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## NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE

FORT GEORGE G. MEADE, MARYLAND 20755-6000



Serial: MDR-103586 29 November 2021

Mr. John Greenewald 27305 W. Live Oak Rd. Suite 1203 Castaic, CA 91384-4520

Dear Mr. Greenewald:

This responds to your request of 8 February 2018 to have the enclosed document, "Final Report of the Audit on the FISA Amendments Act 702 Detasking Requirements", 24 November 2010 reviewed for declassification. The material has been reviewed under the Mandatory Declassification Review (MDR) requirements of Executive Order (E.O.) 13526. We have determined that some of the information in the material requires protection.

Some information deleted from the enclosed document remains currently and properly classified in accordance with E.O. 13526. The information being withheld meets the criteria for classification as set forth in Section 1.4 subparagraph (c) and remains classified TOP SECRET, SECRET, and CONFIDENTIAL, as provided in Section 1.2 of E.O. 13526.

Section 3.5 (c) of E.O. 13526, allows for the protection afforded to information under the provisions of law. Therefore, the names of NSA employees and information that would reveal NSA functions and activities have been protected in accordance with Section 6, Public Law 86-36 (50 U.S. Code 3605, formerly 50 U.S. Code 402 note).

Please be advised that the document responsive to your request includes information from other government agencies or departments. We have redacted that information and marked it using the Other Government Agency (OGA) code.

Since your request for declassification has been denied you are hereby advised of this Agency's appeal procedures. Any person denied access to information may file an appeal to the NSA MDR Appeal Authority. **The appeal must be postmarked no later than 60 calendar days after the date of the denial letter.** The appeal shall be in writing addressed to the NSA MDR Appeal Authority (P133), National Security Agency, 9800 Savage Road, STE 6881, Fort George G. Meade, MD 20755-6881. The

Serial: MDR-103586

appeal shall reference the initial denial of access and shall contain, in sufficient detail and particularity, the grounds upon which the requester believes the release of information is required. The NSA MDR Appeal Authority will endeavor to respond to the appeal within 60 working days after receipt of the appeal.

If you have any questions regarding this action, please contact me at 301-688-7785.

Sincerely,

Jacqueline M. Amacher

Chief

**Declassification Services** 

Encl:

a/s

## NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY/CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE



# (U) Final Report of the Audit on the FISA Amendments Act §702 Detasking Requirements

AU-10-0023 24 November 2010

DERIVED FROM: NSA/CSS Manual 1-52

DATED: 08 January 2007
DECLASSIFY ON: 20020109

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#### TOP SECRET/COMINT/NOTORN

## (U) NSA OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

(U) The NSA Office of the Inspector General (OIG) conducts audits, investigations, inspections, and special studies. Its mission is to ensure the integrity, efficiency, and effectiveness of NSA operations, provide intelligence oversight, protect against fraud, waste, and mismanagement of resources, and ensure that NSA activities are conducted in compliance with the law. The OIG also serves as an ombudsman, assisting Agency employees, civilian and military, with complaints and questions.

## (U) Intelligence Oversight

(U) The OIG Office of Intelligence Oversight reviews NSA's most sensitive and high-risk programs for compliance with the law.

## (U) Audits

(U) The OIG Office of Audits within the OIG provides independent assessments of programs and organizations. Performance audits evaluate the effectiveness and efficiency of entities and programs and assess whether NSA operations comply with federal policies. Information Technology audits determine whether IT solutions meet customer requirements, while conforming to information assurance standards. All audits are conducted in accordance with standards established by the Comptroller General of the United States.

## (U) Investigations and Special Inquiries

(U) The OIG Office of Investigations administers a system for receiving and acting on requests for assistance and complaints about fraud, waste, and mismanagement. Investigations and special inquiries may be undertaken as a result of such requests and complaints (including anonymous tips), at the request of management, as the result of questions that surface during inspections and audits, or at the initiative of the Inspector General.

## (U) Field Inspections

(U) The Office of Field Inspections conducts site reviews as part of the OIG's annual plan or by management request. Inspections yield accurate, up-to-date information on the effectiveness and efficiency of field operations and support programs, along with an assessment of compliance with federal policy. The Office partners with Inspectors General of Service Cryptologic Components and other Intelligence Community Agencies to conduct joint inspections of consolidated cryptologic facilities.



#### OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL

NATIONAL SECURITY AGENCY CENTRAL SECURITY SERVICE

> 24 November 2010 IG-11226-10

TO: DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: (U) Audit of the FISA Amendments Act (FAA) §702 Detasking Requirements (AU-10-0023) — ACTION MEMORANDUM

- 1. (U) This report summarizes the results of our audit of the FISA Amendments Act (FAA) §702 Detasking Requirements (AU-10-0023) and incorporates management's response to the draft report.
- 2. (U//FOUS) As required by NSA/CSS Policy 1-60, NSA/CSS Office of the Inspector General, actions on OIG audit recommendations are subject to monitoring and follow-up until completion. Therefore, we ask that you provide a written status report concerning each planned corrective action categorized as "OPEN." If you propose that a recommendation be considered closed, please provide sufficient information to show that actions have been taken to correct the deficiency. If a planned action will not be completed by the original target completion date, please state the reason for the delay and provide a revised target completion date. Status reports should be sent to Assistant Inspector General for Follow-up, at OPS 2B, Suite 6247, within 15 calendar days after each target completion date.

