



June 15, 2023

MR. JOHN R. GREENEWALD JR.
SUITE 1203
27305 WEST LIVE OAK ROAD
CASTAIC, CA 91384-4520

FOIPA Request No.: 1419601-000
Subject: GAIRY, ERIC MATTHEW

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

The FBI has completed its review of records subject to the Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) that are responsive to your request. The enclosed documents were reviewed under the FOIPA, Title 5, United States Code, Section 552/552a. Below you will find check boxes under the appropriate statute headings which indicate the types of exemptions asserted to protect information which is exempt from disclosure. The appropriate exemptions are noted on the enclosed pages next to redacted information. In addition, a deleted page information sheet was inserted to indicate where pages were withheld entirely and identify which exemptions were applied. The checked exemption boxes used to withhold information are further explained in the enclosed Explanation of Exemptions.

Section 552		Section 552a
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(1)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(A)	<input type="checkbox"/> (d)(5)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(2)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(B)	<input type="checkbox"/> (j)(2)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(3)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(C)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(1)
<u>50 USC Subsection 3024(i)(1)</u>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(D)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(2)
_____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(E)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(3)
_____	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(7)(F)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(4)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(4)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(8)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(5)
<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(5)	<input type="checkbox"/> (b)(9)	<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(6)
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> (b)(6)		<input type="checkbox"/> (k)(7)

76 pages were reviewed and 60 pages are being released.

Please see the paragraphs below for relevant information specific to your request as well as the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for standard responses applicable to all requests.

Based on the information you provided, we conducted a main and reference entity record search of the Central Records System (CRS) per our standard search policy. For more information about records searches and the standard search policy, see the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum General Information Section.

This is the final release of information responsive to your FOIPA request. Your request for a waiver of fees has been granted, and the documents are enclosed. This material is being provided to you at no charge.

Enclosed are cross-references that are identifiable with the subject of your request. Cross-references are defined as mentions of the subject of your request in files to other individuals, organizations, events, or activities. In processing the cross-references, the pages considered for possible release included only those pages that mention the subject of your request and any additional pages showing the context in which the subject of your request was mentioned.

Records that may have been responsive to your request were destroyed. Since this material could not be reviewed, it is not known if it was responsive to your request. Record retention and disposal is carried out under supervision of the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA), Title 44, United States Code, Section 3301 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1228; Title 44, United States Code, Section 3310 as implemented by Title 36, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 1229.10.

A record that may be responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request has been transferred to the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). If you wish to review these records, submit a Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) request to NARA, Special Access and FOIA, 8601 Adelphi Road, Room 5500, College Park, MD 20740-6001. Please reference the file numbers 100-NY-59518-899; 157-HQ-31725; 157-HQ-28217; 157-HQ-26456; 100-HQ-341561-229-29; 100-HQ-341561-324; 109-HQ-12-324; 109-HQ-12-230-2; 100-HQ-296500; 109-HQ-12-229; 100-HQ-153679; 100-HQ-341561-230; 100-NY-59518-885; and 100-NY-59518-884.

For your information, a search of the indices to our Central Records System reflected there were additional records potentially responsive to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request. We have attempted to obtain this material so it could be reviewed to determine whether it was responsive to your request. We were advised that the potentially responsive records were not in their expected location and could not be located after a reasonable search. Following a reasonable waiting period, another attempt was made to obtain this material. This search for the missing records also met with unsuccessful results.

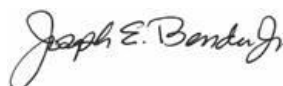
Please refer to the enclosed FBI FOIPA Addendum for additional standard responses applicable to your request. "Part 1" of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. "Part 2" includes additional standard responses that apply to all requests for records about yourself or any third party individuals. "Part 3" includes general information about FBI records that you may find useful. Also enclosed is our Explanation of Exemptions.

Additional information about the FOIPA can be found at www.fbi.gov/foia. Should you have questions regarding your request, please feel free to contact foipaquestions@fbi.gov. Please reference the FOIPA Request number listed above in all correspondence concerning your request.

If you are not satisfied with the Federal Bureau of Investigation's determination in response to this request, you may administratively appeal by writing to the Director, Office of Information Policy (OIP), United States Department of Justice, 441 G Street, NW, 6th Floor, Washington, D.C. 20530, or you may submit an appeal through OIP's FOIA STAR portal by creating an account following the instructions on OIP's website: <https://www.justice.gov/oip/submit-and-track-request-or-appeal>. Your appeal must be postmarked or electronically transmitted within ninety (90) days of the date of my response to your request. If you submit your appeal by mail, both the letter and the envelope should be clearly marked "Freedom of Information Act Appeal." Please cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified.

You may seek dispute resolution services by emailing the FBI's FOIA Public Liaison at foipaquestions@fbi.gov. The subject heading should clearly state "Dispute Resolution Services." Please also cite the FOIPA Request Number assigned to your request so it may be easily identified. You may also contact the Office of Government Information Services (OGIS). The contact information for OGIS is as follows: Office of Government Information Services, National Archives and Records Administration, 8601 Adelphi Road-OGIS, College Park, Maryland 20740-6001, e-mail at ogis@nara.gov; telephone at 202-741-5770; toll free at 1-877-684-6448; or facsimile at 202-741-5769.

Sincerely,



Joseph E. Bender, Jr.
Acting Section Chief
Record/Information Dissemination Section
Information Management Division

Enclosures

FBI FOIPA Addendum

As referenced in our letter responding to your Freedom of Information/Privacy Acts (FOIPA) request, the FBI FOIPA Addendum provides information applicable to your request. Part 1 of the Addendum includes standard responses that apply to all requests. Part 2 includes standard responses that apply to requests for records about individuals to the extent your request seeks the listed information. Part 3 includes general information about FBI records, searches, and programs.

Part 1: The standard responses below apply to all requests:

- (i) **5 U.S.C. § 552(c).** Congress excluded three categories of law enforcement and national security records from the requirements of the FOIPA [5 U.S.C. § 552(c)]. FBI responses are limited to those records subject to the requirements of the FOIPA. Additional information about the FBI and the FOIPA can be found on the www.fbi.gov/foia website.
- (ii) **Intelligence Records.** To the extent your request seeks records of intelligence sources, methods, or activities, the FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(1), (b)(3), and as applicable to requests for records about individuals, PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(1), (b)(3), and (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records is itself a classified fact protected by FOIA exemption (b)(1) and/or would reveal intelligence sources, methods, or activities protected by exemption (b)(3) [50 USC § 3024(i)(1)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that any such records do or do not exist.

Part 2: The standard responses below apply to all requests for records on individuals:

- (i) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Watch Lists.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of any individual's name on a watch list pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(7)(E) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(7)(E), (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that watch list records do or do not exist.
- (ii) **Requests for Records about any Individual—Witness Security Program Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of records which could identify any participant in the Witness Security Program pursuant to FOIA exemption (b)(3) and PA exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. §§ 552/552a (b)(3), 18 U.S.C. 3521, and (j)(2)]. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.
- (iii) **Requests for Confidential Informant Records.** The FBI can neither confirm nor deny the existence of confidential informant records pursuant to FOIA exemptions (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F) [5 U.S.C. § 552 (b)(7)(D), (b)(7)(E), and (b)(7)(F)] and Privacy Act exemption (j)(2) [5 U.S.C. § 552a (j)(2)]. The mere acknowledgment of the existence or nonexistence of such records would reveal confidential informant identities and information, expose law enforcement techniques, and endanger the life or physical safety of individuals. This is a standard response and should not be read to indicate that such records do or do not exist.

Part 3: General Information:

- (i) **Record Searches and Standard Search Policy.** The Record/Information Dissemination Section (RIDS) searches for reasonably described records by searching systems, such as the Central Records System (CRS), or locations where responsive records would reasonably be found. The CRS is an extensive system of records consisting of applicant, investigative, intelligence, personnel, administrative, and general files compiled by the FBI per its law enforcement, intelligence, and administrative functions. The CRS spans the entire FBI organization, comprising records of FBI Headquarters, FBI Field Offices, and FBI Legal Attaché Offices (Legats) worldwide; Electronic Surveillance (ELSUR) records are included in the CRS. The standard search policy is a search for main entity records in the CRS. Unless specifically requested, a standard search does not include a search for reference entity records, administrative records of previous FOIPA requests, or civil litigation files.
 - a. *Main Entity Records* – created for individuals or non-individuals who are the subjects or the focus of an investigation
 - b. *Reference Entity Records*- created for individuals or non-individuals who are associated with a case but are not known subjects or the focus of an investigation
- (ii) **FBI Records.** Founded in 1908, the FBI carries out a dual law enforcement and national security mission. As part of this dual mission, the FBI creates and maintains records on various subjects; however, the FBI does not maintain records on every person, subject, or entity.
- (iii) **Foreseeable Harm Standard.** As amended in 2016, the Freedom of Information Act provides that a federal agency may withhold responsive records only if: (1) the agency reasonably foresees that disclosure would harm an interest protected by one of the nine exemptions that FOIA enumerates, or (2) disclosure is prohibited by law (5 United States Code, Section 552(a)(8)(A)(i)). The FBI considers this foreseeable harm standard in the processing of its requests.
- (iv) **Requests for Criminal History Records or Rap Sheets.** The Criminal Justice Information Services (CJIS) Division provides Identity History Summary Checks – often referred to as a criminal history record or rap sheet. These criminal history records are not the same as material in an investigative “FBI file.” An Identity History Summary Check is a listing of information taken from fingerprint cards and documents submitted to the FBI in connection with arrests, federal employment, naturalization, or military service. For a fee, individuals can request a copy of their Identity History Summary Check. Forms and directions can be accessed at www.fbi.gov/about-us/cjis/identity-history-summary-checks. Additionally, requests can be submitted electronically at www.edo.cjis.gov. For additional information, please contact CJIS directly at (304) 625-5590.

EXPLANATION OF EXEMPTIONS

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552


- (b)(1) (A) specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive order to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy and (B) are in fact properly classified to such Executive order;
- (b)(2) related solely to the internal personnel rules and practices of an agency;
- (b)(3) specifically exempted from disclosure by statute (other than section 552b of this title), provided that such statute (A) requires that the matters be withheld from the public in such a manner as to leave no discretion on issue, or (B) establishes particular criteria for withholding or refers to particular types of matters to be withheld;
- (b)(4) trade secrets and commercial or financial information obtained from a person and privileged or confidential;
- (b)(5) inter-agency or intra-agency memorandums or letters which would not be available by law to a party other than an agency in litigation with the agency;
- (b)(6) personnel and medical files and similar files the disclosure of which would constitute a clearly unwarranted invasion of personal privacy;
- (b)(7) records or information compiled for law enforcement purposes, but only to the extent that the production of such law enforcement records or information (A) could reasonably be expected to interfere with enforcement proceedings, (B) would deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or an impartial adjudication, (C) could reasonably be expected to constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, (D) could reasonably be expected to disclose the identity of confidential source, including a State, local, or foreign agency or authority or any private institution which furnished information on a confidential basis, and, in the case of record or information compiled by a criminal law enforcement authority in the course of a criminal investigation, or by an agency conducting a lawful national security intelligence investigation, information furnished by a confidential source, (E) would disclose techniques and procedures for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions, or would disclose guidelines for law enforcement investigations or prosecutions if such disclosure could reasonably be expected to risk circumvention of the law, or (F) could reasonably be expected to endanger the life or physical safety of any individual;
- (b)(8) contained in or related to examination, operating, or condition reports prepared by, on behalf of, or for the use of an agency responsible for the regulation or supervision of financial institutions; or
- (b)(9) geological and geophysical information and data, including maps, concerning wells.

