as individuals. There were 128 organizations represented. Thirty-one representatives of the "movement press" were present.

Plenary Session I

Chairman: [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] opened this first session with some brief remarks. Quoting from the Bible, he stated that "love drives out fear." We must join together against repression in order to preserve the freedom of all. [REDACTED] noted that he is working with the "Chicago 15" support group. He gave some examples of the increase in repression throughout the country, among which is the case of [REDACTED] admonition to the "Chicago 15" and their counsel that they cannot talk about their case publicly. Although some of the defendants are priests, and their counsel is a Catholic priest, [REDACTED] stated they may not wear their Roman collars in the court room or be addressed as "Father." Should they do so or should persons address them as "Father" in the court room, they will be held in contempt. [REDACTED] closed by repeating that all must join together against repression in order to preserve the freedom of all.

The next speaker was [REDACTED] from the World Peace Council, New York City. She said that this is a meeting in a most crucial period, during which the United States

is engaged in a racist war in Vietnam, and a war against those who struggle for the full guarantees of the Constitution in the United States. The Black Panther Party (BPP) is at the center of this struggle and the Panthers refuse to be destroyed just like the people of Vietnam refuse to be destroyed. Death is the ultimate repression which has been dealt to thousands of blacks in one way or the other. [redacted] proclaimed that this conference says the BPP has the right to exist as a Party.

The next speaker was [redacted] of Malcolm X College, who welcomed everyone in the name of the school.

The next speaker was [redacted] BPP, Berkeley, California. He said the time is short for the BPP. The black people are going to have a Party because the masses without the BPP is like an army without a headquarters. The crucial situation manifested today is seen in [redacted] condition. [redacted] said, "We will not sit back and let the pigs in New Haven and the United States take the life of the Chairman of the BPP." This is the job of the conference. The time is past for making alliances with the BPP; the time is past for words and speeches and fund-raising programs; action must be taken. If the government takes [redacted] life, they will have to take the lives of all BPP members. If they take [redacted] life, we will have to move to cut off the

b7C



electricity in this country. [ ] called upon the conference to act, not to spout a lot of rhetoric.

The next speaker was [ ]

Medical Committee for Human Rights, Chicago, Illinois, and also associated with the People's Medical Care Center of the BPP in Chicago. [ ] gave a history of the development of the BPP health care center and the thinking behind its need. He stated that health care for the people in this country is collapsing and cannot be solved in a standard way. The fee system, organized medicine, and the profit-inflated drug industry have led to the collapse of health care. The answer is community control and organization of health care. [ ] then gave the history of how this health center came about. He concluded by charging that repression is being brought to bear on the BPP in order to close down this center.

b7C

RICHARD CRILEY, Executive Secretary of the Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights, gave a report from the nominating committee. He made suggestions for a steering committee for the conference. The first eight names which he suggested had been decided upon before the conference began. The remaining 15 names were chosen from among the persons listed on the conference registration cards. CRILEY suggested the following 23 names which were accepted by the conference as the steering committee:

**RICHARD CRILEY**  
**Chicago Committee to Defend the Bill of Rights**

[REDACTED]  
**Emergency Conference Committee**

[REDACTED]  
**Emergency Conference Committee and World  
Peace Council, New York, New York**

b7C

[REDACTED]  
**Communist Party, USA**

[REDACTED]  
**African-American Heritage Association**

[REDACTED]  
**Illinois BPP  
Chicago, Illinois**

b7C

[REDACTED]  
**Association of Catholic Priests**

[REDACTED]  
**Chicago, Illinois**

b7C

[REDACTED]  
**New York, New York**

[REDACTED]  
**Akron University  
Akron, Ohio**

[REDACTED]  
**Los Angeles Peace Council  
Los Angeles, California**

b7C

[REDACTED]  
**"The Conspiracy"  
Chicago, Illinois**

[REDACTED]  
**District 65  
Distributive Workers of America and  
Fifth Avenue Parade Committee, New  
York, New York**

[Redacted]

Rutgers University  
New Brunswick, New Jersey

b7C

[Redacted]

Berkeley, California

[Redacted]

Hospital Workers Union  
New York, New York

[Redacted]

Detroit, Michigan

b7C

[Redacted]

New York, New York

[Redacted]

Peace Education, American Friends Service Committee  
for Texas, Oklahoma, and Arkansas, San Antonio,  
Texas

[Redacted]

New Haven, Connecticut

b7C

[Redacted]

Tennessee

[Redacted]

Akron, Ohio

CRILEY announced that in order to avoid confusion, if others wanted to add people to the steering committee, they should approach him after the plenary session with suggested additions, and the steering committee would make a decision on these additions. Subsequently, during the conference, it was

learned that the following individuals were added to the steering committee:

[REDACTED]

BPP  
San Francisco, California

[REDACTED]

Black Methodists for Church Renewal  
New York, New York

b7C

[REDACTED]

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania

[REDACTED]

Nashville, Tennessee

The next speaker was CHARLES GARRY, San Francisco, California, attorney for the BPP. GARRY brought greetings from HUEY NEWTON and [REDACTED] GARRY said the situation faced by the conference is not to know the problem but to cope with its solution. The power structure is taking advantage of hysteria in the country to bring about a fascist state, American style. Actually, the problem is quite simple: racism and male supremacy are combined. According to GARRY, every white is a racist and every male is a supremacist. Economic oppression leads to all other kinds of oppression. Unless this is recognized, the fight cannot be carried on. The position of the government is that in order to maintain the economy in this country, genocide must be committed even on people outside the United States. A curtain of fear must be drawn to keep the people divided. Dissent cannot be allowed if the United States

b7C

economy is to be maintained. The BPP says the United States is carrying on an imperialist war inside and outside the United States. But, racism cannot be fought with racism; it must be fought with socialism. Then, in attempting to show how racism and fascism are taking place within the court system of the United States, GARRY spoke concerning the [ ] case and the HUEY NEWTON case, in both of which GARRY is active for the defense. GARRY indicated that in the [ ] trial the defense will attempt to prove that the murder with which he is charged was actually engineered by [ ]

b7C

(In a subsequent conversation with RICHARD CRILEY and JACK KLING, they stated that the Communist Party, USA does not like the characterization by GARRY of every white as a racist. They stated that this was an unfortunate formulation. They will agree that one can say in every white there may be an unconscious expression of racism, but GARRY did not give credit to some whites of goodwill.)

The next speaker was [ ] for the "New York 21," Black Panthers on trial in New York City. [ ] gave a rundown of certain circumstances of that trial.

b7C

This was the end of the first plenary session which was followed by a break for lunch.



During the afternoon of March 7, 1970, four workshops convened in different sections of the school. These workshops were as follows:

I Demonstrative Actions to the United Nations and Other Demonstrative Actions Against Repression

Chairman: WILLIAM PATTERSON  
Communist Party, USA

II National Defense Fund

[REDACTED]

Chicago, Illinois

III Community Action and Education

Co-chairmen: RICHARD CRILEY  
Chicago, Illinois

b7C

[REDACTED]

Chicago, Illinois

IV Racism and Repression

[REDACTED]

Brandeis University  
Waltham, Massachusetts

Plenary Session II

Chairman: [REDACTED]

The first speaker was [REDACTED] Chicago, Illinois, representing the Southern Christian Leadership Conference (SCLC). [REDACTED] brought greetings from Reverend RALPH ABERNATHY. He said that they must join in the defense philosophically of the BPP. Everyone in a repressive society is threatened. According to [REDACTED] "We must not speak so much; we must do. We must plan the revolution."

b7C

The next speaker was [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] State University of New York at Albany, New York. He stated that to characterize the threat of counterviolence as being violence is incorrect. It is in the American tradition to arm for counterattack. Those in positions of power who advocate law and order obtained their positions by reason of violence. When equity is had for all, then there will be peace. Unless the black people are given equity, then they should say no to the "master" for his crumbs.

The next speaker was [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] at Rutgers University School of Law. He stated that the BPP is the central task of the people's movement today. The enemy moves out of weakness and fear. They are afraid of the movements in the ghettos and the universities. They are afraid of the peace movement. The ruling class is unable to solve the immediate problems of the sub-society, and they have, therefore, decreed that the policy shall be that of "benign neglect." The BPP defense is crucial because the power structure is frightened of "power to the people." He called upon the conference to plan for the political defense of the BPP. Movements should be organized and directed against the judge in the "New York 21" trial. Demonstrations should be so directed to accomplish the freedom of the Panthers in New York. A national campaign must be organized to bring the murderers of FRED HAMPTON and MARK CLARK to justice. A movement

must be built to show that the Black Panthers do not stand alone.

The next speaker was [redacted] from Chicago, Illinois. He made a brief speech calling for the election of more black Congressmen and more participation by black people in the electoral process. b7C

This ended the second plenary session which was followed by a break for supper.

Plenary Session III

Chairman: [redacted] b7C  
Los Angeles Peace Council

The first speaker was [redacted]

[redacted] He said that racist fears come true in reverse. For example, if you have a person who is a racist and who fears that a revolutionary will create illegal acts, what usually happens is that the illegal acts happen against the revolutionary. [redacted] stated that one of the women jurors in the conspiracy trial has stated that when [redacted] was severed from the trial, she was glad because she was afraid of being murdered in her bed if they convicted [redacted] b7C

However, what happened was that FRED HAMPTON and MARK CLARK were murdered in bed. [redacted] stated, if the peace movement is unable to end the war within our own borders, it will never be able to end the war in Vietnam. We must organize within our own borders a massive educational campaign similar to the one

a few years ago which brought the Vietnam issue to the point of action. [ ] called for the creating of a mass upsurge in interest in the Panther "New York 21" and the Chicago "Conspiracy" cases. Vice President AGNEW's chief strategic role is that of destroying the Democratic Party, the press, etc. He is using the radical to destroy the liberal influence in the country. [ ] also called for organization against the appointment to the Supreme Court of [ ] said that justice will be found in the street. We must make it clear on the international level that the United States is an outlaw nation and that NIXON and the war generals must be dealt with in the way that General CUSTER was dealt with. He indicated that this is not rhetoric and that the final jury will be the people of the world.

b7C

[ ] talk was followed by comments on the "Conspiracy 7" trial by [ ]

b7C

This was the end of the Saturday session of the conference.

Sunday, March 8, 1970

Location: Malcolm X College  
840 West 14th Place  
Chicago, Illinois

Chairman: [ ] New York City

b7C

Plenary Session IV

The following individuals spoke during this plenary session:

[redacted] Hospital Workers Union, New York City, called for black-white unity and indicated that the real enemy of the people is the economic establishment. She stated that last week Local 1199 contributed \$1,000 to the BPP defense fund. b7C

[redacted] BPP, San Francisco, California, then responded to a headline, "Panther Leader Rebukes Conference, Then Walks Out," which had appeared in the Sunday edition of the "Chicago Sun-Times" newspaper. This headline allegedly described [redacted] actions at the Saturday session. [redacted] threatened the reporters who would write such headlines. He said that if the reporters came around to interview the Black Panthers, the Panthers will kill them. b7C

[redacted] Chicago, Illinois, indicated that the question of the BPP defense is a question of self-interest for everyone. He showed how the "RAP BROWN bill" became the means of jailing white people; i.e., the "Conspiracy 7." He said we are not here to plan the defense, issue by issue, but to plan a program for survival. He tried to show that the country's hierarchy has a full-blown plan, not an issue by issue attack, and the people must respond to this with a full program of defense. [redacted] called for the 1970s to be the years of the defense of civil liberties in this country. b7C

During this session there were reports from the four workshops. The essence of these reports is as follows:



I Demonstrative Actions to the United Nations and Other Demonstrative Actions Against Repression

The report was delivered by [redacted] from [redacted] from Detroit, Michigan. This workshop resolved, after charging the American Government with genocide against black people, to petition the United Nations for redress of grievances on the question of racism. They asked the Emergency Conference to establish a Continuations Committee to undertake the formulation of such a petition to the Secretary General of the United Nations. This petition is to be signed by other national liberation forces. The Continuations Committee should attempt to mobilize national progressive forces behind this petition. This petition should be used as a key to organize the peoples of the world around the issue of racism and ultimately against U.S. imperialism worldwide. There should be an agreement to attempt to institute through this petition reparation for crimes against black, brown, and minority people. The workshop called for the organization of picket lines in front of department stores that allow their names to be used in the indictment of the BPP in New York City.

b7C

II National Defense Fund

The report was delivered by [redacted] from [redacted] New York City. The workshop resolved that a defense organization

b7C

to free all Black Panthers should be established by the Emergency Conference. Some of the things that this organization should do were the following:

- 1) Assist in the immediate court fight regarding bail for Panther defendants;
- 2) To conduct an educational and fund-raising campaign;
- 3) To conduct massive demonstrations for the purpose of publicity;
- 4) To provide national coordination of defense groups;
- 5) To provide that the national staff of the BPP should decide on the priority of all funds;
- 6) The national defense organization, in proceeding with the above actions, should do so in coordination with the National Lawyers Guild and should raise money through trade unions, community institutions, etc.