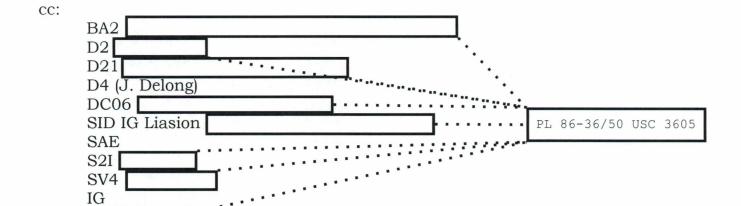
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(U) APPENDIX C: Full Text of Management Responses

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(U)	<b>EXECUTIVE</b>	SUMMARY
		•

#### (U) OVERVIEW

(8//81//REL TO USA, FVET) Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA) Amendments Act of 2008 (FAA), has strengthened Signals Intelligence (SIGINT) collection, particularly against terrorist targets. From September 2008 to March 2010, the number of SIGINT reports that incorporated FAA §702 sourced collection grew

(TS//SL//NE) Under the law, collection under FAA §702 must cease in certain circumstances, potentially resulting in a gap in coverage. To regain coverage, NSA must transition to another authority for continued collection, such as a FBI FISA Order. The Agency does not have a consistent process to ensure a seamless transition from FAA §702 authority to FBI FISA Orders. EO 1.4.(c)

(U) HIGHLIGHTS	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(U) Gaps in target coverage exist	:
(TS//SI//PEL TO USA, FVEY) Analysis of detasking for FAA §702 comp	oliance .
revealed that collection on ceased for a significant pe	riod,
examined during the audit were	not put back
on coverage after the FAA §702 collection ceased.	PL 86-36/50 USC 360
(U) Significance of	
( <del>TO//OI//NT</del> )	
	1
	I
	:
The strict rule on automatically detasking	vas
reviewed in July 2010 by the Intelligence Community and the Department	ent of Justice,

which proposed changes to procedures that subsequently were not accepted by the FISC.

(S//SI//RED TO USA, TVEY) Need for standardized process for handoff to FBI (TS//SI//NF) The Agency lacks a standardized process for transitioning to FBI FISA coverage,

(U<del>//FSUS)</del> Management Response

(U//FOUC) The recommendation is being addressed by management.

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EO 1.4.(c) OGA

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## I. (U) INTRODUCTION

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

### (U) Background

(FISA) Amendments Act of 2008 (FAA), enhances surveillance Act (FISA) Amendments Act of 2008 (FAA), enhances surveillance against foreign nationals outside the United States. By enabling more flexible U.S. carrier assisted tasking, \$702 effectively broadened access to critical targets of interest, particularly terrorists. From September 2008, when FAA was implemented, to March 2010, the number of Signals Intelligence (SIGINT) reports that incorporated \$702 sourced collection grew

(TS//SI//NS) Collection under FAA §702 must oease under certain circumstances. Detasking is required when a target is determined to be entering or to have entered the United States

Collection also must cease when a target is found to be a U.S. person (USP)

To regain coverage of such a target, collection must transition to another authority, for example, a Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) FISA Order. The transition from FAA §702 to another authority may not be seamless, thereby creating a gap in coverage and potentially causing a risk to U.S. security. This audit assessed the circumstances and extent of the FAA §702 coverage gap by examining tasking and detasking records, FBI FISA data, traffic collected and purged, and SIGINT reporting.

#### (U) FAA §702

telecommunications and Internet service providers to target non-USPs outside the United States. After the Attorney General and the Director of National Intelligence file a joint certification that certain statutory requirements have been met and the certification is approved by the FISA Court (FISC), NSA may conduct foreign intelligence surveillance of the content of communications. The certification includes an affirmation that the surveillance targets only non-USPs reasonably believed to be outside the United States. The certification is submitted to the FISC and typically is approved for one year. Acquisition under a certification must adhere to targeting and minimization procedures approved by the Court. As of August

2010. NSA was authorized to conduct FAA §702 collection under certifications.			

(U//<del>FSUS)</del> Other, FISA authorities provide alternative means to obtain collection against foreign intelligence targets when NSA must stop collection (detask) pursuant to FAA §702.

#### (U) FAA §704

(U<del>//POUO)</del> Other Acquisitions Targeting USPs Outside the United States. A FISC Order is required, but surveillance techniques are not reviewed by the court.

#### (U) FAA §705b

(U/FOUS) Joint Applications and Concurrent Applications. When a FISA Order that authorizes surveillance of a target inside the United States is in place, the Attorney General can authorize targeting while the USP is reasonably believed to be outside the United States.

#### • (U) FBI FISA Order

(S//SI//REL TO FVEY) The FBI is authorized under a FISC Order to perform searches and electronic surveillance against agents of a foreign power. Under FISC docket number (known as the Raw Take Sharing Order) dated July 2002, NSA is able to receive most FBI FISA collection.

#### (U) Increased use of FAA §702 Authority

(S//SI//RDL TO USA, FVEV) According to analysts in the Signals Intelligence Directorate (SID), collection under FAA §702 authority is productive and grew in the 19 months between September 2008 and March 2010. Increased tasking under FAA §702 authority has resulted in increased SIGINT reporting. The Agency has also experienced an increase in compliance-related detaskings of selectors.

	(U) Tasking (I) Tasking by selector increased  (U) Detasking (S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Compliance-related detasking significantly increased  (U) SIGINT reporting (S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Reporting based on collection under FAA §702 authority increased
TO LIGHT ADDITION TO LIGH	EVEN
	(S)/ SI//RDE TO VGA, INDV
Targe perso respo	A oversight of FAA §702 collection  1// NED TO USA, FVEY) In addition to the analysts' obligation to the status of their selectors, the SID Oversight and cliance Office (SV) is responsible for monitoring compliance with 1702 and tracking detasking. SV monitors selectors through all tools to ensure compliance (e.g., When a compliance problem exists, SV contacts the ting Office of Primary Interest (TOPI) and requests that its much research the selector before detasking. SV is also insible for maintaining a Protect America Act (PAA)/FAA ent database to record and track incidents and provide that mation for external oversight by the Department of Justice (DoJ) the Office of the Director of National Intelligence.