SUBSECTIONS OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE, SECTION 552a

- (d)(5) information compiled in reasonable anticipation of a civil action proceeding;
- (j)(2) material reporting investigative efforts pertaining to the enforcement of criminal law including efforts to prevent, control, or reduce crime or apprehend criminals;
- (k)(1) information which is currently and properly classified pursuant to an Executive order in the interest of the national defense or foreign policy, for example, information involving intelligence sources or methods;
- (k)(2) investigatory material compiled for law enforcement purposes, other than criminal, which did not result in loss of a right, benefit or privilege under Federal programs, or which would identify a source who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(3) material maintained in connection with providing protective services to the President of the United States or any other individual pursuant to the authority of Title 18, United States Code, Section 3056;
- (k)(4) required by statute to be maintained and used solely as statistical records;
- (k)(5) investigatory material compiled solely for the purpose of determining suitability, eligibility, or qualifications for Federal civilian employment or for access to classified information, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished information pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence;
- (k)(6) testing or examination material used to determine individual qualifications for appointment or promotion in Federal Government service the release of which would compromise the testing or examination process;
- (k)(7) material used to determine potential for promotion in the armed services, the disclosure of which would reveal the identity of the person who furnished the material pursuant to a promise that his/her identity would be held in confidence.

This document is made available through the declassification efforts
and research of John Greenewald, Jr., creator of:

The Black Vault



The Black Vault is the largest online Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) document clearinghouse in the world. The research efforts here are responsible for the declassification of hundreds of thousands of pages released by the U.S. Government & Military.

Discover the Truth at: <http://www.theblackvault.com>

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1419601-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 4
Page 26 ~ b3; b6; b7C; b7E;
Page 27 ~ b3; b6; b7C; b7E;
Page 48 ~ b3; b7E;
Page 176 ~ b3; b6; b7C; b7D; b7E;

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X Deleted Page(s) X
X No Duplication Fee X
X For this Page X
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NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT LEADER ARRESTED IN GRENADA

MAURICE BISHOP ON ARMS CHARGE

SIX HOURS before the Union Jack was lowered to usher Independence to this troubled island, New Jewel Movement leader Maurice Bishop was arrested and placed on an arms charge.

Some 60 policemen swooped on his St. George's home and after a search stated that they had found arms and ammunition.

Prime Minister Eric Gairy told newsmen afterwards that a rifle with a telescopic lens attached, similar to that which was used in the assassination of former American President, John F. Kennedy, was also found Bishop, whose father was killed during a riot last month, was kept in custody.

Members of the New Jewel Movement were in touch with their lawyers and a magistrate yesterday in an attempt to fix bail.

Bishop's wife Angela, who was allowed to visit him said that she found her husband in a bare cell stripped to his underclothes. He had no complaint about his treatment except that he was twice threatened with licks by security policemen.

Also, just about an hour before Independence, a mysterious fire destroyed a two-storey wooden building owned by Michael Sylvester, a lawyer who appeared for the NJM recently.

The building which was still under construction is on a hill overlooking Holiday Inn Hotel. The fire raged while the government hosted a lavish cocktail party at the hotel.

Prime Minister Gairy himself provided further

From JEFF HACKETT, St. George's

drama. In an about-face, in his brief Independence address, he offered to hold peace talks with the Opposition.

Thirty hours earlier he had indicated that that was out of the question since he had already unsuccessfully stretched out the "Olive Tree" and would look to constitutional means to bring things back to normalcy.

Enemies

In his three minute Independence speech, after castigating the Opposition, describing it as "noisemaking" and as "enemies of progress" he said that he was willing to sit around the conference table to bring about a reconciliation.

Mr. Gairy stated: "Now is not the time for re- crimination and reprisal but rather for goodwill. Now is the time for unity. Now is the time for reconciliation and I now appeal to all Grenada in its totality to join heads and hands to repair the damage done and to build a Grenada for posterity."

Prime Minister Gairy

went on: "I invite all Opposition factions to let me hear from them as soon as possible regarding their reaction to my appeal."

He charged also that those "enemies of progress had done more damage than hurricane Janet."

He added that "the tourist industry had been virtually crippled and that small businessmen were seriously affected."

Mr. Gairy told newsmen afterwards that he would like to meet the Opposition as quickly as possible.

He also said that he was sorry that Opposition Leader Herbert Blaize was not around for the celebrations.

Mr. Blaize who was premier seven years ago has been in a Jamaican hospital with a back injury for the past month.

The Independence ceremony watched by thousands took place at Fort George overlooking the Harbour and went off without a hitch.

There was the flag raising ceremony, singing of the national anthem, a fireworks display and a 21 gun salute by the Baillants.

NOT RECORDED
MAR 28 1974



MAURICE BISHOP

There was dancing in the streets afterwards by government supporters.

No incidents, as feared were reported nor were there any demonstrations by antigovernment elements.

Franchised 3/2/74

58 MAR 29 1974

157-31805
file 5-cc6

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NR010 WF CODED

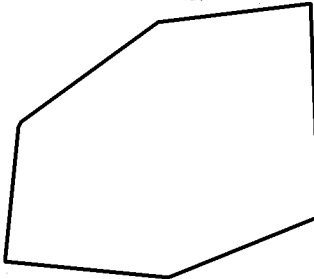
924 PM NITEL APRIL 10, 1974 WUC

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (ATTN: INTD) AND
SAC, NEW YORK

TELETYPE

FROM: SAC, WFO (157-6467) (P) (R)

MAURICE BISHOP, EM - EE, [redacted]



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ON APRIL 10, 1974, A CONFIDENTIAL SOURCE WHO HAS PROVIDED RELIABLE INFORMATION IN THE PAST ADVISED HE HAD LEARNED [redacted] THAT MAURICE BISHOP, NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT LEADER FROM GRENADA, HAD BEEN ARRESTED ON APRIL 8, 1974, IN GRENADA ON CHARGES OF "ACCESSORY TO MURDER" STEMMING FROM THE RECENT KILLING OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PRIME MINISTER ERIC GAIRY'S "MONGOOSE" SQUAD.

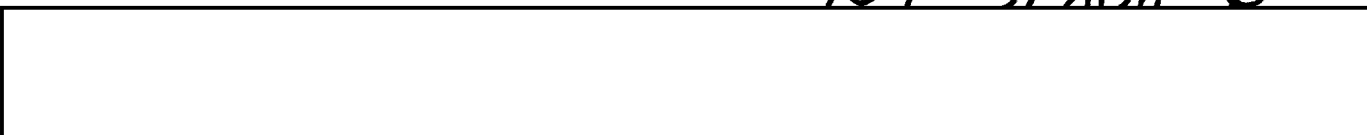
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[redacted] COMMENTED THAT BISHOP AND THE NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT ARE ENGAGED IN A POLICY OF PASSIVE, NON-VIOLENT RESISTANCE TO GAIRY'S GOVERNMENT AND ARE SEEKING CHANGES VIA LEGITIMATE POLITICAL MEANS.

ADMINISTRATIVE

RE WFO TELETYPE, MARCH 25, 1974.

157-31808-6



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END PAGE ONE

Airtel

4/18/74

To: SACs, Charlotte
Detroit
Memphis
New York
Tampa
WFO

1 - [redacted]

From: Director, FBI

MAURICE BISHOP
EXTREMIST MATTER - BLACK EXTREMIST

[redacted]

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per ReButel 3/11/74 to New York, Charlotte, Detroit and
WFO; WFOtel 3/11/74 to Detroit, New York and Charlotte; Butel
to Memphis 3/15/74; WFOtel 3/22/74 to Memphis, Charlotte,
New York, Tampa and Detroit; and WFOtel to New York and Tampa
3/25/74.

All referenced teletypes pertained to the activities
of the subject in the United States and mentioned an individual

[redacted] reportedly [redacted]
[redacted] supports the New Jewel Movement

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REC-7 157-31808-7

[redacted] has furnished
information classified [redacted]

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[redacted]

- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
- Dep. AD Inv. _____
- Asst. Dir.:
- Admin. _____
- Comp. Syst. _____
- Ext. Affairs _____
- Files & Com. _____
- Gen. Inv. _____
- Ident. _____
- Inspection _____
- Intell. _____
- Laboratory _____
- Plan. & Eval. _____
- Spec. Inv. _____
- Training _____
- Legal Coun. _____
- Telephone Rm. _____
- Director Sec'y _____

[redacted]
(14) [redacted]

MAILED 7
APR 17 1974
FBI

SEE NOTE PAGE TWO

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54A [redacted]

MAIL ROOM TELETYPE UNIT

Airtel to SAC, Charlotte Et Al
RE: MAURICE BISHOP

who reportedly is involved in the New Jewel Movement of
Grenada. [REDACTED]

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b7E

[REDACTED]

All recipients attempt to develop information regarding the activities of the subject and Milne while in the United States, including any contacts with U. S. black extremists. Keep in mind the possibility that their activities may be in violation of Federal law, including the Registration Act and the neutrality statutes. Submit all information developed in form suitable for dissemination.

NOTE:

Bishop has been in the United States and Canada attempting to obtain support for the efforts of his organization, the New Jewel Movement, to overthrow the government of Premier Gairy of Grenada. He met an individual [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] in Washington, D. C., and the field is attempting to identify this person.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Washington, D. C. 20535
April 17, 1974

~~SECRET~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

MAURICE BISHOP
NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT (NJM)
UNITED GRENADIANS (UG)

This investigation is based on information from a confidential source which indicates that Maurice Bishop is a leader of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) in Grenada, an organization whose stated objective is the liberation of the people of Grenada by the overthrow of Prime Minister Eric Gairy. According to this source, Bishop has travelled in the United States and Canada during March, 1974, soliciting funds for the NJM.

A second confidential source advised Bishop spent

[Redacted]

1) 1:00 p.m. - Bishop met with [Redacted] ^{DC}

[Redacted]

2) 3:00 p.m. - Bishop visited [Redacted]

[Redacted]

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This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

Classified by [Redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category 1 and 2
Date of Declassification - Indefinite

Sources whose identities are concealed herein have furnished reliable information in the past except where otherwise noted.

157 - 31808-9

ENCLOSURE

MAURICE BISHOP

~~SECRET~~

- 3) 8:00 to 11:00 p.m. - Bishop held a meeting [redacted] There were approximately twelve people in attendance, including [redacted]
- 4) 11:00 p.m. to midnight - Bishop visited an unidentified individual [redacted] It was ascertained by source that this individual gave Bishop a check.
- 5) 12 midnight to 3:45 a.m. Bishop attended a party [redacted] There were approximately 100 people in attendance at the party which was held in the basement recreation room of this residence.

A third confidential source advised that Bishop spoke to a group of Caribbean area students at the Student Center Board Room, Howard University, WDC, on March 10, 1974. His appearance at Howard University was sponsored by the Caribbean Unity Conference. Bishop spoke of the current situation in Grenada, both political and economic, and of the struggles of the NJM against Gairy's government.

The second source advised Bishop left WDC at 7:00 p.m., March 10, 1974, for New York City. Bishop gave his address as St. George, Grenada, P.O. Box 164. Source advised [redacted]

This source advised that during Bishop's visit, [redacted]

Source described [redacted]

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MAURICE BISHOP

~~SECRET~~

This source advised that in both visits to WDC, Bishop, in conversation [redacted] talked about the possibility of revolution in Grenada saying that unless major changes take place in Gairy's government that revolution is a real possibility. The NJM would need men, arms, and foreign aid to wage a revolution, according to Bishop. He stated the NJM now has approximately 300 members and supporters, that they have a limited number of weapons at their disposal, an undetermined number of AK-47's rifles and verbal support from Cuba and Communist China.

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[redacted]
[redacted]
[redacted] This, according
[redacted], would be necessary if a revolution occurred,
because the NJM [redacted]

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[redacted]
but both think armed violence could erupt as soon as May, 1974.

Source advised Bishop [redacted]
[redacted] where during his recent visits to Montreal and Toronto he spoke to crowds of approximately 3,000 people and collected \$18,000 in contributions. Source learned that Bishop did receive several contributions of undetermined amounts while in WDC.

Source has received no information which would indicate that there is a formal organization in WDC supporting Bishop and the NJM. The source did learn that the Caribbean Unity Conference which compiled the following document entitled "Facts on the Grenada Crisis" was evicted from office space it had maintained at 2207 14th Street, N.W., WDC.

FACTS ON THE GRENADA CRISIS

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-17-2023 BY [redacted]

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Compiled by:

Caribbean Unity Conference, Washington D.C.