### III Community Action and Education

b7C

There were two parts to the report from this workshop.  delivered the report on the education and communication aspect of this workshop. The workshop called for a massive educational campaign on repression. Some of the means by which such a campaign should be carried on are the following:

1) That a national center and clearing house should be established for audio-visual materials: films, tapes, records, etc.;

2) That a national newsletter be established;

3) That a center for literature and information, articles and reprints, for local communities be established;

4) That a speakers bureau be established.

The objective of the above program is to give understanding to the minds of the masses. Some of the educational tools suggested were the following: people's juries, magazine reprints, speeches at churches, committees of clergy, peace movement involvement, coordination of Panther problems with problems of other groups, organization of community headquarters, and radio and television spots.

The second aspect of this workshop was the report by [redacted] of Chicago, Illinois, on community action. She also called for the setting up of a Continuations Committee and that this Continuations Committee be empowered to set up a mechanism for a massive demonstration in New Haven, Connecticut, against the trial of [redacted] and the other Black Panthers. The tentative date set for this demonstration is July 4, 5, and 6. This demonstration should be the tool for organizing in communities. She called for organization around the BPP repression generally and the [redacted] and "New York 21" trials specifically.

b7C

IV Racism and Repression

The report was delivered by [redacted] of Brandeis University, Waltham, Massachusetts. It is understood that there was some dissension in this workshop. [redacted] began by stating that the workshop was conducted in the context that "we do not believe that white folks are going to move." This created an atmosphere that was not present throughout the rest of the conference which was conducted in an atmosphere of cooperation and black-white unity. This workshop recommended that regional and urban conferences on repression be organized. It called for the support of the "we charge genocide" workshop decisions (Workshop I). [redacted] made the following recommendations from this workshop:

1) The key point of this workshop was that "we are at war and we must act accordingly." On the question of political prisoners, [redacted] stated that they must be gotten out of jail on bail or they must be gotten out some other way. There was a clear implication in [redacted] proposals that violence be used if nothing else worked.

2) We are at war with the total judicial system in this country and we must prevent people from going to jail by violence if necessary.

3) The workshop called for the development of local police power and for the development of people's courts.

4) The effectiveness of the Panthers is seen in the food and health programs which are being repressed because they

are being effective. The workshop called for the establishment of more food and health programs.

5) [ ] called for the development of revolutionary schools which would have not only standard curriculum but also a revolutionary curriculum.

Following this presentation of the reports of the workshops, [ ] presented a resolution to the effect that the Emergency Conference would go on record as endorsing the World Peace Council call for a world conference against repression, a conference to be held during 1970, and that a copy of this resolution would be sent to the press and to the World Peace Council. b7C

During the Sunday session, [ ] Akron, Ohio, made an appeal for funds. These funds and checks were turned over to the Emergency Conference Committee. The mandate from the conference to the Continuations Committee is that it organize around the right of the BPP to exist and that funds are to be used for this purpose. Therefore, it would appear that the funds will be used at the discretion of the Continuations Committee, probably to pay the bills of the conference, the expenses of setting up a permanent office, the expenses involved in getting out certain immediate material to defense groups throughout the country, etc. The committee may also be making a direct contribution to the defense funds of the BPP. Among the announced contributions or pledges made during this session were the following: b7C



The Black Ministers Conference of Ohio	\$100	
[redacted] House Parties of New York	\$150	
[redacted] Albany, New York	\$100	b7C
National Committee, Communist Party, USA	\$100	
[redacted] Denver, Colorado	\$ 25	
Los Angeles Committee for Defense of the Bill of Rights	\$200	
New Jersey Committee Against Repression	\$100	
Brooklyn Committee for Defense of the Black Panther Party	\$100	
Sidney Peck Defense Fund of Cleveland, Ohio	\$ 50	
Chicago Revolutionary Youth Movement	\$ 50	
Young Workers Liberation League of New York	\$ 50	
Committee Versus Nazism	\$ 25	
Cleveland Black Panther Party Defense Committee	\$100	
NAACP of Pennsylvania	\$ 50	
Black United Students, Akron, Ohio	\$ 50	
Tacoma, Washington, Committee in Defense of the Black Panther Party	\$100	
Marxist Women's Liberation (this is a new group around [redacted])		[redacted] b7C
United Farm Workers	\$ 25	

New University Conference \$ 50

Tacoma, Washington, Urban League \$100

There was no announcement as to the amount of funds collected and pledged nor was there any financial information announced as to income from registration fees.

During this session there was an election of jurors for the afternoon session's "People's Inquest" into the deaths of FRED HAMPTON and MARK CLARK. This inquest was to be held at the First Congregational Church, 40 North Ashland Avenue, Chicago. The conference sent six jurors for this inquest.

During the morning session there were greetings to the conference from various individuals. Greetings had been sent to the conference from the Secretary of the World Peace Council; from SHIRLEY CHISHOLM, Congresswoman from the State of New York; [redacted] New

b7C

York Urban League, New York City; [redacted]

[redacted] Methodist Federation for Social Action, Ardsley, New York, brought greetings to the conference from the Peace Council of the German Democratic Republic, from the American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born and from the New York Constitutional Committee for Civil Liberties.

RICHARD CRILEY then gave a report from the steering committee in which he proposed that a Continuations Committee be formed which would be responsible for implementing the mandates

of the conference. The Continuations Committee will consist of the members of the steering committee with [redacted] of the steering committee during the conference. In addition to those members of the steering committee named hitherto, the following were asked to serve on the Continuations Committee:

b7C

[redacted] of the National Lawyers Guild

b7C

[redacted]  
[redacted] for the "New York 21"

[redacted]  
[redacted] for Defense of the Black Panther Party

b7C

[redacted]  
[redacted] to Defend the Right of the Black Panther Party to Exist

One representative of the SCLC to be chosen by that organization

One representative of Operation Breadbasket to be chosen by that organization

The Continuations Committee is empowered to enlarge itself if it so chooses. It was announced that the continuing organization will operate from a headquarters in New York City.

During the course of his report, RICHARD CRILEY, in talking about the mandates of the conference to be implemented by the Continuations Committee, stated that some of the extra-legal recommendations of the workshops would not be considered by the Continuations Committee to be absolute mandates. In this, it is understood that CRILEY was referring specifically to some

of the recommendations of Workshop IV which clearly called for or implied a resort to violence.

Throughout the conference there were no formal votes to ratify any resolutions and/or recommendations, either from the floor or the workshops. It was the general understanding that those matters presented on the floor of the conference were accepted.

Among those in attendance, the following were recognized:

b7C

[redacted] U. of New Mexico  
[redacted] U. of New Mexico  
[redacted] Cleveland  
[redacted] Indiana

b7C

[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] San Francisco  
[redacted] Chicago

b7C

**RICHARD CRILEY**, Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Los Angeles  
[redacted] Akron U.  
[redacted] Chicago

b7C

[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Rutgers U.  
[redacted] Berkeley  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Detroit  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] San Antonio  
[redacted] New Haven  
[redacted] Tennessee  
[redacted] Akron  
[redacted] San Francisco  
[redacted] Philadelphia

[redacted] Nashville  
[redacted] Chicago b7C

[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago

**WILLIAM PATTERSON**, New York

[redacted] Chicago b7C  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Denver  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago

**CHARLES GARRY**, San Francisco  
[redacted] New York

[redacted] Massachusetts  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago b7C

[redacted] New York  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Albany

[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] New York b7C  
[redacted] from Detroit

**JACK KLING**, Chicago  
**CLAUDE LIGHTFOOT**, New York  
[redacted] Chicago b7C  
[redacted] Chicago

b7C

[redacted] New Haven  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
[redacted] Chicago  
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[redacted] Chicago



FBI

Date: 2/4/72

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL AIRMAIL  
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (105-165706)  
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-New)(P)  
SUBJECT: BLACK PANTHER PARTY CONFERENCE  
OAKLAND AUDITORIUM  
OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA  
3/28, 29, 30/72  
EM - BPP  
OO: San Francisco

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw

- 2 - Bureau (Encls. 8)(RM)
- 4 - Atlanta (Encls. 4)(RM)
  - 1 - 157-1680 (BPP Atlanta)
  - 1 - 100- [redacted]
- 4 - Chicago (Encls. 4)(RM) b7C
  - 1 - 157-1291 (BPP Chicago)
  - 1 - 157- [redacted]
- 4 - New York (Encls. 4)(RM)
  - 1 - 100-161993 (BPP New York)
  - 1 - 100- (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)
- 12- San Francisco
  - 1 - 157-New
  - 1 - 157-1203 (HUEY NEWTON)
  - 1 - 100-53950 [redacted]
  - 1 - 157-872 [redacted] b7C
  - 1 - 100-60056 [redacted]
  - 1 - 157-2873 (Political Activity)
  - 1 - 157-3716 (Community Activity)
  - 1 - 157-4363 (Demonstrations)
  - 1 - 157-1485 (Funds)
  - 1 - 157-1142 [redacted] b7C
  - 1 - 100-57770 [redacted]
  - 1 - 100-71717 (SHIRLEY CHISHOLM)

100-162418-1\*3/68

b7C

b7C

JAD:sl  
(26)

FILE STRIPPED  
BY [signature] ON 2-15-73

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
FEB 7 1972	
FBI-NEW YORK	

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

Sent [signature] M Per [signature]

249

SF 157-New  
JAC:sl

Enclosed to the Bureau are eight (8) copies and to Atlanta, Chicago and New York four (4) copies of an LHM.

The LHM is classified confidential to protect sources whose identification or compromise could effect National Defense adversely.

First source utilized is [redacted] and  
Second source utilized is [redacted] the identify  
of which are known to the Bureau. b2 b7D

Atlanta, Chicago and New York are requested to contact appropriate BPP sources for any available information regarding the planned BPP conference to be held at Oakland, California on the captioned dates. Any available information indicating possible travel to this area by U.S. Representative SHIRLEY CHISHOLM over [redacted] should be made available to the San Francisco Office. b7C

San Francisco will maintain contact with logical sources for additional information relative to the planning of the captioned conference and pertinent information received will be furnished to the Bureau by appropriate communication.

LEAD

SAN FRANCISCO

AT OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA. Will contact [redacted]  
[redacted] Intelligence Unit, Oakland, California Police Department, relative to establishing contact with his sources for coverage of the three day conference to be held in the Oakland Auditorium on the dates indicated. b7C



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to  
File No.

San Francisco, California

February 4, 1972

DECLASSIFIED BY 60309 auc tam/mlt/amw  
ON 10-14-2005

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CONFERENCE  
Oakland Auditorium  
Oakland, California  
March 28, 29, 30, 1972

The Black Panther Party (BPP) is a black extremist organization started in Oakland, California, in December, 1966. It advocates the use of guns and guerrilla tactics to bring about the overthrow of the United States Government.

In January, 1972, a reliable source indicated that the BPP had been considering holding a Benefit For Survival in the Oakland, California area at some future date. Source was aware that this matter had been discussed briefly by BPP Servant Huey P. Newton and [redacted] but no definite plans were known to source at the time. It was learned that [redacted] was of the opinion that the BPP would have to give away free food in order to secure attendance of people from the community at any such function.

b7D

Another source later learned on January 25, 1972, that Huey P. Newton had taken an interest in political activity and was considering that [redacted] should run for elective office, possibly for [redacted] California. He believed [redacted] could run as a political candidate on a "Survival Ticket". Newton was aware the next mayoralty election in Berkeley was not to be held for some time and believed that the BPP could well use the time

b7D

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~  
~~GROUP 1~~

~~Excluded from automatic  
downgrading and  
declassification~~

100-162418-21  
SEARCHED INDEXED  
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FBI - NEW YORK  
# [initials]

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CONFERENCE

[redacted] this source advised that [redacted] was in contact with [redacted] of the BPP in Chicago, Illinois. [redacted] discussed with [redacted] the possibility of contacting entertainers to appear at a planned BPP affair [redacted] California. He was hopeful of obtaining six people or groups of people to appear at this function. [redacted] also informed [redacted] that the Party planned to give away 2,500 to 5,000 of free food at this function and he indicated the entry price for those attending would be \$1.50 per person.

Source also learned that [redacted] was hopeful that the Party would be able to secure various speakers to appear in behalf of the Party at this function. At that time he identified U.S. Representative Shirley Chisholm.

[redacted] as among individuals desired to speak at the function.

This source advised on February 2, 1972, that [redacted] had made arrangements for the rental of the Oakland Auditorium Arena for a three day conference for voter registration on March 28, 29, 30, 1972. It was indicated that the first evening of the conference would be during the hours of [redacted]. Source learned the cost to the BPP for this rental would be [redacted] plus an additional [redacted] for every hour after the initial three hour period of utilization.

Another source advised on February 2, 1972, that [redacted] Huey Newton was endeavoring to contact [redacted] in Atlanta, Georgia and source believed that she probably intended to [redacted].

In this regard source noted that Huey Newton had several speaking engagements arranged in Atlanta, Georgia on [redacted] and source believed Newton will attempt to contact [redacted] while in the Atlanta area and will probably discuss a possible appearance by [redacted] at this function.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

BLACK PANTHER PARTY CONFERENCE

Based on the information learned thus far, sources believe that the conference being planned at this time by the BPP for the Oakland Auditorium was to probably be a joint benefit for Survival and Political Awareness.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



Should I remove the last 3 pages....