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	II. (U	) FINDING A	ND RECOMMEN	DATION		
	,	,			PL 86-36/50 U	SC 3605
	(U)	FINDING: Gaps i	n Target Covera	age Exist		
	collection, the	Agency has expe	has provided importa rienced coverage another authority.			
	THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA		ot have a consistent p 702 authority to FBI I			
(U	: I) <b>FAA §7</b> Q2 In	nplementation				
	ensurbe ou inten NSA: balan USPs	e that its collectio tside the United S tionally acquire co must also establisl ce its foreign intel	requires that NSA ad n targets are non-USP tates and to ensure th mmunications known n minimization proced ligence needs against e collection, retention,	Ps reasonable at the Agen to be purely lures that rethe privacy	ly believed to acy does not y domestic. easonably interests of	
EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 US	(U/ Amain	POUC) In certain c tain compliance winization procedure	ircumstances, NSA muth FAA §702 and appress. There are three bro	roved target	ing and	
		believed to be ov	USA, FVEY) The forei erseas, but it is subse as entered the United	equently det		
	•	(S//SI//RDL TO	ratus determined after to USA, FVEY). The targe reign, but NSA subseq SP overseas.	et is oversea		
1 (6	S//SI//REL TO U	24 <u>, 127/127</u> )				

EO 1.4.(c)

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

• (U)	7		
(C//OI//RDL TO U	OA, F	WEY) The target is foreign and	
overseas,	September 1	-	
			- 1
1			
. NSA must detask t	he ac	count from FAA §702 collection.	
(ma 1 / az / / zzm) a			
		nines that a target is a USP, is	_
roaming in the United Sta			
		ted selectors from collection under	
		related SIGINT holdings from all	
		coverage, other authorities must	
		of interest and is an agent of a	
foreign power (e.g., §704,	87051	o, and/or FBI FISA).	
· (C)*Compliance detackings	fow	in context, but potential risk is great	
" HOLLOT LIDET TO TICA	o iew i	in context, but potential risk is great	
TVEY The number of		(U#TOUO) FAA 702 detasked	
selectors that are		Selectors compared to all FAA	
detasked for		tasking and total SIGINT Selectors	
compliance reasons			
•from collection under			
FAA §702 authority is			
small compared with			
all SIGINT selector			
tasking as of March			
2010 ;			
however, loss of FAA			
§702 collection on			
potentially high-			
interest selectors,			
particularly those			
related to poses a			
risk when transition to			
alternative coverage is			
not seamless.			
. (1) 5 5 (1 5 5 5 6 7 7 7			
(U) Defining the FAA §702			
		age is the collection lost in the time	,
		om FAA §702 collection authority ar	
		other authority (e.g., §704, §705b, c	r
		coverage, a higher legal standard,	
		is required to secure a FISA order. It ay not be able to assemble facts	11
		e cause standard. The gap in	
		ction because access to the target's	
communications is interru			7
	rock	ı	١
•			

	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(U) Audit Focus on	
(U) Audit universe of FAA §702 detaskings (TS//SI//NF) To determine the extent of the coverage identified every Digital Network Intelligence (DNI) and Number Recognition (DNR) selector that was detaske with FAA §702 after enactment of the FAA in July 20 examining tasking records and PAA/FAA Incidents database, we identified relevant DNI and DNR selectors. These selectors were drawn FAA §702 certifications	l Dialed d to comply 08. By l SV's ant detasked
· (U/ <del>/FCUC)</del> Contribution of collection under FAA §702 a reporting	uthority to
(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) From September 2008 (2010, FAA §702 collection contributed to an increasing september 2008)	ng percentage ercent to
(September 2008 - March 2010)	
cedage to peca isting to be a lot of the property of the property of the period of the contract of the period of t	TO DECO SATI FEB MAT TO
EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	

	•
(11/45040) A with a small of a sma	:
(U/#F8U8) Audit sample focuses on DNI selectors	
(S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) From the universe of detasked	
DNI and DNR selectors, we identified DNI selectors for	
detailed selector-by-selector gap analysis (see Appendix B for	
scope and methodology). DNI selectors represented the large	:
majority of FAA §702 detaskings in the sample (93 percent). In	
	:
addition, selectors accounted for percent of tasked FAA	:
\$702 DNI FAA \$702 Selectors by Certification	
(ac of March 2010)	:
indicated in the	
adjacent diagram.	<del></del>
The large quantity	
C+ 1:	1:
EO 1.4.(c) of taskings and detaskings detaskings	
	1 .
coupled with the	1:
significant role of	
.FAA §702 on	1:
reporting, as well	1:
as the high•risk_	1:
that a gap in	1:
coverage poses,	1 .
prompted our	1:
	- I ·
focus on DNI	1:
detaskings.	1 :
	1:
(U) Effective	
Collection Priority	
EO 1.4. (c) (S//SI//RDL TO	:
PL 86-36/50 USC 3605  USA, FVDT To understand better the priority of tasking and	
forwarding of collection for these selectors, we obtained the	:
Effective Collection Priority (ECP) of the selectors under review	
	w
ECP is derived from two values: national SIGINT priority and	
collection precedence	
ECP values range from	
one through nine, with one being the highest priority. For the	
selectors that we identified, the average ECP was 2.52, indicating	g
that these selectors are of high priority.	5
that these selectors are of might priority.	
(U) Effect of Gaps on SIGINT Collection and Reporting	
(0) Effect of Gaps off Signal Confections and Reporting.	
(TS)//SI//NF) To determine the effects of FAA §702 detasking on	
SIGINT collection and reporting, we analyzed the selector	rs.
during a 13-month period (February 2009 to March 2010). Of	
these were put back on cover and remained off cover. Th	ie
following table shows the results of our analysis by key data	
points. The selectors are grouped by time lag between detasking	
and retasking, with some having FBI FISA coverage applied befor	
detasking (no gap) and others not being put back on cover during	ď

## AU 10 0022 EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605 the review. The results are presented by tasking and reporting as well as collection volume. The table shows the number of selectors in each group that transitioned to FBI FISA coverage. The total number of SIGINT reports to which FAA \$702 or FBI FISA collection contributed is listed. Although raw traffic totals do not indicate the quality of lost collection. The total projected collection loss by selector group was obtained Traffic purged from the system after detasking as well as pieces of traffic obtained using FBI FISA collection are also detailed. PL 86-36/50 USC 3605 Collection Coverage Gap Analysis Tasking and Reporting **Collection Volume** Gap after No. of Detasking Total **Total Estimated** No. of Purge **FBI FISA** Selectors No. of Collection Loss Selectors **Transitioned** Totals Collection Reports While off Cover to FBI FISA (U//FOUC) Time delay poses risk on productive selectors

TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORN

EO 1.4.(c)