The Caribbean island of Grenada with an estimated population of 120,00 is due to receive independence from Britain on February 7, 1974. Traditionally, for countries gaining independence, it is usually a time for rejoicing, but however for Grenada this promises to degenerate into an 'Independence Massacre' because of the forces that have been set in motion. The situation in Grenada has been brought about by political, social and economic conditions that are today prevalent throughout the Caribbean. The following facts give an outline of the current crisis:

1. The New Jewel Movement, an organisation whose stated objective is the liberation of the people of Grenada called on Premier Eric Gairy to resign on the basis of 27 charges which included violence, corruption and mis-management of Government.
2. Premier Eric Gairy responded to those 27 demands by promising to bring 54 charges against the New Jewel Movement, these including treason and sedition.
3. Violent threats were issued by Premier Gairy to the Movement and its supporters.
4. Six members of the New Jewel Movement, [redacted] Maurice Bishop, [redacted] were attacked and brutally beaten by Premier Gairy's "secret police" (better known as the notorious 'Mongoose Gang'). The victims were subsequently denied legal and medical assistance; were forced to clean up their blood which flowed in the city jail; and were then told that they would have to drink this. [redacted] Bishop, [redacted] had to be flown to Barbados and Trinidad for a series of major operations.)

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5. Thousands reacted sharply to this naked show of violence on the part of the Government. Protesting Police brutality, an ultimatum for the Government to resign or face an island-wide strike at the end of December was incorporated in a no-confidence resolution passed by representatives of 22 organisations, - trade union civil servants, teachers, etc.

This Committee of 22 comprised the following: The Grenada Technical and Allied Workers Union, Grenada Civil Service Association, Seamen and Waterfront Workers' Union, Grenada Union of Teachers, The Commercial and Industrial Workers Union, The Progressive Labour and General Workers Union, Grenada Hotel Association, Grenada Employers Federation, The Chamber of Commerce, Grenada Medical Association, Grenada Law Society, Grenada Masters and Mistresses Association, Grenada Jaycees, the Lions Club, the Rotary Club, Gas Dealers Association, League of Concerned Citizens, Taxi Owners and Drivers Association, the Inter-Church Council and Church heads.

6. In true spirit of Caribbean unity, other Caribbean peoples responded positively to the plight of their Grenadian Brothers and Sisters. For example; 1) The Oilfield Workers Trade Union (Trinidad and Tobago), led by George Weekes, initiated an embargo on oil and oil products to the island. Venezuela later took similar action. 2) The dockworkers in Barbados and Trinidad have refused to handle any goods going to or coming from Grenada. 3) Among other Caribbean organisations, the following have publicly expressed support for the liberation struggle: ASCRIA (Guyana), Afro-Caribbean Liberation Movement (Antigua), National Joint Action Committee (Trinidad and Tobago), Organisation of Black Cultural Awareness (St. Vincent) and People's Progressive Movement (Barbados).

7. Because of his quest for independence from Britain, Premier Gairy stated that he had conceded to several demands of the New Jewel Movement and the Committee of 22. These included the total disbanding of police aides (the Mongoose Gang, now 1,200 in number); the setting of a Commission of Inquiry to investigate allegations of brutality; and the placing on leave.

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8. In radio broadcasts and public meetings, Premier Gairy made it perfectly clear that he tolerated certain actions because HIS independence from Britain was at stake. At a mass meeting held in the Market Square, St. Georges, on December 23, 1973, the 'Prime Minister-designate' emphatically stated that since the documents for independence had been passed in the British Houses of Parliament and signed by the Queen, Britain can no longer interfere in the local affairs of Grenada. Part of the text of this speech:

"The nonsense which I stuck, we are not prepared to tolerate it anymore."-----"Today, if anyone of you, regardless of your calling, regardless of your profession, if anyone of you should do anything to embarrass or bring down this Government, as God is above, I'll deal with you!"

9. The Commission of Inquiry responsible for looking into the crimes of the Government have recessed until after Independence.

10. Mass demonstrations are held almost daily throughout the island.

11. There is an island-wide strike which has crippled the country. There is no electricity, no telephone service, schools are closed, and most business places have shut down resulting in a shortage of food and essential services. The airport too has been closed.

1. Mr. Rupert Bishop, father of Maurice Bishop, and a one-time Gairyite was gunned down by the Mongoose Gang recently. He was then chopped across the stomach before being dragged through the streets.

SUPPORT THE GRENADIAN LIBERATION STRUGGLE !

13. At the same time as the above incident, the President of the Housewives Assoc. had to jump 30 feet from a building and dodge flying bullets while running through sewerage canals to save her life. She eventually sought refuge in a convent before fleeing the country. Three nuns from this convent, one of whom is the Principal of a striking high school were subsequently ordered to leave the country.

14. Because of the squandermania practices of the Gairy regime, Grenada's treasury is now empty and consequently civil servants and even his police forces are not being paid. Gairy has thus instructed the latter to get their living from those businessmen who oppose him. The result - wide-spread POLICE looting on striking businesses.

15. Premier Gairy has posted an order for [redacted] Maurice Bishop, [redacted] "dead or alive." They and other members of the Committee of 22 are therefore now in hiding.

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16. By questioning her 'sanity' and 'integrity', the people of Grenada forced the Governor, Dame Hilda Dymally to threaten the Government with her resignation if she did not receive a vote of confidence from the people. Obviously furious at this apparent encroachment of his power, Gairy thundered that it was his "perogative to recommend a Governor" and that Dame Hilda's action was, "an attempt to remove the authority.... from his hands to those of the people." He then hurriedly asked the Queen to terminate her services.

17. In the light of the present situation the Queen would not be sending any representatives to the Independence celebrations. However her Government has granted Grenada a gift of \$50,000 in addition to a loan of \$5 million!

18. The State Department of the U.S. Government has issued a call for all Americans on the island to leave immediately, at the same time, strongly discouraging any citizen from going there.

19. Yet both the British and U.S. have battle-ships cruising the area, "carrying out ROUTINE exercises."

20. On the other hand though a Caribbean Head of State has spoken quite clearly on the issue. In the Miami Herald, October 29, 1973 Prime Minister Errol Barrow, Barbados stated:

"Grenada is not becoming independent, Gairy is becoming independent. He is getting complete freedom of action without any supervising force. I make a distinction between Gairy's independence and the independence of the people of Grenada."

Grenadians fleeing the terror of Gairy's regime have sought asylum in Barbados and Trinidad.

21. But the mass of the people remain and are steadfast in their struggle. It is our revolutionary task to support them!

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-17-2023 BY [redacted]

b3
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b7E

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 4/23/74

FR [redacted], TAMPA [redacted] (P)

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM - BLACK EXTREMIST

[redacted]
ReWFO nitelet to Bureau dated 3/25/74, Bureau routing slip to Tampa dated 4/17/74, and Bureau airtel to Charlotte and other offices dated 4/18/74. *Den 7*

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies and for receiving offices one copy of an LHM dated and captioned as above.

TP T-1 is [redacted]

LHM is being classified secret inasmuch as information furnished [redacted] was thus classified.

On 3/29/74, the records of the Hillsborough County Voter's Registration Office were checked for identifying data regarding James Kendrick Milne with negative results.

On 3/29/74, the records of the Marriage License Department of the Hillsborough County Courthouse were checked for any information regarding the marriage of James K. Milne [redacted] with negative results.

On 3/29/74, the records of the Law Department of the Hillsborough County Courthouse were reviewed for any information regarding divorce between James K. Milne and [redacted] with negative results.

Tampa will continue investigation to determine if the [redacted] is identical with [redacted] in referenced Bureau airtel.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
- 1 - Charlotte (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Detroit (Enc. 1)
- 1 - Memphis (Enc. 1)
- 1 - New York (Enc. 1)
- 1 - WFO (Enc. 1)

MAY 1 1974
(1 - 109-10)

(10)

2 - Criminal
1 - INS
1 - State
1 - SS
5/6/74
600/10
1 - 6 280/13

16 APR 26 1974

[redacted]
REC-30

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

b6
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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Tampa, Florida
April 23, 1974

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~SECRET~~

MAURICE BISHOP

TP T-1.

[Redacted]

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has advised that

[Large redacted block]

A review of the [Redacted] disclosed [Redacted] and subscribing to telephone number [Redacted]

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~~SECRET~~

Classified by [Redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category 2
Date of declassification Indefinite

Sources whose identities are concealed herein have furnished reliable information in the past except where otherwise noted.

~~SECRET/WARNING NOTICE-SENSITIVE INTELLIGENCE SOURCES AND METHODS INVOLVED/NO FOREIGN DISSEMINATION~~

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE 157- 31808- 11

b6
b7C

Airtel

4/25/74

To: Legat, Ottawa (157-502)

From: Director, FBI (157-29981)

1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]
1 - [redacted]

NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT
EXTREMIST MATTER

[redacted]

[redacted]

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Reurairtel 4/9/74 enclosing a [redacted]

[redacted] letter dated 4/4/74 and blind memorandum dated 4/3/74.

b7D

The following observations are made in response to the [redacted] request in referenced letter for Bureau comments on the information it furnished.

The information regarding the activities of Maurice Bishop in Canada generally parallels the information regarding his activities in the United States, the details of which have been furnished [redacted] in Washington, D. C., since that office originally advised us of Bishop's travel in the United States. Included in the information developed by Bureau sources was information that [redacted]

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[redacted]

1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)

1 - 157-Maurice Bishop

CEG:fb (8)

DUPLICATE YELLOW

157-31808-
SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

MAY 1 1974

55 MAY 7 1974

157-29981-8

Airtel to Legat, Ottawa
RE: NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT
157-29981

[REDACTED]

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[REDACTED] The PAC is not known to have any substantial funds and the SPAC is currently requiring delegates and observers to the Tanzanian conference in 6/74 to pay their own ways which will, of course, severely restrict both the size and the desired diversified makeup of those attending. The number of people who can afford the expense of from \$1,000 to \$2,000 to attend the conference is not large and would be virtually all upper middle class. An advance payment of \$200 is being required to arrange transportation which to date has not been arranged. The chartered plane originally planned may now be replaced by commercial flights which will raise the costs for delegates and observers. With the Congress scheduled within two months, it seems certain that any funds available to the SPAC, in the United States at any rate, would be used to firm up travel arrangements for United States participants since they must get there if the Congress is to have any real significance as far as the United States is concerned.

The information in referenced communications has been furnished to the appropriate offices with instructions to develop information regarding Bishop's activities in the United States. You will be furnished the results when completed for transmittal [REDACTED]

b7D

NOTE:

Bishop is a Grenadian revolutionary attempting to overthrow the present Government of Grenada under Premier Eric Gairy. Bishop visited the United States and Canada in 3/74 to solicit funds, bring people up to date on the situation in Grenada and persuade various government representatives not to recognize Gairy's government in Grenada which became independent of Great Britain on 2/7/74.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 5/23/74

FROM [redacted] DETROIT (157-10534) (RUC)

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM - BE

[redacted]

[redacted]

[redacted]

b3
b7E

Re Bureau airtel to Charlotte, dated 4/18/74.

Enclosed for the Bureau are eleven copies of an LHM, dated and captioned as above. The dissemination of the additional six copies of the LHM is left to the discretion of the Bureau.

Detroit sources contacted were as follows:

[redacted]

[redacted]

b7D

Detroit is placing this matter in a RUC status, but will immediately advise the Bureau, should information be received on subject, New Jewel Movement or JAMES MILNE.

- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 11) (RM)
 - 1 - Detroit
- (3)

ENCLOSURE

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REC-24
EX-113

157-31808-14

9 MAY 28 1974

NO DISSEMINATION

[redacted]

*airtel
6/6/74*

[redacted]





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Detroit, Michigan
May 23, 1974

Re: Maurice Bishop

Maurice Bishop is a leader of the New Jewel
Movement (NJM) in Grenada.

The NJM is a group of
individuals in Grenada who are
attempting to overthrow the
Government of Eric Gairy.

In April, 1974 and May, 1974, contact with
sources who are knowledgeable concerning extremist activities
in the Detroit, Michigan, area failed to reflect any informa-
tion on Maurice Bishop, NJM, or any individuals affiliated
with the NJM or who advocate the overthrow of the present
Grenada Government.