APR 17 1979

**Shirley Chisholm**

Subject of Request: **FOIPA Request #65,024**

**Honorable Shirley Chisholm**  
**House of Representatives**  
**Washington, D. C. 20515**

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED  
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED  
DATE 10-14-2005 BY 60309 auc/tam/mlt/amw

Dear Requester:

Enclosed are copies of documents from our files. Excisions have been made from these documents and/or entire documents withheld in order to protect materials which are exempted from disclosure by the following subsections of Title 5, United States Code, Section 552 and Section 552a. The exemption number(s) indicated by a mark appearing in the block to the left of the subsection cited constitutes the authority for withholding the deleted material. (See below and reverse side of this sheet for an explanation of these exemptions.)

**Section 552.**

**Section 552a**

- (b) (1)
- (b) (2)
- (b) (3)
- (b) (4)
- (b) (5)
- (b) (6)

- (b) (7) (A)
- (b) (7) (B)
- (b) (7) (C)
- (b) (7) (D)
- (b) (7) (E)
- (b) (7) (F)
- (b) (8)
- (b) (9)

- (d) (5)
- (j) (2)
- (k) (1)
- (k) (2)
- (k) (3)
- (k) (4)
- (k) (5)
- (k) (6)
- (k) (7)

The decision to withhold exempt portions of our records is the responsibility of William H. Webster, Director of the FBI

If you believe your name may also have been recorded by the FBI incident to the investigation of other persons or some organization, please advise us of the details describing the specific incident or occurrence and time frame. Thereafter, further effort will be made to locate, retrieve and process any such records.

Your request for information concerning yourself has been considered in light of the provisions of both the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (Title 5, United States Code, Section 552) and the Privacy Act of 1974 (Title 5, United States Code, Section 552a). It has been determined by the Attorney General that requests by individuals seeking information about themselves are governed by the Privacy Act. In addition, as a matter of administrative discretion, any documents which were found to be exempt from disclosure under the Privacy Act were also processed under the provisions of the FOIA. Through these procedures, you have received the greatest degree of access authorized by both laws.

You have thirty days from receipt of this letter to appeal to the **Associate** Deputy Attorney General from any denial contained herein. Appeals should be directed in writing to the **Deputy** Attorney General (Attention: Office of Privacy and Information Appeals), Washington, D. C. 20530. The envelope and the letter should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Appeal" or "Information Appeal."

See additional information on continuation page.

SEARCHED \_\_\_\_\_ INDEXED \_\_\_\_\_  
SERIALIZED \_\_\_\_\_ FILED \_\_\_\_\_  
APR 17 1979  
FBI - NEW YORK

*Allen H. McCreight*

Allen H. McCreight, Chief  
Freedom of Information-Privacy Acts Branch  
Records Management Division

Enclosures (6)

① - ADIC, New York (FOIPA-info)

100-162418-23

Honorable Shirley Chisholm

A review of our central records system at FBI Headquarters revealed that you are the subject of four main files or investigations.

The first file is a correspondence file which contains 36 pages, 34 of which are being released to you. Two pages were denied in their entirety pursuant to exemption (b) (1).

The second file concerns the investigation of a spurious news release of which you were the victim. This file consists of 136 pages, 135 of which are being released to you. One page originated with the Watergate Special Prosecution Force and has been referred to the National Archives and Records Service for review. A representative of this agency will correspond directly with you regarding this document.

You were also one of the subjects of a possible election laws violation. This file contains 54 pages, 51 of which are enclosed. The remaining three documents originated with the Department of Justice (DOJ) and have been referred to that agency for direct response to you.

In addition, one FBI document contained information from the DOJ and was referred for consideration. We will advise you of the results of this review when the consultation is completed.

The remaining file is an investigation regarding a fraud against the government. This file contains 23 pages, 14 of which are released to you. The remaining nine pages were denied pursuant to exemptions (b) (7) (C) and (b) (7) (D). Please be advised that all of these files are in a closed status.

In addition to the above, your name was referenced in one document which was located in the file of another individual and/or organization. This document is enclosed.

Honorable Shirley Chisholm

Unless noted and explained, a search of references to your name in the files of other individuals or organizations, i.e., "see" references, was not undertaken. To verify most "see" references requires the submission of information identifying the individual(s) and/or organization(s) with whom you were associated and the time frame of the association(s).

The search for information in response to your request was limited to those records in our central records system which are maintained at FBI Headquarters, Washington, D. C. During any significant FBI criminal or intelligence investigation, all substantive information developed by one or more field offices is reported promptly to our Headquarters where it is compiled in a single investigative file. It is from such a file or files that the enclosed records were copied. If you believe additional files of a minor nature exist which may be responsive to your inquiry and which were never reported to Headquarters, you may write directly to any field office for those materials.

The Central Intelligence Agency referred four documents to the FBI for consultation. Two of these documents were denied in their entirety pursuant to exemptions (b) (1) and (b) (7) (D). The remaining two documents are enclosed.

NOTE FOR ADIC, NEW YORK: Requester is furnished with excised copies of the following Bufiles: 94-64234; 56-4714; 56-4838; 46-71948; and 105-73074-7062. A total of 251 pages were reviewed for a total release of 236 pages.

Bufiles 157-25073-479 and 105-165706-4782 were denied pursuant to (b) (1) and (b) (7) (D). Copies of 62-112228-291 and 157-16554-452 are enclosed.

Routing Slip  
0-7 (Rev. 5-13-77)

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC:

- Albany
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- Mexico City
- Ottawa
- Paris
- Rome
- Tokyo

SAC, New Rochelle (MRA)  ASAC, Rapid City ("Mini")

APR 18 1979

(Date)

RE: Shirley Chisholm

- For information.  Retention optional  For appropriate action  Surep, by \_\_\_\_\_
- The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report,  conceal all sources,  paraphrase contents.
- Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA \_\_\_\_\_ dated \_\_\_\_\_

Remarks:

100-162418-24

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
APR 23 1979	
FBI - NEW YORK	

*AS*

Enc.  
Bufile  
Urfile

FBI/DOJ

program before Democratic voters across the nation.

Mrs. Chisholm's candidacy was not long pre-planned, nor was it based on established political organizations. From the day of her announcement, on January 25th, 1972, that she intended to seek the Democratic presidential nomination, a myriad of supporters sprang up from grass roots in all sections of the country. Her congressional office and this newly-formed national committee were swamped by the massive public response. An avalanche of mail cascaded into the offices. The committee was deluged with calls for information, literature, materials, speakers, organizers, and everything else which concerned citizens were entitled to demand. In retrospect, the dynamics of the catalysis generated by the Chisholm candidacy appear awesome and inspiring. A recount of how Mrs. Chisholm and her handful of dedicated, but inexperienced, aides met the demands of people - incessant demands which seemed to come from everywhere - is better stated in the Congresswoman's book, "The Good Fight".

The committee concerned itself strictly with the business of safeguarding the monies received in support of the campaign for the nomination of Shirley Chisholm. Every dollar was banked, on record. Every dollar was expended by bank check, on record. The committee employed no fund-raisers, overt or covert. It maintained no secret caches of slush-fund cash. No bagmen were hired to surreptitiously receive unlawful



contributions. No one applied pressures or practiced extortions. No one planned or countenanced unfair campaign tactics, although its candidate was a victim of the dirty tricks of criminal saboteurs.

Alleged Inadequate Record-Keeping and Incomplete Reporting

The committee has been criticized by the General Accounting Office for inadequacy of its record-keeping and for incompleteness of its reporting. Apparently, the criticism is justified to some extent. The reasons for the shortcomings probably are not as apparent.

The committee has consisted of two, three, sometimes four persons, each of us part-time volunteers otherwise regularly engaged in our usual businesses and occupations. None of us is a lawyer or an accountant. We had no prior experience with or conception of a campaign like this one; we knew little about the new or old campaign finance reporting laws; we could hardly keep up with the not-so-simple reporting forms. As daily events overtook us, we were beset and staggered by belated discoveries of additional reporting requirements.

It has been estimated for us, that if we could and did prepare and file all reports which may have been required, the number of such reports would have exceeded fifty.

It was a colossal task just to constantly keep abreast of a veritable avalanche of records. Admittedly, we had to make abbreviated recordings, but it appears to us that the records were reasonably adequate.

It has also been estimated that, to have maintained the detailed and precise records required by law and regulation, the full-time employment of a clerical staff of at least six persons would have been necessary. In addition, the constant supervision of an attorney or an experienced accountant would have been indispensable. To employ such personnel, and to provide the supporting facilities for such a staff, it is probable that the committee would have expended half of its funds.

None of these comments is intended as criticism of the law or the regulations. On the contrary, we have learned, through difficult experiences, that the legal requirements are generally valid, logical and most necessary. The "great" discovery we have made is that a campaign of this order and dimension cannot be projected by shoestrings.

In 1972, we thought that our primary responsibility was to handle contributors' monies safely and honestly. We did not then sufficiently appreciate the equally critical need for, and the deep implications of, rigidly precise and detailed public disclosure. More simply stated, in 1972, like most other Americans, we scarcely imagined the kind and extent of the political pollution and corruption which became revealed in post-Watergate 1973.

We unreservedly subscribe to the fullest possible disclosure of campaign financing. Justice Holmes' admonition that, "The best disinfectant is the light of day", is more apt today than ever. Therefore, we pledge that, in the next campaign, we will do better record-keeping and reporting.

Alleged "Possible Misuse of \$23,000 Surplus"

The most shocking distortion of fact, widely-published in news reports, was the allegation of "possible misuse of a \$23,000 surplus" by the committee. Some of the news reports even implied that the alleged "possible misuse" was by Mrs. Chisholm.

This reckless allegation was somehow extrapolated from data in an audit report made by the General Accounting Office. The audit report showed the existence of a surplus as of a specified date. The calculations in the audit, of course, did not take into account the substantial bills which were presented to the committee after the period covered by the audit. When those bills were paid by the committee, not only was the temporary surplus wiped out, but a deficit loomed large.

Certainly there were times when the committee held funds in surplus. However, soon after the Democratic national convention adjourned, a fresh bunch of bills confronted the committee. Quickly, a seeming surplus became converted into a deficit.

Only recently has the committee been able to finally liquidate the last of its debts.

In the accompanying report, all transactions of the committee, from the first to the last, are recorded. Consequently, the report naturally eliminates the misleading appearance of a surplus or of a deficit at intermediate stages of the committee's existence.

Alleged Illegal Corporate Contributions

The General Accounting Office cited as an "apparent violation" three contributions to the committee made by corporations.

Among the thousands of contributions received by the committee, there came contributions from three personally-held corporations. One such contribution was for \$100; another was for \$200; and the third, from White Plains Manor, Inc., was for \$386. These contributions were duly noted in the committee's records, duly deposited in the committee's bank account, and duly stated in the committee's reports to the General Accounting Office.

The committee now understands that such contributions, even by one-person corporations, are not legal. Apparently, this has long been the law. Accordingly, the first two corporations have been reimbursed. The third corporation, White Plains Manor, Inc., cannot be located by the committee. However, it has been learned that its \$386 check was actually a transmittal to accommodate a group of Hispanic-American women who had raised the funds in an affair for the benefit of the Chisholm campaign, conducted at the corporation's facilities.

This "apparent violation" by the Chisholm committee was also heralded in a front-page news item as a subject of Federal investigation.

Whereupon, several days following this news item, none other than President Nixon proclaimed that both parties had received tainted money in 1972, and he was reported as having further declared: "Some of that -- came from corporate sources and was illegal because the

law had been changed and apparently people didn't know it". Thus, millions of dollars in cash criminally passed under the table by sophisticated pillars of our corporate society to other sophisticated pillars of our society were equated with \$300 in two corporation checks received and recorded openly and publicly by this committee. Quite an equation!!

Failure to Name a Committee Chairman

The General Accounting Office cited as another "apparent violation" the committee's failure to name a chairman.

The committee's registration statement, filed on June 1, 1972, listed as officers a treasurer and an assistant treasurer. Our reason for not listing a chairman at that time is now obscure even to us. We knew that we wanted and needed two signatories to safeguard bank withdrawals, so that we did designate a treasurer and an assistant treasurer for this purpose. Just why a chairman was not named, as such, at that time, we do not remember.

After the filing of the registration statement, we simply forgot that a chairman, as such, had not been designated. The matter did not come to our attention again, that is, not until more than a year later, when we were reminded by the General Accounting Office that the committee did not have anyone designated as a chairman.



CONCLUSION

In the accompanying report, the committee has presented a full account of all of its financial transactions. As far as possible, the U. S. Comptroller General's regulations have been complied with. In several relatively minor respects, compliance has not been possible because of the irretrievability of the information. However, the committee has compiled and substantially supplied the data vital to the law's objective of adequate disclosure. In fact, in various respects, much specific information set forth in the report exceeds the reporting requirements of the General Accounting Office.

The committee hopes, perhaps vainly, to be able to bring this statement and report to the attention of the innumerable persons who were impressed with the published news reports which were unfortunately based upon incomplete data. In any event, the committee will do whatever is possible to disseminate this information among thousands of Congresswoman Chisholm's supporters throughout the nation.