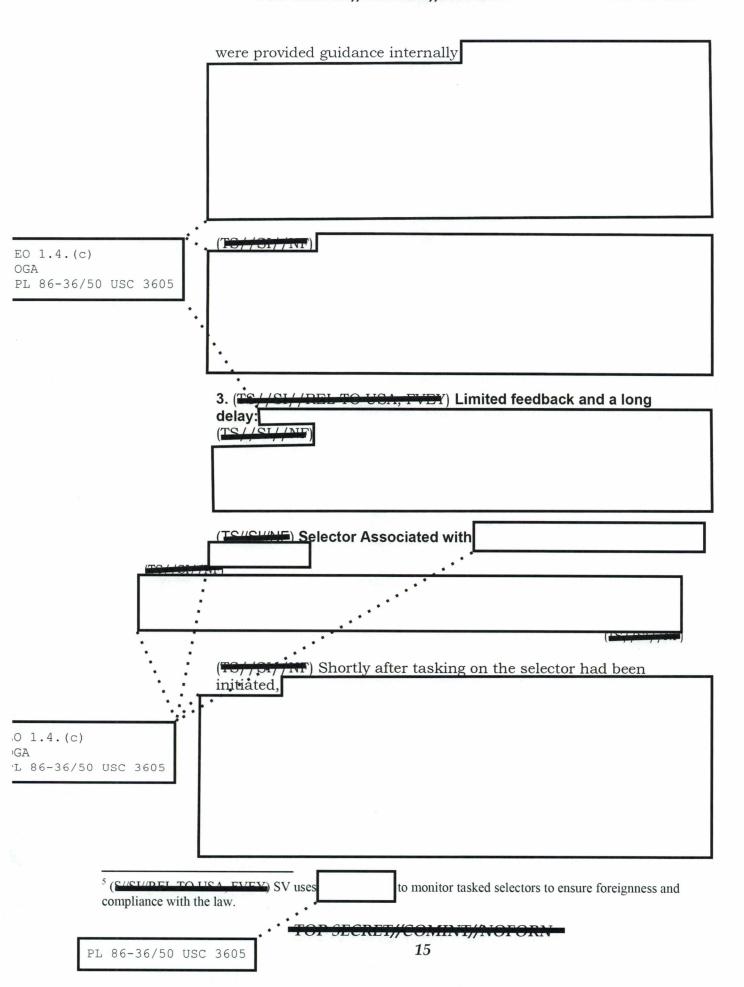
PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

TO T.4. (C)

	(TS//SI//NE) NSA, the Central Intelligence Agency, and the FBI
•	2. (TS//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Learning experience:
<i></i>	(TC//CL//NE)
EO 1.4.(c) DGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	
	(TS//SL//NE)
ı	
EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	(TS//SI//NE) (TS//SI//NE) These selectors had been placed under FAA §702 coverage because they were used by several persons associated with
EO 1.4.(c) OGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	(TS//SI//NF) analysts initially did not know who to contact about obtaining alternative coverage and were not clear about what could be obtained from FAA §705b tasking and how this
	tasking Ultimately, the analysts
4 (CUCUREL TO L	ICA, FVEX

TOT SECRETIFICATION OF CHAP



**CONCUR.** (U//FOLL) and OGC concur with OIG's recommendation. Corrective action is under way and will be completed as soon as possible, but no later than 7 February 2011.

(U) Management Response

•Successful completion within this timeframe is contingent upon direct involvement from SV and S1 as they are owners of mission components that are directly tied to the transition process (see Appendix C for full text of management comments).

## (U) OIG Comment

	(U) Planned actions	meet the intent of	the recommendat	ion.
(U) Loss of	Collection			EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(0) 2000 0.	(8//SI//RBL TO US reviewed by the reas	A, FVBY) We also on for detasking.	grouped the	selectors
	(TG//GI//NE) C	ircumstances of D	etasking	
GO 1.4.(c) DGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	<del>(TS//SI//NP</del> )			
:	(U) Significance of (TS//SI//NP)		<u> </u>	PL 86-36/50 USC 360

	:
	(U/#FOUO) Strict guidance on detasking (C//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Strict guidance from DoJ and OGC
	(T <del>S//SI//NT</del> )
0 1.4.(c) GA L 86-36/50 USC 3605	
	(U) Action taken (TS//SI//NP) On 16 July 2010, the DIRNSA, along with the Attorney General and the acting Director of National Intelligence, filed with the FISC FAA \$702 certification renewal documents related to targeting and minimization procedures for the
	(TS//SL//NE) In early August, NSA learned that the FISC was
	concerned with the proposed changes to the minimization procedures. DoJ and NSA are exploring alternatives to address the matter while continuing to operate under the existing procedures.
	EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

CIA (U) Central Intelligence Agency (U) DIRNSA (U) Director, NSA (U/Trood) Digital Network Intelligence DNI DNR (U) Dialed Number Recognition (U) Department of Justice DoJ ECP (U) Effective Collection Priority FAA (U) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (FISA) Amendments Act of 2008 (U) Federal Bureau of Investigation FBI (U) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 FISA (U) Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court FISC (U) OGC (U) Office of General Counsel (U) Protect America Act PAA SID (U) Signals Intelligence Directorate SIGINT (U) Signals Intelligence SV (U//<del>POUO)</del> Signals Intelligence Directorate, Oversight and .Compliance SV4 (U//<del>POUC)</del> Signals Intelligence Directorate, Oversight and •Compliance, FISA Authorities **TOPI** (U//<del>Peue)</del> Targeting Office of Primary Interest (U) United States Person USP

OGA

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- (U) APPENDIX A
- (U) About the Audit

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OGA

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

## (U) ABOUT THE AUDIT

### (U) Objectives

(U) The audit objective was to document the circumstances and the extent of dropped Signals Intelligence (SIGINT) collection as a result of Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of 1978 (FISA) Amendments Act of 2008 (FAA) §702 restrictions.

### (U) Scope and Methodology

(U) Conducted from February to August 2010, the audit examined the gaps in coverage when a selector is required to be detasked for compliance with FAA §702 and the measured effect of the lost coverage.

(U//FSUS) We reviewed current policies and laws pertaining to FAA §702. We obtained access to the Protect America Act (PAA)/FAA Incident database and reviewed reported incidents from 10 July 2008 (when the FAA became law) through 4 March 2010 and documented actual instances when SIGINT collection was stopped to comply with §702. See Appendix C – Data Analysis for our data sources.

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

We interviewed representatives from the following organizations: Signals Intelligence Directorate (SID) Oversight and Compliance (SV), Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) liaison, Office of General Counsel (OGC),

In

addition, we met with personnel and documented the collection transfer from NSA to FBI.