Sources whose identities are
concealed herein have furnished
reliable information in the past
except where otherwise noted.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

157 - 31808 - 14
ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-17-2023 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C

TO : [redacted] DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM : [redacted] SAC, NEW YORK (157-11637) (C)
SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM-BN
[redacted]

DATE: 5/30/74

ReBuairtel, dated 4/18/74^{per 7}.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above. Re LHM is not classified inasmuch as the information [redacted]

[redacted] "Secret-Warning notice-Sensitive Intelligence Sources and Methods Involved-No Foreign Dissemination," was provided by source voluntarily as an example of the character of the prime minister of Grenada.

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Re confidential source mentioned herein is [redacted]

b7D

Re other confidential sources mentioned as having been contacted in this report are identified as follows:

[redacted]

In view of the fact subject is no longer in the US, the NYO is placing this case in a closed status. Upon receipt of additional information indicating his return, the NYO will reopen its case and so advise the Bureau.

REC-49

157-31808-15

2 - Bureau (Enclosures 5)
1 - New York

ENCLOSURE

JUN 5 1974

(3) [redacted] 2 - Cini Div (ISS+SCU)

EX-110

- 1 - INS
- 2 - [redacted]
- 2 - [redacted]
- 1 - [redacted]

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54 JUN 17 1974

6/14/74





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
New York, New York
May 30, 1974

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

Maurice Bishop

This investigation is based on information which indicates that the subject is engaged in activities which could involve a violation of Title 18, United States Code, 2383 (Rebellion or Insurrection), 2384 (Seditious Conspiracy), 2385 (Advocating Overthrow of the Government), 956 and 958-962 (Neutrality Matters - including illegal exportation of war materials), 951 (Registration Act and related statutes), and/or the Act for the Protection of Foreign Officials and Official Guests of the United States.

On May 23, 1974, a confidential source in a position to furnish information in the New York Caribbean Community advised he had not heard of subject's presence in New York for several weeks. The source described Bishop had been in New York in the past months making speeches on behalf of the New Jewel Movement (NJM), the dissident movement in Grenada which opposes Grenadian Prime Minister Eric Gairy.

Source volunteered that [redacted]

b7D

[redacted]

at the hands of Gairy's secret police, the "Mongook Gang." As a matter of interest, source stated he heard a tape of the rally where this beating occurred. The source related Milne attended this Gairy Political Rally as an observer, and, upon being noticed in the crowd by Gairy who was speaking, was set upon on the latter's instructions. The source revealed Gairy's instructions in this matter were evident from the tape.

The source concluded his remarks on Milne by stating he was currently living in Florida and had not been seen in New York City.

Other confidential sources in a position to furnish information in the extremist field were unable to provide any data on Bishop or Milne when contacted in April and May, 1974.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

ENCLOSURE

157 - 31808-15

b6
b7C

FBI

Date: 6/11/74

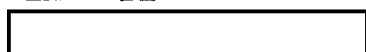
Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-31808)
FROM: SAC, DETROIT (157-10564) (P)
MAURICE BISHOP
EM - BE



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b7C



Re Bureau airtel to Detroit 6/6/74.

b3
b7E

To make information to be contained in Detroit's LHM on subject clear, it is requested that Bureau contact [redacted] to authorize the use of the following beginning paragraphs in LHM:

b7D

On 4/14/74, DE T-1, a well placed source abroad, advised that MAURICE BISHOP is the leader of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) of Grenada. On 3/14/74, BISHOP addressed the Detroit African Liberation Support Committee (ALSC) at 5511 St. Antoine Street, Detroit, Michigan. The tone of BISHOP's speech was to draw a parallel between Liberation Movements in the Caribbean and those in Africa.

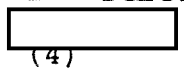
While in Detroit BISHOP was asked how equipment (arms) can be transported to Grenada. He was rather evasive in answering this question however, stated he would discuss it [redacted] at a later date. [redacted] left the impression with BISHOP that the Pan African Congress (PAC) had a substantial quantity of funds which could possibly be channeled to revolutionary organizations in the Caribbean.

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REC 109 157-31808-16

The NJM is a group of individuals on Grenada who are attempting to overthrow the Government of ERIC GAIRY.

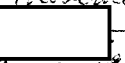
2 - Bureau (RM)
2 - Detroit



1 - Sent Follows for action 6/19/74
"Refer your letter 4/14/74 captioned 'New Jewel Movement' Request to include info as a memo for Brian as requested by [redacted]"

JUN 13 1974

Approved: [Signature] Special Agent in Charge



Sent _____ M Per 104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-17-2023 BY [redacted]

b6
b7C

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 6/28/74

FROM: SAC, WFO

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM

[redacted]
(WFO file 157-6407) (P)

NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT
EM

[redacted]
(WFO file 157-6419) (P)

Re Bureau routing slip, 6/5/74, captioned as above.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above setting out recent information regarding BISHOP and the NJM.

Confidential source mentioned in LHM is [redacted] who furnished the information to SA [redacted]

WFO will continue to target sources for information regarding captioned matter.

COPY OF ENCL. FILED

157-39981-

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- 2 - Cincinnati (ISS + SCU)
- 1 - SS
- 1 - [redacted]
- 1 - State
- 2 - [redacted]
- 1 - Let + 2 WFO to Dept + Ottawa for system 7/16/74
- 2 - Bureau (Enc. 11)
- 2 - WFO
- (4)

REC-34 157-31808-18

EX-110

JUL 2 1974

ENCLOSURE

CC TO: State VO
REQ. REC'D 5-2-83
JUN 3 1983



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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Washington, D. C. 20535

June 28, 1974

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

MAURICE BISHOP
NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT (NJM)

This investigation is based on information which indicates the subject and the above mentioned organization may be engaged in activities that could involve a violation of Title 18, U. S. Code, Sections 956 and 958-962 (Neutrality Matters-including illegal exportation of war materials), Section 951 (Registration Act and related statutes), and/or the Act for the Protection of Foreign Officials and Official Guests of the United States.

A confidential source advised Maurice Bishop is a leader of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) in Grenada, an organization whose stated objective is the liberation of the people of Grenada by the overthrow of Prime Minister Eric Gairy. This source advised Bishop visited the United States and Canada during March, 1974, soliciting funds for the NJM.

On May 20, 1974, [REDACTED] the Caribbean Unity Conference (CUC) in Washington, D. C., was interviewed by representatives of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) and furnished the following information regarding Bishop and the NJM.

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b7C

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~Classified By 4220~~
~~Exempt from GDS, Category 2~~
~~Date of Declassification Indefinite~~

Sources whose identities are
concealed herein have furnished
reliable information in the past
except where otherwise noted.

157-31808-18

ENCLOSURE

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

~~SECRET~~

b6
b7C

Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 9/16/74

[redacted]

, TAMPA (P)

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM-BE

TAMPA FILE [redacted]

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-
GRENADA
TAMPA FILE [redacted]

[redacted]

b3
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Re Tampa letter to the Bureau dated 5/21/74.

This letter is being classified secret inasmuch as information received [redacted] was so classified.

b7D

For the information of receiving offices, information was received [redacted] that an organization identified as the New Jewel Movement (NJM), a leftist political organization on the island of Grenada, West Indies, [redacted]

[redacted]

REC-75

157-31808-24

- 4-Bureau
- 2-Atlanta
- 2-Cleveland
- 2-Denver
- 2-Los Angeles
- 2-Memphis
- 2-Miami
- 2-New York City
- 2-WFO
- 2-St. Louis
- 10-Tampa

[redacted] (32)

Classified by [redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category [redacted]
Date of Declassification: Indefinite

~~SECRET~~

b6
b7C



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Detroit, Michigan
October 11, 1974

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

~~SECRET~~

Re: Maurice Bishop

This investigation is based on information which indicates that the subject may be engaged in activities which could involve a violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 2383 (Rebellion or Insurrection), Section 2384 (Seditious Conspiracy), Section 2385 (Advocating Overthrow of the Government); Title 50, United States Code, Sections 781-798 (Internal Security Act of 1950), and Title 50, United States Code, Sections 611-612 (Foreign Agents Registration Act).

On April 14, 1974, DE T-1 advised that Maurice Bishop is the leader of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) of Grenada.

On March 14, 1974, Bishop addressed the Detroit African Liberation Support Committee (ALSC) at 5511 St. Antoine Street, Detroit, Michigan. The tone of Bishop's speech was to draw a parallel between Liberation Movements in the Caribbean and those in Africa.

While in Detroit Bishop was asked how equipment (arms) can be transported to Grenada. He was rather evasive in answering this question, however, stated he would discuss it [redacted] at a later date. [redacted] left the impression with Bishop that the Pan African Congress (PAC) had a substantial quantity of funds which could possibly be channeled to revolutionary organizations in the Caribbean.

The NJM is a group of individuals in Grenada who are attempting to overthrow the Government of Eric Gairy.

~~SECRET~~

Classified by [redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category ... 2
Date of Declassification Indefinite

sources whose identities are concealed herein have furnished reliable information in the report except where otherwise noted.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

~~ENCLOSURE~~

157-31808-26

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL FBI INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-17-2023 BY [redacted] ADG

b6
b7C

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 10/23/74

FROM : SAC, WFO

~~SECRET~~

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM-BE

[redacted]
(WFOfile 157-6407)(C)

NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT
EM

[redacted]
(WFOfile 157-6419)(P)

Re WFO letter, captioned as above, 8/29/74, no copy Boston.

This letter classified "~~Secret~~" to comply with similar classification by a confidential source abroad.

For information Boston, MAURICE BISHOP is the leader of the New Jewel Movement in Grenada, a revolutionary organization whose stated purpose is the overthrow of Prime Minister ERIC GAIRY's Grenadian government. Information from a confidential source abroad indicates that [redacted]

[redacted]

A review of INS files in WDC revealed [redacted] INS file, [redacted] is currently charged (as of 7/31/64) to INS, Boston. [redacted]

LEAD

BOSTON

AT BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS. Review [redacted] file, [redacted] for information of value.

~~SECRET~~

12 OCT 23 1974

- 2- Bureau
- 2- Boston
- 2- WFO

Classified [redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

[redacted]
(6)



Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

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b7E

157-29981

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

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XEROX
NOV 21 1974

4077

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

b6
b7C

TO: [redacted] DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 10/29/74

FROM: [redacted] SAC, TAMPA

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM - BE

TP [redacted] (P)

FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS -
GRENADA

[redacted] (P)

Re TP letter to the Bureau, dated 9/16/74

Enclosed for the Bureau are five (5) copies and for MM are two (2) copies of an LHM captioned "MAURICE BISHOP" and dated as above.

On 10/9/74, an attempt was made to interview JAMES KENRICH MILNE under SAC authority. [redacted] advised that [redacted] had left Tampa on 10/3/74, for Grenada, where he will remain until the first part of December, 1974. [redacted] was very cooperative and information provided by her being furnished in enclosed LHM, along with the results of a review of JAMES KENRICH MILNE's INS file.

For the information of MM, information from a WFO confidential source indicated that [redacted]

[redacted] Investigation in TP indicated that the Universal Arms Co. is located in Miami, Fla.

- 4 - Bureau (Enc. 5)
- 2 - Miami (Enc. 2)
- 4 - Tampa (2 - [redacted])

(10)

1 - State

2 - [redacted] (ISS+SLU)

2 - [redacted]

1 - INS - let + 2 copies to Legat. Allow for action

*airtel to TP
11/12/74*

ENCLOSURE

REC-93

157-31808-28

NOV 6

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MAURICE BISHOP

Date of Birth	May 17, 1924
Place of Birth	St. George's, Grenada, West Indies
INS Number	A 31 421 598
Race	White
Sex	Male
Occupation	Merchant
Distinguishing Marks	None
Known Languages	Spanish and English
Height	5' 11"
Weight	215 pounds
Occupation	Merchant and hotelier
Tampa address	5827 Mariner Street
Grenada address	Aros Acres, St. Paul's, Grenada, West Indies

On October 9, 1974, [redacted]

[redacted] advised that [redacted] James

Kenrich Milne, had departed Tampa for St. George's, Grenada, on October 3, 1974. He has been in Tampa since November, 1973, and has returned to Grenada where he plans to remain until the first part of December, 1974. His mailing address is Post Office Box 141, St. George's, Grenada, and he will be living in the hotel he owns, the Grand Arms Beach Hotel, St. George's, Grenada.