Dated, January 18, 1974

Alleged "Possible Misuse of \$23,000 Surplus"

The most shocking distortion of fact, widely-published in news reports, was the allegation of "possible misuse of a \$23,000 surplus" by the committee. Some of the news reports even implied that the alleged "possible misuse" was by Mrs. Chisholm.

This reckless allegation was somehow extrapolated from data in an audit report made by the General Accounting Office. The audit report showed the existence of a surplus as of a specified date. The calculations in the audit, of course, did not take into account the substantial bills which were presented to the committee after the period covered by the audit. When those bills were paid by the committee, not only was the temporary surplus wiped out, but a deficit loomed large.

Certainly there were times when the committee held funds in surplus. However, soon after the Democratic national convention adjourned, a fresh bunch of bills confronted the committee. Quickly, a seeming surplus became converted into a deficit.

Only recently has the committee been able to finally liquidate the last of its debts.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

TO : SAC, NEW YORK (56-488)

DATE: 4/24/74

FROM : SA [redacted] #241 (C) b7C

SUBJECT: SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE;  
ET AL  
ELECTION LAWS  
OO:NY

Re my report, 4/24/74.

In the event this case is reopened and/or persons interviewed in the case must be recontacted, the following information is set forth. It has not been recorded elsewhere in the case file.

[redacted] provided his unlisted telephone number which he requested be kept confidential - [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] requested the same privilege with respect to his telephone number - [redacted]

It is also noted that when [redacted] was associated with captioned Committee, he used as a mailing address [redacted] As part of this investigation, but not reported because the information was not pertinent, a check was made through Section 12 as to the registrant of that P.O. Box.

b7C

The result was that as of 2/12/74 the boxholder was listed as [redacted] and has been so since 2/12/73.

b7C

QE 1 - 56-488  
QGE:qe  
(1)

56-488-12

*[Handwritten initials and signature]*



## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 4/24/74

b7C

[redacted] advised that, upon the advice [redacted]  
[redacted] he desired not to be interviewed by a Special Agent of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). The interview would have been concerning his knowledge of certain campaign contributions to the SHIRLEY CHISHOLM for President Committee in 1972.

Interviewed on 4/23/74 at Telephonic Brooklyn, New York File # NY 56-488 -13  
by SA [redacted] /ccr Date dictated 4/23/74

b7C

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

b7C

Date of transcription 4/24/74

[redacted]  
 [redacted] was contacted at his place of employment [redacted]  
 He advised that he wished to abide by the advice [redacted]  
 [redacted] who had previously advised him not to  
 consent to interview by the Federal Bureau of Investigation  
 (FBI) because of the possibility of the existence of a  
 technical violation involved in the matter of campaign  
 contributions to the SHIRLEY CHISHOLM for President Committee  
 in 1972.

Interviewed on 4/23/74 at Telephonic  
Brooklyn, New York File # NY 56-488 14  
 by SA [redacted] /ccr b7C Date dictated 4/23/74



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>NEW YORK</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>NEW YORK</b>	DATE <b>APR 24 1974</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>3/25/74-4/23/74</b>
TITLE OF CASE <b>CHANGED SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE</b> [Redacted] <b>18 USC 610</b>		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY <b>CCF</b>
		CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ELECTION LAWS</b>	

REFERENCE

NYrep of SA [Redacted] 3/21/74. b7C

ADMINISTRATIVE

Persons interviewed in this matter were advised that this investigation was conducted at the specific request of the US Department of Justice.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES		
						PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
						PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED _____ SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE COPIES MADE: 2 - Bureau 1 - USA, EDNY 1 - New York (56-488) <i>FILE STRIPPED BY [Redacted] 4-25-74</i>	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW  <div style="font-size: 2em; font-family: cursive;">56-488-15</div>
---	--

Dissemination Record of Attached Report					Notations  SEARCHED _____ SERIALIZED _____ INDEXED _____ FILED _____
Agency					
Request Recd.					
Date Fwd.					
How Fwd.					

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to:

1 - USA, EDNY

Report of:

[REDACTED]

Office: New York, New York

Date:

APR 24 1974

b7C

Field Office File #:

56-488

Bureau File #:

Title:

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE. [REDACTED]

b7C

Character:

18 USC 610

ELECTION LAWS

Synopsis:

On 4/23/74, [REDACTED] advised that they wished to abide by the advice of counsel, [REDACTED] and not consent to personal interview by the FBI. Investigation concluded.

b7C

-C-

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited investigation.

AT BROOKLYN, NEW YORK

Repeated attempts between March 25, 1974 and April 18, 1974, to personally and telephonically contact

b7C

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED], were unsuccessful.

In an effort to locate both, [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] was contacted on April 22, 1974.

b7C

P

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

# Inquiry Clearing Rep. Chisholm Of Election Campaign Charges

By MARTIN TOLCHIN  
Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, April 23—The Justice Department has virtually absolved Representative Shirley Chisholm, Democrat of Brooklyn, and her Presidential campaign committee of charges of having mishandled campaign funds.

The charges were made last fall by the General Accounting Office in a 10-page report, which was referred to the Justice Department for legal action based on what the G.A.O. called "apparent violations" of election and corporate laws.

"The case is substantially closed," a Justice Department spokesman said today.

He explained that charges

of misconduct could not be substantiated by the department and that other charges, including failure to keep records of contributions and expenditures, had since been remedied.

The Justice Department added, however, that the case was not completely closed because "a couple of minor matters are still pending."

A spokesman for the G.A.O., asked to comment, replied, "All we do is to refer apparent violations of the law."

"The action is up to them," he added, referring to the

Continued on Page 46, Column 3

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

N.Y Times

p. 1

Date: 4-24-74  
Edition:  
Author: Kate C...  
Editor:  
Title:

Character:  
or  
Classification:  
Submitting Office

Being Investigated

56-488-16

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
APR 24 1974	
FBI - NEW YORK	

R. 241

## INQUIRY CLEARING MRS. CHISHOLM

Continued From Page 1, Col. 2

Justice Department.

Mrs. Chisholm, asked for her reaction, said "I don't want to comment on the situation at all."

The G.A.O. report found that the campaign committee's final report showed a \$6,000 deficit, while in reality it had a surplus of more than \$18,000. Mrs. Chisholm contended that the report had been erroneously filed as a final report eight months after election day, 1972, and nearly a year after Mrs. Chisholm had ended her campaign as the first black woman to seek the Presidential nomination of a major party.

The G.A.O. report also found that Mrs. Chisholm's campaign committee had "failed to record the mailing address, occupation or place of business of persons to whom expenditures were made," as required by law.

Mrs. Chisholm contended that her campaign had been run by poor people who were inexperienced in presidential politics and were ignorant of the requirements of the law.

### Husband Named

The G.A.O. also found that the Presidential campaign funds were under the supervision of Conrad Chisholm, Mrs. Chisholm's husband, although he was not listed as treasurer, nor did he hold any other office.

"Mr. Conrad Chisholm [the candidate's husband], whose name is not listed on any report or statement filed by the committee, appears to have controlled all committee receipts and expenditures," the G.A.O. report said. "He deposited all receipts of the committee, and he signed all checks which were then co-signed by either Mr. [Cliff] Greene [Treasurer] or Mr. [Trevor] Spence [Assistant Treasurer]."

Mrs. Chisholm has contended that the investigations were an attempt "to get me," and asserted that she had been "singled out" by the Nixon Administration for "investigation" and "harassment" because of her independent political stance against most of the Administration's policies.

4/30p

FBI

Date: APR 29 1976

Transmit the following in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via \_\_\_\_\_  
(Precedence)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI  
FROM: ADIC, NEW YORK (56-488) (P)  
SUBJECT: SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE, [redacted]

b7C

18 USC 610  
ELECTION LAWS  
(OO: NY)

For the information of receiving offices, investigation in captioned matter was first initiated in January, 1974, when the NYO received a communication dated January 14, 1974, from FBIHQ, which contained a departmental memo requesting the interview of persons associated with the SHIRLEY CHISHOLM For President Committee regarding their knowledge of solicitation and refund of three alleged corporate contributions to this committee. Investigation in this matter was terminated in NYO by report dated 4/24/74.

On 4/28/76, AUSA SAMUEL DAWSON, EDNY, requested that investigation in captioned matter be re-instituted for the sole purpose of attempting to determine whether campaign contributors listed below and whose names were furnished by AUSA DAWSON, obtained from Contributor Lists, were in fact legitimate contributors or whether their names were merely used.

- 2 - Bureau
- 2 - Boston
- 2 - Baltimore
- 2 - Buffalo
- 2 - Los Angeles
- 2 - Seattle
- 1 - New York

(REOPEN)  
ORIGIN  
SUPV

CASE  
DATE  
SECT

3717  
4-28-76  
28

56-488-17

SEARCHED INDEXED  
APR 30 1976  
FBI NEW YORK

28

JM:slm  
(14)

[redacted]

b7C

*Advised to Discontinue by Dept. on 5/3/76. All offices advised. By Bureau. Pm. [unclear]*

[redacted] b7C

Approved: \_\_\_\_\_  
Special Agent in Charge

M Per



NY 56-488

Name and Address  
of Contributor

Amount

Date

[Redacted Name and Address of Contributor]

\$1,000.00

\$1,000.00

\$1,100.00

\$5,000.00

[Redacted Date]

b7C

b7C

\*Records of US Postal Service, Directory of Post Offices,  
does not list Baltimore as a city in Indiana.

[Redacted Name and Address of Contributor]

\$ 750.00

\$1,000.00

\$2,600.00

[Redacted Date]

b7C

b7C

LEADS

All offices conduct logical investigation to identify persons listed above. If identified, these persons should be interviewed to determine whether they in fact did make a contribution to the SHIRLEY CHISHOLM For President Committee. In addition, confirm the amount contributed, to whom the contribution was made, and obtain any record such as a canceled check.

NY 56-488

All persons interviewed must be advised at the outset that this investigation is being conducted at the specific request of the US Dept. of Justice.

When submitting results of investigation requested, please furnish the NYO with FD-302s or investigative inserts so that the NYO may include the results of this investigation into a report.

Submit results of your investigation within 15 days of the receipt of this communication.

FBI

Transmit in \_\_\_\_\_ Via Airtel \_\_\_\_\_ (Precedence)  
(Type in plaintext or code)

5/5/76  
(Date)

To: ADIC, New York (56-488)

✓ From: Director, FBI (56-4838)

**SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE.** [Redacted]

b7C

18 USC 610  
EL

ReBuairtel dated 5/4/76.

Departmental attorney, Criminal Division, advised following his conference with AUSA Samuel Dawson, EDNY, re the captioned matter, it was determined that the investigation requested by AUSA Dawson on 4/28/76, should not be conducted.

In view of this fact, this matter should be closed.

- 2 - Boston
- 2 - Baltimore
- 2 - Buffalo
- 2 - Los Angeles
- 2 - Seattle

(This line for LEFT MARGIN.)

(Do not type BEYOND THIS MARGIN.)

*already closed*

b7C

(Do not type below)

[Redacted]

b7C

56-488-18

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
MAY 6 1976  
FBI - NEW YORK

*[Handwritten initials]*

FBI

Transmit in \_\_\_\_\_  
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via Airtel

(Precedence)

5/4/76

(Date)

To: ADIC, New York (56-488)

From: Director, FBI (56-4838)

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE, [redacted]

[redacted]

b7C

18 USC 610

EL

ReNYairtel dated 4/29/76 and reButelcal 5/3/76.

This is to confirm Butelcal re captioned matter wherein all listed offices were advised that at the instruction of the Criminal Division, USDJ, investigation re the captioned matter should be held in abeyance until the Department has an opportunity to discuss this matter with the USA's Office, EDNY.

Bureau will advise all Offices when investigation should be initiated.

- 2 - Boston
- 2 - Baltimore
- 2 - Buffalo
- 2 - Los Angeles
- 2 - Seattle

*ceora  
m. [signature]*

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(Do not type BEYOND THIS MARGIN.)

(Do not type below this line.)

*[Handwritten signature]*  
Class Case of [redacted]

56-488-19

b7C

[redacted] *[signature]*

FILE STRIPPED  
BY *[signature]* 5/12/76

1. 2/11/74 3 page affidavit of [redacted]

b7C

2. 2/11/74 Letter to FBI dated 2/8/74

3. 2/11/74 Check # [redacted] to Spartan  
Securities, Inc

b7C

Ⓟ

NY-56-488-10

Ⓟ Ⓟ

Ⓟ



NY-

File No.

56-488-1A'D

Date Received

2-9-74

From

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

b7C

[Redacted]

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned

Yes

Receipt Given

Yes

No

No

Description:

3 page affidavit  
of [Redacted]  
dated 2-8-74.

b7C

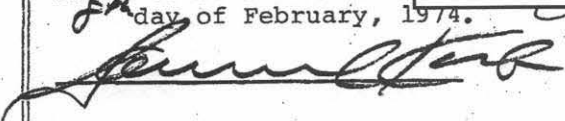
b7C

have learnt from him that the affair I had recollected was a "cocktail sip" conducted on Sunday, February 20, 1972, at White Plains Manor Ballroom, located at 3510 White Plains Road, Bronx, N.Y. He further advised me that sometime after the affair, some lady representatives of the group brought a check for the net proceeds of the affair to the Brooklyn office of Congresswoman Chisholm, and the check was turned over to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee. [redacted] had no recollection as to the name of the payor on the check or its amount.