#### (U) SID Oversight and Compliance

(U//<del>PCUC)</del> To gain an understanding of the Agency's process for documenting and reporting incidents and violations, we met with the SV staff. We obtained for our analysis information from SV's PAA/FAA Incidents database on selectors that were detasked because of FAA §702 restrictions.

#### (U) Office of General Counsel

(U//FCUC) We met with the OGC FAA liaison to gain the overall legal perspective of the implementation of FAA §702. We also met with the Acting General Counsel to discuss the nature of collection restrictions that are inherent in NSA's legal authorities. In addition, we discussed whether the current law is sufficient for NSA to achieve its mission goals.

PL 86-36/50 USC 360		
AU-10	7-0023 TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORM	PL 86-36/50 USC 360
		PL 86-36/30 USC 360
O 1.4.(c)	(U//Feve) We met with technical leadership in the to gain an understate of the legal, policy, and compliance constraints in the analytic environment, specifically related because of FAA \$702. Case studies regarding selectors that were detablecause of FAA \$702 restrictions were conducted.  when a selector was detasked was discuss analysts. We obtained the analysts' opinions about the effection on their work, including specific benefits and obstate the FAA \$702 authority.  (U) FAA implementation leads  (U//FOUC) We met with the Analysis & Production FAA leads are charged with overseeing working groups, which are address problems with carrying out work under the FAA. They outline	ed to sked  ed with fect of cles of  OGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3608 s who ssing efforts
<sup>2</sup> L 86-36/50 USC 3605	on analytic training and coordinate with the Department of JogC, and SV.  (S//SI//NEL TO USA, FVEY) FBI FISA coordination (TS//SI//NE) We met with personnel in  We obtained historical records for all data routed to NSA from FISA tasking.	
L 86-36/50 USC 3605	(U) Tasking tool and data repository personnel  (U//POUC) We met with personnel in  to discuss the  tasking databases. We obtained extractions from the databases to assist in our review. In addition, we met with the metrics team,  personnel, and a representative from SIGINT Strategy and Governance to gather additional data concerning tasking gap collection prioritization, and qualitative measures related to the \$702 selectors of interest.	e S2 :
	(U) <b>Training</b> (U// <del>POUC)</del> We took the Legal Compliance and Minimization Procedures (USSID 18) training to obtain access to certain databases. In addition, we attended training.	
	(U) We conducted this performance audit in accordance with generally accepted government auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obta sufficient, appropriate evidence to provide a reasonable basis findings and conclusions according our audit objectives. We	for our

that the evidence obtained provides a reasonable basis for our findings and conclusions according to our audit objectives.

(U) Prior Coverage

(U) The Office of the Inspector General has not performed any previous audits or inspections on FAA §702.

(U) Use of Computer-Processed Data

(U) To perform this audit, we used data that originated from the the SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents, and databases. We used the data to conduct a gap analysis on selectors that were detasked for FAA §702 compliance reasons. We did not determine the validity of these databases; however, we validated the

### (U) Management Control Program

data as used for our analysis.

(U//Feue) As part of the audit, we assessed the organization's control environment pertaining to the audit objectives, as set forth in NSA/CSS Policy 7-3, *Internal Control Program*, 14 April 2006. We found that SV4's 2010 statement of assurance reported that a lack of upgrades of Information Technology systems and software application and lack of training and staffing could impede the SV4 mission.

data across multiple sources to ensure an accurate depiction of the

- (U) APPENDIX B
- (U) Data Analysis

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

# (U) DATA ANALYSIS

## (U) Identification of Detasked Selectors

(U/<del>FOUO)</del> We used the SV PPAA/FAA incidents database and the as sources of selectors that were detasked to maintain compliance with FAA §702.

### (U//<del>FOUC)</del> SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database

(U//FOUC) We examined the SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database, which contains a record of reportable incidents under the PAA/FAA. A reportable incident under PAA/FAA is one of the following:

(U//FOLIO) The conduct of any SIGINT activity (collection, processing, retention or dissemination) using PAA collectors in a way that contravenes the terms of the PAA or the terms of the specific certification under which you are operating. This includes any activity that runs counter to the Director's affidavit or the associated exhibits that describe the process for determining foreignness, the minimization procedures, or the targets authorized for collection under the certification.

(U//FOUC) The conduct of any SIGINT activity using PAA collectors without having a certification in place to cover the target being collected.

(S//SI//RDL TO USA, FVDY) We reviewed the records in the SV PAA/FAA Incidents database from 10 July 2008 (the inception of FAA) to 4 March 2010 and determined that there were a total of incidents.

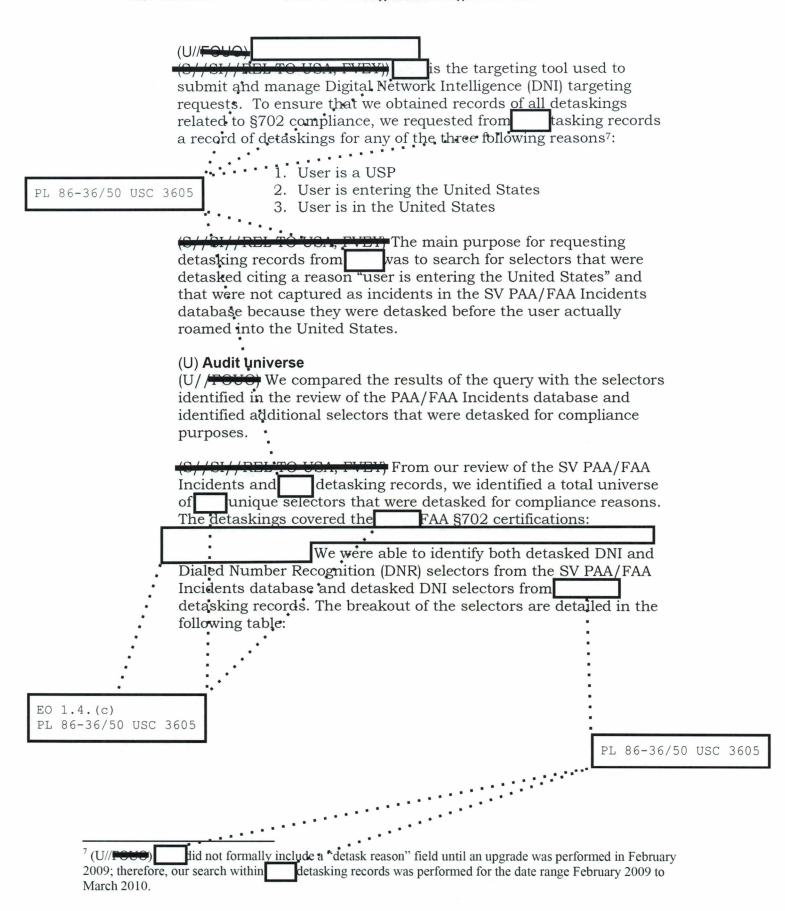
(U//<del>Peue)</del> The records in the database are categorized by incident type. This allowed us to determine those that met the criteria for our review of detaskings related to compliance. The relevant incident types for further review are:

- (S//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Roamers into the US
- (S) (SI) (REE TO USA, TVEY
- (C) OI DEI TO HOA EVEV
- (8//81//REL 10, USA, FVEY) Targets identified as a USP after tasking under §702

(U//<del>FSUS)</del> Incident types such as "analyst error" and "tasking error" did not relate to detasking to maintain compliance with §702; therefore, we eliminated these types of records from our review.

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> (U) PAA was the predecessor to FAA.



EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

(U//<del>FOU).</del>Detasked Selectors by Source and Type

Source	Туре	§702 Selector Type	Description	Time Frame	No. of Detaske Selector
SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database	DNI		Compliance-related detaskings since July 2008	July 2008 to March 2010	
SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database	DNI		Compliance-related detaskings since July 2008	July 2008 to March 2010	
SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database	DNR		Compliance-related detaskings since July 2008	July 2008 to March 2010	
SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database	DNR		Compliance-related detaskings since July 2008	July 2008 to March 2010	
detasking record	DNI		Compliance-related detaskings since February 2009	February 2009 to March 2010	
detasking record	DNI		Compliance-related detaskings since February 2009	February 2009 to March 2010	
্য otal					1

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

# (U) Audit Sample for Gap Analysis

(S//SI//REL TO USA, FYEY) The focus of our gap analysis was on FAA DNI selectors that were detasked for collection for compliance reasons under the certification from February 2009 to March 2010. We concentrated on the selectors from the certification because of the significance of the FAA \$702 collection, including the number of FAA \$702 taskings, and the key role it plays in SIGINT production. We also based our decisions regarding the time frame for review and the focus on DNI selectors on of the availability of records necessary to conduct the analysis, and the majority of the \$702 detaskings were of DNI selectors. There were detasked DNI selectors. We were unable to conduct an anlysis of selectors because of a lack of traffic or tasking information or both.
MANUAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT
(9//SI//REL TO USA, FVEY) Our analysis covered both time gaps (gaps in coverage in days) and collection coverage gaps (projected missed collection as a result of the loss of coverage) for the
DNI selectors.
§702 Selectors Reviewed

Selector

Type

(February 2009 to

March 2010)

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

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Туре

DNI

**Database** 

SV4 PAA/FAA Incidents database

detasking records Total

	(U// <del>FOUC)</del> Records reviewed	
	(U// <del>POUC)</del> To measure the extent of the gaps associated w	rith
	detasked §702 selectors, we evaluated multiple sources of	
_	information. This information was requested from SV,	
-	and the S2 Metrics Team. We also revi	ewed the
	following databases:	
	were evaluated as the potential sources for the tr	raffic
86-36/50 USC 3605	records for the selectors. was selected as the sou	
1 00-30/30 050 3003	traffic records because it was determined that a search for	the
	selector within the records would p	
	• accurate count of the traffic generated by that selector. In	
	the purge requests that we reviewed referred to the purging	
	records; therefore, we were comparing information	n from
	the same database.	
	(11/ <del>150110)</del> \$702 toolsing history	
	• (U/ <del>/FOUO)</del> §702 tasking history	tan af
	records were used to determine the date	
	coverage for the selectors. The data included the dates selectors were tasked and detasked in for Executiv	
	.12333 and §702 coverage.	e Order
	12000 and 9702 coverage.	
PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	•• • (U/ <del>/F0U0)</del> data	
	(U// <del>Peue)</del> Data were requested from the on the	asking
	· and detasking of the selectors. This allowed us to draw	
	comparison between information in the SV4 PAA/FAA I	
	database and the tasking records from We also us	sed the
	data to determine the Effective Col	lection
	Priority of each of the selectors.	
	• (U// <del>F9U9)</del>	
	data were reque	
	determination of the number of pieces of traffic, or "traf	
	collected per day related to \$702	This
	traffic allowed us to determine how active the selectors	were in
	regard to traffic collected under §702 authority	44:51
	From this information, we were able to project the poter collection that was lost during gaps in coverage related	11121
	compliance. It also provided us the ability to determine	
	compliance. It also provided us the ability to determine	now :
		1:
	• (U/ <del>/FOUO)</del> Purged records	::
	(U//POUS) Purge requests from SV4 to database mana	gers were :
	evaluated for records related to the group of selector	
	database. The purged records in effect repres	
	in collection coverage.	
-		EO 1.4.(c)
PL 86-36/50	USC 3605	OGA
	TOP CECRETICOLITYTICATORY	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

	reporting  (U//TOO) We requested from the S2 Metrics Team counts of serialized SIGINT reporting that cited \$702 data as the source (partial or sole-source). The records were extracted from the database and provided us the ability to determine the effect of \$702 collection on serialized SIGINT reporting.	
	(U// <del>FOUC)</del> <b>FBI FISA data</b> (C//CI//REL TO UCA, FVEY) We requested FBI FISA data from	
	the FBI	
EO 1.4.(c) OGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	(U//FSUS) §704/§705b tasking (8//SI//RBL TO USA, FVBY) Reports were generated from and records requested from SV regarding §704/705b authorizations to determine if any of the detasked §702 selectors were subsequently approved under those authorizations.	
	EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605	