[redacted] explained that [redacted] was born and raised in Grenada and has been interested and active in Grenadian politics for many years as a member of the Grenada National Party (GNP). She said that several years ago, the GNP lost to Premier Eric Gairy and from that time since, conditions in Grenada have continually worsened. She said that under the Gairy regime, conditions in Grenada have deteriorated to the point where it is not safe to be out after dark and one's person and property are not safe.

[redacted] explained that she [redacted] left Grenada about two years ago due to this undesirable situation and that [redacted] remained to [redacted] [redacted] owns the Grand Arms Beach Tourist Hotel and an import-export business called Grenada Limited, both of which are in St. George's, Grenada. They also

MAURICE BISHOP

own considerable acreage and several homes in Grenada. She said that [redacted] spends several months in Grenada and then comes to Tampa and spends several months with the family to rest and recuperate. She said they are trying to liquidate their possessions in Grenada and wish to settle permanently in the United States.

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[redacted] said that [redacted] has been active in opposition to the government of Premier Eric Gairy. She stated that in November of 1973, [redacted] was attacked and beaten by some of Premier Gairy's followers at his command. He was hospitalized for approximately one week and left Grenada shortly after the incident.

According [redacted] has given up all political efforts in Grenada and is interested only in liquidating his possessions there and coming to the United States permanently.

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[redacted] stated that, to her knowledge, the New Jewel Movement is a black political party in Grenada which she believes to be communist. The NJM was organized by a black man named Maurice Bishop. According [redacted] has never been affiliated with the NJM.

[redacted] stated that during this past year that [redacted] [redacted] has been in Tampa, he has not been employed. She stated that he has recently received his real estate license and upon his return to Tampa in December, 1974, he plans to work [redacted] at the Ann McMillen Realty, 5020 Cypress Street, Tampa.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO: [redacted] DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: DEC 16 1974

FROM: [redacted] SAC, NEW YORK (157-11637) (P)

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM-BE

[redacted]
FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS - GRENADA

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ReNYlet to Tampa, dated 11/29/74.

This letter is being classified "~~Secret~~" inasmuch as information received [redacted] was so classified.

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For the information of Newark, MAURICE BISHOP has been identified as a leader of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) in Grenada. New Jewel Movement is the dissident movement in Grenada which opposes Grenadian Prime Minister ERIC GAIRY. A confidential source ^{Adcock} advised that a wealthy white hotel owner from Grenada named JAMES MILNE is in sympathy with NJM and BISHOP, but is no longer active in Grenadian politics as a result of a beating he received on 11/18/73 at the hands of GAIRY's secret police, the "Mongook Gang".

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As a result of a subpoena duces tecum, the long distance telephone records for MILNE's telephone, were obtained and a review of these records indicate that on 12/18/73 and 12/19/73 MILNE contacted Robert Reid Associates, Inc., 1270 Avenue of the Americas, NYC.

Investigation in NYC has identified [redacted]

[redacted] above corporation and [redacted]
[redacted] telephone number [redacted]

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~~SECRET~~ EX 103 REC-37
CLASSIFIED BY [redacted] 157-31808-36
EXEMPT FROM GDS, CATEGORY 1
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

- 1-Bureau (RM)
- 2-Newark (157-NEW) (RM)
- 2-Tampa [redacted] (RM)
- 1-New York (157-10986) (NEW JEWEL MOVEMENT)
- 1-New York

DEC 19 1974

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[redacted] (8) [redacted]

3 1975



REC-102

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/18/75

FROM : [redacted] SAC, TAMPA (P)

SUBJECT: MAURICE BISHOP
EM - BE

[redacted]
BUREAU FILE: 157-31808
TAMPA FILE: [redacted]

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FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS -
GRENADA
BUREAU FILE: [redacted]
TAMPA FILE: [redacted]

Re Tampa letter captioned as above and Tampa LHM captioned "MAURICE BISHOP," both dated 10/29/74.

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of an LHM captioned "MAURICE BISHOP" and dated as above.

No copies of enclosed LHM are being furnished INS, Tampa, Fla., inasmuch as investigation has developed no derogatory information re MILNE.

No extra copies of enclosed LHM are being furnished the Bureau for dissemination [redacted] and dissemination to [redacted] being left to discretion of FBI headquarters.

JAMES KENRICH MILNE was interviewed in the Tampa Office of the FBI on 12/24/74. The results of this interview are set out in enclosed LHM. During the interview, MILNE was very cooperative.

It is noted that extensive investigation in Tampa and other field divisions has failed to indicate that MILNE is involved in any activities inimical to the security of the U. S., or to indicate that MILNE might be in violation of any statute involving the Registration Act or Neutrality Act.

- 4 - Bureau (enc. 5)
- (2 - 157-31808)
- (2 - [redacted])

157-31808-45

REC-40

- 4 - Tampa
- (2 - [redacted])
- (2 - [redacted])

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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Date of transcription 1/7/75

Fl

[redacted] JAMES KENRICH MILNE, [redacted] voluntarily appeared at the Tampa Office of the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI). He advised that he had learned [redacted] that FBI Agents had come to his home in October 1974, to interview him, but he was out of the country at the time. He had returned to the United States to spend Christmas with his family, and came to the Tampa Office so that he could answer any questions the FBI wished to ask him before he returned to Grenada, West Indies. MILNE was advised of the identity of the interviewing Agents and the nature of the inquiry, and he furnished the following information:

MILNE is a citizen of Grenada, West Indies, where he was born on May 17, 1924. MILNE served with the Royal Canadian Air Force as a navigator on bombers in Europe during World War II. After World War II, he returned to Grenada where he began an import export business called the James Milne (Grenada) Limited. Over the years, this business proved to be extremely successful and he was able to invest in approximately 236 acres of land in Grenada, the Grenadines, the Dominican Republic, in Caracas, Venezuela, and a home and several lots in Florida. He estimates that his net worth is approximately \$3,000,000.

For the past several years there has been much unrest and dissension on Grenada due to the dictatorial type actions of Grenada's Prime Minister ERIC GAIKY. MILNE has opposed Prime Minister GAIKY from the beginning of GAIKY's career in the 1950's, when GAIKY got the uneducated masses of Grenada to follow him by preaching hatred of the white population and the planters and businessmen who are largely of a lighter complexion than the masses. To carry out his aims, GAIKY has often used police brutality, threats and has instilled fear in the people. In a like manner, GAIKY has opposed MILNE and has tried on several occasions to discredit MILNE and to force him into submission. In 1972 while attending an open political rally, MILNE was severely beaten by GAIKY's special police by GAIKY's specific command. On another occasion,

Interviewed on 12/24/74 at Tampa, Florida File # Tampa [redacted]
by SA [redacted] SA [redacted] Date dictated 12/31/74

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GAIRY made several libelous claims against MILNE's character, and MILNE charged GAIRY with malicious libel for these claims. MILNE was able to win his case on appeal and this court decision cost GAIRY considerable money, and GAIRY has never forgotten this. Because of this open hostility between GAIRY and MILNE, and because of similar violent acts perpetrated by GAIRY against those who opposed him, MILNE moved his family from Grenada and settled them in Tampa, Florida. He and his family have obtained permanent resident status in the United States, and they plan to remain in the United States indefinitely. MILNE has been trying to liquidate his holdings in Grenada, but because of conditions presently on the island he has been unsuccessful in finding buyers who are willing to invest. If MILNE can liquidate his possessions in Grenada, he will reinvest his money in the United States and remain here permanently. Now, he is forced to leave his family to return to Grenada to look after his possessions and to try to sell them.

MILNE has been a member of and supported the Grenada National Party (GNP) from its inception. This party has always been opposed to Prime Minister GAIRY, and is considered by GAIRY's "labor government" as the "rightest party" and the "party of the haves."

[REDACTED] MILNE is not and never has been a member of the New Jewel Movement (NJM) in Grenada. He characterized the NJM as a communist organization whose principal leaders are MAURICE BISHOP, LLOYD NOEL and RADIX KENRICH. MILNE disclaimed any sympathies toward communism and stated that the only thing he and the NJM have in common is their mutual dislike for GAIRY and his dictatorial and oppressive government.

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MILNE said that the population of Grenada is predominately black. There are three political parties on Grenada in opposition to GAIRY: the GNP, which is headed by HERBERT BLAIZER; the NJM, which is headed by MAURICE BISHOP; and the United Peoples Party, which is headed by Dr. ETHELSTAN FRIDAY. MILNE was unaware of any Black Muslim movement on Grenada.

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MILNE believed that the only political group in Grenada that could be considered communist is the NJM. MILNE has heard that the NJM has received some financial support from a leftist organization based on Trinidad, and known to him only as the NJAC. MILNE knew of no financial support from the United States or from Canada that was going to the NJM, and has not heard of any group in the United States called the Washington, D.C. Support Committee. MILNE has given support to the NJM by joining with them in demonstrations against GAIKY, and by furnishing them the use of one of his vacant buildings for their purposes. MILNE noted that he previously had given the GNP use of this same building for their purposes. MILNE has since requested the NJM to give him back his building, but they have not done so as yet. Since the building was previously unoccupied, the current occupancy of the NJM represents no financial loss to MILNE. MILNE is not offering the NJM any other financial help, other than the use of the above building.

Prime Minister GAIKY controls all of the unions on Grenada except the Seaman's Union and the Waterfront Union. The Seaman's and Waterfront Unions, along with most of the planters and businessmen on Grenada are opposed to GAIKY. A group of these businessmen, planters and leaders of the Seaman's and Waterfront Unions united and formed a group which was known as the Committee of Twenty-two to protest GAIKY and his brutal police tactics. This group was formed just prior to November 1973, when Grenada was to gain its independence. This group opposed independence under GAIKY or, in fact, any government under GAIKY. As a result of the efforts of this committee, a large scale strike took place on Grenada which froze almost all shipping into or from the island. The island's economy was severely crippled for several months. As a result of this strike, a special commission of inquiry into the acts of police brutality and denial of legal rights by the GAIKY government was set up. The chairman of this commission is [redacted] Kingston, Jamaica. [redacted] head of the legal faculty at the Mona Branch of the University of West Indies and one other individual, whose identity was unknown to MILNE, made up this commission. MILNE himself was called before this commission and furnished information against GAIKY. From information available to MILNE, the commission has just about finished its inquiry and although the results have not been publicized, MILNE understands that it will not be favorable towards GAIKY. MILNE opined that even if the commission's report condemns GAIKY's brutality and denial of

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civil and legal rights, GAIRY will disclaim the commission and continue in the same manner. MILNE feels that conditions are deteriorating fast in Grenada. He understands that many of GAIRY's close supporters are becoming disenchanted with his form of government, and many of them are turning against GAIRY. MILNE feels that the time is soon when the people of Grenada will refuse to have GAIRY as their leader, and will demand him to leave. MILNE does not feel that GAIRY will do so easily, and that there will probably be bloodshed. MILNE is against dictatorships in any form and is tired of the unrest on Grenada. As soon as he can liquidate his assets on Grenada he plans to permanently move to the United States. MILNE has never owned a yacht named La Paloma. A yacht by that name has been to Grenada, and MILNE has been aboard her one or two times. MILNE used to own a 36 foot Century Sport Fisherman but sold it about one year ago. This ship, however, had been inoperable about two years prior to its sale.