However, I have no doubt at all that this was the check of \$386. which was deposited in the committee's bank account, recorded as received from White Plains Manor, Inc., and subsequently so listed in the committee's report to the GAO. I have no doubt that the check was written as an accommodation to the women's group, and was not actually a contribution by the corporation, White Plains Manor, Inc.

b7C

Sworn to before me this  
[redacted]  
day of February, 1974.



SAMUEL KORB  
Notary Public, State of New York  
No. 41-2178495 Qual. in Queens County  
Commission Expires March 30, 1975

File No. *N4-56-488-1A3D*

Date Received *2-9-74*

From [Redacted] b7C

[Redacted] b7C

[Redacted] b7C

[Redacted] b7C

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned  Yes  No  
Receipt Given  Yes  No

Description: *(2 pp.)*  
*Letter to FBI dtd.*  
*2/8/74 explaining*  
*counsel's position*  
*on contributions to*  
*Chisholm Campaign Committee*

56-4881A-2  
PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE  
THIS SLIP FROM EXHIBIT

[REDACTED] b7C

February 8, 1974

[REDACTED] b7C

Agent, Federal Bureau of  
Investigation  
New York Office  
201 East 69th Street  
New York, N. Y. 10021

Re: Shirley Chisholm for President Committee

Dear Sir:

You had advised me that you were investigating the matter of three corporate contributions to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee, and that it was desired that any evidence be furnished which demonstrated that the amounts contributed had been returned to the payors.

I have inquired into the three items in question, namely:

- (1) check of [REDACTED] b7C  
[REDACTED] for \$100;
- (2) check of Spartacus Securities, Inc., for \$200;
- (3) check of White Plains Manor, Inc., for \$386.

(1)

It is noted that the report of the General Accounting Office states as follows (at page 8):

[REDACTED] told us he reimbursed b7C  
his corporation for the \$100 contribution on  
[REDACTED] and has furnished us with a copy  
of the cancelled reimbursement check."

Accordingly, I have advised the committee that it is my opinion that the \$100 which it had previously received from [REDACTED] b7C  
[REDACTED] personal contribution, and that it may be so recorded and reported.

b7C

- 2 -

[redacted]  
Agent, Federal Bureau of  
Investigation

February 8, 1974

(2)

The contribution of \$200 made by Spartacus Securities, Inc. has been refunded to Spartacus Securities, Inc., and evidence of such refund in the form of a copy of a cancelled check to order of Spartacus Securities, Inc., in amount of \$200, is annexed hereto.

(3)

In my opinion, the check for \$386 received from White Plains Manor, Inc. was not a contribution from that corporation. The amount, per se, appeared to suggest that there was some special factor which marked the nature of the funds. Accordingly, I made inquiry in which I sought to trace the probable origin of this check. As a result of this inquiry, I have elicited facts which demonstrate that the sum of \$386 was not a contribution by the corporation, White Plains Manor, Inc. Annexed is the affidavit of [redacted] which, in my opinion, strongly leads to the conclusion that the check was merely a transmittal accommodation extended by White Plains Manor, Inc. to a group of supporters of the Chisholm campaign.

b7C

I trust that the foregoing provides you with the information you desire.

b7C

Sincerely yours,

[redacted signature box]

SK:JB  
Encls. (2)



NY-56-488-1A7D

Date Received 2-9-74

From [redacted] b7C

[redacted] b7C

[redacted]

[redacted]

(NAME OF SPECIAL AGENT)

To Be Returned  Yes  No

Receipt Given  Yes  No

Description: [redacted] b7C

check to Spartacus Securities Inc. from Chisholm for President Committee 6/18/73.

(Xerox copy)

b7C



Date

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address

Birth Date

Birthplace

Race

Sex

Male  
 Female

Exact Spelling  
 All References  
 Main Subversive Case Files Only  
 Subversive References Only

Main Criminal Case Files Only  
 Criminal References Only  
 Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)  
 Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

Restrict to Locality of

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
	<i>see at top of top info min key copy,</i>		
	<i>no 56 of a/o's, no other 62, 66, 134,</i>		
	<i>137, 157, 170 be apps.</i>		

Requested by

Squad

Extension

File No.

Searched by

*11/13/74*  
*(date)*

Consolidated by

*(date)*

Reviewed by

*(date)*

File Review Symbols  
I - Identical  
NI - Not identical  
? - Not identifiable  
U - Unavailable reference  
★ G.P.O. 1972-471-961

[Redacted]

8/73

[Redacted]

b7C

AGE

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

4/73

5/71

[Redacted]

b7C

b2

b7D

[Redacted]

4/67

Hotel Plymouth, 143 West 49 St, NYC  
Hotel Woodstock, 127 West 113 St, NYC

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

6/70

[Redacted]

b7C

7/64

[Redacted]

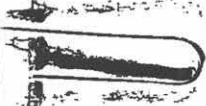
-Arrested with

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

b7C



b7C

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Buyer for Lincoln Wholesale Market; denied on interview that shortweights were made by [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] Thinks [REDACTED] honest. [REDACTED], employer of above appears to be under the influence of above.

p.12 - Info re the way operates financially in above concern.

[REDACTED] gave info re his dealings with above.

[REDACTED]

7/73

[REDACTED]

SEE STOP NOTICE BOX  
CLOSED FILES

[REDACTED]

11/71

[REDACTED]

b7C

*FBI*

*45*

*[Handwritten mark]*

*[Handwritten mark]*





b7C



73  
27  
~~76~~  
15

b7C

[Redacted] 1/58 [Redacted]

[Redacted]

" " " 5/58 - [Redacted]

[Redacted] 6/58 [Redacted]

61  
6

[Redacted] 9/57 [Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted] 5/58 [Redacted]

b7C



[Redacted]

*[Handwritten signature]*

*[Handwritten mark]*

*NO ME*

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date *1-16-74*

Subject *WHITE PLAINS MANOR, INC.*

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address *BRONX, N.Y.*

Birth Date Birthplace

Race

Sex

Male  
 Female

Exact Spelling

Main Criminal Case Files Only

Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

All References

Criminal References Only

Main Subversive Case Files Only

Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

Subversive References Only

Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks

b7C

Request by *SA* [redacted] Squad *341* [redacted]

Searched by *PDK* *1/19/74*  
(date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

File Review Symbols  
I - Identical      ? - Not identifiable  
NI - Not identical      U - Unavailable reference      ★G.P.O. 1972-471-961



*no mid names*

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date 1-16-74

Subject  b7C

Social Security Account #

Aliases  b7C

Date Birthplace Race Sex  Male  Female

- Exact Spelling
- All References
- Main Subversive Case Files Only
- Subversive References Only
- Main Criminal Case Files Only
- Criminal References Only
- Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
- Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
<span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100%; height: 40px;"></span>			
<i>DOB</i> <span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 15px;"></span>			
<i>AKA of</i> <span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 15px;"></span>	<i>+ no mid names</i>		b7C
<span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100%; height: 15px;"></span>			b7C
<span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100%; height: 40px;"></span>			b7C
<i>AKA of</i> <span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 15px;"></span>			b7C
<i>DOB</i> <span style="border: 1px solid black; display: inline-block; width: 100px; height: 15px;"></span>			
<i>+ no other mid names</i>			
	b7C		b7C

Requested by *SA*

Squad 241

Searched by *Bot* 1/17/74  
(date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_  
(date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_  
(date)

File Review Symbols

I - Identical      ? - Not identifiable  
 NI - Not identical      U - Unavailable reference

*PIC*







b7C

*Omitted names*

Date **1-16-74**

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject [Redacted]

Social Security Account # [Redacted]

Aliases [Redacted]

[Redacted] Birth Date Birthplace Race **N** Sex  Male  Female

- Exact Spelling
- All References
- Main Subversive Case Files Only
- Subversive References Only
- Main Criminal Case Files Only
- Criminal References Only
- Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
- Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
- Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
[Redacted]	b7C		
<i>no mid names</i>			
[Redacted]	b7C		
[Redacted]			
[Redacted]		b7C	
[Redacted]	<i>+mother mid names</i>		
[Redacted]			
[Redacted]		b7C	
<i>+no mid names</i>			
[Redacted]	b7C		
[Redacted]		b7C	

Requested by **SA** [Redacted] quad **341**

Searched by **BAK** 1/17/74 (date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

**Pic**

File Review Symbols

I - Identical      ? - Not identifiable

NI - Not identical      U - Unavailable reference      ☆G.P.O. 1972-471-961

Indices Search Slip  
FD-160 (Rev. 3-23-71)

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Date

Subject

[Redacted]

b7C

Social Security Account #

Aliases

Address

Birth Date

Birthplace

Race

Sex

Male

Female

Exact Spelling

Main Criminal Case Files Only

Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

All References

Criminal References Only

Main Subversive Case Files Only

Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)

Subversive References Only

Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
[Redacted]			
[Redacted]	<i>no real names.</i>	b7C	

Requested by

SA

[Redacted]

b7C

Squad

241

Extension

File No.

Searched by

*BAK*

*1/17/74*  
(date)

Consolidated by

(date)

Reviewed by

(date)

File Review Symbols

- I - Identical
- NI - Not identical
- ? - Not identifiable
- U - Unavailable reference

*PAJ*

8

b7C

Date 1-16-74

TO: CHIEF OF POLICE  
Subject [Redacted]

Social Security Account # \_\_\_\_\_

Aliases \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ Birth Date \_\_\_\_\_ Birthplace \_\_\_\_\_ Race \_\_\_\_\_ Sex  Male  Female

- Exact Spelling
- All References
- Main Subversive Case Files Only
- Subversive References Only
- Main Criminal Case Files Only
- Criminal References Only
- Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
- Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
- Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
[Redacted]	5/58	[Redacted]	
[Redacted]	9/57	b7C	
[Redacted]	-	[Redacted]	
[Redacted]	0	b7C	
[Redacted]		[Redacted]	
[Redacted]	6/58	b7C	
[Redacted]	1/58	b7C	
[Redacted]	5/58	b7C	
no other mid names			b7C

Reqd SA Squad 241

Search BAK 1/17/74  
(date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

File Review Symbols  
I - Identical ? - Not identifiable  
NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference ☆G.P.O. 1972-471-961

pic

PLEASE DO NOT REMOVE  
THIS SLIP FROM EXHIBIT  
NY 56-488-1171

STATE OF NEW YORK )  
COUNTY OF KINGS ) SS.:

b7C

[redacted] being duly sworn, deposes  
and says that:

I reside at [redacted]

[redacted] b7C

Sometime after April, 1973, following the audit by the General Accounting Office of the records of the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee, and after it was pointed out that several contributions by three corporation checks had been received by the committee and had been listed in its reports to the GAO, and that such contributions were illegal, I drove to the address of White Plains Manor, Inc. at 3510 White Plains Road, Bronx, New York. Since the contribution was said to be illegal, my purpose was to make a refund for the Committee. I looked for the establishment, but I simply could not find it.

Recently, [redacted] reviewed with me the matters pertaining to the corporate checks. He quizzed me on the fact that it seemed strange that a catering place, or anyone else for that matter, would make a contribution of such an uneven amount as \$386.00. Finally, there emerged recollections on my part which, I believe, correctly trace the origin of this so-called "contribution".

I have now been requested by [redacted] to record these recollections.

There was an occasion in the early period of the Shirley Chisholm for President campaign when I drove Mrs. Chisholm to the Bronx to attend an affair held in a building on White Plains Road, which affair was sponsored by

b7C



a group of Hispanic-American women. The affair was conducted by the women to raise funds to support the effort of Mrs. Chisholm as the first black woman ever to be a candidate for the Presidency. Mrs. Chisholm had been invited to attend, and we drove there with several other of her aides.

I recall that I was unfamiliar with the route of travel. It was the first time I had ever used the Throggs Neck Bridge, and besides I was unfamiliar with the Bronx in general, and especially with the particular area we had to get to. I got lost in the Bronx and we travelled around in circles during the very cold afternoon. Since Mrs. Chisholm disapproves of any kind of speed in car travel, it became early evening by the time we reached the location.

Actually, we could find no building number, and it was only the fact that there were a number of women on the street on the lookout for us, that we were able to find the place at all. I believe there was a bar on the street floor of the building, and we were escorted upstairs. There, in a hall, were many Spanish-speaking persons who were having light refreshments, and I believe, a children's band and other children were providing bits of entertainment. All of the discourse was in Spanish, so that only Mrs. Chisholm, in our party, could get the drift of what was being said.

I recall that, at some point, plates were passed around for a collection for the Chisholm campaign, and I myself placed 75¢ in coins onto the plate.