# (U) APPENDIX C

(U) Full Text of Management Comments

PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

# (U) SID and OGC Management Responses

OIG.	• EXREG CONT 2010-89	FROL NUMBER			KCC CONTROL N	JMBER	
THRU	2010-07	50		ACTI	ON APPROVAL	EXREG SUSPER	
SUBJECT	SID Response to Draft A	Audit Report on t	the		SIGNATURE	KCC SUSPENSE	
FISA Amen	dments Act 702 Detaski			$\boxtimes$	INFORMATION	ELEMENT SUSF	PENSE
DISTRIBUTION							
Counsel (OC below.	restrictions. The draft A GC) to review for factual Recommendation ants de-tasked from FAA	Audit report was accuracy and re-	spond to	to S	ID/S2 an assigned reco	nd Office of ommendation	f General
	ON: (U/TOWO) The atta the subject report. The	ached document ( deferred			eir response		) )
response to t		deferred	d to fo	or th	EO PL	1.4.(c 86-36/	) )
This SPF	the subject report. The	arked SECRET//CO	OMINT//NO	or th	EO PL	1.4. (c 86-36/	er. ) 50 USC
This SPF	The subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the NAME AND DATE	arked SECRET//CO	od to fo	or th	EO PL	1.4. (c 86-36/	) )
This SPF  OFFICE SID DIR S02	The subject report. The may be downgraded and managed	arked SECRET//CO  COORDINATION/APPR SECURE PHONE	OMINT//NO	or th	EO PL	1.4. (c 86-36/	) 50 USC
This SPF  OFFICE SID DIR S02 S2	The subject report. The may be downgraded and management of management and management of the subject report.	arked SECRET//CO	OMINT//NO	or th	EO PL	1.4. (c 86-36/	) 50 USC
This SPF  OFFICE SID DIR S02 S2	The subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject report.	arked SECRET//CO  COORDINATION/APPR SECURE PHONE 963-3335	OMINT//NO	or th	EO PL	1.4. (c 86-36/	) 50 USC
This SPF	The subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject of the su	coordination/appr SECURE PHONE C 963-3335 963-3121 963-4093	OMINT//NO ROVAL OFFICE	OF THE STATE OF TH	EO PL  N upon remove  NAME AND DA	1.4.(c 86-36/	SECURE PHONE
This SPF  OFFICE SID DIR S02 S2 OGC  ORIGINATOR	The subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject report. The may be downgraded and management of the subject of the su	deferred	OMINT//NO	OF THE STATE OF TH	EO PL  N upon remove	1.4.(c 86-36/	secure Phone

I. (U) SUMMARY	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(U/FOUC) As requested, this corresponded and Office of General Concurrence (or non-concurrence) with the recommon of Inspector General's (OIG's) draft audit report of encounters when targets of Foreign Intelligence Stamendments Act (FAA) §702 collection must be authority. This memorandum also provides OIG OGC's review of the draft report for factual accurrence.	ounsel's (OGC) statements of amendation contained in the Office on the transition gap NSA surveillance Act (FISA) de-tasked from this collection with the results of and
II. (U) CONCURRENCE WITH RECOMMENDA	ATION:
(C//CI//NF) Recommendation: Establish a process	
coverage for a collection.	ccounts de-tasked from FAA 702
(U) Lead Actionee: SID with OGC.	EO 1.4.(c) OGA PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(U) Concur/Non-Concur & Estimated Completic OIG's recommendation. Corrective action is undescon as possible, but <i>NLT 7 February 2011</i> . Succe timeframe is contingent upon direct involvement owners of mission components that are directly to	erway and will be completed as essful completion within this from SV and S1 as they are ied to the transition process.  EO 1.4.(c) OGA
OGC does not dispute OIG's substantive finding appear to be universally understood by SID's response to this finding and recommendation, OC include personnel, are working on improving	coverage of targets of interest, that the current process does not personnel. In GC and individuals from SID, to the current process ust be dropped from FAA 702 ady initiated discussions to coverage for selectors de- rsonnel have begun drafting a DP) for analysts to follow when , as appropriate. The SOP will t for analysts. OGC will engage as
TOP SECRET//COME	OGA PI. 86-36/50 USC 3605

necessary to ensure that the new process addresses OIG's finding and recommendation.

	(TS//SI//NIF) In the short term, has initiated a series of training sessions for
	members of the division and branch leadership teams to raise awareness of the
	process for transitioning targeting from FAA 702 to FBI FISA. The purpose of the
	training is to establish branch and division level Points of Contact (POCs) who will
	be able to assist analysts through the transition process. Additional Video
	Teleconferencing Center (VTC) sessions will be scheduled to include the extended
	enterprise. EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
	(TS//SL//NT) Finally, an e-mail alias has been created that includes technical and
	policy experts in The purpose of this group is to assist the division and branch
	POCs as they work with the analysts on the transition process. Members of the
	group will also ensure that timely resolution is reached for selectors de-tasked from
	FAA 702.
	III. (U) REVIEW FOR FACTUAL ACCURACY
	(U// <del>FEUC)</del> DIG Comment: The OIG does not agree with the that all suggested
	changes were due to inaccuracies or misleading statements. In most cases, these
	suggested changes were based on interpretations of the report and new
	information. We made the appropriate changes to update and clarify areas of the
	report.
PL 86-36/50	
	The following lists areas of the report where identified factual
	inaccuracies or misleading statements that should be corrected in the final version
	of OIG's report on the transition gap NSA encounters when targets of FAA 702
	collection must be de-tasked from this collection authority. These factual
	inaccuracies do not affect concurrence with the report's recommendation that
_	SID and OGC establish a new process
	targets that must be dropped from FAA 702 collection The
_	following constitutes specific suggested corrections:
	EO 1.4.(c)
	(U) Correction 1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
	(C//CI//NF) Highlights Section (page i): On page '1' in the "Highlights" section, the
	report contains a sentence that says examined
	during the audit were not put back on coverage after the FAA 702 collection
	ceased."
	TOP SECRET//COMINT//NOFORIX:
	TOT OFFICE THE TOTAL THE TOTAL THE TENT OF

