

Office of Naval Intelligence | 27 Feb 2020

Classification Removed Task Force Overview

#### This briefing is: Classification Removed

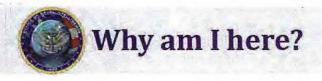
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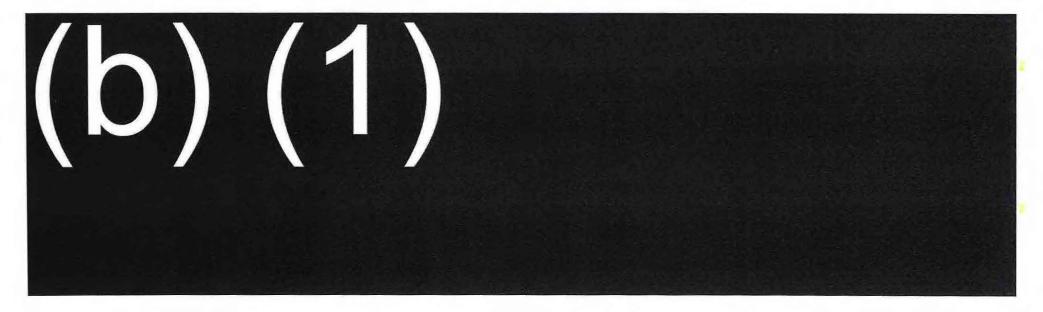
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This product is not to be used as a source of derivative classification

UNCLASSIFIED



 Gain your support to help increase <u>Awareness</u> and <u>Reporting</u> of airborne systems that are both a <u>Safety of Flight</u> concern and a potential threat to <u>National Security</u>.





## **Executive Summary/BLUF**

- NDAA language directed that ONI lead a joint interagency task force (TF) to collect, exploit, and analyze operational and scientific and technical data of unidentified aerial phenomenon (UAP)
  - "The committee directs that the USD(I) establish a joint task force under ONI leadership to work across the Department of Defense, and with the intelligence community, and with the interagency develop and execute plans to collect, exploit, and analyze operational and scientific and technical data..."
- ONI leading an interagency effort
- Focus: Aviation <u>Safety of Flight</u>, <u>National Security</u>
- Initial Effort: <u>Standardize</u> and "<u>De-Stigmatize</u>" Reporting of near <u>daily</u> incursions
- Managing media interest while protecting classified information; DoD has the lead for Public Affairs.
- Current State: A whole-of-government collection and analysis effort

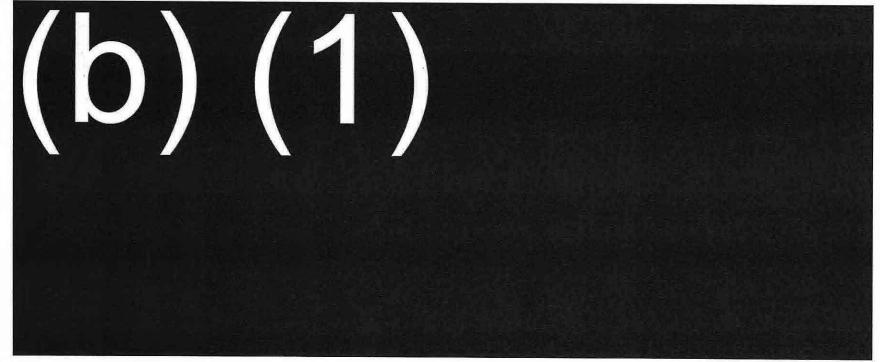


- Unidentified Aerial Phenomenon (UAP): Any aerial phenomenon that cannot immediately be identified.
- Within the Task Force we refer to these UAPs as "Range Foulers".
- UAPs reported within the United States and other areas around the world.
  - · They are RADAR/IR Significant and visible to the human eye.
  - (b)(1)
- · (b) (1)
  - Hazards to aircrew foremost, regardless of type
  - (b) (1)

The Task Force is a interagency group comprised of U.S. Military, Government Civilians, Defense Contractors/Industry, Law Enforcement, and Academia with specific skill sets in science, technology, research, collection, analysis, and intelligence taking a "whole of government" approach to this potential threat.



# What is "non-traditional" or anomalous aerospace technology?



Those technologies that are not usually associated with current aircraft design, capabilities, or performance and may include manned or unmanned platforms. These technologies span a wide range of sophistication, sponsors, and purposes.