The following description of MILNE was obtained through interview and observation:

Name:	MILNE, JAMES KENRICH MILNE
Sex:	Male
Race:	White
Date of birth:	May 17, 1924
Place of birth:	St. Georges, Grenada, West Indies
Residences:	<div style="border: 1px solid black; width: 250px; height: 60px; margin: 5px 0;"></div>
Height:	5'11"
Weight:	190 pounds
Hair:	Graying
Occupation:	Merchant
Scars & Marks:	None

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~~SECRET~~

Re: Maurice BISHOP - Grenada

VISIT TO MONTREAL

11. On Tuesday evening, February 11, 1975 Maurice BISHOP [redacted] spoke at a meeting held at McGill University in Montreal. There were about 90 persons present [redacted]

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12. Maurice BISHOP was the first speaker. He outlined the history of Grenada since the 1950's and traced the political developments with a view to showing how the island changed from colonialism and British Imperialism under Eric GAIRY whom he described as an american imperialist puppet. He also described the change from "Plantation Exploitation" to "Commercial Exploitation" and from a "Foreign Bourgeoisie to "A Local Bourgeoisie". He also made mention of the development of the tourist industry by foreign multi-national corporations such as "Holiday Inn". He also said that American racketeers have been entering Grenada. One of these was [redacted] a white American who is a shady character and who has been given the concession for a lobster industry. This was only a front, he said. [redacted] was really shipping narcotics by stuffing them inside the lobsters. He said that [redacted] was GAIRY's friend and that they were working in concert. It would appear that [redacted] is wanted in the Unites States by either the F.B.I. or a gang which he robbed, and said that, recently, three men arrived there enquiring about [redacted]

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13. BISHOP outlined the plans of the NJM which was to educate the masses and to raise the living standards of the people by agricultural co-operatives. They had to begin from "square one" and at "grass roots" if they were to achieve real freedom and independence. They have decided to adopt scientific socialism to achieve this as it was the only way that the people could be mobilized and helped. As a result, they have divided the island into 105 village groups for agricultural co-operative programs and 57 divisions for educational purposes. GAIRY, he said, had stopped giving aid to the secondary schools except the one owned by the Government. The result was that fees rose from \$25 per term to \$70 per term and most parents found it impossible to send their children to school.

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Re: Maurice BISHOP - Grenada

14. The NJM, so far, had organized 27 co-operatives and 17 schools but were finding it difficult to obtain premises as landlords were afraid of co-operating with them. They had attempted to infiltrate the trade unions, especially the waterfront workers, but GAIRY had used several strategies and much money to defeat their purpose. They were trying to form new unions but saw little hope in that. That was why they had embarked on agricultural co-operatives and education. BISHOP did not ask for financial assistance from the audience. BISHOP mentioned that the economic conditions in Grenada were deplorable. Civil servants and teachers had not yet been paid for January and salaries were usually one month behind. Cod-fish was about \$4 per pound, a tin of salmon was about \$2.50 and sardines were being sold at \$0.69 per tin. The situation, he said, was rapidly deteriorating and he blamed U.S. Imperialism for the state of affairs. GAIRY, he said, was doing nothing to ameliorate the situation.

15. The next speaker was [redacted] who informed the people of the struggle of blacks in Africa against imperialism and neo-colonialism.

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16. While in Montreal BISHOP stayed at residence [redacted] BISHOP was also in contact [redacted]

17. At 1:30 PM February 12, 1975 BISHOP left Montreal for Washington D.C., via Delta Airlines Flight #215 enroute New York City.

18. The foregoing information was obtained from reliable sources. No action is to be taken which would jeopardize the sources. No dissemination of the above material is permitted with the exception that information contained in paragraphs 11-15 inclusive may be further disseminated for official purposes providing the originator is not identified.

COMMENT

19. The most significant comment which can be made concerning BISHOP's visit is that at no time did he discuss the violent overthrow of Prime Minister GAIRY's government nor any other extreme measures as was the case during his February 1974 visit to Canada when he predicted the NJM would successfully spearhead a revolution on Grenada. Instead, GAIRY in both open and behind the door discussions stated the NJM had nothing spectacular going on at the

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Re: Maurice BISHOP - Grenada

present. In addition BISHOP dwelled at length on the [redacted] affair in Dominica. It appears that BISHOP and the NJM have for the time being, opted in favour of conventional politics as a means of unseating P.M. GAIRY.

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FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1419601-000

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Date: 1/15/74

To: Director, FBI

(Bufile :)

Attention : _____

From: Legal Attache, Ottawa

(157-476)

re

EXP PROC

Title [Redacted]	Character EM - UGNY Reference [Redacted]
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Enclosed are the following communications received [Redacted]

Original and three copies [Redacted] 1/10/74,
together with four copies of attachment thereto

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Remarks:

Note request in paragraph 3 of letter, and dissemination restrictions in paragraph 8 of attachment to letter.

*cc. let + encls to NY + WFO for action 1/3/74.
"Bufile" contain no info. identifiable with mesh.
Both offices see Bufile 12/4/73 [Redacted] Em-BL;
[Redacted] - United Macedonians' Em [Redacted]
regarding United Macedonians. Submt info developed
in form suitable for dissemination.*

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Dissemination

- May be made as received
- May be made as indicated by stamp on enclosure
- May not be made without further clearance [Redacted]

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Following offices would be interested in receiving copies of enclosures:

WFO, New York

Status with this office:

- RUC
- Pending
- 4 - Bureau (Enc. **ENCLOSURE**)
 - (1 - New York)
 - (1 - WFO)

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57 FEB 12 1974

RECORDED
FEB 1 1974

Do not write in space below	
157-31500-1	MCT-28
6 JAN 22 1974	REC-91
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00153 JAN 27 74

ATMOSPHERE OF TENSION OVER GRENADA' Gairy called upon to resign..01

A Committee representing more than 20 separate bodies in Grenada decided at a meeting this week to give Premier Eric Gairy an ultimatum: resign by December 27 or face a general strike.

Political observers in the island believe that Gairy's tottering regime will collapse before the proposed independence for the spice island on February 7, 1974.

But a reign of terror on the island continues as radical Opposition groups and other dissidents are beaten and harassed by the Gairy's secret police.

Last month Gairy had announced his intention of disbanding the secret police but latest reports from the island indicate that members of the secret police are still seen in St. George's, Grenada's capital city, brandishing weapons and firing off pistols.

Opposition groups have charged the secret police along with regular members of the Grenada Police force for being responsible for the "Bloody Sunday" events of November 18 last when several members of the Opposition New Jewel Movement (NJM) were beaten, wounded and detained by Police when they allegedly tried to organize a businessmen's meeting.

One of the men involved in the incident was Grenada lawyer Kenrick Radix now on a North American tour to drum up support for the NJM.

In an interview with Contrast this week Mr. Radix spoke of the repression and terror tactics of the present Gairy regime.

He recalled that on the "Bloody Sunday" when himself and his colleagues were arrested by Police they were frog-marched through the streets of Grenville in the north of the island.

"At the police station we were made to kneel and using scissors and a piece of broken bottle, the police removed our Afro and whiskers. Afterwards we were made to clean up the hair on the floor of the Police station and were taunted," Radix alleged.

"Some of the men who were bleeding profusely were ordered by Police to catch their blood and collect it in a basin. They were told that they would have to drink the blood," he said.

At the police station nine men, several of them bleeding, were herded into one cell, Radix related.

Radix said that himself and the rest of the detainees in the cell were not allowed to see a lawyer or a relative - "though from where we were I could hear the voices of several people - lawyers, priests, relatives who had come to the station to inquire about the detainees."

But these people were asked to leave the police station without seeing anyone of the prisoners, Radix said.

The police also refused medical attention for the detainees, he said.

The detainees who were charged with possession of ammunition were finally freed on bail after applications were made to a judge in chambers. Magistrates had refused bail.

Earlier this week Radix met Grenadians in Toron-



Mr. Kenrick Radix speaking to students at the University of Toronto

to sympathetic to the Opposition NJM and addressed black students at the University of Toronto.

He also plans to meet his Grenadian countrymen in New York to discuss the problems in Grenada and to try to "unify Grenadian support to the NJM in New York, Toronto and Washington."

(Grenadians in Toronto have organized a "Committee for a new Grenada.")

Cecil Bullen, a Grenadian journalist in St. George's, told Contrast in a telephone conversation this week that "an atmosphere of tensions hangs over the Spice island" and that reporters were being harassed.

He said that his home was searched on more than one occasion for

arms but nothing was found.

Bullen explained that the 22-member Committee which has called on Gairy to resign included business interests, representatives of the major religious denominations on the island and trade unions.

Bullen who is a correspondent in the island for the Trinidad Express, Caribbean Business News and other publications, said that he did not expect Gairy to easily give in to the demands of the Committee.

"But the pressure is building up", he said.

Bullen agreed with the prediction of several political pundits that Gairy's regime will come to an end before February 7.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 01-25-2023 BY [redacted]

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 3/29/74

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FR: [redacted] SAC, WFO (157-6338) (P)

SUBJECT: [redacted]
EM-UGNY

Re Bureau routing slips, 1/31/74 and 3/25/74.

Enclosed for the Bureau are 11 copies of an LHM dated and captioned as above setting out information regarding the subject. The LHM is classified "~~Secret~~" as information [redacted] was so classified. It is to be noted [redacted] requested no further dissemination of information regarding [redacted]. Two copies of LHM enclosed for New York.

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The Bureau is requested to forward copies of LHM to Legat, Ottawa for dissemination [redacted]

WFO will report results of INS check when received.

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*1- information to Legat, Ottawa for action
4/8/74*

1-628 DB

REC-49

157-31500-3

ST-112

APR 2 1974

ENCLOSURE

- 2- Bureau (Enc.11)
- 2- New York (Enc.2)
- 1- WFO

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4 APR 16 1974

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
Washington, D. C. 20535
March 29, 1974

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In Reply, Please Refer to
File No.

[redacted]

This investigation is based on information from
WF T-1 which indicates the subject, [redacted]

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[redacted]

The files of the Washington Field Office of the
Federal Bureau of Investigation contain no identifying infor-
mation regarding the subject.

Contact with confidential sources familiar with certain
aspects of extremist activity in the Washington, D. C. area
produced no information regarding the subject or the United
Grenadians of New York.

This document contains neither
recommendations nor conclusions of
the FBI. It is the property of
the FBI and is loaned to your agency;
it and its contents are not to be
distributed outside your agency.

~~SECRET~~

Classified [redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

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157-317500-3

ENCLOSURE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET
FOI/PA# 1419601-000

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7 November 1973

[redacted]

[redacted]

~~ITEMS CONCERNING RACE RELATIONS~~
FROM CARIBBEAN NEWSPAPERS

1. We have been producing the attached regularly and passing them [redacted] suggested, in connection with the Caribbean Conference that you also might like a regular copy. Annual
2. The first is now attached and (unless you protest) you will receive subsequent editions at monthly intervals.

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FROM [redacted]
NOV 8, 1973

[redacted] 55

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[redacted]

[redacted]

~~SECRET~~

[redacted]

[redacted]

56 NOV 27 1973

day the Daily Chronicle published an editorial concluding "we shall allow Mr. Mentus the right to reply, and we will assure him that he will prove his point if he can produce two - only two - of his articles which did not attack the government or serve to subvert the national effort!" His reply was published on 23rd. On 18th the Daily Chronicle quoted a Reuter report which said that the "Graphic company accused him...of not showing 'sufficient tolerance and understanding of Government's policies'". In Mr. Mentus's reply he said "This is the General Manager's way of saying that I had resisted a request from him (made he said because of pressures on him from the Government) to write articles in my Sunday column praising the Government. My view was that the paper was open to all shades of opinion from all sections of the nation, but that what I wrote must be what my conscience dictates."

CARIBBEAN COMMON MARKET

On 5th the Trinidad Guardian reported that "Mr. William Demas, Secretary General of the Caribbean Community Secretariat, yesterday confirmed in Georgetown, Guyana, a report from Barbados that he is to resign his post...Mr. Demas did not disclose the time of his departure. 'I cannot say exactly when (he said) but it is inconceivable that a person would be expected to remain in a job like this for ever'." On 6th the Daily Chronicle, the Advocate-News, the Trinidad Guardian and the Express published editorials regretting his decision.

On 10th the Guyana Graphic reported from Port-of-Spain that "Grenada's Premier Eric Gairy...has told reporters that Grenada will become a member of the Caribbean Community when the island receives its independence next February."