Again, at [redacted] request of several days ago, I have checked with [redacted] who is Congresswoman Chisholm's [redacted] and

b7C

Date \_\_\_\_\_

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject \_\_\_\_\_

b7C

Social Security Account # \_\_\_\_\_

Aliases \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_ Birth Date \_\_\_\_\_ Birthplace \_\_\_\_\_ Race \_\_\_\_\_ Sex  Male  Female

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Exact Spelling                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Main Criminal Case Files Only                                | <input type="checkbox"/> Restrict to Locality of _____ |
| <input type="checkbox"/> All References                  | <input type="checkbox"/> Criminal References Only                                     |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Main Subversive Case Files Only | <input type="checkbox"/> Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References) |  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Subversive References Only      | <input type="checkbox"/> Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)     |  |

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
_____	b7C 3/67		
_____	1/61 b7C		
<i>no other mid names</i>			
_____		b7C	
_____	<i>no mid names</i>		

Requested by SA \_\_\_\_\_ b7C Squad 241 Extension \_\_\_\_\_ File No. \_\_\_\_\_

Searched by \_\_\_\_\_ *Box* 1/17/74 (date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

*P2*

File Review Symbols  
 I - Identical ? - Not identifiable  
 NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference

b7C

Date 1-16-74

TO: [Redacted]  
Subject [Redacted]

Social Security Account # [Redacted]

Aliases

[Redacted] Birth Date \_\_\_\_\_ Birthplace \_\_\_\_\_ Race \_\_\_\_\_ Sex  Male  Female

b7C

- Exact Spelling
- All References
- Main Subversive Case Files Only
- Subversive References Only
- Main Criminal Case Files Only
- Criminal References Only
- Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
- Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
- Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
	see att + cfs + refs on Mrs		
	+ num mid names		
	+ num vari of first name		

b7C

b7C

Request SA [Redacted] Squad 341 [Redacted]  
 Searched by [Redacted] [Redacted] 1/17/74  
 Consolidated by [Redacted] [Redacted] [Redacted]  
 Reviewed by [Redacted] [Redacted] [Redacted]

[Redacted]

11/71

[Redacted]

7/73

b7C

SEE STOP NOTICE BOX  
CLOSED FILES

10/57

6/50

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

-Arrested with

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

7/64

[Redacted]

6/70

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

Buyer for Lincoln Wholesale Market; denied on  
interview that shortweights were made by [Redacted]  
[Redacted] Thinks [Redacted] honest. [Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted] employer of above appears to be under  
the influence of above.

p.12 - Info re the way operates financially in above  
concern

[Redacted]

[Redacted] gave info re his dealings with  
above.

b7C

[Redacted]

b7C  
b2  
b7D

*NI*

Hotel Plymouth, 143 West 49 St, NYC  
Hotel Woodstock, 127 West 43 St, NYC

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

5/71

[Redacted]

b7C

*NI*

4/73

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

8/73

[Redacted]

AGE

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

5/54

[Redacted]

b7C

REFERENCE NOT IDENTICAL WITH CASE FILE

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

2/60

[Redacted]

DOB:  
ADD:

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

9/64

[Redacted]

b7C





[Redacted]

8/73

b7C

[Redacted]

ADD:

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

3/54

[Redacted]

Wrote book entitled,

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

ABOVE SIGNED 1945 C.P. NOMINATING

b7C

PETITION FOR

[Redacted]

FOR MANHATTAN COUNCILMAN.

[Redacted]

Born

[Redacted]

7/53

b7C

Two Membership list for

7/51.

[Redacted]

"

8/23/51

b7C

"

"

- 1A614 (16)

9/50

- 1A614-8

Handwritten notes: 1961, 1957, 1961

[Redacted]

3/58

[Redacted]

510

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

7-53

DATE: [Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted] of known reliability made available to this office, information concerning subscriptions of above to the "Daily Worker" or "The Worker."

b2

b7D

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

ABOVE-CAPTIONED PERSON SIGNED 1949 C. P.

INDEPENDENT NOMINATING PETITION FOR [Redacted]

[Redacted] AS CANDIDATE FOR CITY COUNCILMAN, MANHATTAN

b7C

AUGUST-SEPTEMBER, 1949.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

Page 260

Above signed Independent Nominating Petition in behalf of Candidacy of [Redacted] for Representative in Congress from 13th Congressional District, Kings

b7C

County under Banner "Peoples Rights Party" in 1942 Campaign.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

c/o [Redacted]

5-53

b2

On [Redacted] made available to the NYO a subscription form to the "Daily Worker" and/or "The Worker" in the name of the above captioned individual.

b7D

Memo.

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

DEC 9 1953

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

1/9/56 Letter from Los Angeles

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted] signed the 1952 resolution petition for the Communist Party in New York State.

8211

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

ABOVE-CAPTIONED PERSON SIGNED 1949 C.P. INDEPENDENT  
NOMINATING PETITION FOR [Redacted] AS CANDIDATE  
FOR CITY COUNCILMAN, MANHATTAN; AUGUST-SEPTEMBER, 1949.

b7C

[Redacted]

10/43

[Redacted]

[Redacted]  
Born [Redacted]  
[Redacted]

[Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted]

12/69

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

5/68

[Redacted]

b7C

aka of UNSUB

[Redacted]

6/70

[Redacted]

NI

b7C

AKA OF [Redacted]

[Redacted]

3/67

[Redacted]

b7C

DATE: August 22, 1966  
SIGNED INDEPENDENT NOMINATING PETITION OF THE  
PEACE AND FREEDOM PARTY ON BEHALF OF THE  
CANDIDACY OF [Redacted] FOR MEMBER OF  
CONGRESS, 12TH C.D., BKLYN., NY, NY, IN 11/66  
NYC ELECTIONS.

SOURCE: [Redacted]  
(CONCEAL IDENTITY BY REQUEST) DATE FURNISHED  
1/16/67

b7C

b7D



[Redacted]

b7C

1943 SIGNER OF GP  
CAMPAIGN PETITION

[Redacted]

9/54

[Redacted]

b7C

Gambler.

[Redacted]

b7C

AUG 14 1950

[Redacted]

4/70

[Redacted]

[Redacted] Woodstock  
Hotel, 127 W. 43rd St.,  
NYC

b7C

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

ABOVE-CAPTIONED PERSON SIGNED 1949 C: P.

INDEPENDENT NOMINATING PETITION FOR [Redacted]

b7C

[Redacted] AS CANDIDATE FOR CITY COUNCILMAN,

MANHATTAN, AUGUST-SEPTEMBER, 1949



[redacted] AKA 10/70 [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] 8/69 [redacted]

b7C

aka of UNSUB  
Delete the above name as subj.  
in this case

[redacted] 2/73 [redacted]

b7C

UNSUB

[redacted] 9/56 [redacted]

b7C

[redacted]

Letter 2-10-37- 664-8 P.N.

B.L.R. 2-15-37- 870- W.N.

B.L.R. 3-11-37- 1876- P.N.

B.L.R. 3-11-37- 1982 W.N.

[redacted] 11/57 [redacted]

b7C

Source of Information Index

(Wilson Hotel)

[Redacted]

5/68

[Redacted]

[Redacted] (5/6/68)

aka of

aka of

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

3/67

[Redacted]

6/50

6/59

[Redacted]

[Redacted] of the King Edward Hotel  
120 W 44th St., NYC

[Redacted]

3/57

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

1/63

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

11/60

[Redacted]

*NI*

[Redacted]

b7C

b7C

b7C

b7C

[redacted] 12/68

[redacted]

NI

b7C

[redacted] 2/68

AKA OF [redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

4/64

[redacted]

NI

b7C

[redacted]

8/66

[redacted]

NI

[redacted]

[redacted]

NI

b7C

[redacted]

AKA OF [redacted]

[redacted]

4/69

[redacted]

NI

b7C

[redacted]

[redacted]

AKA

12/69

[redacted]

NI

[redacted]

[redacted] male, born [redacted]

217 lbs., ERB FBI # [redacted]

5'10"

b7C

[redacted]

[redacted]

12/62

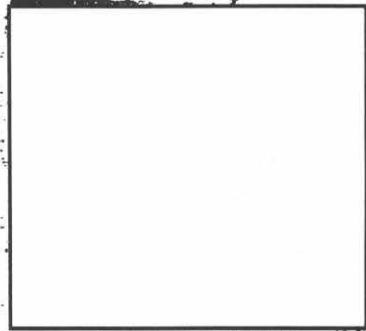
[redacted]

b7C

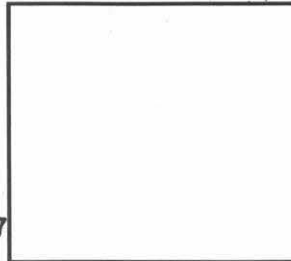
AKA OF [redacted]

[redacted]





10/56



b7C

8/87



3/58



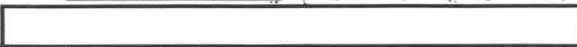
*NI*

b7C

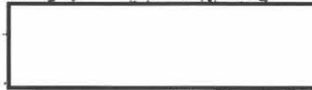
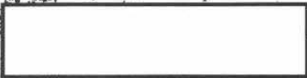
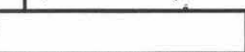
Alias of



BN



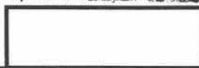
FBI#



b7C



9/63



*NI*

b7C

AKA



BN





47-0-2896

b7C

copy form

[Redacted]

12/66

[Redacted]

AKA OF UNSUB

b7C

[Redacted]

11/60

NI

[Redacted]

7/64

[Redacted]

b7C

aka of UNSUB:

[Redacted]

3/60

[Redacted]

NI

b7C

aka of

FBI#

[Redacted]

[Redacted]

6/64



Date 1-16-74

TO: CHIEF CLERK

Subject SHIRLEY CHISHOLM

Social Security Account #

Aliases none "Shirley CHISHOLM for President COMMITTEE"

Address Birth Date Birthplace Race Sex  
 Male  
 Female

- Exact Spelling
- All References
- Main Subversive Case Files Only
- Subversive References Only
- Main Criminal Case Files Only
- Criminal References Only
- Main Subversive (If no Main, list all Subversive References)
- Main Criminal (If no Main, list all Criminal References)
- Restrict to Locality of \_\_\_\_\_

File & Serial Number	Remarks	File & Serial Number	Remarks
<u>Shirley C Chisholm</u>	<u>see att + see att only</u>		
<u>mid name</u>			
<u>S. C Chisholm</u>	<u>no mid names</u>		
<u>Shirley C Chisholm</u>	<u>see att + no mid names</u>		
<u>S. C Chisholm</u>	<u>no mid names</u>		
<u>Shirley C Chisholm for</u>	<u>President Committee</u>		

b7C

Requester SA [Redacted] quad 241

Searched by Bek 1/17/74  
(date)

Consolidated by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

Reviewed by \_\_\_\_\_ (date)

File Review Symbols  
I - Identical ? - Not identifiable  
NI - Not identical U - Unavailable reference ☆G.P.O. 1972-471-961

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	8/73	166-3558-3
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	2/72'	157-5009-484 P 2
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	3/68	100-162418-1*
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	6/71	100-172091-310 P 31
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	8/71	157-2356-102 p.4
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	6/70	100-161993-P- 195
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	6/70	174-0-34
Congresswomen Possible Bombing Matter		
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	9/69	170-386A-397
(Rep.)	10/69	-409 -412
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	5/71	100-158591-3036
CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY	5/70	100-168759-32

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 11/69 100-167288-334

(CONGRESSWOMAN)

CHISOLM, SHIRLEY 12/69 100-161993-C-404

Brooklyn

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 9/68 LIBRARY

DAILY WORLD 8/8/68 p2 c2  
8/29/68 p3 c1

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 6/70 157-4822-115p2

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 9/69= 157-1217-1677

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 5/66 100-157501-10 p2

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY MRS. 7/55 100-123966-1A2

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY 5/70 100-164665-386

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY (PH) 7/70 100-161993-10225p2

CHISHOLM, SHIRLEY A. 8/71 80-1565-2



CHISOLM, SHIRLEY 3/68 100-162418\*

CHISOLM, SHIRLEY 1/69 157-2866-212 p.2

CHI SOLM, SHIRLEY 12/68 157-2776-41

E. Corporate Contributions

Section 610 of title 18, United States Code, prohibits corporations from making political contributions in connection with Federal elections and prohibits political committees from accepting such contributions.

Our examination of the Committee's records indicated that they received at least three contributions from corporations:

\$100 from [redacted] New York, New York; \$200 from Spartacus Securities, Inc., Brooklyn, New York; and \$386 from White Plains Manor, Inc., Bronx, New York..

b7C

Officers of the Committee, Spartacus Securities, Inc., and White Plains Manor, Inc. told us that they were unaware of the illegality of corporate contributions to political committees.

[redacted] told us he reimbursed his corporation for the \$100 contribution [redacted] and has furnished us with a copy of the cancelled reimbursement check.

b7C

[redacted] stated he would refund the other two corporate contributions and send us copies of the cancelled refund checks as soon as they are available. To date we have not received copies of the checks.

b7C

The making and acceptance of the corporate contributions appear to be violations of section 610, title 18, United States Code.