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(1) Radar Examples







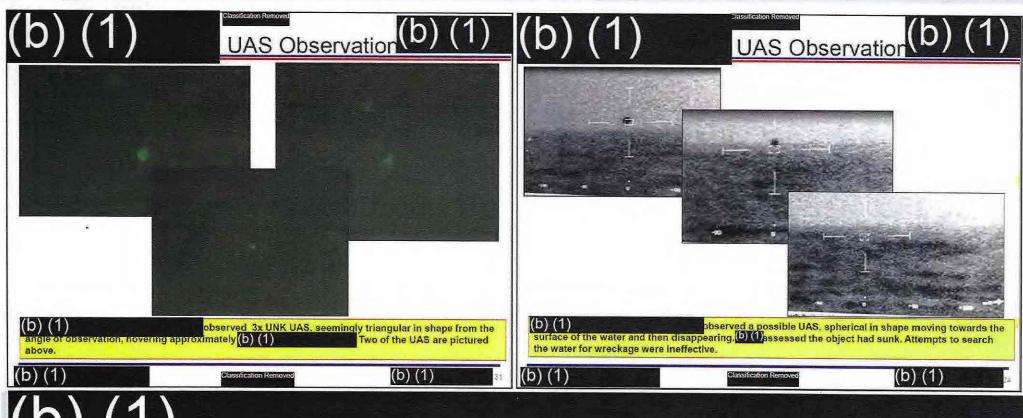






Additional (b) (1) Examples





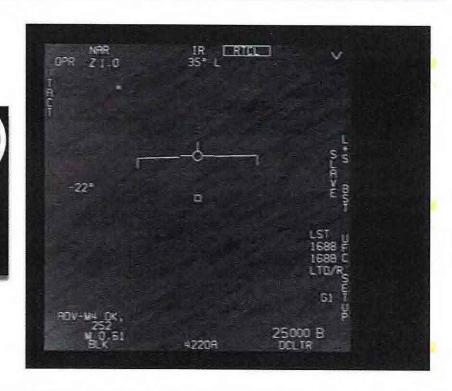
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Analysis Conducted by





<u>Data Driven Analysis</u> is the key to better understanding and assessing the capabilities of the UAP problem. What appears to the human eye to be moving very fast is actually stationary, or moving slowly...



### Task Force Partnership

#### **Partners**

OSD/USDII)
OSD/RAE
NORTHCOM/NORAD
USSPACEGOM
DARPA
NASA
FAA
US Coast Guard

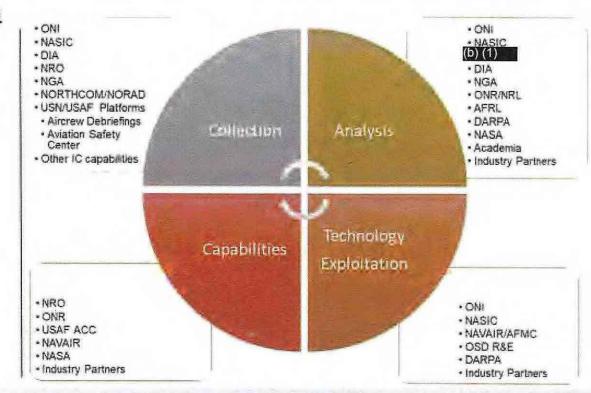
Services USN USMC USAF

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Ceners

Industry/Academia



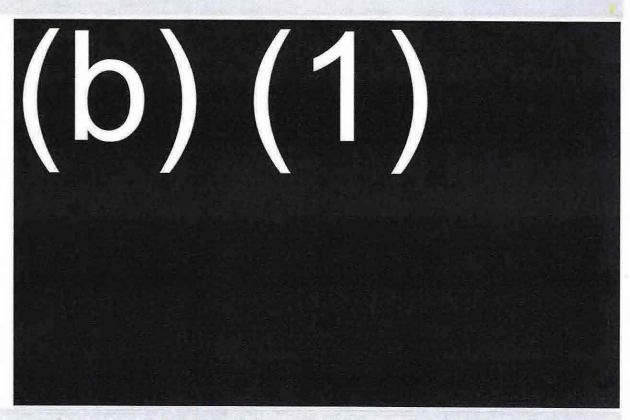
TF Mission: To detect, analyze, catalog, consolidate, and exploit non-traditional aerospace vehicles posing an operational threat to U.S. National Security and avoid strategic surprise.



### Addressing the problem...

# (b) (1)

- The TF uses a combination of subject matter expertise and specialized tools to identify, collect, investigate, and report on these contacts.
- The results of the data are used to alert and inform other U.S. Government partners and develop a concept for eliminating the problem.



Aircrew Engagement is a critical component due to limited time and competition with other post flight requirements. The USAF is reviewing these reporting requirements for potential implementation.

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(U) Questions