CARIBBEAN AFFAIRS

On 21st the Trinidad Guardian reported "Chief Minister Austin Bramble's Progressive Democratic Party has been returned to power in Montserrat Legislative Assembly elections by winning five of the seven seats". On 24th the Guyana Graphic reported "whether or not to join CARICOM now appears to be one of the most urgent issues now facing Montserrat's Chief Minister". A CARICOM team, headed by Mr. William Demas, is due to visit the island from September 26-28. In an article in the Advocate-News on 16th, E.L.C. said "Mr. Austin Bramble...has been named Caribbean Man of the Year by a fellow

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*Rec'd 3/7/74
4-18-74
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CONFERENCE ON THE CARIBBEAN

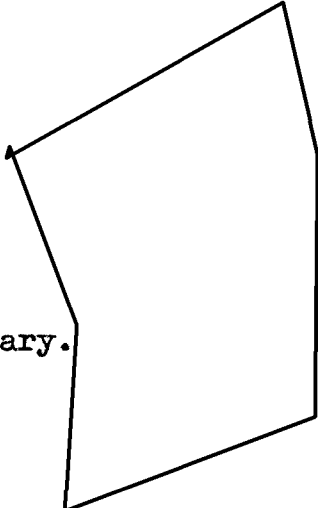
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16 April 1974

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~~ITEMS CONCERNING RACE RELATIONS
FROM CARIBBEAN NEWSPAPERS~~

We attach herewith a copy of the latest summary.



FROM [redacted]
APR 18, 1974



REC-85

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157-30716-24

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58 MAY 1 1974

February 1974

GRENADA

On 3rd the Trinidad Guardian reported from St. George's "Premier Eric Gairy today withdrew his agreement to talks with the anti-Government movement... Officials with the Caribbean Conference of Churches (CCC), which sponsored the mediation team now here, said the Premier reversed his decision without advancing any reason. Leaders of the New Jewel Movement, which heads the campaign to force Premier Gairy out of office had, in any case, made it plain that they set no store by any agreement achieved by the four-man team of mediators... Premier Gairy has made it plain to the mediation team that he will not resign. Archbishop Anthony Pantin of Trinidad said today they would still be meeting with all main parties, but there was no sign of any compromise emerging. Other members of the team are Guyanese lawyer, Miles Fitzpatrick, Mr. Burns Bonadie, general secretary of the Caribbean Congress of Labour, and Mr. Robert Cuthbert, Associate General Secretary of Christian Action for Development in the Caribbean (CADEC)." On 4th the same newspaper reported that the CCC team had returned to Barbados "without any tangible success... The team had recommended to Dr. Roy Neehall, general secretary of CCC, that the CCC should make attempt to secure action at other levels in order to guarantee that human rights and freedoms be protected both now and after independence day."

Reporting from London on 6th the Advocate-News said "The British Government today turned down suggestions in Parliament that it should postpone the independence of the troubled Caribbean state of Grenada set for Thursday... Britain planned to give £2,250,000 worth of aid to the island over the next three years. But Grenada had recently had a liquidity crisis and had asked for financial assistance."

On 8th the Trinidad Guardian reported "Mr. Maurice Bishop... Joint Co-ordinating Secretary of the New Jewel Movement, was arrested by armed Police a few hours before Grenada became independent. He was later charged with illegal possession of arms... The arrest of Mr. Bishop and the burning of a house owned by barrister Mr. Michael Sylvester, were the only pre-Independence incidents on Wednesday night." On 9th the Advocate-News reported that at a press conference "Eric Gairy of Grenada said today that plans to assassinate him were found in the home of a member of the

executive of the anti-government New Jewel movement leader... The Premier added 'There is a definite connection between the Jewel and outside subversive agents. These were plans to assassinate me by an outside Communist source.'

On 19th the Advocate-News reported "A six-man ~~Friends of Grenada~~ ^{G.R.P.} committee has been set up in Barbados to solicit aid for Grenadians struggling for human rights in their newly independent country. Archdeacon Frederick Layne is the chairman of the ~~committee~~ ^{Friends of Grenada} which comprises Rev. Vivian ~~Commissiong~~, Mr. Julian ~~Marryshow~~, Dr. Sonia ~~Renwick~~, Mrs. A.I. ~~Rock~~ and attorney-at-law Mr. Jack ~~Dear~~, QC" On 22nd the same newspaper reported that electricity workers in Grenada "voted to return to work yesterday and power was restored... Telephone workers who, like the electricity workers are covered by the Technical and Allied Workers' Union, are also back on the job."

In an article in the Trinidad Guardian on 10th Dr. Basil ~~Ince~~, Senior Lecturer at the Institute of International Relations, said: "The four independent Commonwealth Caribbean States have remained silent on the Grenada situation. This non-action has been the diplomatic move taken by these states...even a neutral statement, they believed, would have laid them open to the charge of interference in the internal affairs of a sister state. To date, and especially at the United Nations, the Commonwealth Caribbean States have unalterably refrained from commenting on the domestic affairs of any of the Associated States...Without doubt, the Commonwealth Caribbean States have political and moral obligations with respect to the treatment of Grenadian citizens in Grenada. If this is not obvious to the leaders of the Commonwealth Caribbean States then all the talk of Caribbean co-operation, Caribbean integration, CARIFTA, CARICOM, etc. rings hollow...The author holds the view that the Commonwealth Caribbean States should have issued a statement supporting the maintenance of fundamental human rights for Grenadians...The Grenada situation has brought into sharp focus the issue of proper machinery for conflict resolution in the Caribbean...This is a situation that should be rectified by the creation of a political section in the CARICOM Secretariat in Georgetown."

There was much editorial comment, particularly in the Express which published eight editorials, all taking an anti-Gairy line. On 2nd the Daily Chronicle commented "Several times within the past weeks there have been the usual timid souls wondering whether 'the time is ripe' for Grenada's independence and hopefully looking to

Whitehall and the Queen to intervene. If Grenada's independence is postponed, suspended or otherwise put back or cancelled we would be in the forefront of the protests against Britain's high-handed action. Gairy's bungling notwithstanding, a man has a right to be free; a country no matter how small, how poor or how seemingly unstable has a right to independence if it wants it." On 3rd the Advocate-News commented "He will have to get the co-operation of the citizens of the country if Grenada is ever to flourish...Mr. Gairy will inevitably be forced to listen and even act to restore the state of happiness that all Grenada deserves." On 5th the same newspaper said "No one could reasonably have expected any help from the British Government. From the beginning they have connived at the evasion of the provisions of the Grenada Constitution and have collaborated with the Gairy regime in the method of achieving independence." On 6th the newspaper published a letter from the British High Commissioner in Barbados, Mr. C.S. Roberts, saying "The method by which Grenada is achieving its independence is in fact derived not from the Grenada Constitution but from the West Indies Act 1967". On 5th the Express commented "When the middle class is moved to social protest, as happened when the Committee of 22 was formed, political leaders had better watch out. The middle class has something to lose, unlike the radicals and the unemployed, and it normally will only stand up and be counted when its sense of outrage - and its feeling of security - are brought into play. What is happening in Grenada today could happen elsewhere in the Caribbean at any time, if the people let it happen. That is why it is so important for Caribbean leaders and, indeed, the Caribbean people as well to stop standing aloof on the pretext that the Grenada crisis is an "internal affair" and to become directly involved."

TRINIDAD

The Trinidad Guardian published more excerpts from the Constitution Commission Report, concluding on the 9th. On 20th it published the reservations attached to the Report by Mr. Solomon Lutchman, a member of the Commission.

On 9th the Trinidad Guardian reported that ^{TRIN.} Abdul Malik's motion "Asking that the death sentence imposed on him for murder be set aside on the ground that it was contrary to the tenets of the Trinidad and Tobago Constitution" had been dismissed.

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CONFERENCE ON THE CARIBBEAN

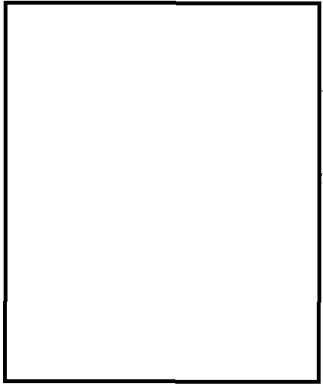
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30 May 1974

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~~ITEMS CONCERNING RACE RELATIONS
FROM CARIBBEAN NEWSPAPERS~~

We attach herewith a copy of the latest summary.



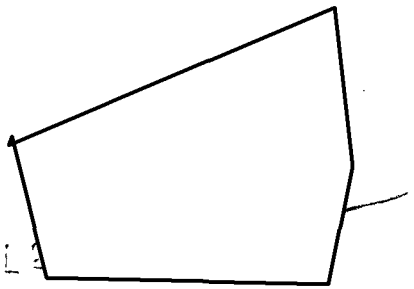
FROM [redacted]
JUN 24, 1974

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REC-88

157-30716-28

*Forwarded by
6/24/74*



JUL 2

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the official and other levels - over the attitude of the Canadian media and immigration officials towards persons from this country who travel to Canada to study. Reports coming out of Canada assert that there seems to be a concerted effort by the newspapers and the television stations of that country to single out Guyanese for glaring publicity when they come up against the immigration laws...The reports indicate that the matter has reached such an alarming stage that there is no doubt that the Guyanese High Commissioner to Canada, Dr. Robert Moore, will have to step in urgently and hold discussions with the ^{GUYANA} officials of that country. One source explained that for some reason the Canadian authorities and the mass media there have been led into believing that Guyana is a country from which people want to escape and that Canada is the country to which they turn their attention."

On 29th the Advocate-News reported "Caribbean black militant leaders ended a series of talks in Barbados yesterday with a two-hour exposition of their stands on issues facing the region, and an affirmation of the importance of the upcoming Pan African Congress. The militants are members of a special committee assigned the task of laying the ground-work for Caribbean representation at the Congress slated for Tanzania June 19-27. And the list of people who attended the Barbados preparatory meeting...reads: Geddes Granger and Dave D'Arbeau (Trinidad and Tobago); Robert (Bobby) Clarke (Barbados); Eusi Kwayana and Base Omo (Guyana); Tim Hector (Antigua); and Maurice Bishop (Grenada)...About the Pan-African Congress, all leaders agreed that it will be the most significant event for black people in recent times."

GRENADA

On 6th the Advocate-News reported that "The Grenada Government will ask the University of the West Indies and Commonwealth Caribbean countries for assistance to restructure and revitalise its secondary education system".

On 14th the Trinidad Guardian published an interview with Prime Minister Gairy by Therese Mills, in which Mr. Gairy said: "God has a plan for Grenada and I have the Divine Assignment to carry out the plan...Are you asking how long it will be before I leave the power and take the glory? In other words how long again before I give up the Government and become Governor-General? That is not in my hands but in the hands of the Cosmic God, and as for those calling for me to go, our party is so entrenched that I pay no attention to them."

Therese Mills GRENADA
(Apr 1974)

The same newspaper on the same day published an interview, also by Therese Mills, with Maurice Bishop, Joint Co-ordinating Secretary of the Grenada New Jewel Movement. He said: "The 1972 elections, which Gairy claims gave him ^{Grenada B.A.R.P.} an overwhelming mandate, can more properly be described as an electoral coup d'etat. Two weeks before the elections the boundaries were changed, the electoral lists were not seen by the people, transparent ballots were used, which is against the rules in a secret ballot, and 18-year-olds were denied the vote even after both Houses had passed the law."

CARIBBEAN AFFAIRS

From 2nd to 13th the Daily Gleaner published excerpts from 'Memoirs 1938-1962' which the Late Rt. Excellent N.W. Manley began writing in June 1969".

On 20th the Trinidad Guardian reported that "St. Lucia's Premier John Compton announced that general elections would be held on May 6".

^{TRIN.} On 19th in the Express Roderick Lewis, Social Affairs Reporter, reported on a conference of Roman Catholic ^{TRIN.} priests in Trinidad. A paper 'Indigenisation - an inescapable challenge for proclaiming the Gospel of Christ' "was prepared by a sub-committee of priests and laymen. In it, the writers observed that the race question was evident, and since the 1970 demonstrations many expatriate white priests were feeling uneasy." On 20th the Trinidad Guardian reported "the Anglican Church will take a penetrating look at the educational, cultural, economic, political and social problems in the Caribbean - for possible changes - at a regional conference in June."

