				RELEASE IN PART B6
From: Sent: To: Subject:	Sullivan, Jacob J <sul Wednesday, June 27, H Fw: Article on China's</sul 	2012 11:26 AM		
Importance:	High			
Fyi				
From: Sherman, Wendy R Sent: Wednesday, June 2 To: 'Denis_RMcDonough Subject: Fw: Article on Cl Article publsihed!	7, 2012 11:21 AM		>; Burns, William J; Sullivan,	Jacob J
From: Hochstein, Amos J Sent: Wednesday, June 2 To: Sherman, Wendy R; C Cc: 'Richard_M_Nephew < Subject: Fw: Article on C	Campbell, Kurt M; Einhorn, Ro		os >; 'jbordoff	
Apparently Chinese have a	already published the text on	Chinese website.		
Still need to coordinate pu	ublic messaging points.			
Those points are circulatir Sent From My BB	ng on other side			
From: Johnson, Richard C Sent: Wednesday, June 2 To: Case, Sarah C; Marcha Subject: FW: Article on C	7, 2012 11:06 AM ant, Christian M; Hochstein, A	Mos J; Marsh, Denis	se M; Polley, Mary E; Barte, Peter	R
My horrible translation or	n just a few key sentences.			
From: Johnson, Richard C Sent: Wednesday, June 2 To: Einhorn, Robert J; Sac M; Goodman, Mark W Subject: FW: Article on C Importance: High	7, 2012 11:06 AM eed, Ferial Ara; Kim-Scott, Pa	tricia; O'Donnell, Cai	itlin M; Wood, William B; DeThom	as, Joseph
Beijing found the Chinese	article. Key sentence below	with my super roug	h translations.	

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UNCLASSIFIED U.S. Department of State Case No. F-2014-20439 Doc No. C05774231 Date: 12/31/2015

据统计,今年1-5月份我国从沙特、伊拉克、安哥拉和俄罗斯等国进口原油数量增幅较大,同比分别增长13.7%、25.7%、27.2%和47.6%,而从苏丹和伊朗进口原油数量则明显下降,同比分别下降75.5%和25%。

According to calculations, this year in the first 5 months, our oil imports from Saudi Arabia, Iraq, Angola and Russia have increase substantially, compared to the previous period by 13.7%, 25.7%, 27.2%, and 47.6% respectively. Furthermore, our exports from Sudan and Iran have noticeable (significantly?) decreased, by 75.% and 25% respectively.

据向有关方面了解,今年我从苏丹、伊朗等国进口原油量比去年都将有显著减少。

According to relevant understandings, this year (in the second half), our imports from Sudan and Iran compared to last year will be reduced significantly.

From: Case, Sarah C
Sent: Wednesday, June 27, 2012 10:50 AM
To: Barte, Peter R; Hochstein, Amos J; Marsh, Denise M; Pogorzelski, Margo L; Wood, William B; Johnson, Richard C
Cc: Moy, Kin W; Carlson, Aubrey A; Marchant, Christian M
Subject: Article on China's oil imports
Importance: High

All:

Embassy Beijing just found an energy article that appears to fit what we were seeking, with a mention of Iran. See below for the Chinese version. Post is working on an informal translation right now.

Sarah

From: Deji To: Okediji, Adedeji E (Beijing) Sent: Wed Jun 27 22:33:36 2012 Subject: here is the article

My translation is in the works now...

中国成品油消费增长回落,原油进口结构变化较大

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2012-06-27 18:47:58 中国能源网 微博评论 浏览次数:40

字号:TT

据有关消息,今年以来,在经济下行压力加大的情况下,我国成品油消费增长显著回落,原油进口结构也发生了明显变化。

一、成品油消费增速回落

据初步统计,今年上半年我国成品油(包括汽油、煤油和柴油)消费量约为1.21亿吨,同比增长约3.6%,低于去年上半年7%的增速水平。汽油和煤油消费较为平稳,柴油消费则持续低迷。上半年我国 汽油消费量约3750万吨,同比增长7.4%;煤油消费量约925万吨,同比增长7.9%;柴油消费量约7470万 吨,同比增长仅1.9%。

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二、原油进口来源结构发生变化

据统计,今年前5个月我国原油进口量为1.18亿吨,增长速度略低于去年同期水平。受苏丹、也 门、叙利亚以及海湾局势影响,为保障石油安全供应,我石油企业调整了进口来源。据统计,今年1-5 月份我国从沙特、伊拉克、安哥拉和俄罗斯等国进口原油数量增幅较大,同比分别增长13.7%、 25.7%、27.2%和47.6%,而从苏丹和伊朗进口原油数量则明显下降,同比分别下降75.5%和25%。

三、全年成品油消费和进口预测

专家预测,下半年我国成品油消费增速或维持与上半年持平的水平,预计全年消费量为2.51亿吨,同比增长3.6%。鉴于下半年我国成品油消费仍将较为疲弱,主营炼厂已削减部分原油加工量,下半年 原油进口增速较上半年将有所减缓,进口结构将延续上半年的趋势,据向有关方面了解,今年我从苏 丹、伊朗等国进口原油量比去年都将有显著减少。

石油天然气频道 责任编辑: 陈明灼

-- Deji Okediji