(5//51//NF) <b>Comment</b> : This statement implies that NSA would have been able to obtain probable cause on all of those selectors and would have been able to
transition to another authority. Believe we should clarify that we cannot transition all selectors in all circumstances.
(U) Correction 2
of the page), it states "fhe.Agency has experienced coverage gaps when transitioning from FAA702 to another authority."
(S//SI//NE) Comment: This statement implies that NSA should be able to transition to another authority in all instances. This is not the case. Believe we should clarify that we cannot transition all selectors in all circumstances. While the need for a "higher legal standard" is mentioned on the bottom of page 6, believe we need to be up front with the fact that some selectors will not transition.
(U) Correction 3  EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(C//CL//NE) Effective Collection Priority (ECP) (page 8): This section states that the average ECP was 2.52 indicating that "the average ECP was 2.52, indicating that these selectors are of high priority."
(SH/SH/NE) Comment: Believe we need to add context to this statement. We would imagine that most if not all has an ECP that falls into the 1-3 range. Probably all selectors are of high priority based on the ECP.
(U) Correction 4
(TS//SL//NF) Selectors not retasked (page 11): The table at the top of the page indicates that
(TC//CI//NE) Comment: We think it is important to add a footnote that indicates that the analysts were told that they did NOT have to perform thorough research to try to recall why the selector was not retasked. Below is an excerpt from an email exchange between OIG and indicating that the analyst did not have to perform

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

research if they did not remember why the selector was not retasked.

(TS//SI/NT) We agree with your assertion that the analysts simply note that they do not recall what happened to the selectors if they cannot remember. Our intention was not to require people to spend hours trying to recall information to answer our survey, which is why there is a "don't recall" option in the first question.
(U) Correction 5.
(TC//CL//NIF)
(TS//SI//NF)-Comment:
(U) Correction 6
(TE//EL/NIF) Need for consistent process (page 11): The document states that,
(TC//SI//NF) Comment: We think it is important to note that some selectors will take longer to transition compared to others based on the circumstances. The probable cause standard is higher than the standard associated FAA 702 tasking. This statement implies that we should always be able to transition quickly. It may take time and a lot of back and forth between OGC, FBI and DoJ before we reach the probable cause standard. We realize this is addressed in the Case Studies on page 13 but we think it should be stated up front.
(U) Correction 7 EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605
(S//SI//REL) Footnote 3 (page 14): States that
<del>(TC//CI//NF)</del> Comment:

EO 1.4.(c) OGA

# (U) Correction 1

EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

(S//SI//NF) Highlights Section (page i): On page 'i' in the "Highlights" section, the
(S//SI//147) Inglinging Section (page 1). On page 1 in the Trightingins Section, the
report contains a sentence that says the issue of a
is currently under review by DoJ. This statement is
factually incorrect. In July 2010, DoJ attempted to persuade the Foreign Intelligence
Surveillance Court (FISC) to allow tasking to continue under one version of the
but the FISC
refused to accept the proposed change to NSA's FAA targeting and minimization
procedures that the Government proposed to address this problem. OGC's
understanding is that the FISC concluded such a change would conflict with
statutory restrictions contained in the FAA legislation itself. Therefore, DoJ is no
longer reviewing this issue in the manner mentioned in the draft report. Instead,
DoJ is reviewing two different draft legislative proposals that attempt to close the
transition gap. One proposal was drafted by NSA and the other proposal was
prepared by DoJ's National Security Division.
(U) Correction 2
(C//CL//NIF) Introduction: On page 2, the "Introduction" section of the draft report
(S//SI//NF) <b>Introduction</b> : On page 2, the "Introduction" section of the draft report contains the following sentence:
contains the following sentence:
contains the following sentence:  (C//CI//NF) "Under FISC docket number (known as the Raw Take
contains the following sentence:
contains the following sentence:  (C//CI//NF) "Under FISC docket number (known as the Raw Take Sharing Order) dated July 2002, NSA is able to receive FBI FISA collection."  (U) As drafted, this sentence is factually inaccurate. The sentence should be revised
contains the following sentence:  (S//SI//NF) "Under FISC docket number (known as the Raw Take Sharing Order) dated July 2002, NSA is able to receive FBI FISA collection."
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EO 1.4.(c) PL 86-36/50 USC 3605

(TT)	· · ·	-
(U)	Correction	-3

(6//SL//NF) Finding that Gaps in Target Coverage Exist: Page 6 of this section of the draft report contains the following sentence:

(C//CI//NF) "To avoid a break in coverage, other authorities must be sought if the target remains of interest and is an agent of a foreign power (§704, §705b, and/or FBI FISA)."

(C//CI//NIE) This sentence is inaccurate as drafted since it implies that the listed authorities are the only possible authorities available to resume coverage. The sentence should be revised to read:

(S//SI//NIE). "To avoid a break in coverage, other authorities must be sought if the target remains of interest and is an agent of a foreign power (e.g., §704, §705b, FBI FISA, etc.)."

### (U) Correction 4

(6//61//NF) Finding that Gaps in Farget Coverage Exist: Page 6 of this section of the draft report contains the following statement:

(S//SI//NF) 'For non-FAA §702 coverage, a higher legal standard, individualized probable cause, is required to secure a FISA order. The gap in coverage often entails lost collection because access to the target's communications is interrupted

(C//CI//NF) Although the statement is accurate as drafted, for completeness OIG may wish to note that, in some cases, the Government may simply not be able to assemble facts sufficient to satisfy the probable cause standard.

#### (U) Correction 5

(TE//EL//NE) Discussion of lack of process to		On pages
15 to 16 of this section of the draft report, ther	e is a discussion	of the delay
experienced in regaining coverage of selectors	s associated with	:
		•
		:
	7 %	Since the report says

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NSA had to de-task the account once the Agency learned that				
(U) Correction 6	1			
pages 17 to 18, the draft report states that DoJ and OGC have proguidance" to de-task  Although accurate, as draft report's discussion of the legal advice provided by DoJ and tasking of	afted the report Therefore, the I OGC on the de- his section of the he modifications ing and s concern was with			
even the modest changes proposed in July to address one aspect	were			
incompatible with the current statutory framework. Moreover, the report should also note that, even if the statutory language is may be Fourth Amendment problems with maintaining electron U.S. person or a person located inside the United States on anyth formal probable cause determination.	for completeness, s changed, there nic surveillance of a			
	1.4.(c) 2.86-36/50 USC 3605			

TOD CECDET//COMMT/NOFORM