56-488-1

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 13 1974	
FBI - NEW YORK	
62	



Director, Federal Bureau  
of Investigation

HKP:TJM:CCD:mhh  
72-017-50

[redacted]

b7C

Criminal Division

Shirley Chisholm for President Committee, [redacted]  
[redacted]; 18 U.S.C. 610.

b7C

Attached hereto is a copy of a portion of a referral which this Division received from the Office of Federal Elections, General Accounting Office, indicating that the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee received three contributions from corporations during the period of the 1972 Democratic Presidential primaries. The information contained in the attachment was developed by the Office of Federal Elections during an audit of the subject Committee's books and records, and interviews with [redacted]

b7C

The receipt and the retention of these three corporate contributions which together total \$686.00, could constitute prosecutable violations of 18 U.S.C. 610 by the Committee, as well as by each individual committee agent who participated in the solicitation and/or the receipt of these contributions with knowledge that they had come from corporations.

Accordingly, in order to assist this Division determine whether such violations may be present, the Bureau is requested to interview [redacted] to ascertain the particulars concerning the solicitation and receipt of the three subject contributions, and whether the subject monies have been refunded to the contributing corporations. If a claim of refund is made, the Bureau should obtain corroborative documentation, preferably in the form of copies of the checks representing said reimbursement.

b7C

[redacted] last known address was [redacted]  
[redacted] last known address was [redacted]  
[redacted] We do not have a street  
address for [redacted] His address was identified on the subject  
committee's registration statement as [redacted]  
[redacted] which post office box we have ascertained  
was taken out in the name of Shirley Chisholm herself.

b7C

b7C

56-488-2

SEARCHED	INDEXED
SERIALIZED	FILED
JAN 15 1974	
FBI - NEW YORK	

[redacted] [redacted]

b7C

[redacted] is Congresswoman Chisholm [redacted] and  
we have no objection to the Bureau's advising the Congresswoman of  
this investigation.

b7C

**Attachments**

FBI

Transmit in

Via

Airtel

(Type in plaintext or code)

(Priority)

TO: SAC, New York

1/14/74

(Date)

From: Director, FBI

*Handwritten notes: "b7C" and "revised memo"*

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE,

*Handwritten note: "Probably"*

18 USC 610  
ELECTION LAWS

Enclosed are two copies of a self-explanatory Departmental letter dated 1/10/74 with enclosure.

Complete the requested investigation in accordance with the provisions of Section 35, Volume II, Manual of Instructions, and surep within 15 days of the receipt of this communication.

State in the first paragraph of the details of your report that it contains the results of a  limited investigation and underscore the word  limited  preliminary

Advise  all persons interviewed  appropriate officials at the outset that this investigation is being conducted at the specific request of the U. S. Department of Justice.

Remarks: The Bureau will handle the contact with Congresswoman Chisholm's Office advising that investigation has been requested by the Department.

Enc. (4)

(This line for LEFT MARGIN.)

(Do not type BEYOND THIS MARGIN.)

(Do not type below this line.)

*Handwritten date: 1/17/74*

*Handwritten file number: 56-488-2*

OPEN (REOPEN)  
ORIGIN NYO  
SUPT 8/27

CASE 56-  
DATE 1-15-74  
SECT 241

SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
JAN 15 1974  
FBI - NEW YORK  
182

b7C

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

THE NEW YORK TIMES, THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 1974

# CHISHOLM GROUP DEFENDS ITSELF

## Assails Reports of Misuse of '72 Campaign Funds

Special to The New York Times

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23 — Representative Shirley Chisholm's 1972 Presidential campaign committee said today that it had "concerned itself strictly" with safeguarding campaign funds and contended that news reports that funds had been mishandled "bore little or no resemblance to the full picture."

"Every dollar was banked, on record," the committee said in a nine-page report to the General Accounting Office. "Every dollar was expended by bank check, on record."

The committee acknowledged,

however, that it had been criticized by the General Accounting Office for incomplete reporting and inadequate record-keeping and called the criticism "justified to some extent."

Samuel Korb, the committee counsel who prepared the report, asked to reconcile the two statements, replied that "record-keeping involves many factors."

In some instances, Mr. Korb said, the committee failed to list the addresses or occupations of those paid by the committee and failed to record the dates of receipts.

### 'Final Report' Criticized

Mr. Korb also said that a committee report submitted to the General Accounting Office as a "final report" was "badly written and incorrect."

"It appeared that it was a final report, but it was not," he said.

The report cited a \$6,000 deficit in Mrs. Chisholm's campaign, but investigators from the G.A.O. found a surplus of more than \$18,000. Mrs. Chish-

holm, saying that all the bills had not yet been paid, said the surplus was \$23,000.

A Justice Department official said today that the case was still pending. The G.A.O. referred the case to the Justice Department because of "apparent violations" of election and corporate laws.

L. Fred Thompson, director of the G.A.O.'s Office of Federal Elections, said that "we've received the report, but I haven't seen it myself."

### Between 25c and \$5

The report said that the greatest number of campaign contributions were between 25 cents and \$5. "The committee recorded the names of thousands of the contributors," the report said. "Thousands of other contributors are unknown to the committee because their contributions formed part of cumulative sums collected at many places."

The G.A.O. report said that bank deposits totaling over

\$3,500 were not identified.

The G.A.O. had charged that the committee "had failed to record the mailing address, occupation or place of business of persons to whom expenditures were made," and added that in an attempt to trace a sample of eight expenditures, only one was supported by documentation.

"None of us is a lawyer or an accountant," the committee said. "We had no prior experience with or conception of a campaign like this one."

The committee said that Mrs. Chisholm was her own greatest contributor, spending \$32,599.50 and being reimbursed for only \$14,974.34.

"We unreservedly subscribe to the fullest possible disclosure of campaign financing," the committee said. "Justice Holmes's admonition that 'the best disinfectant is the light of day,' is more apt today than ever. Therefore, we pledge that, in the next campaign, we will do better record-keeping and reporting."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

*The New York Times.*  
*N.Y., N.Y.*

Date: *1-24-74*  
Edition:  
Author:  
Editor:  
Title:

Character:  
or  
Classification:  
Submitting Office:

Being Investigated

*36-488-4*  
SEARCHED INDEXED  
SERIALIZED FILED  
FEB 1974  
FBI - NEW YORK  
*10E*

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/4/74

[redacted] contacted the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and advised that he had been notified by [redacted] that the FBI had contacted him, [redacted] regarding the matter of contributions from three corporations to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee in 1972. He advised that he was familiar with the matter. b7C

At this point, [redacted] indicated that he would agree to discuss the matter after a conversation took place between Special Agent (SA) [redacted] and [redacted] for the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee, Brooklyn, New York. b7C

Shortly thereafter, [redacted] was contacted by SA [redacted]. He was apprised of the fact that the FBI was conducting an investigation concerning contributions from the following corporations: b7C

- b7C
1. \$100.00 from [redacted] New York, New York;
  2. \$200.00 from Spartacus Securities, Inc., Brooklyn, New York;
  3. \$386.00 from White Plains Manor, Inc., Bronx, New York

At this point, he expressed a personal willingness to cooperate, however, he wished not to provide any further information upon the advice of [redacted] to refrain until a later date from discussing this matter. b7C

He did advise, as a matter of clarification, that there is no [redacted] in his family and that [redacted] b7C

Interviewed on 2/4/74 at Brooklyn, New York (Telephonic) File # NY 56-488 - 5  
 By SA [redacted] :lp b7C Date dictated 2/4/74



NY 56-488

b7C

[redacted] New York, is a former, not a current, address of his.  
He indicated that mail has been received pertinent to this matter,  
which was erroneously addressed to [redacted]  
[redacted] New York.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/4/74

[redacted] contacted the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) in response to a prior inquiry with his office. He advised that [redacted] to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee. He stated that he became [redacted] but declined to provide the exact date. He provided the following information:

b7C

Because of his position, he is familiar with the matter of three corporate contributions to the Committee. He considers the matter of the corporate contributions resolved because of the following reasons:

1. \$100.00 from [redacted] New York, New York - according to a report of the General Accounting Office (GAO), [redacted] reimbursed his corporation for the \$100.00 contribution, thus making the contribution to the committee a personal, rather than a corporate, contribution.
2. \$200.00 from Spartacus Securities, Inc., Brooklyn, New York - the Committee has reimbursed this corporation in the amount of \$200.00.
3. \$386.00 from White Plains Manor, Inc., Bronx, New York - unsuccessful efforts have been made by him to locate this corporation in an effort to determine the specific circumstances surrounding this contribution. The corporation is apparently no longer in existence. Persons knowledgeable about campaign affairs have indicated to him that this extraordinary amount possibly represented a contribution

b7C

b7C

Brooklyn, New York  
(Telephonic)

Interviewed on 2/4/74 at [redacted] File # NY 56-488-6

by SA [redacted] :lp b7C Date dictated 2/4/74

NY 56-488

by a group of persons rather than a corporation. The group possibly consisted of a group of Hispanic women who catered a campaign social event in Bronx, New York. He would provide the FBI with all information and documentation, including an affidavit, pertinent to this contribution at a later date.

He will attempt to make available by February 8, 1974 copies of all corroborative documentation pertaining to the above contributions and the single repayment by the Committee.

He requested as Counsel to the Committee that no other officials of the Committee be interviewed by the FBI without initially contacting him. He indicated that he desires to be cooperative but wishes that all inquiries be directed to him.

He advised that he does not know the current whereabouts of [redacted] for the Committee, but could possibly locate him in the future. b7C

He stated that he would recontact the New York Office of the FBI when all documents have been assembled.



FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/4/74

[redacted] also known as [redacted] was contacted and advised that the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) was conducting an investigation regarding contributions by three corporations to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee in 1972. b7C

He said that he was aware of the matter but only because of the two-week audit of the Committee's records in 1973 by the General Accounting Office (GAO). He provided the following information:

In 1972, he was approached by [redacted] and asked to become [redacted]. The arrangement was for the checks to be [redacted] and either [redacted]. b7C

During this time, he did not consider himself to be serving in any official position with the Committee, such as [redacted]. He did not realize that he had been designated as such until it was brought to his attention prior to the inquiry into the Committee's records by GAO. Despite his designation as [redacted] at no time during the two-week GAO audit was he interviewed or contacted by anyone connected with GAO. b7C

[redacted] for the Committee, [redacted] is the person who could provide any necessary information concerning corporate contributions and any reimbursements from the Committee to contributing corporations. b7C

[redacted] was listed in the Committee's records as [redacted]. He has no knowledge of the specific nature of [redacted] duties and responsibilities with the Committee. His current whereabouts are not known to him. b7C

Interviewed on 2/4/74 at Brooklyn, New York (Telephonic) File # NY 56-488 -7  
 by SA [redacted] :lp b7C Date dictated 2/4/74

NY 56-488

The address of [redacted] b7C  
New York, is the former address of [redacted]  
[redacted]



# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>NEW YORK</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>NEW YORK</b>	DATE <b>2/4/74</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>1/17/74</b> RE <b>2/4/74</b>
TITLE OF CASE  <b>SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE.</b> [Redacted] <span style="float: right;">b7C</span>		TYPED BY <b>rvc</b>	
[Redacted] <span style="float: right;">b7C</span>		CHARACTER OF CASE  <b>ELECTION LAWS</b>	
<b>18 USC 610</b>			

REFERENCE

Buairtel to New York, with enclosures, 1/14/74.

- P -

ADMINISTRATIVE

For the information of the Bureau, as a matter of clarification, NYO investigation reflects that [Redacted] is Congresswoman SHIRLEY CHISHOLM [Redacted] rather than [Redacted] as indicated in the Departmental communication to the Director, a copy of which was enclosed for New York with reairtel. b7C

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:	
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			PENDING OVER ONE YEAR	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
							PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS	<input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW		
COPIES MADE:  2 - Bureau 1 - USA, EDNY 2 - New York (56-488) <i>abe</i>		56	488-	8
		SEARCHED _____ SERIALIZED _____ INDEXED _____ FILED _____		

Dissemination Record of Attached Report					Notations  [Redacted] <span style="float: right;">b7C</span>
Agency					
Request Recd.					
Date Fwd.					
How Fwd.					
By					

NY 56-488

ADMINISTRATIVE (cont'd)

All persons interviewed in this matter were advised that the investigation was being conducted at the specific request of the US Department of Justice.

LEAD

NEW YORK

AT BROOKLYN, NEW YORK. Will recontact [redacted] to the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee to obtain all available documents and information re this investigation. It is noted that on 2/4/74, [redacted] indicated that the documents should be available by 2/5/74.

b7C

Will continue efforts to locate and interview [redacted]

b7C

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, EDNY

Report of: QUENTIN G. ERTEL, JR.  
Date: 2/4/74

Office: New York, New York

Field Office File #: 56-488

Bureau File #:

Title: SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT COMMITTEE,

[REDACTED]

b7C

18 USC 610

Character: ELECTION LAWS

Synopsis:

[REDACTED]

b7C

advised sole function was

[REDACTED] indicated he was not aware of designation [REDACTED] of the Committee until prior to General Accounting Office (GAO) audit of Committee's records in 1973. [REDACTED] declined interview on advice of counsel. [REDACTED] Efforts to locate [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED] for the Committee, unsuccessful. [REDACTED] advised he is unpaid volunteer counsel to the Committee and is familiar with the three alleged corporate contributions to the Committee. [REDACTED] stated matter of refunds has been resolved and he would make corroborative documentation available by 2/8/74. [REDACTED] requested Committee officials not be interviewed and that all inquiries should be directed to him.