^{JAM.} On 29th the Daily Chronicle reported that "regional lawyers ended a two-day meeting...without reaching agreement on the establishment of a Caribbean Court of Appeal...The new President of the Organisation of Commonwealth Caribbean Bar Associations, Jamaican Queen's Counsel Norman Hill, said that apart from Guyana none of the other delegations saw the setting up of a regional Court of Appeal to replace the Privy Council as a Final Court as a matter of urgency. He disclosed that the main reason put forward was that because of its remoteness from the controversy the Privy Council was likely to be more objective and unaffected by local knowledge, which was a particular problem in the small Caribbean communities."

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DECLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY DERIVED FROM:
FBI AUTOMATIC DECLASSIFICATION GUIDE
DATE 01-11-2023 BY: [redacted]

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8 July 1974

CONFERENCE ON THE CARIBBEAN

~~ITEMS CONCERNING RACE RELATIONS
FROM CARIBBEAN NEWSPAPERS~~

We attach herewith a copy of the latest summary.

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by

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21 JUL 19 1974

EX-112

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2/6/74

JUL 25 1974

the looting, Mr. Francis answered 'the police were afraid of the looters'. He said the police were not in a position to know what the special aides or secret police would do. None of them were attached to his department." On 16th the Express reported that Acting Police Commissioner, Osbert James "agreed...that he was wrong to swear in men with criminal records in what was known as the 'field arm of the police' last February, adding, however, that he had verbal instructions from the Cabinet Secretary, Mr. Godwin Brathwaite, to do so."

On 16th the Trinidad Guardian reported that "Grenada's Prime Minister Eric Gairy...gave evidence for five hours at a session of the hearing...restricted to lawyers connected with the probe, some witnesses and the Press...The Prime Minister said: 'I do not condone any sort of violence. I am particularly against beating any prisoner while that prisoner is in police custody'...Mr. Gairy told the Commission he was not responsible for recruiting the Police aides... 'The men responsible for actual recruiting were the senior police officers at the various police stations who would have acted in consultation with the Commissioner of Police and/or my Permanent Secretary'. Mr. Gairy said the Police aides were disbanded."

On 18th the Express reported a "classic confrontation of Premier Gairy versus Maurice Bishop, the young Grenadian lawyer he claimed planned to assassinate him and take over the Government by force... Bishop sought to introduce events as far back as 1951...The Commission then heard of the events of 1951, after ruling that it was admissible. Mr. Gairy admitted that he was convicted on a charge of disorderly conduct in 1957 and had his franchise removed for five years... Mr. Gairy admitted that he once referred to the Jewel Movement as 'solely interested in drugs and sex'...Bishop...continued to question the Prime Minister about his oft-repeated statement that he was sent by 'divine providence to rule Grenada'. Mr. Gairy replied: 'I am a mystic. We send out love waves'."

On 23rd the Trinidad Guardian reported "the opposition New Jewel Movement is now believed ready to take part in general elections - so long as 18-year-olds have the right to vote. Prominent members of the radical group have hitherto set their face against participation in elections as at present organised." On the same day the Guardian said "Prime Minister Eric Gairy has ruled out general elections in Grenada any time before the first half of 1977".

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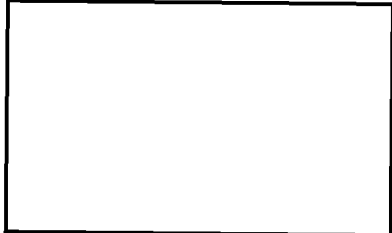
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CONFIDENTIAL

7/31/74

To: Legats, Ottawa
Caracas
SAC, San Juan

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EX-10 REG 22

From: Director, FBI (157-30716)-33

CONFERENCE ON THE CARIBBEAN
OTTAWA, CANADA
SEPTEMBER 9-11, 1974
BUDED: 8/16/74

Classified "Confidential" since the information about
the Conference was so classified [redacted]

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The [redacted] have
annually held meetings to discuss mutual investigative problems
in the Caribbean. For several years, the Bureau has met with
[redacted] representatives during these meetings. The
discussions encompass primarily black extremism in the
Caribbean, the increased contacts among Caribbean, Canadian
and U. S. extremists and Cuban-inspired activity in the
Caribbean.

This year, [redacted] will host the Conference and the
Bureau is scheduled to participate from 9/9-11/74. The
Conference will be held at the Montebello Lodge, located about
40 miles from Ottawa, Canada. [redacted] will handle the
arrangements for reservations at the Lodge. Rooms, including

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- Assoc. Dir. _____
- Dep. AD Adm. _____
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- Asst. Dir.:
- Admin. _____
- Comp. Syst. _____
- Ext. Affairs _____
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- Inspection _____
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- Laboratory _____
- Plan. & Eval. _____
- Spec. Inv. _____
- Training _____
- Legal Coun. _____
- Telephone Rm. _____
- Director Sec'y _____

MAILED 22
AUG 2 1974
FBI

CONFIDENTIAL

SEE NOTE PAGE FOUR

Classified [redacted]
Exempt from GDS, Category 1
Date of Declassification Indefinite

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1 - Foreign Liaison Unit (Route through for review)



PERS. REC. UNIT



7/31/74

F B I

Date: 8/1/74

Transmit the following in _____
(Type in plaintext or code)

Via AIRTEL _____
(Priority)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
FROM: [redacted] OTTAWA (157-519) (P)
ANNUAL TRI-AGENCY MEETING
ON THE CARIBBEAN
[redacted] FBI [redacted]
OTTAWA, CANADA
SEPTEMBER 1974

[redacted]

Re Ottawa airtel 7/25/74.

[redacted] requested to be advised whether or not
FBI attendees will need any type of technical equipment
(slide or overhead projectors, etc.) in making their
presentations at the conference.

Please advise.

Attached is copy [redacted] concerning captioned
conference.

- 3 - Bureau (Enc. 1)
- (1 - Foreign Liaison) (Direct)
- 1 - Ottawa

(4)

EX-117

REC-32 157-30716-35

20 AUG 6 1974

airtel to
8/13/74

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1419601-000

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DATE 01-19-2023 BY: [redacted]

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FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

RUEHC/DEPT OF STATE

RUEKJCS/DIA

RUEATRS/TREASURY DEPT

RUEHSE/SECRET SERVICE

RUEHFB/FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

RUEADWW/WHITE HOUSE SITUATION ROOM

RUEADWW/NATIONAL SECURITY COUNCIL STAFF

RUEOFAA/CDR JSOC FT BRAGG NC

ZEN/CIA OFFICE OF CURRENT OPERATIONS

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Off. Cong. & Public Affs.	
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Tech. Servs.	
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Director's Sec'y	

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ACTION IO-10

*United Nations Personnel - GRENADA
Delegation to The United Nations -*

INFO OCT-01 ARA-06 ISO-00 SS-15 EB-07 CPR-01 VO-03 SCA-01

GRENADA

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*Mission to the United Nations -
Grenada*

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TO SECSTATE WASHDC 9474

INFO USUN NEW YORK 0247

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62-77787-420-1*

~~LIMITED OFFICIAL USE BRIDGETOWN 1524~~

23 AUG 29 1975

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: PFOR UNGA GJ

SUBJ: SECVISIT: SPECIAL SESSION UNGA

[redacted]

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by routing slip for
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date *8-28-75*
by [redacted]

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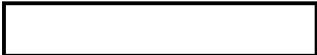
REF: STATE 174996

OCT 21 1975

[redacted]

1. PRIME MINISTER ERIC M. GAIRY OF GRENADA INFORMED AMB ON AUG 25 THAT HE WILL ATTEND 7TH SPECIAL SESSION OF UNGA ONLY FOR DAY IT OPENS (SEPT 1). GRENADIAN DELEGATION FOR REST OF SESSION WILL CONSIST OF AMB MICHAEL CAESAR, DEPUTY PERMANENT REP. TO UN, AND AMB JOSE CHAVES, PERMANENT REP TO OAS AND ADVISER TO GRENADIAN MISSION TO UN. GAIRY, CAESAR AND CHAVES ARE NOW IN US.

2. GAIRY DID NOT INDICATE THAT HE HOPED TO SEE THE PRESIDENT OR SECRETARY BUT POSSIBILITY THAT HE WILL REQUEST SUCH AN APPOINTMENT CANNOT BE RULED OUT. AS DEPT AWARE, HE HAS ON PREVIOUS OCCASIONS GONE TO THE PRESIDENT IN ATTEMPT TO SECURE AID FOR HIS COUNTRY.



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ACTION IO-10

*UNITED NATIONS
PERSONNEL*

INFO OCT-01 ARA-06 ISO-00 SS-15 EB-07 CPR-01 VO-03 SCA-01

GRENADA

PRS-01 SY-05 USSS-00 FBIE-00 [redacted] INR-07 NSAE-00

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R 261618Z AUG 75

FM AMEMBASSY BRIDGETOWN

TO SECSTATE WASHDC 9475

INFO USUN NEW YORK 0248

EX-106

REC-21

62-77767-420-2

~~LIMITED OFFICIAL USE BRIDGETOWN 1525~~

15 AUG 27 1975

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: PFOR UNGA GJ

SUBJ: SECVISIT: 30TH UNGA

NY
[redacted]
8-27-75
[redacted]

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REF: STATE 174996

OCT 3 1975

1. PRIME MINISTER ~~ERIC M. GAIRY~~ OF GRENADA HAS INFORMED AMB THAT GRENADIAN DELEGATION TO 30TH UNGA WILL BE HEADED BY PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE MRS ~~MARIE J. MCINTYRE~~ (WHO IS ALSO NON-RESIDENT AMB TO US). OTHER MEMBERS OF DELGATION WILL BE DEPUTY PERMREP ~~MICHAEL CAESAR~~ AND AMB ~~JOSE CHAVES~~, PERMREP TO OAS AND ADVISER TO GRENADIAN MISSION TO UN.

GRENADA
N.Y.

2. EMBASSY WILL INFORM DEPT OF MRS MCINTYRE'S TRAVEL PLANS WHEN THEY ARE KNOWN. BOTH CAESAR AND CHAVES ARE ALREADY IN US.



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LIMITED OFFICIAL USE

NY 525
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MESSAGE RELAY VIA TELETYPE
(RESTRICTED USE)

Date: 10/31/83

PRECEDENCE: IMMEDIATE PRIORITY ROUTINE

FM: DIRECTOR, FBI

Handwritten initials

O/S

~~FEDERAL GOVERNMENT~~

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White House/WH/Situation Room

Director National Security Agency/NSA/ "G" Ops

Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco Firearms/BATF/

Director Naval Investigative Service/DIRNAVINSERV/

Central Intelligence Agency/CIA/ DDO/LA/LAR
DDO/LA/LOF

Drug Enforcement Admin./DEA/

CIA DCD/DCD/

FAA Washington HQ/FAA/

Dept. of Energy HQS/DOEHQ/

HQ AFOSI Bolling AFBDC/AFOSI/

Dept. of Energy Germantown DIV/DOE/

INSCOM Ft. Meade/INSCOM/

Dept. of Justice/DOJ/

Nuclear Regulatory Commission/NRC/

Dept. of State/DOS/Secretary of State

U.S. Customs Service/UCS/

Dept. of the Army/DA/

U.S. Immigration & Naturalization Service/INS/

Dept. of Treasury/DOT/

U.S. Secret Service/USSS/

Defense Intelligence Agency/DIA/

Other: _____

BT

Classification: Secret

Addressee Internal Distribution

For: 602-477787-420

Subject: Foreign Security Intelligence - Cuba

See Attached

NOT RECORDED
16 NOV 16 1983

Approved By: RDI/AI

Originator: Hoyt

Tele Ext. 4605

Room/Div.: 4147 - 5

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~~NOV 16 1983~~

57 DEC 6 1983

DO NOT FILE WITHOUT COMMUNICATIONS STAMP

Vertical stamp: ORIGINAL FILED IN 602-477787-420