- P -

ENCLOSURES (2) to USA, EDNY

Enclosed as background information for the assistance of the USA, EDNY are copies of two self-explanatory documents forwarded to the Bureau by the Department.

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited investigation.

NY 56-488

This investigation was predicated upon receipt by the New York Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation of a communication dated January 14, 1974 from Headquarters, FBI. Enclosed with that communication were copies of 1) a Departmental memo to the Director and 2) a portion of a referral to the Department from the Office of Federal Elections, General Accounting Office. The Department requested therein interviews of three persons associated with the Shirley Chisholm for President Committee regarding their knowledge of the solicitation and refund of three alleged corporate contributions, totaling \$686.00, to that Committee.



QGE:lp

1.

NY 56-488

At Brooklyn, New York and New York, New York

On January 17, 1974, in an effort to locate the current address of [redacted] Shirley Chisholm for Congress Committee, an attempt was made to obtain the information from the District Office of Representative SHERLEY CHISHOLM, 1149 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn, New York (596-3500). It was determined that the office was closed on that date. b7C

A telephonic inquiry with that office on January 24, 1974 resulted in information that [redacted] could be contacted through [redacted] New York [redacted]. Between January 25, 1974 and February 1, 1974, efforts to locate [redacted] at his business were unsuccessful, and messages were left requesting him to contact the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). On February 4, 1974, [redacted] advised that although he preferred not to provide [redacted] unpublished telephone number, he would contact [redacted] himself and have [redacted] contact the FBI. b7C

On January 22, 1974, an unsuccessful effort was made to locate [redacted] New York. Inquiries at that address and appropriate searches of [redacted] New York directories reflect one [redacted] as a resident at that address. b7C

On January 22, 1974, it was also determined that [redacted] also did not reside at [redacted] New York. b7C



2.

NY 56-488

On January 22, 1974, an inquiry was made at [redacted]  
[redacted] New York, in an effort to locate a  
[redacted] It was ascertained that that address is b7C  
currently that of the [redacted] family.

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Date of transcription 2/13/74

[redacted] telephone number [redacted]  
 [redacted] SHIRLEY CHISHOLM for President Committee,  
 made available to SA [redacted], the following  
 documents, the originals of which are being maintained in  
 the possession of the New York Office of the Federal  
 Bureau of Investigation (FBI).

b7C

[redacted] advised that [redacted]  
 [redacted] collectively reflect the position of the Committee  
 regarding allegations of three corporate contributions to  
 the Committee.

b7C

He also advised that the copy of the check pay-  
 able to Spartacus Securities, Incorporated, in the amount  
 of \$200, represented repayment by the Committee for that  
 corporation's contributions.

He finally stated that he intended to advise  
 [redacted] not to consent to inter-  
 views by the FBI. He indicated that he was doing so be-  
 cause of possible technical violations of the federal law  
 in this matter.

b7C

The two documents and the copy of the check which  
 was obtained from [redacted] are as follows:

Interviewed on 2/9/74 at Brooklyn, New York File # NY 56-488-9  
 by SA [redacted] /rmb Date dictated 2/12/74

b7C

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>NEW YORK</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>NEW YORK</b>	DATE <b>2/19/74</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>2/8-19/74</b>
TITLE OF CASE <b>SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRES. COMMITTEE,</b> [Redacted]		REPORT MADE BY [Redacted]	TYPED BY <b>rmb</b>
18 USC 610 b7C		CHARACTER OF CASE <b>ELECTION LAWS</b>	

REFERENCE

NYrep of SA [Redacted] 2/4/74. b7C

-P-

ADMINISTRATIVE

Person interviewed in this matter was advised at the specific request of the US Department of Justice.

LEADS

NEW YORK

AT BROOKLYN, NEW YORK. Continue efforts to re-contact [Redacted] and to locate and interview [Redacted] b7C

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					<input type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO
							PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS: <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED: *[Signature]* SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW

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- 1 - USA, EDNY
- ② - New York (56-488)

*rmb #241*

	56	488	10
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Dissemination Record of Attached Report					Notations
Agency					
Request Recd.					
Date Fwd.					

NY 56-488

b7C

LEADS (Continued)

New York notes that based on the interview on 2/9/74, of [redacted] New York, attorney for the CHISHOLM Committee, it is unlikely that either [redacted] or [redacted] will consent to be interviewed, based on [redacted] advice.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Copy to: 1 - USA, EDNY

b7C

Report of: [REDACTED]

Office: New York, New York

Date: 2/19/74

Field Office File #: 56-488

Bureau File #:

Title:

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE, [REDACTED]

b7C

18 USC 610

Character:

ELECTION LAWS

Synopsis:

[REDACTED] New York, [REDACTED] for the SHIRLEY CHISHOLM for President Committee, on 2/9/74, made available to Bureau Agent: 1.) A letter over his signature outlining the Committee's position on three alleged corporate contributions, totaling \$686, to the Committee; 2.) A xerox copy of a check in the amount of \$200 payable to one of the three corporations, Spartacus Securities, Inc., Brooklyn, NY, from the Committee; 3.) A deposition taken [REDACTED], on 2/8/74, setting forth [REDACTED] understanding of the circumstances surrounding the contribution of \$386 to the Committee from White Plains Manor, Inc., 3510 White Plains Road, Bronx, New York. [REDACTED] indicated that because of possible technical violations, he would advise [REDACTED] not to consent to interviews by the FBI. Efforts to personally contact and interview [REDACTED] unsuccessful to date. Investigation continuing.

b7C

b7C

-P-

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited investigation.

At Brooklyn, New York

On February 11, 1974, attempts to contact [REDACTED]

b7C

[REDACTED], were unsuccessful. A subsequent attempt to locate [REDACTED] on February 19, 1974, also unsuccessful.



NY 56-488

On February 8, 1974, [redacted], telephonically contacted SA [redacted] and advised that documentation previously requested in this matter by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) had been prepared and was available in his office. He suggested that SA [redacted] appear at his office on February 9, 1974, and if he, [redacted] was present, the documents would be made available.

b7C

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

REPORTING OFFICE <b>NEW YORK</b>	OFFICE OF ORIGIN <b>NEW YORK</b>	DATE <b>3/21/74</b>	INVESTIGATIVE PERIOD <b>2/12/74 - 3/19/74</b>
TITLE OF CASE  <b>CHANGED</b> <b>SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT</b> <b>COMMITTEE.</b>  <b>18 USC 610</b>		REPORT MADE BY  [Redacted] <b>b7C</b>	TYPED BY  <b>rvc</b>
		CHARACTER OF CASE  <b>ELECTION LAWS</b>	

Title marked "Changed" to reflect the middle initial of [Redacted] as indicated by him on his affidavit provided in this case. **b7C**

REFERENCE

NY report of SA [Redacted] 2/19/74. **b7C**

ADMINISTRATIVE

Investigative period of this report predates the date of referenced report because production of the statement contained herein was not completed in time for conclusion in report of 2/19/74.

ACCOMPLISHMENTS CLAIMED					<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NONE	ACQUIT-TALS	CASE HAS BEEN:
CONVIC.	FUG.	FINES.	SAVINGS	RECOVERIES			
							PENDING OVER ONE YEAR <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO PENDING PROSECUTION OVER SIX MONTHS <input type="checkbox"/> YES <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NO

APPROVED  <i>[Signature]</i>	SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE	DO NOT WRITE IN SPACES BELOW	
COPIES MADE:		56	488 - 11
2 - Bureau 1 - USA, EDNY 2 - New York (56-488)		<i>[Handwritten initials]</i>	

Dissemination Record of Attached Report				Notations
Agency				
Request Recd.				
Date Fwd.				
How Fwd.				
By				

NY 56-488

LEADS

NEW YORK

AT BROOKLYN, NEW YORK. Continue efforts to  
recontact [redacted] and to  
locate and interview [redacted]

b7C

New York notes that based on the interview on  
2/9/74, [redacted] for the  
Chisholm Committee, it is unlikely that either [redacted]  
[redacted] will consent to be interviewed, based on [redacted]  
advice.

b7C

-B\*-  
COVER PAGE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE  
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

## Copy to:

1 - USA, EDNY

b7C

## Report of:

[REDACTED]

## Office:

New York, New York

## Date:

3/21/74

## Field Office File #:

56-488

## Bureau File #:

## Title:

SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE, [REDACTED]

b7C

## Character:

18 USC 610

ELECTION LAWS

b7C

## Synopsis:

On 2/12/74, a document was received from [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] for the Shirley Chisholm  
for President Committee, entitled, "Statement Relative to Final  
Financial Report Filed by the Shirley Chisholm for President  
Committee with U.S. General Accounting Office" and was dated  
1/18/74. Continuous efforts have been unsuccessful in an  
attempt to locate and interview [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] Investigation continuing.

-P-

DETAILS:

This report contains the results of a limited  
investigation.

At Brooklyn, New York

Repeated attempts between February 25, 1974 and  
March 19, 1974 to personally and telephonically contact

b7C

[REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] were unsuccessful.

By mail on February 12, 1974, Special Agent [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] received from [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] the following document. [REDACTED]  
[REDACTED] had previously indicated to Special Agent [REDACTED] on February 9,  
1974 that the following statement was being made available by  
[REDACTED]

b7C

He had advised that the statement set forth a summary of infor-  
mation and the overall position of the Chisholm Committee regarding  
the matter of the committee's campaign finances.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents  
are not to be distributed outside your agency.

STATEMENT RELATIVE TO FINAL FINANCIAL REPORT  
FILED BY THE SHIRLEY CHISHOLM FOR PRESIDENT  
COMMITTEE WITH U. S. GENERAL ACCOUNTING OFFICE.

The Shirley Chisholm for President Committee appends this prefatory statement to its complete and final report to the U. S. General Accounting Office as to campaign finances.

The purpose of this statement is to present a summary of the information and data relative to the contributions and expenditures handled by the national committee. An ancillary purpose is to make such materials readily available to the thousands of persons in all parts of the United States who actively participated in, or who contributed financially to, the Chisholm presidential campaign, and to all others who may be interested in the information.

The committee considers the dissemination of this information to be particularly necessary because of recent widespread publication of news stories which presented partial and distorted accounts of some aspects of the committee's interim reports of its financial data. The published accounts bore little or no resemblance to the full picture.

This finance report embraces the entire period of the campaign. The report covers the early and tentative beginnings in the Fall of 1971, and continues through the Democratic national nominating convention in July, 1972. Also covered is the period subsequent to the convention, up to and including the committee's final transactions in December, 1973.



In sum, the national Shirley Chisholm for President Committee received contributions totalling \$118,620.62.

These contributions were made by thousands of persons situated in almost every state of the United States. The donors made their contributions individually or through groups.

The overwhelmingly greater number of contributions consisted of amounts ranging from 25¢ to \$5.00. The committee recorded the names of thousands of the contributors. Thousands of other contributors are unknown to the committee because their contributions formed part of cumulative sums collected at many places. Their coins and dollars were given at meetings and rallies held in schools and colleges, churches, community centers, and union halls, and at parties in private homes. The contributions of amounts under \$100 added up to \$26,266.55. Contributions by individuals of amounts of \$100 and over totalled \$50,964.19. Contributions by groups amounted to \$39,200.48. Bank interest and telephone refund were \$2,189.40.

Separate and apart from the contributions to the national committee were monies raised and used by local groups in many states. Such monies were used by the local groups in support of activities connected with statewide primaries and party caucuses and conventions.

All of the relatively meagre funds (relative to the multi-millions of dollars reported by other presidential campaign committees) received by the Chisholm national committee were expended towards fulfillment of the insatiable demands of a

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movement which placed Mrs. Chisholm in the primary elections conducted in seventeen states. The whirlwind campaign was mounted during a period of less than five months. When the Democratic national convention adjourned in July, 1972, the committee held sizeable unpaid bills, and it was without funds sufficient to pay the bills. Proceeds from a recent fund-raising dinner, together with a personal contribution of \$3,000 from Congresswoman Chisholm, have been used to meet the deficit. In fact, the deficit would have been significantly larger, except that expenses for the travel of the candidate and of some of her aides throughout state after state were charged to her through use of her American Express credit cards. Mrs. Chisholm was reimbursed by the committee for only a part of the heavy charges thus imposed upon her personally. She was by far the largest financial contributor to the campaign, having expended out-of-pocket \$32,599.50, and received reimbursement from the committee of \$14,974.34.

The committee carefully nurtured the funds which it received from the candidate's supporters. The monies were placed in a savings account, to earn interest during the periods of non-use. As needed, monies from the savings account were transferred by means of bookkeeping entries to a checking account maintained in the same bank.

The number of full-time campaign aides supported by the committee, each of them for periods varying from 2 to 5 months, never exceeded six persons at any given time. This small band performed the mammoth task of assisting Mrs. Chisholm in the planning, coordination, and execution of a national campaign which placed her candidacy and her carefully-postulated